every order of the court made upon such application shall have the same effect as if all such persons had been consenting parties thereto.

Applications to be dealt with otherwise as prescribed by principal Act.

4. All such applications shall be otherwise dealt with in such manner as are prescribed by the principal Act, or any orders made in pursuance thereof, with regard to the exercise of the powers conferred by that Act.

CHAPTER 34.

An Act to amend the Act of the fifty-fifth year of King George the Third, chapter one hundred and ninety-four, intituled "An Act for better regu- "lating the Practice of Apothecaries in England and Wales."

[16th July 1874.]

21 & 22 Vict. c. 90. s. 19.

WHEREAS by the nineteenth section of "The Medical Act, 1858," it is enacted that any two or more of the colleges and bodies in the United Kingdom mentioned in Schedule A. to the said Act may, with the sanction and under the directions of the General Council of Medical Education and Registration of the United Kingdom, constituted in pursuance of the provisions of the said Act, unite or co-operate in conducting the examinations required for qualifications to be registered under the said Act:

And whereas by reason of certain provisions of the Act passed in the session of Parliament holden in the fifty-fifth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for better regulating the practice of Apothecaries in England "and Wales" (herein-after referred to as the Apothecaries Act), difficulty has been found to exist in the exercise by the Society of Apothecaries of London of the powers conferred on the said society by the said nineteenth section and other sections of the Medical Act, 1858:

55 Geo. 3. c. 194.

And whereas it is expedient that all such difficulties should be removed, and that certain portions of the Apothecaries Act should be repealed, and that the said Society of Apothecaries should have full power to unite and co-operate with all or any of the said other colleges and bodies mentioned in the said Schedule A. in conducting the said examinations:

And whereas it is desirable that the Society of Apothecaries should possess the power of striking off from the list of their licentiates any person who shall be convicted in England or Ireland of any felony or misdemeanor, or in Scotland of any crime or offence, or shall after due inquiry be judged by the General Council to have been guilty of infamous conduct in any professional respect:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as "The Apothecaries Act Amendment Act, 1874."

Repeal of parts of sects. 4, 9, and 15 of Apothecaries Act.

2. The following provisions of the Apothecaries Act shall be and they are hereby repealed; that is to say,

(1.) So much of the fourth section of the said Act as provides that no person to be by the master, wardens, and assistants for the time being chosen and appointed a member of the court of examiners shall be deemed to be properly qualified unless he shall be a member of the Society of Apothecaries aforesaid of not less than ten years standing; and so much of the same section as provides that no person shall be deemed to be properly qualified to be appointed one of the five apothecaries in the Act after mentioned for the purpose of examining assistants to apothecaries except he shall have been an apothecary in actual practice for not less than ten years at least previously to his being so appointed; and so

much of the ninth section of the said Act as requires or provides that the twelve persons to be chosen and appointed as directed by the same section are to be properly qualified as in the said fourth section is mentioned.

(2.) So much of the fifteenth section of the said Act as provides that no person shall be admitted to any examination for a certificate to practise as an apothecary unless he shall have served an apprenticeship of not less than five years to an apothecary.

Removing restrictions as to number of examiners and examination fee.

3. Subject to the approval of the Privy Council, to be signified in manner provided by twenty-fourth section of "The Medical Act, 1858," and which may at any time be withdrawn by the said Privy Council, the said Society of Apothecaries may, with the sanction and under the directions of the said General Medical Council, unite and co-operate with any one or more of the colleges and bodies mentioned in Schedule A. of "The Medical Act, 1858," in appointing examiners and conducting the examinations required for qualifications to be registered under the said last-mentioned Act, notwithstanding that the examiners appointed for such purpose may be more or less than twelve in number, and notwithstanding that the fees to be payable by candidates and for certificates or licenses to practise, or any of such fees, be greater or less than the fees authorised or required to be taken or paid by the Apothecaries Act, and notwithstanding any other provisions in the Apothecaries Act which, but for this present section declaring that they shall not have any such effect, might prevent or hinder the said Society of Apothecaries from availing themselves of the right to unite and co-operate in manner and for the purposes aforesaid, or from exercising any of the powers intended to be conferred on the said Society of Apothecaries by "The Medical Act, 1858."

Licentiate may in certain cases be removed.

4. It shall be lawful for the master, wardens, and assistants for the time being of the said Society of Apothecaries to strike off from the list of licentiates of the said society the name of any person who shall be convicted in England or Ireland of any felony or misdemeanor, or in Scotland of any crime or offence, or who shall after due inquiry be judged by the General Council to have been guilty of infamous conduct in any professional respect, and the said society shall forthwith signify to the General Council the name of the licentiate so struck off.

Saving rights of the society to admit women to certain examinations.

5. Nothing in this Act contained shall deprive the said Society of Apothecaries of such right as they now have, or relieve them from any existing obligation, to admit women to the examinations required for certificates to practise as apothecaries, or to enter on the list of licentiates of the said society any women who shall have satisfactorily passed such examinations and fulfilled the other general conditions imposed upon persons seeking to obtain from the said society a qualification to be registered under the Medical Act, 1858.

CHAPTER 35.

An Act for further promoting the Revision of the Statute Law by repealing certain Enactments which have ceased to be in force or have become unnecessary. [16th July 1874.]

WHEREAS, with a view to the revision of the Statute Law, and particularly to the preparation of the Revised Edition of the Statutes now in progress, it is expedient that certain enactments (mentioned in the schedule to this Act) which may be regarded as spent, or have ceased to be in force otherwise than by express and specific repeal by Parliament, or have, by lapse of time and change of circumstances, become unnecessary, should be expressly and specifically repealed:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice