2. The arbitrator shall have the same power of apportioning any rent-service, rentcharge, chief or other rent, payment, or incumbrance, or any rent payable in respect of lands comprised in a lease, as two justices have under the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845. Power of arbitrator as to apportionment.

3. Notwithstanding anything in section ninety-two of the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, the arbitrator may determine that such part of any house, building, or manufactory as is proposed to be taken by the local authority can be taken without material damage to such house, building, or manufactory, and if he so determine may award compensation in respect of the severance of the part so proposed to be taken, in addition to the value of that part, and thereupon the party interested shall be required to sell and convey to the local authority such part, without the local authority being obliged to purchase the greater part or the whole of such house, building, or manufactory. Amendment respecting severance of properties. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18.

The local authority, or any person interested, if dissatisfied with a determination under this enactment, may, in manner provided by article twenty-six of the Schedule to the principal Act, submit the question of whether the said part can be taken without material damage, as well as the question of the proper amount of compensation, to a jury; and the notice of intention to appeal shall be given within the same time as notice of intention to appeal against the amount of compensation awarded is required to be given.

4. The amount of purchase money or compensation to be paid in pursuance of section one hundred and twenty-four of the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, in respect of any estate, right, or interest in or charge affecting any of the scheduled lands which the local authority have through mistake or inadvertence failed or omitted duly to purchase or make compensation for, shall be awarded by the arbitrator and be paid, in like manner, as near as may be, as the same would have been awarded and paid if the claim of such estate, right, interest, or charge had been delivered to the arbitrator before the day fixed for the delivery of statements of claims; with this qualification, that the first award of the arbitrator shall be final and not provisional. Omitted interests.

If the arbitrator is satisfied that the failure or omission to purchase the said estate, right, interest, or charge arose from any default on the part either of the claimant or of the local authority, he may direct the costs to be paid by the party so in default.

CHAPTER 64.

An Act to extend the powers of the Artizans Dwellings Act of 1868, by provisions for compensation and rebuilding. [15th August 1879.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to extend and amend the provisions of the Artizans and Labourers Dwellings Act, 1868: 31 & 32 Vict. c. 130.

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as the Artizans and Labourers Dwellings Act (1868) Amendment Act, 1879, and shall, so far as is consistent with the tenor thereof, be construed together with the Artizans and Labourers Dwellings Act, 1868 (herein-after referred to as "the Act of 1868"), as one Act. Short title and construction of Act. 31 & 32 Vict. c. 130.

2. The Act shall apply only to the places named in the first column of Table (A.) in the First Schedule annexed hereto, and Application of Act, and definition of "local

authority," "local rate," and "clerk of local authority." 31 & 32 Vict. c. 130.

"local authority," "local rate," and "clerk of local authority" shall mean the "bodies of persons," "rate," and "officer" in that table in that behalf mentioned; and the said table, and the explanation annexed thereto, shall be of the same force as if they were enacted in the body of the Act of 1868 and this Act

Officer of health. 31 & 32 Vict. c. 130. 38 & 39 Vict. c. 55. 41 & 42 Vict. c. 52.

3. The term "officer of health" as used in the Act of 1868, shall, as respects any urban sanitary district in England, mean the medical officer of health appointed by the urban sanitary authority of the district under the Public Health Act, 1875, and as respects any urban sanitary district in Ireland shall mean the medical officer of health appointed by the urban sanitary authority of the district under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, and shall not include any other officer.

8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. and 23 & 24 Vict. c. 106. incorporated.

4. The Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, and the Lands Clauses Consolidation Acts Amendment Act, 1860, except the provisions of those Acts with respect to the purchase and taking of lands otherwise than by agreement, and with respect to the entry on lands by the promoters of the undertaking, and save so far as any of the provisions of those Acts respectively are expressly varied by or are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are incorporated with the Act of 1868 as amended by this Act, and for the purpose of such incorporation the Act of 1868, as amended by this Act, shall be deemed to be the special Act, and the local authority to be the promoters of the undertaking.

31 & 32 Vict. c. 130.

Owner may require local authority to purchase premises. 31 & 32 Vict. c. 130.

5. Notwithstanding anything in the Act of 1868, the owner of any premises specified in an order of the local authority made under that Act, and requiring him to execute any works or to demolish such premises, may, within three months after service on him of the order, require the local authority in writing to purchase such premises.

In default of agreement amount of compensation to be settled by arbitration.

6. Where the owner of any premises has in manner aforesaid required the local authority to purchase the same, and no agreement is come to between such owner and the local authority as to the amount of the compensation to be paid by the local authority, the amount of the compensation to be paid by the local authority for the premises shall be settled by arbitration in manner provided by this Act.

Provisions as to arbitration.

7. In all cases in which the amount of any compensation is, in pursuance of this Act, to be settled by arbitration, the following provisions shall have effect; (namely,)

(1.) The amount of compensation shall be settled by an arbitrator to be appointed and removable by the Local Government Board;

(2.) In settling the amount of any compensation—

(*a.*) The estimate of the value of the premises shall be based on the fair market value as estimated at the time of the valuation being made of such premises, and of the several interests in such premises, due regard being had to the nature and then condition of the property and the probable duration of the buildings in their existing state, and to the state of repair thereof, and all circumstances affecting such value, and without any additional allowance in respect of compulsory purchase; and

(*b*.) The arbitrator shall have regard to and make an allowance in respect of any increased value which, in his opinion, will be given to other premises of the same owner by the alteration or demolition by the local authority of the premises;

(3.) On payment or tender to the person entitled to receive the same of the amount of compensation agreed or awarded to be paid in respect of the premises, or on payment thereof in manner prescribed by the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, the owner shall, when required by the local authority, convey his interest in such premises to them, or as they may direct; and in default thereof, or if the owner fails to adduce a good title to such premises to the satisfaction of the local authority, it shall be lawful for the local authority, if they think fit, to execute a deed poll in such manner, and with such consequences, as are mentioned in the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845; 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18.

(4.) Sections thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-five, thirty-six, and thirty-seven of the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, shall apply, with any necessary modifications, to an arbitration and to an arbitrator appointed under this Act; 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18.

(5.) The arbitrator may, by one award, settle the amount or amounts of compensation payable in respect of all or any of the premises included in one or more order or orders made by the local authority;

(6.) In the event of the death, resignation, or incapacity, refusal, or neglect to act of any arbitrator before he shall have made his award, the Local Government Board may appoint another arbitrator, to whom all documents relating to the matter of the arbitration which were in the possession of the former arbitrator shall be delivered;

(7.) The arbitrator may, where he thinks fit, on the request of any party by whom any claim has been made before him, certify the amount of the costs properly incurred by such party in relation to the arbitration, and the amount of the costs so certified shall be paid by the local authority; and if within seven days after demand the amount so certified be not paid to the party entitled to receive the same, such amount shall be recoverable as a debt from the local authority with interest at the rate of five per centum per annum for any time during which the same remains unpaid after such seven days as aforesaid, but no such certificate shall be given where the arbitrator has awarded the same or a less sum than has been offered by the local authority in respect of such claim before the appointment of the arbitrator;

(8.) The award of an arbitrator shall be final and binding on all parties. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. Application of 31 & 32 Vict. c. 130. s. 23. to site of purchased premises.

8. Section twenty-three of the Act of 1868 shall apply to the site of any premises purchased by a local authority which the owner has elected to retain under the provisions of this Act.

9. Where the local authority, on default of the owner of any premises, themselves execute the required works, they may sell Recovery of expenses incurred by local

authority in executing works.

the old materials and retain the proceeds towards the expenses incurred by them in executing such works, and may recover the balance of such expenses from such owner as a debt due from him by action in any court of competent jurisdiction.

The expression "court of competent jurisdiction" shall, for the purposes of this section, be read and have effect as if the debt herein referred to were a simple contract debt, and not a debt or demand created by statute.

Disposal of land acquired by local authority under 30 & 31 Vict. c. 130.

10. Any land or premises acquired by any local authority under the Act of 1868 and this Act may from time to time be sold, let, and disposed of in like manner as any other lands acquired for sanitary purposes by such authority, and not needed for the purposes for which they were acquired; but in cases where the approbation of any Government department is required for any such disposal, then only with that approbation.

Local authority may dedicate land as highway, &c. 30 & 31 Vict. c. 130.

11. A local authority may, where they so think fit, dedicate any land acquired by them under the authority of the Act of 1868 and this Act as a highway or other public place.

Metropolitan Board empowered to enforce Act in case local authority fail to do so.

12. In the event of any local authority within the metropolis declining or neglecting for the space of three months after receiving a notice from the Metropolitan Board of Works (herein-after called the Board) requiring such local authority to put in force the provisions of this Act, in respect of any premises described in such notice, then and in such case all the powers vested in the local authority under this Act, so far as relates to any such premises, shall become vested in the said Board, and the Board shall have power so far as relates to any such premises to act in all respects for the purposes of this Act as though they were the local authority, and all expenses incurred by the Board under this Act may be recovered by the Board from and shall upon demand be paid by the local authority out of the local rates which they are authorised to make or apply for the purpose of defraying expenses incurred by them under this Act, and the amounts so payable to the Board may and shall be included in the precepts from time to time issued by the Board under the Metropolis Management Acts to the local authority.

Repealing 31 & 32 Vict. c. 130. s. 2. and Sch. I.

13. Section two of the Act of 1868 and the first Schedule to that Act are hereby repealed.

Appropriation of property acquired by local authority.

14. In the metropolis the local authority or their lessees shall hold all property acquired by them under this Act upon trust to carry into effect some one or more of the purposes thereof:

The purposes of this Act shall in the metropolis be deemed to be—

First, the providing by the construction of new buildings, or the repairing or improvement of existing buildings, the labouring classes with suitable dwellings situate within the jurisdiction of the local authority:

Second, the opening out of closed or partially closed alleys or courts inhabited by the labouring classes, and the widening of the same, by pulling down any building, or otherwise leaving such open spaces as may be necessary to make such alleys or courts healthful:

But subject to the aforesaid trust, the local authority or lessees may from time to time sell, exchange, lease, or otherwise dispose of any premises acquired by them under this Act: Provided that if any

property acquired by the local authority under this Act shall not within seven years after the acquisition thereof be disposed of by way of absolute sale or of exchange, or by lease for a period of not less than ninety-nine years, or be effectually dealt with by way of public improvement, then and in such case the property so acquired may be sold by the order of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by public auction or public tender, with full power to fix a reserve price and subject to such terms and conditions as the said Secretary of State shall deem proper, and the proceeds of such sale, after deducting the whole of the expenses attending the same, shall be paid to the local authority to be by them applied to the purposes of this Act, and a receipt signed by the said Secretary of State for the amount of the purchase money shall absolutely vest such property in the purchaser for the whole estate and interest of the local authority therein subject to the before-mentioned terms and conditions.

Lessee acquiring property under this Act to execute works to satisfaction of surveyor.

15. Every lessee who in the metropolis shall acquire any property under this Act shall forthwith, at his own costs, charges, and expenses, proceed to execute thereon, to the satisfaction of the surveyor of the local authority, the works shown on the plans referred to in the specifications prepared by the local authority, and such other works (being for some one or more of the purposes of this Act) as may have been agreed upon between the local authority and the lessee; and if the lessee shall at any time, in the opinion of the surveyor of the local authority, fail to exercise due diligence in the execution of the works, the local authority may, by themselves, their contractors, servants, workmen, and agents, enter upon the premises and execute the works so far as the same shall be incomplete, and reimburse themselves all costs, charges, and expenses incident to the execution of such works by sale of the old materials, so far as the same may extend, or may recover from the parties making default the amount of such costs, charges, and expenses as a debt in Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, and shall also have an express charge upon the premises in respect of such amount, which charge may be realised by a sale of the premises, or any part thereof.

Lessee to give security for execution of works.

16. In the metropolis the local authority may also, by the resolution empowering any lessee to acquire property under this Act, require such lessee to give such security as the local authority shall think fit for the due execution by the lessee of the works to be done by them.

Premises, &c. to be forfeited on lessee not completing works within specified time.

17. If any lessee shall not, within three calendar months after he shall have obtained possession of any part of the premises in the metropolis, commence the execution of the works to be done by him, or if he shall not complete the same to the satisfaction of the local authority within one year after obtaining such possession, or within such extended time as the local authority shall by resolution determine, then the premises, together with all building materials, plant, tools, and other articles and effects thereon, shall be absolutely forfeited to and vest in the local authority, and they shall thenceforth hold the same for the purposes of this Act.

Annual account to be presented

18. Every local authority shall, in the metropolis, every year present to one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State,

by the local authority.

and in all other places shall present to the Local Government Board, in such form as he directs, an account of what has been done, and of all moneys received and paid by them during the previous year, with a view to carrying into effect the purposes of this Act.

Contracts for building, repairing, lighting, watering, &c. workmen's dwellings.

19. The local authority in the metropolis may from time to time, with the sanction and approval of one of Her Majesty's Secretaries of State, enter into any contract with any persons or companies for building and for altering and enlarging, repairing, and otherwise improving such workmen's dwellings, forming part of any premises held by the said authority for the purposes of this Act, and for lighting and for supplying the same with water, and for fitting up the same respectively, and for furnishing any materials and things, and for executing and doing any other works and things necessary for the purposes of this Act; which contracts respectively shall specify the several works and things to be executed, furnished, and done, and the prices to be paid for the same, and the times when the works and things are to be executed, furnished, and done, and the penalties to be suffered in cases of non-performance; and true copies of all such contracts shall be entered in books to be kept for the purpose: Provided always, that no contract above the value or sum of one hundred pounds shall be entered into by the local authority for the purposes of this Act, unless previous to the making thereof fourteen days notice shall have been given in one or more of the public newspapers published in or circulating within the jurisdiction of the local authority, expressing the intention of entering into such contract, in order that any person willing to undertake the same may make proposals for that purpose, to be offered to the local authority at a certain time and place in such notice to be mentioned; but it shall not be incumbent on the local authority to contract with the person offering the lowest price.

Power of local authority to make byelaws for regulation of dwelling-houses.

20. The local authority may from time to time make, alter, and repeal byelaws for the regulation of the dwellings belonging to them under this Act, and there may be imposed by such byelaws a penalty, recoverable in a summary manner, not exceeding two pounds for any breach of the byelaws by the tenants or occupiers of the said houses. A copy of such byelaws shall be given to every tenant or occupier upon his taking possession of every such dwelling, or of any portion thereof. A byelaw under this Act and any alteration made therein, and any repeal of a byelaw, shall not be of any validity until it has been submitted to and confirmed by one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State in the case of the metropolis or by the Local Government Board in the case of all other places.

Expenses of local authority.

21. All expenses incurred by the local authority in pursuance of this Act shall be defrayed by them out of the local rate; and it shall be lawful for the local authority, notwithstanding any limit contained in any Act of Parliament respecting any local rate, to levy such local rate, or any increase of the same, not exceeding twopence in the pound in any year, for the purposes of this Act.

As to loans from Public Works Loan Commissioners.

22. The Public Works Loan Commissioners, as defined by the Public Works Loan Act, 1853, or in the metropolis the Metropolitan Board of Works, may, if they think fit, lend to any local authority,

and any local authority may borrow from the said Commissioners, or in the metropolis from the Metropolitan Board of Works, such sums as the said authority may require for the purposes of this Act, subject to the following regulations: 16 & 17 Vict. c. 40.

1. The amount of every loan shall be sanctioned by the Commissioners of the Treasury:
2. No loan shall be made except for the purpose of defraying the cost of building suitable dwellings for the labouring classes, or of defraying the cost of purchasing sites, and of building thereon such dwellings:
3. Every loan, with interest thereon at such rate as shall be agreed upon, but not a less rate of interest than four per centum per annum, shall be secured by a mortgage, in the form set forth in the Third Schedule hereto, of certain dwellings for the labouring classes erected or improved, or about to be erected or improved, by a local authority, in pursuance of this Act, and of the sites of such dwellings, and the appurtenances, if any, and also by a mortgage of the local rate:
4. Any sum borrowed on mortgage under this section may be paid off by sale of the premises comprised in such mortgage, or by instalments, or otherwise, as may be agreed upon between the parties, so that the period of the borrowing do not exceed seven years:
5. The amount borrowed by any local authority on the mortgage of any buildings and sites, and of the local rate, shall not exceed the estimated value of the proposed buildings, including the sites thereof, comprised in such mortgage, such value to be ascertained in manner approved by the said Public Works Loan Commissioners:
6. The powers conferred by Act of Parliament on the said Public Works Loan Commissioners in relation to loans shall apply to any loans made under this section.

23. Any act, power, or jurisdiction hereby authorised to be done or exercised by two justices may be done or exercised by the following magistrates within their respective jurisdictions; that is to say, as to England, by any metropolitan police magistrate or other stipendiary or police magistrate sitting alone at a police court or other appointed place, or by the Lord Mayor of the city of London, or any alderman of the said city, sitting alone or with others, at the Mansion House or Guildhall; as to Scotland, by the sheriff or sheriff substitute, or by any two magistrates of a burgh; and as to Ireland, by any one or more divisional magistrates of police in the police district of Dublin, and elsewhere by two or more justices of the peace in petty sessions. Jurisdiction of certain magistrates.

24. In the application of this Act to Scotland the following provisions shall have effect: Application of Act to Scotland.

(1.) This Act shall be read and construed as if for the expression "the Local Government Board," wherever it occurs therein, the expression "the Secretary of State" were substituted, and the expression "the Secretary of State" shall mean one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State:

8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 19.

(2.) The term "the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845," means the Lands Clauses Consolidation (Scotland) Act, 1845; and sections thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-five, thirty-six, and thirty-seven of the former Act shall mean sections thirty-one, thirty-three, and thirty-four of the latter Act.

Application of Act to Ireland. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 18. 23 & 24 Vict. c. 106. 14 & 15 Vict. c. 70. 23 & 24 Vict. c. 97. 27 & 28 Vict. c. 71. 31 & 32 Vict. c. 70.

25. In the application of this Act to Ireland the following provisions shall take effect:

(1.) The term "the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845," means and includes the said Act as the same is amended by the Lands Clauses Consolidation Acts Amendment Act, 1860, the Railways Act (Ireland), 1851, the Railways Act (Ireland), 1860, the Railways Act (Ireland), 1864, and the Railway Traverse Act:

(2.) The term "the Local Government Board" means the Local Government Board for Ireland:

(3.) The term "Public Works Loan Commissioners" means the Commissioners for Public Works in Ireland.

SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

TABLE A.

ENGLAND AND WALES.

Places to which Act applies.	Description of Local Authority.	Description of Local Rate.	Description of Clerk of Local Authority.
The city of London and the liberties thereof.	Commissioners of Sewers of the city of London.	The consolidated rate.	The clerk to the commissioners.
Local Acts — 11 & 12 Vict. c. 163. 14 & 15 Vict. c. 91.	Local Act 11 & 12 Vict. c. 163.	11 & 12 Vict. c. 163. s. 158.	11 & 12 Vict. c. 163. s. 25.
The metropolis, exclusive of the city of London and the liberties thereof.	The vestry of each parish, or the Board of Works of each district elected under the Metropolis Local Management Act, 1855, and the Acts amending the same within their respective parishes and districts. The Metropolitan Board of Works.	Rate to be levied in the metropolis in the same manner as the rate leviable by law by the vestry or district Board of Works respectively. 25 & 26 Vict. c. 120. s. 5.	Clerk of the vestry or district board.
Boroughs or urban sanitary district as aforesaid.	The urban sanitary authority.	The fund or rate out of which the general expenses of the execution of the Public Health Act, 1875, are defrayed by the urban sanitary authority.	The clerk of the urban sanitary authority.

Places to which Act applies.	Description of Local Authority.	Description of Local Rate.	Description of Clerk of Local Authority.
SCOTLAND.			
Burghs - - -	The magistrates and town council.	The revenue of the burgh or any local rate leviable by the town council.	Town clerk.
Places where police commissioners or trustees exercise the functions of police commissioners acting under the General Police and Improvement (Scotland) Act, or trustees or commissioners acting under any General or Local Act.	The police or other commissioners or trustees.	Property or rate belonging to or leviable by the commissioners or trustees.	Clerk of the commissioners or trustees, or any other officer performing the duties of clerk.
IRELAND.			
The city of Dublin -	The Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, aldermen, and burgesses, in council.	The borough fund or borough or improvement rate.	The town clerk.
Towns corporate or boroughs (with the exception of the city of Dublin).	The mayor, aldermen, and burgesses, acting in council.	The borough fund or town fund, or borough rate.	The town clerk.
Towns having town commissioners under 9 G. 4. c. 82. or 17 & 18 Vict. c. 103., or any Acts amending the same, or having commissioners or other governing body under any Local Act.	The town commissioners or other governing body.	Any rate leviable by these bodies, or any fund belonging to them applicable in the whole or in part to the making or repairing of sewers within their jurisdiction.	The clerk of the commissioners or other governing body.

Explanation.

For the purposes of this Act the following words shall have the meanings herein-after assigned to them; (that is to say,)

(1.) "The metropolis" has the same meaning as it has in the Metropolis Management Act, 1855.

(2.) "Burgh" in Scotland shall mean any place returning or contributing to return members to Parliament, or any place subject to the jurisdiction of a town council.

(3.) "Borough" in Ireland shall mean any place for the time being subject to the Act passed in the session of the third and fourth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter one hundred and eight, and intituled "An Act for the regulation of Municipal Corporations in Ireland."

SECOND SCHEDULE.

I. *Form of Order by Court of Quarter Sessions or Petty Sessions, or Court of Burgh Magistrates in Scotland.*

Be it remembered, that on the day of 18 , upon the report herein-after mentioned, we the undersigned justices assembled at the court of quarter sessions

holden in and for the county of , *or* assembled in petty sessions for the division or district of the borough or county of , *or* members of the court of burgh magistrates for [*as the case may be*], do hereby order and determine that one or more house or houses or buildings situate in or abutting upon or contiguous to or at the entrance of a certain court or alley within the borough *or* burgh, known or designated as court or alley [*or otherwise distinguishing the premises*], and specified in the report of the officer of health for the dated the day of 18 , is or are unfit for human habitation, and ought to be improved *or* demolished [*as the case may be*], in pursuance of the Artizans and Labourers Dwellings Act, 1868.

II. *Form of Notice by Clerk of the Peace, Clerk of the Justices, or Clerk of the Court of Burgh Magistrates in Scotland to Clerk of Local Authority.*

Artizans and Labourers Dwellings Act, 1868.

I, *A.B.*, clerk of the peace or clerk of the justices [*or* clerk of the court of burgh magistrates] for the , do hereby certify, that on the day of 18 the justices assembled at the court of quarter sessions, *or* assembled at the petty sessions for the [*or* court of the burgh magistrates] [*as the case may be*], made an order, of which the following is a true copy:

[*Here give a copy of the presentment, Form* I.]

As witness my hand, this day of in the year of our Lord 18 .

(Signed) (*A.B.*) clerk of the peace *or* clerk of the justices for
[*or* clerk of the court of burgh magistrates].

To the clerk of the
of

CHAPTER 65.

An Act to promote the advancement of Learning, and to extend the benefits connected with University Education in Ireland. [15th August 1879.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for the advancement of learning by the extension of the benefits connected with University Education in Ireland:

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the University Education (Ireland) Act, 1879.

Foundation of University.

Foundation of University.

2. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty, in case Her Majesty shall be pleased so to do, by charter, to found a University in Ireland, which shall be one body politic and corporate, by such name as Her Majesty shall appoint.

Constitution of University.

3. The corporation shall consist of a chancellor, a senate, and graduates. The chancellor shall be nominated from time to time by Her Majesty, and shall hold office during Her pleasure. The first senators of the University shall be the chancellor of the University and such other persons, not exceeding thirty-six in number, as Her Majesty shall appoint. The first and every alternate vacancy