CHAPTER xcviii.

An Act to confer further powers on the Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge and Dukinfield (District) Waterworks Joint Committee and the authorities represented upon that committee to extend the limits of supply of the said committee and for other purposes. [31st July 1931.]

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WHEREAS by the Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge and Dukinfield (District) Waterworks Act 1870 (in this Act called "the Act of 1870") a joint committee (in this Act called "the Committee") was constituted and incorporated by the name of the Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge and Dukinfield (District) Waterworks Joint Committee:

And whereas the Act of 1870 has been amended and further powers have been conferred upon the Committee and the authorities for the time being represented thereon by the following Acts and Orders:—

The Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge and Dukinfield (District) Waterworks Act 1875;

The Order of the Local Government Board relating to the borough of Ashton-under-Lyne confirmed by the Local Government Board's Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 6) Act 1882;

The Order of the Local Government Board relating to the borough of Ashton-under-Lyne and the local government districts of Dukinfield and

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Hurst confirmed by the Local Government Board's Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 5) Act 1883;

The Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge and Dukinfield (District) Waterworks Act 1885;

The Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge and Dukinfield (District) Waterworks Act 1892;

The Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge and Dukinfield (District) Waterworks Act 1907;

The Audenshaw Urban District Council Act 1908;

The Ashton-under-Lyne (Extension) Order 1926 which was confirmed by the Ministry of Health Provisional Order Confirmation (Ashton-under-Lyne Extension) Act 1926:

And whereas the Committee now consists of representatives of the mayors aldermen and burgesses of the respective boroughs of Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge Dukinfield and Mossley and of the urban district council of Audenshaw:

And whereas it is expedient to confer further powers upon the Committee in relation to their undertaking and the supply of water by them:

And whereas the limits of supply of the Committee now comprise the boroughs of Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge Dukinfield and Mossley the urban district of Audenshaw and parts of the urban districts of Saddleworth and Springhead and of the rural district of Limehurst:

And whereas it is expedient to extend the limits of supply of the Committee so as to include therein a further portion of the urban district of Saddleworth and to define the limits of supply of the Committee as so extended:

And whereas the mayor aldermen and burgesses of the borough of Ashton-under-Lyne (who are hereinafter referred to as "the Ashton Corporation") and the mayor aldermen and burgesses of the borough of Stalybridge (who are hereinafter referred to as "the Stalybridge Corporation") at various times between the years one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three did apply sums of money borrowed by them under the provisions

of the Act of 1870 (amounting in the case of the Ashton Corporation to seventeen thousand two hundred and fifty pounds and six shillings and in the case of the Stalybridge Corporation to twelve thousand five hundred and fifty-five pounds eighteen shillings and ten pence) in or towards the expenses of borrowing and the payment of interest on moneys which had been contributed by them to the Committee in pursuance of the provisions of that Act and expended by the Committee on the construction of the waterworks authorised thereby: A.D. 1931.

And whereas it is expedient to sanction and confirm such application by the two said corporations of the above-mentioned sums of money:

And whereas the powers conferred upon the Committee by the Acts and Orders hereinbefore referred to as to making calls of money on the authorities which are represented on the Committee are nearly exhausted and it is expedient that the Committee should be empowered to make further calls of money on the said authorities for the purpose of enabling the Committee to carry on their undertaking:

And whereas estimates have been prepared by the Committee as to the additional money which will be required for the purposes of their undertaking and such estimates amount to one hundred thousand pounds:

And whereas the several works included in such estimates respectively are permanent works and it is expedient that the cost thereof should be spread over a term of years and that provision should be made for the said sum to be contributed by the combining authorities as defined in this Act:

And whereas the total amounts which the Committee were on the thirty-first day of March nineteen hundred and thirty-one entitled under the Acts and Orders hereinbefore referred to to call for from the combining authorities are set out in the third column of the schedule to this Act:

And whereas the several amounts which the combining authorities are respectively authorised to borrow for the purpose of meeting calls upon them by the Committee are in excess of the several amounts set out in the third column of the schedule to this Act and it

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is expedient to repeal the unexercised borrowing powers of the combining authorities except in so far as they relate to the several sums which are set out in the said schedule :

And whereas it is expedient that the other provisions contained in this Act should be enacted :

And whereas the purposes of this Act cannot be effected without the authority of Parliament :

May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this present Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows (that is to say) :—

PRELIMINARY.

Short and collective titles.

1.—(1) This Act may be cited as the Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge and Dukinfield (District) Waterworks Act 1931.

(2) The Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge and Dukinfield (District) Waterworks Acts 1870 to 1907 the Audenshaw Urban District Council Act 1908 and this Act may be cited together as the Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge and Dukinfield (District) Waterworks Acts 1870 to 1931.

(3) The Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge and Dukinfield (District) Waterworks Acts 1870 to 1907 the Audenshaw Urban District Council Act 1908 and this Act together with the Order relating to the borough of Ashton-under-Lyne which was confirmed by the Local Government Board's Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 6) Act 1882 the Order relating to the borough of Ashton-under-Lyne and the local government districts of Dukinfield and Hurst which was confirmed by the Local Government Board's Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 5) Act 1883 and the Ashton-under-Lyne (Extension) Order 1926 may be cited together as the Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge and Dukinfield (District) Waterworks Acts and Orders 1870 to 1931.

Incorporation of Acts.

2. The following Acts (so far as the same are applicable for the purposes and are not inconsistent with

the provisions of this Act) are hereby incorporated with and form part of this Act (namely) :— A.D. 1931.

(1) The Waterworks Clauses Act 1847 except—

(*a*) The words " with the consent in writing of the owner or reputed owner of any such house or of the agent of such owner " in section 44;

(*b*) Sections 75 to 82 (with respect to the amount of profit to be received by the undertakers when the waterworks are carried on for their benefit); and

(*c*) Section 83 (with respect to the yearly receipt and expenditure of the undertakers); and

(2) The Waterworks Clauses Act 1863.

Interpretation.

3.—(1) In this Act the several words and expressions to which meanings are assigned by the Acts wholly or partially incorporated herewith or by the Public Health Acts 1875 to 1925 have the same respective meanings unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction.

(2) In this Act unless the subject or context otherwise requires—

" The Committee " means the Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge and Dukinfield (District) Waterworks Joint Committee;

" The combining authorities " means the respective mayors aldermen and burgesses of the boroughs of Ashton-under-Lyne Stalybridge Dukinfield and Mossley and the urban district council of Audenshaw;

" Railway company " includes any joint committee of railway companies;

" The Ashton Corporation " means the mayor aldermen and burgesses of the borough of Ashton-under-Lyne;

" The Stalybridge Corporation " means the mayor aldermen and burgesses of the borough of Stalybridge;

" The undertaking " means the undertaking for the time being of the Committee;

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"The limits of supply" means the limits within which the Committee are for the time being authorised to supply water;

"Telegraphic line" has the same meaning as in the Telegraph Act 1878;

"The recited Acts" means the Act of 1870 and the Acts and Orders amending the same referred to in the preamble to this Act and each of those Acts and Orders is referred to as the Act or Order of the year in which it was passed;

"Statutory security" means any security in which trustees are for the time being by or under any Act of Parliament passed or to be passed authorised to invest trust money and any mortgage bond debenture debenture stock stock or other security authorised by or under any Act of Parliament passed or to be passed of any county council or municipal corporation or other local authority as defined by section 34 of the Local Loans Act 1875 but does not include annuities rentcharges or securities transferable by delivery or any securities of the Committee.

WATERWORKS.

Application of Waterworks Clauses Act 1847.

4. The provisions of the Waterworks Clauses Act 1847 with respect to the breaking up of streets shall apply with the necessary modifications to the construction laying down erection and maintenance in any streets or roads of any discharge pipes telephone or telegraph posts wires conductors or apparatus which the Committee may erect or lay down for the purposes of the undertaking:

Provided that any telephone or telegraph posts wires conductors or apparatus constructed laid down erected or maintained under the provisions of this section shall not be used for the transmission of any telegram which is within the exclusive privilege conferred upon the Postmaster-General by the Telegraph Act 1869 and shall be so constructed erected maintained and used as to prevent any interference with any telegraphic line belonging to or used by the Postmaster-General or with telegraphic communication by means of any such line.

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Discharge of water into streams.

5.—(1) For the purpose of executing constructing enlarging extending repairing cleansing emptying or examining any reservoir conduit line of pipes or other work of the Committee the Committee may cause the water in any such work to be discharged into any available stream ditch or watercourse Provided that any water so discharged shall so far as may be reasonably practicable be free from mud solid or offensive matter and other matter injurious to fish or spawn or spawning beds or food of fish.

(2) In the exercise of the power conferred by this section the Committee shall do as little damage as may be and shall pay compensation to all persons for all damage sustained by them by reason or in consequence of the exercise of such power the amount of compensation to be settled in case of difference by arbitration in accordance with the provisions of the Arbitration Act 1889.

(3) The powers of this section shall not be exercised so as to damage or injuriously affect the canals railways or works of any railway company.

Power to provide water tanks under streets.

6.—(1) The Committee may (subject to the provisions of the Waterworks Clauses Act 1847 with respect to the breaking up of streets for the purpose of laying down pipes) with the consent of the road authority construct place fix and maintain in or under any street which is within the limits of supply tanks or other receptacles for water for use by the users of mechanically propelled vehicles with all necessary or convenient apparatus and appliances (including covers or boxes and pillars or standpipes projecting above the level of the surface of the street) for taking or using water from such tanks or receptacles.

(2) The Committee may make and recover such charges as they may think fit for any water so taken or used and make regulations as to the taking or use of such water and the issuing of permits for such taking or use and the mode of payment of the charges of the Committee therefor.

(3) If any person shall take or use any water from any such tank or receptacle as aforesaid without being duly authorised so to do by the Committee he shall be deemed to have committed an offence under section 20

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(Penalty for use of water without agreement) of the Waterworks Clauses Act 1863.

(4) The Committee may attach to any lamp-post pole or standard or other similar erection erected on or in any street under or near to which any such tank or other receptacle is constructed or placed signs or directions indicating the position of such tank or other receptacle and the means by which water may be obtained from the same and may in any such street as aforesaid erect place fix and maintain posts or poles for carrying such signs or directions :

Provided that—

(*a*) The committee shall not erect place fix or maintain any such posts or poles in any part of the highway without the consent of the road authority ;

(*b*) The Committee shall give to the owner of any such lamp-post pole standard or similar erection notice in writing of their intention to attach thereto any such sign or direction and shall make compensation to the owner for any damage or injury occasioned to any such lamp-post pole standard or similar erection by the attachment and the Committee shall indemnify the owner against any claim for damage occasioned to any person or property by or by reason of the attachment ;

(*c*) The Committee shall not attach any signs or directions to any post pole or standard belonging to the Postmaster-General except with his consent in writing ;

(*d*) The Committee shall not attach any signs or directions to any pole post or standard belonging to the Stalybridge Hyde Mossley and Dukinfield Tramways and Electricity Board except with the consent of that board but such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld ;

(*e*) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to require the owner to retain any such lamp-post pole standard or similar erection when no longer required for his purposes.

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(5) The Committee shall not under the powers of this section construct or place any such tank or receptacle or any appliances in connection therewith or any posts or poles on any county bridge or bridge carrying a public highway or the approaches thereto or on any bridge or the approaches thereto carrying any street or road over the railway or over a canal of any railway company or under any bridge carrying any such railway over any street or road or within ten feet of any abutment of such bridge or so as to interfere with or render less convenient the access to or exit from any station or depot of such company nor shall the Committee attach any signs or directions to any lamp-post pole standard or similar erection belonging to a railway company except with the consent of such railway company.

Meters in streets to measure water or detect waste.

7. Subject to the provisions of the Waterworks Clauses Act 1847 with respect to the breaking up of streets for the purpose of laying pipes the Committee may for the purpose of measuring the quantity of water supplied or of preventing and detecting waste affix and maintain meters and similar apparatus on the service pipes and mains of the Committee and stopcocks in the pipes supplying houses with water and may insert in the roads or footways the necessary covers or boxes for giving access and protection thereto and may for that purpose break up and interfere temporarily with public and private streets sewers gas air or water pipes electric lines wires and apparatus:

Provided that—

(*a*) The Committee shall not interfere with any telegraphic line belonging to or used by the Postmaster-General except in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Telegraph Act 1878;

(*b*) Nothing in this section shall extend to or authorise any interference with any works or apparatus of the Central Electricity Board except in accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Electric Lighting Act 1882;

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(*c*) The Committee shall not without the previous consent of the railway company exercise the powers of this section in or on any bridge carrying a road over a railway or over a canal belonging to a railway company or in any road belonging to such railway company nor shall the Committee obstruct or interfere with the convenient access to or exit from any station or depot of such railway company but the consent of any railway company under this section shall not be unreasonably withheld and any question as to whether such consent is in any case unreasonably withheld shall be determined by an engineer to be appointed failing agreement by the President of the Institution of Civil Engineers on the application of either party after notice in writing to the other.

Power to lay pipes in private streets.

8. The Committee may on the application of the owner or occupier of any premises within the limits of supply abutting on or being erected in any street laid out but not dedicated to public use supply those premises with water and for that purpose the provisions of the Waterworks Clauses Act 1847 with respect to the breaking up of streets for the purpose of laying pipes shall apply as if section 29 (Undertakers not to enter on private land without consent) of that Act were excepted from incorporation with this Act:

Provided that nothing in this section contained shall apply to any street belonging to and forming the approach to any station or depot or canal wharf of a railway company without the consent of that company nor shall any work be constructed under this section so as unreasonably to interfere with or render less convenient the access to or exit from any such station or depot or wharf.

Dwelling-houses for employees and other buildings.

9. The Committee may purchase or take on lease and maintain houses and buildings for persons in their employment in connection with the undertaking and the Committee may also erect maintain and let any such buildings upon any land for the time being belonging or leased to the Committee for those purposes.

SUPPLY OF WATER. A.D. 1931.

Extension and definition of limits of supply.

10.—(1) (*a*) The limits of the Committee for the supply of water are hereby extended so as to include the following area (in this section called " the added limits ") (namely) :—

So much of the urban district of Saddleworth in the west riding of the county of York as is bounded on the south by the existing limits of the Committee for the supply of water on the west by an imaginary straight line extending from a point twelve chains due north from the eastern extremity of the borough of Oldham to a point fifty-seven chains due north of such first mentioned point and on the north-east by an imaginary straight line extending from the second above-mentioned point to the boundary of the said existing limits at the south-western entrance of the Standedge tunnel of the Manchester and Sheffield section of the London Midland and Scottish Railway at Diggle.

(*b*) The Committee shall have and may exercise within the added limits all and the like powers privileges and authorities for and in relation to the supply of water and be subject to all and the like duties and obligations in respect thereof as they now have and are subject to within the existing limits of supply.

(2) (*a*) As from the passing of this Act the limits of supply of the Committee (including the added limits) are—

(i) The borough of Ashton-under-Lyne;

(ii) The borough of Stalybridge;

(iii) The borough of Dukinfield;

(iv) The borough of Mossley;

(v) The urban district of Audenshaw;

(vi) The rural district of Limehurst except so much of the parish of Alt as lies generally to the north-east of an imaginary line commencing at the point where the northern boundary of the parish of Hartshead crosses Lees new road and proceeding as far as the river Medlock along an imaginary straight line drawn to the United Methodist Church at Alt thence in a northerly

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direction along the centre line of the river Medlock to and terminating at the point where the said river crosses the northern boundary of the parish of Alt;

(vii) The urban district of Saddleworth except so much thereof as lies to the north of the north-easterly boundary of the added limits and of an imaginary straight line extending due east from the eastern end of that boundary to the eastern boundary of the said urban district and as lies to the west of the westerly boundary of the added limits;

(viii) So much of the urban district of Springhead as lies to the east of an imaginary line drawn across High Moor from the eastern extremity of the borough of Oldham straight to the Star Inn on the Wakefield and Austerlands county road thence along the centre line of the said road to a point opposite St. Ann's Church and thence again straight to the eastern extremity of the parish of Alt.

(*b*) The limits of supply are edged pink upon the map which has been signed in triplicate by the Right Honourable Lord Hardinge of Penshurst the Chairman of the Committee of the House of Lords to which the Bill for this Act was referred of which one copy has been deposited in the Parliament Office of the House of Lords the second in the Committee and Private Bill Office of the House of Commons and the third with the secretary of the Committee.

(*c*) If there be any discrepancy between the description of the limits of supply which is contained in subsection (2) of this section and the said map the said map shall prevail.

Amendment of section 35 of Waterworks Clauses Act 1847.

11. The provisions of section 35 of the Waterworks Clauses Act 1847 shall in their application to the Committee be read and construed as if the one-tenth part of the expense of providing and laying down pipes mentioned in that section were one-eighth part of such expense.

Guarantees by local authorities.

12.—(1) A local authority any part of whose district is within the limits of supply may give and enter into any guarantee or contract for securing payment to the

Committee of such periodical or other sum or sums at such time or times in such manner and subject to such stipulations as may be agreed by and between such local authority and the Committee for the purpose of or with respect to the providing or laying down by the Committee of any main pipe or works for the supply of water within any part of such district which is within the limits of supply.

(2) The giving of such guarantee and the performance of any contract in relation thereto shall be deemed to be a purpose for which under the provisions of any general Act relating to the powers of such local authority they may incur expenditure and any such local authority may raise any money which may become payable to the Committee under this section in like manner as money may be raised under the provisions of any such general Act.

(3) Provided that where such money is raised by a rural district council by means of a rate such rate shall be or shall be deemed to be a special rate but the provisions of this subsection shall not affect the operation of section 56 of the Local Government Act 1929.

Limitation on meter charges outside contributory district.

13. The prices to be charged by the Committee for supplies of water by meter in so much of the limits of supply as is not included within the contributory district (which expression has the same meaning as in the recited Acts) shall not exceed by more than twenty per centum the prices to be charged for corresponding supplies within the contributory district.

Water rents may be collected half-yearly.

14.—(1) The Committee may demand water rents and charges by half-yearly instalments in advance on the first day of April and the first day of October in each year but so that the same shall not be recoverable until the expiration of two months from the said first day of April and first day of October respectively.

(2) (*a*) The Committee may from time to time if they think fit make an allowance by way of discount not exceeding five per centum on the amount due in respect of any water rent or charge or any instalment thereof from every person who pays the same within such time after demand of the rent or charge or any instalment thereof as the case may be as the Committee may prescribe.

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(*b*) Provided that the same rate of discount shall be allowed in similar circumstances to every person from whom such water rent or charge or any instalment thereof shall be demanded.

(*c*) If and so long as the Committee allow such discount notice of the effect of this enactment shall be endorsed on every demand note for water rents and charges.

Recovery of rents from persons removing.

15. If a justice is satisfied on complaint by any collector of the Committee that any person is quitting or about to quit any premises to which the Committee supply water and has failed to pay on demand any water rent which may be due from him and intends to evade payment of the same by departing from the said premises the justice may in addition to issuing a summons for non-payment of the same issue a warrant under his hand authorising the said collector to seize forthwith and detain the goods and chattels of such person until the complaint is determined upon the return of the summons.

Extension of power to inspect premises.

16. In addition to the powers conferred by section 57 of the Waterworks Clauses Act 1847 the engineer of the Committee or any person duly authorised by him in writing may at all reasonable times between the hours of seven o'clock and nine o'clock in the morning and also between the hour of four o'clock in the afternoon and one hour after sunset enter into any house or premises supplied with water by the Committee in order to examine if there be any waste or misuse of such water and if any person hinder any such engineer or authorised person from entering either under the said section 57 or under this section or making such examination as aforesaid he shall for every such offence be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds Provided that no person shall for the same offence have the water supplied to him turned off in pursuance of the said section 57 and also be liable to a penalty under this section.

Maintenance of common pipe.

17. When several houses or parts of houses in the occupation of several persons are supplied with water by one common pipe belonging to the several owners or occupiers of such houses or parts of houses the said several owners or occupiers shall be liable to contribute

the amount of any expenses from time to time incurred by the Committee in the maintenance and repair of such pipe and their respective proportions of contributions shall be settled by the engineer of the Committee.

Separate communication pipes may be required.

18.—(1) The Committee shall not be bound to supply more than one house or part of a house occupied as a separate tenement by means of the same communication pipe and they may if they think fit require that a separate pipe be laid from the main pipe into each house or part of a house occupied as a separate tenement supplied by them with water:

Provided that this section shall not apply in the case of a communication pipe which at the passing of this Act is used for the supply of water to more than one house or part of a house unless and until such communication pipe becomes defective or requires renewal in which event the Committee may require that a separate pipe be laid from the main pipe into each house or part of a house occupied as a separate tenement formerly supplied with water by means of that communication pipe.

(2) If the owner of any house or part of a house occupied as a separate tenement and supplied with water by the Committee when so required in pursuance of the preceding subsection fails within a period of three months after the receipt of such requirement to provide a separate pipe from the main into such house or part of a house the Committee may themselves do the work necessary in that behalf and may recover the cost incurred by them in so doing from the owner.

As to communication pipes.

19.—(1) For the purpose of complying with any obligation under the Waterworks Clauses Act 1847 to maintain any pipe or apparatus the person liable to maintain the same shall have the like power to open the ground as is conferred upon him by and subject to the conditions of sections 48 to 52 of the Waterworks Clauses Act 1847 in relation to the laying of communication pipes.

(2) The Committee may by agreement with any owner or occupier entitled or required to lay maintain repair or remove any communication pipe and for

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that purpose to open or break up any street in the limits of supply execute such works on behalf of such owner or occupier and any expenses incurred by the Committee shall be repaid by the owner or occupier with whom the agreement is made.

Power to Committee to repair communication pipes.

20. If in the opinion of the Committee any waste of water or injury or risk of injury to person or property is caused or likely to be caused by reason of any injury to or defect in any communication pipe which the Committee are not under obligation to maintain it shall be lawful for the Committee to execute such repairs to the communication pipe as they may think necessary or expedient in the circumstances without being requested so to do and if any injury to or defect in the communication pipe shall have been found the expense incurred by the Committee for the purposes of ascertaining the injury or defect and executing the repairs (including the expense of breaking up filling in reinstating and making good any road pavement or soil for those purposes) shall be recoverable by the Committee in like manner as the water rents in respect of the premises are recoverable Provided that (except in emergency) the Committee shall not under the powers of this section enter into any house or private premises unless they shall have given to the occupier of such house or premises (and if the water rents in respect of the house or premises are payable by the owner thereof to such owner) not less than twenty-four hours' previous notice of their intention so to enter.

Committee to connect communication pipes with mains.

21. Notwithstanding anything in any Act relating to the Committee the Committee shall have the exclusive right of executing any works on any of the water mains of the Committee for connecting any communication or service pipe therewith and the Committee shall on the request of any owner or occupier of any premises who is entitled to be supplied with water by the Committee execute on any such main any work which shall be necessary to connect the communication or service pipe of such owner or occupier therewith and any expenses incurred by the Committee in so doing shall be repaid by the owner or occupier so requesting.

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Power to sell meters.

22. The Committee may sell meters and any fittings connected therewith upon and subject to such terms (pecuniary or otherwise) and conditions as they think fit.

Injuring meters &c.

23. Every person who wilfully fraudulently or by culpable negligence injures or suffers to be injured any pipe meter or other instrument for measuring water or any fittings belonging to the Committee or who fraudulently alters the index to any meter or other instrument for measuring water or prevents any meter or other instrument for measuring water from duly registering the quantity of water supplied or fraudulently abstracts consumes or uses water of the Committee shall (without prejudice to any other right or remedy for the protection of the Committee) be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds and the Committee may in addition thereto recover the amount of any damage by them sustained In any case in which any person has wilfully fraudulently or by culpable negligence injured or suffered to be injured any pipe meter instrument or fittings belonging to the Committee or has fraudulently altered the index to any meter or other instrument for measuring water or prevented the same from duly registering the quantity of water supplied or has fraudulently abstracted consumed or used water of the Committee the Committee may enter upon the premises occupied by the offender and repair such injury and do all such works matters and things as may be necessary for insuring the proper registering by such meter or instrument of the quantity of water supplied by means thereof and the expense of such repair and of all such works matters and things shall be repaid to the Committee by the person so offending and may be recovered by them as water rents are recoverable The existence of artificial means for causing such injury alteration or prevention or for abstracting consuming or using water of the Committee when such pipe meter instrument or fittings is or are under the custody or control of the consumer shall be prima facie evidence that such injury alteration prevention abstraction consumption or use as the case may be has been fraudulently knowingly and wilfully caused by the consumer using such pipe meter instrument or fittings.

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As to register of meters.

24.—(1) Where water is supplied by measure the register of the meter or other instrument for measuring water shall be prima facie evidence of the quantity of water consumed and in respect of which any water rent is charged and sought to be recovered by the Committee.

(2) Provided that if the Committee and the person to whom the water is supplied differ as to the quantity consumed such difference shall be determined upon the application of either party by a court of summary jurisdiction who may also order by which of the parties any costs of the proceedings before them shall be paid and the decision of such court shall be final and binding on all parties.

(3) If any meter used by a consumer of water be proved to register erroneously such erroneous registration shall be deemed to have first arisen during the then last preceding quarter of the year unless it be proved to have first arisen during the then current quarter The amount of the allowance to be made to or of the surcharge to be made upon the consumer by the Committee shall be paid by or to the Committee to or by the consumer as the case may be and in the case of a surcharge shall be recoverable in the like manner as water rents are recoverable by the Committee.

Power to supply water fittings.

25.—(1) The Committee may if requested by any person supplied or about to be supplied by them with water furnish to him and repair or alter (but shall not manufacture) any such pipes valves cocks cisterns baths meters soil-pans waterclosets and other fittings as are required or permitted by their regulations and may provide all materials and execute all work necessary or proper in that behalf and the reasonable charges of the Committee in providing such materials and executing such work shall be paid by the person requiring the same.

(2) Any fittings let for hire under the provisions of this section shall not be subject to distress or to the landlord's remedy for rent or be liable to be taken in execution under any process of any court or any proceedings in bankruptcy against the persons in whose possession the same may be Provided that

such fittings have upon them respectively a distinguishing metal plate affixed to a conspicuous part thereof or a distinguishing brand or other mark conspicuously impressed or made thereon sufficiently indicating the Committee as the actual owners thereof.

(3) Subject to the proviso to subsection (2) of this section all fittings let by the Committee on hire as aforesaid shall notwithstanding that they be fixed or fastened to any part of any premises in which they may be situate or to the soil under any premises at all times continue to be the property of and removable by the Committee Provided that nothing in this subsection shall affect the amount of the assessment for rating of any premises upon which any such fittings are or shall be fixed.

(4) Provided as follows:—

(*a*) The Committee shall so adjust the charges to be made by them for any such fittings or for the fixing repairing or removal thereof as to meet any expenditure by them under the powers of this section in connection therewith;

(*b*) When a demand note delivered by the Committee to a consumer includes a sum charged by the Committee in respect of providing such fittings or the fixing repairing or removal thereof such sum shall be clearly stated in such demand note;

(*c*) The total sums expended and received by the Committee in connection with the purposes in this section mentioned in each year shall be separately shown in the published accounts of the undertaking for such year.

Penalty for interfering with valves &c.

26. Any person being the owner or occupier of any house or building or part of a house or building or premises to or in respect of which he is not for the time being entitled to a supply or the continuance of a supply of water by the Committee who shall without the authority of the Committee turn on any valve cock or other work or apparatus attached to any service main or pipe connected with any main of the Committee and provided or available for the purpose of affording such supply shall be deemed to commit an offence under section 60 (Penalty for destroying valves drawing off water &c.) of the

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Waterworks Clauses Act 1847 and the said section shall extend and apply accordingly.

Penalty for closing valves and apparatus.

27. Every person who shall wilfully (without the consent of the Committee) or negligently close or shut off any valve cock or other work or apparatus belonging to the Committee whereby the supply of water shall be interfered with shall (without prejudice to any other right or remedy of the Committee) be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding five pounds and the Committee may in addition thereto recover the amount of any damage by them sustained Provided that this section shall not apply to a consumer closing the valve fixed on his communication pipe.

Purchase of water in bulk.

28. The Committee may enter into and carry into effect agreements with any local authority company or person supplying water under parliamentary authority for the purchase of water in bulk by the Committee for such price and on such terms and conditions and for such period as may be agreed upon and any water so purchased may be used by the Committee for the purposes of the undertaking.

FINANCE.

Further contributions to capital.

29.—(1) The combining authorities shall respectively contribute in the proportions set out in the schedule to this Act such further sums of money as may be required for the purposes of the undertaking not exceeding the following sums (namely) :—

The Ashton Corporation the sum of forty-two thousand two hundred and twenty-two pounds four shillings and fourpence;

The Stalybridge Corporation the sum of twenty-five thousand six hundred and ninety-four pounds nine shillings;

The mayor aldermen and burgesses of the borough of Dukinfield the sum of fifteen thousand four hundred and sixteen pounds thirteen shillings and fourpence;

The mayor aldermen and burgesses of the borough of Mossley the sum of ten thousand four hundred and sixteen pounds thirteen shillings and fourpence;

The urban district council of Audenshaw the sum of six thousand two hundred and fifty pounds.

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(2) The combining authorities may and shall also respectively contribute in the proportions set out in the said schedule such further sums of money as may from time to time be required for the purposes of the undertaking and as may from time to time be sanctioned by order of the Minister of Health which order the said Minister is hereby empowered to make.

Reduction of unexercised borrowing powers of combining authorities.

30. So much of the borrowing powers of the combining authorities under the recited Acts as were unexercised by those authorities respectively on the thirty-first day of March nineteen hundred and thirty-one are hereby repealed except in so far as they relate to or are in respect of the several sums which are set out in the third column of the schedule to this Act.

Power to combining authorities to borrow.

31.—(1) (*a*) Each of the combining authorities may in addition to the sums which they are authorised to borrow under the recited Acts as amended by the section of this Act of which the marginal note is " Reduction of unexercised borrowing powers of combining authorities " borrow such further sums as may be necessary to make their respective contributions under this Act not exceeding the amounts respectively mentioned in the section of this Act of which the marginal note is " Further contributions to capital."

(*b*) Each of the combining authorities may also borrow such further sums as may be sanctioned by order of the Minister of Health (which order the said Minister is hereby empowered to make) for the purpose of complying with the requirements of any order made by that Minister under subsection (2) of the section of this Act of which the marginal note is " Further contributions to capital."

(2) Each of the combining authorities shall pay off all money borrowed by them under this Act within the respective periods (in this Act referred to as " the prescribed periods ") following (that is to say) :—

As to money borrowed under paragraph (*a*) of subsection (1) of this section within forty years from the date or dates of borrowing;

As to money borrowed in pursuance of any such order of the Minister of Health as is referred to in paragraph (*b*) of subsection (1) of this section within such period as may be prescribed by the said Minister.

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(3) In order to secure the repayment of money borrowed under the provisions of this section (other than moneys borrowed in pursuance of any order of the Minister of Health) and the payment of interest thereon the combining authorities may respectively mortgage or charge their respective general rate funds and general rates and in order to secure the repayment of money borrowed on the authority of any such order of the said Minister and the payment of interest thereon the combining authorities may respectively mortgage or charge such revenue fund or rate as may be prescribed by that Minister.

Mode of raising money.

32. Each of the combining authorities may raise all or any moneys which they are authorised respectively to borrow under this Act by mortgage or by the issue of debentures or annuity certificates under and subject to the provisions of the Local Loans Act 1875 or partly in one way and partly in another or others Provided that the provisions of this Act relating to sinking funds shall apply to sinking funds formed for the repayment of moneys borrowed under the Local Loans Act 1875 instead of the provisions of sections 15 and 16 of that Act.

Provisions of Public Health Act 1875 as to mortgages to apply.

33. The following sections of the Public Health Act 1875 shall extend and apply to mortgages granted by the combining authorities under this Act (that is to say) :—

Section 236 (Form of mortgage);
Section 237 (Register of mortgages);
Section 238 (Transfer of mortgages).

Mode of payment off of money borrowed.

34. Each of the combining authorities shall pay off all moneys borrowed by them on mortgage under the powers of this Act either by equal yearly or half-yearly instalments of principal or of principal and interest combined or by means of a sinking fund or partly by one of those methods and partly by another or others of them and the payment of the first instalment or the first payment to the sinking fund shall be made within twelve months or when the moneys are repaid by half-yearly instalments within six months from the date of borrowing.

Sinking funds.

35.—(1) If any of the combining authorities determine to repay by means of a sinking fund any moneys

borrowed by virtue of this Act (except moneys raised by the issue of stock) such fund shall be formed and maintained either— A.D. 1931.

(*a*) by payment to the fund throughout the prescribed period of such equal annual sums as will together amount to the moneys for the repayment of which the sinking fund is formed A sinking fund so formed is hereinafter called a "non-accumulating sinking fund"; or

(*b*) by payment to the fund throughout the prescribed period of such equal annual sums as with accumulations at a rate not exceeding three pounds ten shillings per centum per annum or such other rate as the Minister of Health may from time to time approve will be sufficient to pay off within the prescribed period the moneys for the repayment of which such sinking fund is formed A sinking fund so formed is hereinafter called an "accumulating sinking fund."

(2) Every sum paid to a sinking fund and in the case of an accumulating sinking fund the interest on the investments of the sinking fund shall unless applied in repayment of the loan in respect of which the sinking fund is formed be immediately invested in statutory securities the combining authorities respectively being at liberty from time to time to vary and transpose such investments.

(3) In the case of a non-accumulating sinking fund the interest on the investments of the fund may be applied by the combining authority towards the equal annual payments to the fund.

(4) A combining authority may at any time apply the whole or any part of any sinking fund in or towards the discharge of the moneys for the repayment of which the fund is formed Provided that in the case of an accumulating sinking fund the combining authority shall pay into the fund each year and accumulate during the residue of the prescribed period a sum equal to the interest which would have been produced by such sinking fund or part thereof so applied if invested at the rate per centum per annum on which the annual payments to the sinking fund are based.

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(5) (*a*) If and so often as the income of an accumulating sinking fund is not equal to the income which would be derived from the amount invested if the same were invested at the rate per centum per annum on which the annual payments to the fund are based any deficiency shall be made good by the combining authority.

(*b*) If and so often as the income of an accumulating sinking fund is in excess of the income which would be derived from the amount invested if the same were invested at the rate per centum per annum on which the annual payments to the fund are based any such excess may be applied towards such annual payments.

(6) Any expenses connected with the formation maintenance investment application management or otherwise of any sinking fund under this Act shall be paid by the combining authority in addition to the payments provided for by this Act.

(7) If it appears to the combining authority at any time that the amount in the sinking fund with the future payments thereto in accordance with the provisions of this Act together with the probable accumulations thereon (in the case of an accumulating sinking fund) will not be sufficient to repay within the prescribed period the moneys for the repayment of which the sinking fund is formed it shall be the duty of the combining authority to make such increased payments to the sinking fund as will cause the sinking fund to be sufficient for that purpose Provided that if it appears to the Minister of Health that any such increase is necessary the combining authority shall increase the payments to such extent as the said Minister may direct.

(8) If the combining authority desire to accelerate the repayment of any loan they may increase the amounts payable to any sinking fund.

(9) If the amount in any sinking fund with the future payments thereto in accordance with the provisions of this Act together with the probable accumulations thereon (in the case of an accumulating sinking fund) will in the opinion of the Minister of Health be more than sufficient to repay within the prescribed period the moneys for the repayment of which the sinking fund is formed the combining authority may reduce the payments to the sinking fund either temporarily

or permanently to such amounts as will in the opinion of the said Minister be sufficient to repay within the prescribed period the moneys for the repayment of which the sinking fund is formed.

(10) If the amount in any sinking fund at any time together with the probable accumulations thereon (in the case of an accumulating sinking fund) will in the opinion of the Minister of Health be sufficient to repay within the prescribed period the moneys for the repayment of which the sinking fund is formed the combining authority may with the consent of the said Minister discontinue the annual payments to such sinking fund until the said Minister shall otherwise direct.

(11) Any surplus of any sinking fund remaining after the discharge of the whole of the moneys for the repayment of which it was formed shall be applied to such purpose or purposes as the combining authority with the consent of the Minister of Health may determine.

(12) All moneys which at the date of this Act are standing to the credit of any sinking fund in respect of moneys borrowed otherwise than by the issue of stock by any of the combining authorities by virtue of the recited Acts and not applied in repayment thereof shall be transferred to a sinking fund established under this Act and the sums so transferred shall be taken into account in calculating the future payments to be made to the sinking fund under this section.

Power to re-borrow.

36.—(1) The combining authorities shall have power—

(*a*) to borrow for the purpose of paying off any moneys previously borrowed under this Act which are intended to be repaid forthwith; or

(*b*) to borrow in order to replace moneys which during the previous twelve months have been temporarily applied from other funds of the combining authority in repaying moneys previously borrowed under this Act and which at the time of such repayment it was intended to replace by borrowed moneys.

(2) Any moneys borrowed under this section shall for the purposes of repayment be deemed to form part of the original loan and shall be repaid within that

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portion of the period prescribed for the repayment of that loan which remains unexpired and the provisions which are for the time being applicable to the original loan shall apply to the moneys borrowed under this section.

(3) The combining authority shall not have power to borrow for the purpose of making any payment to a sinking fund or of paying any instalment or making any annual payment which has or may become due in respect of borrowed moneys.

(4) The combining authority shall not have power to borrow in order to replace any moneys previously borrowed which have been repaid—

(*a*) by instalments or annual payments; or

(*b*) by means of a sinking fund; or

(*c*) out of any capital moneys properly applicable to the purpose of the repayment other than moneys borrowed for that purpose.

Incorporation of provisions of recited Acts.

37. The following sections of the recited Acts shall with any necessary modifications extend and apply to the exercise of the powers of this Act as if the same were re-enacted in this Act (that is to say):—

The Act of 1870—

Section 55 (Arrears may be enforced by appointment of a receiver).

The Act of 1885—

Section 10 (Protection of lenders from inquiry).

Confirmation of payment of interest out of capital by Ashton and Stalybridge Corporations.

38.—(1) In addition to the borrowing powers conferred upon them by the Act of 1870 the Ashton Corporation and the Stalybridge Corporation shall be deemed to have been authorised to borrow and apply between the years one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three the sums of seventeen thousand two hundred and fifty pounds six shillings and twelve thousand five hundred and fifty-five pounds eighteen shillings and tenpence respectively towards the payment of interest on moneys contributed by them to the Committee in pursuance of the provisions of the Act of 1870.

(2) Nothing in this section shall limit or affect the borrowing powers of the Ashton Corporation or

the Stalybridge Corporation under the Act of 1870 or the liability of those two corporations to make contributions under that Act to the Committee. A.D. 1931.

Return to Minister with respect to repayment of debt.

39.—(1) The town clerk or clerk (as the case may be) of each of the combining authorities shall if and when he is requested by the Minister of Health so to do transmit to that Minister a return showing the provision made for the repayment of any loans raised by the combining authority under the recited Acts or this Act.

(2) The return shall show such particulars and shall be made up to such date and in such form as the Minister of Health may require and shall if so required by him be verified by statutory declaration of the treasurer or other the chief accounting officer of the combining authority and shall be transmitted within one month after the making of the request and in the event of his failing to make such return the town clerk or clerk (as the case may be) shall for each offence be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds to be recovered by the said Minister in a court of summary jurisdiction and notwithstanding the recovery of such penalty the making of the return shall be enforceable by writ of mandamus to be obtained by the said Minister out of the High Court.

(3) If it appears to the Minister of Health by such a return as aforesaid or otherwise that the combining authority have failed to pay any instalment or annual payment required to be paid or to set apart any sum required for any sinking fund (whether such instalment or annual payment or sum is required by any enactment relating to the statutory borrowing power or by the said Minister in virtue thereof to be paid appropriated or set apart) or have applied any portion of any sinking fund to any purposes other than those authorised the said Minister may by order direct that the sum in such order mentioned not exceeding the amount in respect of which default has been made shall be paid or applied in the manner and by the date in such order mentioned and the combining authority shall notify the said Minister as soon as the order is complied with and any such order shall be enforceable

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by writ of mandamus to be obtained by the said Minister out of the High Court.

(4) Section 9 (Annual return to Local Government Board with respect to sinking fund) of the Act of 1875 and any other provision (other than the foregoing provisions of this section) of any enactment now in force requiring an annual return to be made to the Minister of Health with regard to the repayment of debt under the recited Acts or this Act is hereby repealed.

Reserve fund for undertaking.

40.—(1) The Committee may (if they think fit) provide a reserve fund in respect of the undertaking by setting aside such an amount as they may from time to time think reasonable and investing the same in statutory securities until the fund so formed amounts to the maximum reserve fund for the time being prescribed by the Committee not exceeding a sum equal to one-tenth of the aggregate capital expenditure for the time being upon the undertaking.

(2) Any reserve fund formed under this section shall be applicable to answer any deficiency at any time happening in the income of the Committee from the undertaking or to meet any extraordinary claim or demand at any time arising against the Committee in respect of the undertaking or for payment of the cost of renewing improving or extending any part of the works forming part thereof or otherwise for the benefit of the undertaking and so that if that fund be at any time reduced it may thereafter be again restored to the prescribed maximum and so from time to time as often as such reduction happens.

(3) Resort may be had to the said reserve fund under the foregoing provisions although such fund may not at the time have reached or may have been reduced below the prescribed maximum.

(4) The income of any such reserve fund shall be treated as part of the revenue of the undertaking.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Power to promote or oppose Bills &c.

41. The Committee shall have power to promote and oppose Bills in Parliament and Provisional and Special Orders and to prosecute and defend legal proceedings.

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Extension of sections 176 and 303 of Public Health Act 1875 to Committee.

42.—(1) Sections 176 and 303 of the Public Health Act 1875 shall extend and apply to and the powers thereof may be exercised by the Committee as if they were a local authority within the meaning of those sections and the limits of supply were their district and on the petition or application of the Committee the Minister of Health may make such orders as he is by those sections empowered to make on the petition or application of a local authority.

(2) The provisions of this section shall be in addition to and not in derogation of any other powers conferred by this Act.

Committee not to oppose Bill for altering their constitution.

43. If the local authorities for the urban districts of Saddleworth and Springhead and for the rural district of Limehurst respectively or any of them shall promote a Bill in the next session of Parliament available for private bill legislation to alter the constitution of the Committee by adding thereto representatives of such local authorities or any of them and to provide that all charges made for the supply of water by the Committee within the district of any local authority so represented on the Committee shall be the same as the charges made for the supply of water within the districts of the combining authorities the Committee shall not oppose such Bill except with reference to the terms and conditions upon and subject to which such alteration shall be made Provided that before promoting such Bill the promoters thereof shall submit to the Committee the terms and conditions upon and subject to which such alteration is proposed to be made with the view to the same being considered and if practicable agreed to by all parties interested.

Incorporation of sections 259 and 265 of Public Health Act 1875.

44. Sections 259 and 265 of the Public Health Act 1875 are hereby incorporated with this Act and shall extend and apply to the Committee and the members officers and secretary of the Committee as if the Committee were a local authority within the meaning of such sections respectively and the Acts and Orders relating to the Committee were therein referred to instead of the Public Health Act 1875.

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Evidence of appointments authority &c.

45. Where in any legal proceedings taken by or on behalf of or against the Committee or any officer servant solicitor or agent of the Committee or any sub-committee of the Committee under any general or local Act from time to time in force it becomes necessary to prove the appointment or authority of any officer servant solicitor or agent of the Committee or of any sub-committee of the Committee or to prove any resolution or order of the Committee or any resolution order or report of any sub-committee of the Committee a certificate of such appointment authority resolution order or report purporting to be authenticated by the signature of the chairman or of the secretary of the Committee shall be prima facie evidence of such appointment authority resolution order or report without further proof of the holding of any meeting or the production of any minute book or other record or document.

As to breach of conditions of consent of Committee.

46. Where under any Act or Order from time to time in force the Committee give their consent to the execution of any work or the doing of any act or thing subject to any terms or conditions which they are authorised to impose any breach of any such terms or conditions shall be deemed as regards liability to a penalty and other consequences equivalent to the execution of the work or the doing of the act or thing without the required consent.

Inquiries by Minister of Health.

47.—(1) The Minister of Health may direct any inquiries to be held by his inspectors which he may deem necessary in regard to the exercise of any of the powers conferred upon him or the giving of any consents under any Act or Order from time to time relating to the Committee and the inspectors of the said Minister shall for the purposes of any such inquiry have all such powers as they have for the purposes of inquiries directed by the said Minister under the Public Health Act 1875.

(2) The Committee shall pay to the Minister of Health any expenses incurred by the said Minister in relation to any inquiries referred to in this section including the expenses of any witnesses summoned by the inspector holding the inquiry and a sum to be fixed by the said Minister not exceeding five guineas a day for the services of such inspector.

Judges not disqualified.

48. A judge of any court or a justice shall not be disqualified from acting in the execution of any Act or Order from time to time relating to the Committee by reason of his being liable to any rent or charge.

Contents of summons &c.

49. Where the payment of more than one sum by any person is due under any Act or Order from time to time relating to the Committee any summons or warrant issued for the purposes of any such Act or Order in respect of that person may contain in the body thereof or in a schedule thereto all the sums payable by him.

Penalties not cumulative.

50. Penalties imposed under any Act or Order from time to time relating to the Committee for one and the same offence shall not be cumulative.

Recovery of penalties &c.

51. Save as otherwise by this Act expressly provided all offences against any Act or Order from time to time relating to the Committee may be prosecuted in a summary manner and all penalties forfeitures costs and expenses imposed or recoverable under those Acts or Orders or any byelaw made in pursuance thereof may be recovered in a summary manner and shall belong to the Committee and shall be carried to the credit of their common fund Provided that costs or expenses except such as are recoverable along with a penalty shall not be recovered as penalties but may be recovered summarily as civil debts.

Recovery of demands.

52. Proceedings for the recovery of any demand made under the authority of any Act or Order from time to time relating to the Committee whether provision is or is not made for the recovery in any specified court or manner may be taken in any county court having otherwise jurisdiction in the matter provided that the demand does not exceed the amount recoverable in that court in a personal action.

Repeal.

53. The following provisions of the Act of 1870 the Act of 1875 the Act of 1892 and the Act of 1907 are hereby repealed :—

The Act of 1870—

Section 69 (Limits of Act);

Section 92 (Making of byelaws);

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Section 95 (Incoming tenant not liable for arrears of water rent);

Section 97 (Power to supply materials &c.);

Section 99 (Persons entering into contracts with Joint Committee not disqualified);

Section 100 (Judges &c. not disqualified);

Section 101 (Several sums in one summons);

Section 102 (Costs of distress);

The Fifth Schedule.

The Act of 1875 —

Section 9 (Annual return to Local Government Board with respect to sinking fund).

The Act of 1892—

Section 14 (Register of meter to be prima facie evidence);

Section 15 (Fraudulently injuring pipes meters or fittings).

The Act of 1907—

Section 28 (Recovery of penalties).

Costs of Act.

54.—(1) All the costs charges and expenses preliminary to and of and incidental to the preparing applying for obtaining and passing of this Act as taxed by the taxing officer of the House of Lords or of the House of Commons shall be paid by the Committee either out of the revenue of the undertaking or if the Committee so decide out of capital to be contributed by the combining authorities in the proportions set out in the schedule to this Act.

(2) The foregoing provisions of this Act with reference to making calls of money upon the combining authorities and the borrowing repayment and re-borrowing of money by the combining authorities shall extend and apply to any capital which the Committee require for the purposes of this section Provided that any combining authority borrowing money for the purposes of contributing to such capital shall repay the same within five years after the passing of this Act.

The SCHEDULE referred to in the foregoing Act.

Names of combining authorities.	Proportions.	Total outstanding liability to Committee under recited Acts as at 31st March 1931.
		£ *s.* *d.*
The mayor aldermen and burgesses of the borough of Ashton-under-Lyne.	304/720	5,954 10 11
The mayor aldermen and burgesses of the borough of Stalybridge.	185/720	3,623 13 2
The mayor aldermen and burgesses of the borough of Dukinfield.	111/720	2,174 3 11
The mayor aldermen and burgesses of the borough of Mossley.	75/720	1,469 1 0
Audenshaw Urban District Council -	45/720	881 8 8
Total - - - - -	£	14,102 17 8

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