THE MARKETING OF DAIRY PRODUCE (AMENDMENT) RULES (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1930, DATED 12TH DECEMBER, 1930, MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE FOR NORTHERN IRELAND UNDER THE MARKETING OF DAIRY PRODUCE ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1929.

1930. No. 161.

The Ministry of Agriculture for Northern Ireland in exercise of the powers conferred on it by the Marketing of Dairy Produce Act (Northern Ireland), 1929, and of any other power in that behalf enabling it hereby makes the following Rules, that is to say :—

I. *Short Title.*

These Rules shall be cited as the Marketing of Dairy Produce (Amendment) Rules (Northern Ireland), 1930.

II. *Postponement of Provisions of Marketing of Dairy Produce Rules (Northern Ireland)*, 1930.

Article XV (Commencement) of the Marketing of Dairy Produce Rules (Northern Ireland), 1930, so far as it relates to Articles IX (Packages) and X (Marking of Packages) of those Rules shall be read as if the date mentioned therein was the 1st day of April, 1931.

III. *General.*

The Ministry may, from time to time, rescind, amend, or vary these Rules or any of them as the occasion may require.

IV. *Commencement.*

These Rules shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1931.

In Witness whereof the Official Seal of the Ministry of Agriculture, Northern Ireland, is hereunto affixed this twelfth day of December, nineteen hundred and thirty.

(L.S.) (Signed) *James S. Gordon,*
Secretary.

DESTRUCTIVE INSECTS AND PESTS.

Black Scab in Potatoes, p. 74. | *Importation of Raw Apples, p.* 90.

Black Scab in Potatoes.

BLACK SCAB IN POTATOES (NORTHERN IRELAND) ORDER, 1930, DATED 17TH JANUARY, 1930.

1930. No. 13.

(Revoked by S.R.O. 1930. No. 160 *infra.*)

BLACK SCAB IN POTATOES (NORTHERN IRELAND) NO. 2 ORDER, 1930, DATED 16TH APRIL, 1930.

1930. No. 45.

(Revoked by S.R.O. 1930. No. 160 *infra*.)

BLACK SCAB IN POTATOES (NORTHERN IRELAND) CONSOLIDATION ORDER OF 1930 (DATED 31ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1930).

1930. No. 160.

The Ministry of Agriculture for Northern Ireland by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in it under the Destructive Insects and Pests Acts, 1877 and 1907 (40 and 41 Vict., ch. 68, and 7 Edw. 7, ch. 4), and of every other power enabling it in that behalf, orders, and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

Definitions.

1. In this Order—

"The Ministry" means the Ministry of Agriculture for Northern Ireland.

"Disease" means the disease affecting potatoes which is known as Black Scab, Warty Disease or Potato Rosette, and caused by the fungus Chrysophlyctis endobiotica (Schilb).

"Diseased" means affected in any way with disease.

"Landing" includes introduction through the post.

"Authorised" means authorised by the Ministry.

"Approved" means approved by the Ministry.

"Potatoes" includes tubers growing, or grown, on a farm in Northern Ireland, or obtained from any person or district outside of Northern Ireland, as well as the haulms of such tubers.

"Packages" includes boxes, sacks and baskets.

"Inspector" means an Inspector of the Ministry.

"Premises" means land, or a building or buildings, or land with a building or buildings thereon.

"Occupier" means any person using land for the purpose of or in connection with growing potatoes thereon, whether he has an estate in said lands or not.

"Prescribed" means prescribed by the Ministry.

"Conveyance" includes ship, boat or other vessel or craft.

References to potatoes as planted or growing shall include the tubers and plants at all stages of maturity.

Notification of Disease.

2. Every person having in his possession, or in his charge, any potatoes diseased or suspected of being diseased, shall forthwith notify the fact to the Ministry. Where practicable, a specimen tuber showing the disease, or suspected disease, shall accompany the notice.

Measures for the Prevention of the Spread of Disease.

3.—(1) On receiving in any manner notification of the existence, or supposed existence, of disease, an Inspector of the Ministry or other authorised officer shall take such steps as may be necessary to determine whether the disease exists, the area over which the disease exists, and the area to which it is likely to spread, and shall cause notice to be served on the occupier of any land or premises within those areas requiring him to adopt such measures for the prevention of the spread of the disease as are authorised by this Order.

(2) The Notice under this Article may require :—

(i) That all diseased tubers, and the haulms (if any) belonging thereto, as well as all packing material and packages at any time used for the storing or conveying of such potatoes, shall be immediately destroyed on the spot by burning or other effective method prescribed by the Ministry.

(ii) That no potatoes, or potato haulms, shall be removed, or be permitted to be removed, out of the area defined in the notice except with, and subject to the conditions (if any), of a licence signed by an Inspector of the Ministry or other authorised officer permitting such removal.

(iii) That potatoes shall not be again planted or sown on the affected land without the sanction of the Ministry.

(iv) That no affected soil shall be removed from one part of a farm either to another part of the same farm, or to another farm, whether within or without the affected area.

(3) Every such notice shall remain in force until altered or withdrawn by the Ministry.

Importation of Potatoes.

4. It shall not be lawful to land in Northern Ireland any potatoes diseased, or suspected of being diseased.

Restriction on Movement of Potatoes out of Scheduled Districts.

5.—(1) Excepting potatoes grown in Districts Nos. 1 and 2, described in the First Schedule to this Order, which are shipped for direct export from Ireland at Annalong, Ardglass, Ballyhalbert, Ballywalter, Dundrum, Greencastle, Kilkeel, Killough, Kircubbin, Newcastle, Newry, Portaferry, Portavogie, Rostrevor, Strangford, or Warrenpoint, potatoes shall not be moved out of the Districts described in the aforesaid schedule (hereinafter referred to as the scheduled districts) otherwise than under and subject to the conditions of a licence under this Order authorising such movement.

(2) The foregoing provisions of this Article in regard to licences shall not apply to potatoes grown outside the scheduled districts which pass through any of the aforesaid districts in course of transit by railway but are not loaded or unloaded at any place within the aforesaid districts.

(3) No person shall send or attempt to send from the Administrative County of Londonderry to the Administrative County of Antrim over the road bridge spanning the River Bann at Toome any potatoes otherwise than under and subject to the conditions of a licence issued by an Inspector or authorised Officer of the Ministry.

(4) No person shall send or attempt to send from the Administrative County of Londonderry to the Administrative County of Antrim by means of the ferry which crosses the River Bann at Newferry, any potatoes otherwise than under and subject to the conditions of a licence issued by an Inspector or authorised Officer of the Ministry.

(5) Potatoes grown outside the scheduled districts shall not be loaded on any ship, boat or other vessel or craft, at any port or other place within any of the scheduled districts, unless the person causing, directing, or permitting the potatoes to be so loaded shall have obtained a licence authorising such loading, provided that this requirement shall not apply to potatoes which are moved in accordance with Article 5 (2) and which remain in the custody of the railway Company until shipped.

(6) Potatoes grown within any of the scheduled districts shall not be loaded on any ship, boat, or other vessel or craft, at, or be shipped from any port, or other place within any of the scheduled districts unless the person causing, directing, or permitting the potatoes to be so loaded, or the person causing, directing, or permitting the potatoes to be so shipped shall hav obtained a certificate under this Order stating that the potatoes

are of varieties immune to the disease known as Black Scab, Wart or Warty Disease, Cauliflower Disease, Potato Canker, or Potato Rosette (and caused by the fungus known as *Chrysophlyctis endobiotica* (Schilb) or *Synchitrium endobioticum* (Perc)).

Restrictions on Movement of Potatoes by Railway.

6.—(1) No person shall send or attempt to send by railway from the railway stations named in the second schedule to this Order (hereinafter referred to as the scheduled railway stations) any potatoes otherwise than under and subject to the conditions of a licence, issued by an Inspector or authorised Officer of the Ministry.

(2) Potatoes shall not be loaded on any railway truck or railway waggon at any of the scheduled railway stations, or at any place within the scheduled districts or conveyed to or deposited at any such railway premises for the purpose of being so loaded unless the person causing, directing, or permitting the potatoes to be so loaded or conveyed or deposited shall have obtained a licence under this Order authorising same.

(3) The foregoing provisions shall not apply to potatoes grown outside the scheduled districts which are in the course of transit by railway from railway stations other than the scheduled railway stations, and which are not loaded or unloaded at any place within the scheduled districts.

Restrictions in Movement of Potatoes by Motor Lorry.

7. Potatoes shall not be moved by motor-lorry in the districts specified in the Third Schedule to this Order, otherwise than in accordance with the conditions of a licence issued by an Inspector or authorised Officer of the said Ministry authorising such movement.

Restriction on Movement of Potatoes out of Additional Areas.

8.—(1) Potatoes shall not be moved out of the area described in District No. 1 of the Fourth Schedule to this Order otherwise than loose in farm carts.

Provided that this prohibition shall not apply to potatoes—

(*a*) moved under and subject to the conditions of a licence under this Order authorising such movement, or

(*b*) moved into districts Nos. 1 or 2 described in the First Schedule to this Order or in district No. 2 of the Fourth Schedule to this Order.

(2) Unless moved into the District No. 4 specified in the First Schedule to this Order, potatoes shall not be moved out of the townland of Toome, in the Barony of Toome Upper in the Administrative County of Antrim otherwise than in accordance with the conditions of a licence issued by an Inspector or authorised Officer of the Ministry, authorising such movement.

(3) Unless moved into district No. 1 specified in the First Schedule to this Order, potatoes shall not be moved out of the area described in district No. 2 of the Fourth Schedule to this Order, otherwise than in accordance with the conditions of a licence issued by an Inspector or authorised Officer authorising such movement.

Restriction on Planting, Digging, and Moving Potatoes within Prohibited Areas.

9. Within the area described in the Fifth Schedule to this Order (hereinafter referred to as the prohibited areas) potatoes shall not be planted, dug or otherwise raised out of the ground or moved from any field, plot, pit, shed, outhouse or other place on or used in connection with any farm, garden, cottage plot or agricultural holding otherwise than under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence authorising same.

Restriction on Growing and Planting Potatoes.

10.—(1) Potatoes other than varieties approved by the Ministry shall not be grown, supplied or planted within the prohibited areas or the scheduled districts or within the districts mentioned in the Sixth Schedule to this Order.

A list of the varieties approved by the Ministry may be obtained from the Secretary, Ministry of Agriculture for Northern Ireland, Belfast.

(2) Potatoes grown within the scheduled districts shall not be supplied or used for planting in Ireland elsewhere than in those districts.

Disposal of Potatoes Planted or Growing in Contravention of the Order.

11. If an Inspector or any authorised Officer finds planted or growing on any land within the scheduled districts, potatoes which are not in the opinion of such Inspector or Officer of an approved variety, or if he finds planted or growing on any land within the district mentioned in the Sixth Schedule to this Order potatoes in contravention of this Order, or if he has reason to believe that potatoes planted on any land have been so planted in contravention of this Order or in contravention of the conditions of a licence thereunder, he may serve a notice on the occupier of the land requiring him to dig or otherwise raise out of the ground the said potatoes, and to dispose of the same in such manner and within such period of time as may be specified in the notice.

Destruction of "Ground" Potatoes.

12. The occupier of any land within the scheduled districts which is not cropped with potatoes for the time being, but which having been so cropped at a previous period, contains potato

tubers which were not removed from the ground when the crop was raised, shall prevent the growth of the said tubers by pulling or digging up the potato stalks as they appear above ground.

Disposal of Potatoes Moved in Contravention of the Order.

13. If any potatoes are delivered or placed on rail or loaded or moved in contravention of this Order, the Ministry or any Inspector or other authorised person may destroy, or cause to be destroyed, in such manner as the Ministry or the Inspector or the authorised person, as the case may be, shall think fit, such potatoes and any packages in which same are or have been contained, or may remove or cause to be removed, any of the aforesaid potatoes and packages to such place and in such manner as the Ministry or any Inspector or other authorised person may think fit, and may serve a notice on the consignee of, or on the person in charge of, or in possession of, any of the aforesaid potatoes and packages, directing the consignee or person on whom the notice is served to destroy within such time and in such manner as may be specified in such notice the aforesaid potatoes and packages, or to remove same within such time and to such place as may be specified in such notice.

Prohibition of Use as Manure of Certain Substances within Scheduled Districts.

14. Within the scheduled districts it shall not be lawful to supply or to use as manure, or to spread on the land, or to put into or upon any manure heap, either alone or mixed with other material, any cleanings or any sweepings of potato houses or of potato stores or of potato pits.

Production of Licences, Certificates and Giving of Names and Addresses.

15.—(1) Any person in charge of, or in possession of potatoes which are being placed on rail, delivered, loaded, moved, supplied, used, planted, dug or otherwise raised out of the ground in circumstances where, under this Order a licence or certificate is necessary, shall, on demand of a Justice of the Peace, or of a constable, or of an Inspector, or any authorised person, or, in the case of potatoes to be moved by railway, of any officer or servant of the railway company, or in the case of potatoes to be shipped, of the master of the ship, boat or other vessel or craft, produce the licence or certificate, and shall allow it to be read, and a copy of, or extract from, it to be taken by the person to whom it is produced.

(2) Any person in charge of or in possession of potatoes suspected by a Justice of the Peace or a constable, or an Inspector, or any authorised person, of being or having been placed on rail, delivered, loaded, moved, supplied, used, planted, dug or other-

wise raised out of the ground, in contravention of this Order, or of the conditions of any licence issued thereunder or any person deemed by a Justice of the Peace, or by a constable, or by an Inspector, or by any authorised Officer to be in possession of any information as to such potatoes, shall, on demand, give his name and address and all the information within his knowledge relative to such potatoes as may be demanded by such Officer.

Special Licences.

16. Notwithstanding anything in this Order contained, potatoes may be planted, moved, supplied, used or dealt with in any manner specified in any special licence granted under this Order.

Powers of Entry and Inspection.

17.—(1) An Inspector of the Ministry, or other authorised Officer, may enter on any land or premises—

(*a*) On which he has reason to suspect that disease exists, or has recently existed, and examine any crop on such land or premises.

(*b*) On which potatoes are stored, or are kept, or are exposed for sale, for the purpose of examination and inquiry into the existence of disease therein, and may direct that any diseased potatoes shall be so disposed of as to eliminate all danger of the spread of disease therefrom. He may also require that the packages in which the diseased potatoes have been found or conveyed shall be immediately destroyed by burning. In addition to the foregoing powers, such Inspector or other authorised Officer shall be at liberty in any case in which disease is suspected to exist to break bulk where necessary for the purpose of examination and inquiry into the existence of disease in any potatoes.

(2)—(*a*) Any Justice, constable, Inspector, or any authorised Officer, may examine the contents of any package or of any conveyance suspected by him to contain potatoes, and may take samples of any potatoes therein, and may for any purpose connected with his duties under this Order enter any lands or premises or any ship, boat, or other vessel or craft.

(*b*) The person in charge of or in possession of any potatoes or conveyance or premises as aforesaid shall give all reasonable facilities for the examination of potatoes and for the drawing of samples thereof and for the entry of any conveyance or any premises, and where potatoes are in any conveyance shall bring the conveyance to any place that may be designated by a Justice, constable, Inspector or authorised Officer as aforesaid, and shall, if required, unload the potatoes at that place.

Licences and Certificates.

18.—(1) Licences and certificates under the Order may be granted by the Ministry or by any Inspector or by any authorised Officer.

(2) Every licence and certificate issued under this Order shall be delivered up to the Ministry in the manner prescribed on said licence or certificate as soon as the purpose for which it was issued has been carried out or the time for which it is valid has lapsed.

(3) Any erasure or alteration made in a licence or certificate shall render it void.

(4) A licence or certificate under this Order obtained by means of any false statement or misrepresentation shall be void.

Notices.

19. For the purposes of this Order a notice shall be deemed to be served on a person if it is delivered to him personally or left for him at his last-known place of abode, or at his office or place of business, or sent through the post in a letter addressed to him at either of such places, and a notice or other document purporting to be signed by an Inspector or any authorised Officer shall be *prima facie* evidence that it was signed by such Inspector or such authorised Officer, as the case may be, and duly authorised.

Restriction of Movement of Cabbage Plants.

20. The provisions of this Order as to movement of potatoes, licences therefor, powers of entry and inspection, and offences and penalties relative thereto shall apply to cabbage plants as they apply to potatoes.

Offences and Penalties.

21.—(1) If any person—

(*a*) knowingly lands in Northern Ireland any potatoes diseased or suspected to be diseased.

(*b*) knowingly, or without reasonable excuse, sells or exposes for sale, or has in his possession or charge any diseased potatoes ;

(*c*) moves or attempts to move or sends or attempts to send any potatoes, or causes, directs or permits the same to be moved or sent in contravention of this Order or in contravention of the conditions inserted in any licence thereunder ;

(*d*) loads any potatoes on any railway truck or wagon, or on any ship, boat or other vessel or craft, or causes, directs or permits the same to be so loaded, or delivered for the purpose of being so loaded, in contravention of this Order or in contravention of the conditions inserted in any licence thereunder ;

(*e*) sends or attempts to send any potatoes by railway from the scheduled railway stations in contravention of this Order, or in contravention of the conditions inserted in any licence thereunder ;

(*f*) purchases, takes delivery or permits delivery to be taken of any potatoes grown or moved in contravention of this Order ;

(*g*) moves, causes, directs or permits to be moved, any potatoes grown in contravention of this Order ;

(*h*) obstructs or impedes any Inspector or any authorised Officer in discharge of his duty under this Order or refuses or neglects to give any of the persons set out in Article 17 (2) (*b*) of this Order the facilities required by said Article, or refuses or neglects to obey instructions given by any of the persons set out in said Article ;

(*i*) obtains or attempts to obtain a licence or certificate under this Order by means of any false statement or misrepresentation ;

(*j*) makes any erasure or alteration in a licence or certificate issued under this Order ;

(*k*) refuses or neglects to produce and show any licence or certificate or refuses to allow it to be read and a copy of, or extract from, it to be taken as required by this Order when called upon to do so by any of the persons set out in Article 15 of this Order ;

(*l*) refuses or neglects to give his true name and address or gives a false name or address to any of the persons set out in Article 15 of this Order ;

(*m*) refuses or neglects to give to any of the persons set out in Article 15 of this Order or to the Ministry when required to do so the information required by said Article ;

he shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a penalty of five pounds for a first offence and ten pounds for a second or subsequent offence.

(2) If any person—

(*a*) fails to give any notice required to be given by him under this Order ;

(*b*) fails to give to an Inspector or other authorised Officer, or to the Ministry when required to do so, information as to the place of origin of any potatoes diseased, or suspected to be diseased ;

(*c*) supplies, plants or grows any potatoes or digs or raises any potatoes out of the ground, or causes, directs or permits the same to be supplied, planted, grown, dug or raised in contravention of this Order, or in contravention of the conditions inserted in any licence thereunder ;

(*d*) refuses or neglects to comply with any direction contained in a Notice served on him under the provisions of this Order ;

(*e*) refuses or neglects to prevent in the manner prescribed in Article 11 or Article 12 of this Order the growth of potatoes in contravention of this Order or in contravention of the conditions inserted in any licence thereunder ;

(*f*) supplies or uses as manure, or puts into or upon any manure heap, or spreads on any land, any of the substances mentioned in Article 14 of this Order, or causes, directs or permits the same to be supplied, or used as aforesaid in contravention of this Order, or in contravention of the conditions inserted in any licence thereunder ;

(*g*) refuses or neglects to deliver up any licence or certificate in contravention of Article 18 of this Order ;

(*h*) is guilty of any other act or default (not hereinbefore specified in this Article) in contravention of the provisions of this Order ;

(*i*) does or attempts to do anything in contravention of any of the provisions of this Order or of the conditions of a licence issued thereunder or fails or refuses to comply with any requirement of this Order or of a licence issued thereunder ;

he shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a penalty of two pounds for a first offence, five pounds for a second offence and ten pounds for a third or subsequent offence.

(3) Any railway company or officer or servant thereof who causes, directs or permits any potatoes to be sent by railway from the scheduled railway stations in contravention of this Order, or in contravention of the conditions inserted in any licence thereunder, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable, on conviction, to a penalty of five pounds for a first offence and ten pounds for a second or subsequent offence.

Revocation of Previous Orders.

22. The Orders described in the Seventh Schedule to this Order are hereby revoked as from the 31st day of December, Nineteen Hundred and thirty, provided that such revocation shall not—

(i) affect the previous operation of those Orders, or anything duly done or suffered thereunder ; or

(ii) affect any right, privilege, obligation, or liability acquired, accrued, or incurred thereunder ; or

(iii) affect any penalty incurred in respect of any offence committed against those Orders; or

(iv) affect any investigation, legal proceeding, or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, or penalty as aforesaid; and any such investigation, legal proceeding, or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced, and any such penalty may be imposed, as if this Order had not been made.

Commencement.

23. This Order shall come into operation on the 31st day of December, 1930.

Short Title.

24. This Order may be cited as "The Black Scab in Potatoes (Northern Ireland) Consolidation Order, 1930."

In witness whereof the Official Seal of the Ministry of Agriculture for Northern Ireland is hereunto affixed, this thirty-first day of December, nineteen hundred and thirty.

(L.S.) *James S. Gordon,*
Secretary.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Scheduled Districts.

DISTRICT No. 1. (Co. Down Main Area).

A district comprising:—

The townlands of (and all towns and villages included therein) Aghnamoira, Ballincurry, Ballindoalty, Ballyedmond, Ballyneddan, Ballinran, Ballintur, Ballymoney, Clonallan Glebe, Dromore, Drumsesk, Kilfeaghan, Kilfeaghan Upper, Knockbarragh, Levallyclanone, Moygannon, Narrow Water, Ringmackilroy, Rosstrevor, Rosstrevor Upper, Tamnyveagh, The Point Park and the Urban District of Warrenpoint, all in the Barony of Iveagh Upper, Upper Half, in the Administrative County of Down; Aghyoghill, Attical, Aughnahoory, Aughnaloopy, Aughrim, Ballaghanery, Ballaghanery Upper, Ballinran, Ballinran Upper, Ballyardel, Ballygowan, Ballykeel, Ballymadeerfy, Ballymagart, Ballymageogh, Ballymartin, Ballynahatten, Ballyveagh Beg, Ballyveagh Beg Upper, Ballyveagh More, Ballyveagh More Upper, Benagh Lower, Benagh Upper, Brackenagh East, Brackenagh East Upper, Brackenagh West, Brackenagh West Upper, Carrigenagh, Carrigenagh Upper, Corcreaghan, Cranfield, Derryoge, Drumcro, Drumindoney, Drummanlane, Drummanmore, Dunnaman, Dunnaval, Glasdrumman, Glenloughan, Glenloughan Upper, Grange, Greencastle, Guineways, Guineways Upper, Kilkeel, Leitrim, Leitrim Upper, Lisnacree, Lisnacree Upper, Lurganconary, Lurganreagh, Magheramurphy, Magheragh, Maghery, Moneydorragh Beg, Money dorragh More Upper, Moneydorragh More, Mourne Mountains West, Mourne Mountains Middle, Mourne Park (or Ballyrogan), Moyad, Moyad Upper, Mullartown, Tullyframe, all in the barony of Mourne, in the Administrative County of Down; Aghacullion, Ardaghy, Ballaghbeg, Ballyginny, Ballyhafry, Ballyloughlin, Ballymagreehan, Ballymoney, Burrenbane, Burrenreagh, Carnacavill, Castlewellan, Clonachullion, Cross, Drumee, Drumena, Dundrinne, Fofannybane, Fofannyreagh, Letalian, Moneyscalp, Moyad, Murlough Upper, Slievenalargy, Tollymore, Tollymore Park, Tullybranigan, Tullyree, and the Urban District of Newcastle, all in the barony of Iveagh Upper, Lower Half in the Administrative County of Down; Ardmeen, Audley's Acre, Ballybannan Ballycam, Ballydargan, Ballydonety, Ballydonnell, Ballydugan, Ballygallum, Ballygilbert, Ballykeel, Ballykilbeg, Ballykinler Lower, Ballykinler Middle,

Ballykinler Upper, Ballylig, Ballylucas, Ballymote Middle, Ballymote Lower, Ballymote Upper, Ballynagallagh, Ballynewport, Ballynoe, Ballyplunt, Ballyrolly, Ballystrew, Ballyvange, Ballyvaston, Ballyviggis, Ballywarren, Bonecastle, Bright, Cargagh, Carrickanab, Carrowbane, Carrowdressex, Castleskreen, Clanmaghery, Commons of Clanmaghery, Clogher, Commonreagh, Coniamstown, Corbally, Crolly's Quarter, Demesne of Down, Dundrum, Erenagh, Glebe, Glovet, Grangewalls, Grangicam, Hollymount, Islandbane, Island Henry, Jordan's Acre, Kilbride, Killavees, Killough, Legamaddy, Lisnamaul, Lisoid, Magherasaul, Marshallstown, Moneylane, Murlough Lower, Quarter Cormick, Rathmullan Lower, Rathmullan Upper, Ringreagh, Rossglass, Russell's Quarter, Saint John's Point, Saul Quarter, Strand, Struell, Tobercorran, Tobermoney, Tullinespick, Tullymurry, Tyrella North, Tyrella South, Wateresk, Whigamstown, and the Urban District of Downpatrick, all in the barony of Lecale Upper, in the Administrative County of Down; Ardilea, Cloghram, Clough, Creeghduff, Cumran, Farranfad, Knocksticken, Naghan and Seaforde Demesne (that portion lying south of the road from Seaforde to Farranfad), all in the barony of Kinelarty, in the Administrative County of Down; Acre McCricket, Ardglass, Ardtole, Audleystown, Ballinarry, Ballintlieve, Ballintogher, Ballyalton, Ballybeg, Ballybrannagh Lower, Ballybrannagh Upper, Ballyclander Lower, Ballyclander Upper, Ballycruttle, Ballyculter Lower, Ballyculter Upper, Ballyedock Lower, Ballyedock Upper, Ballyhornan, Ballyhosset, BallyhossetMilltown, Ballylenagh, Ballymenagh, Ballymurry, Ballynagarrick, Ballynagross Lower, Ballynagross Upper, Ballyorgan, Ballyrenan (E.D. Raholp), Ballysallagh, Ballystokes, Ballysugagh, Ballytrustan, Ballywalter, Ballywoodan, Bishopscourt, Cargagh, Carrintaggart, Carrowbaghran, Carrowcarlin, Carrownacaw, Carrowvanny, Castle Island, Castlemahon, Castleward, Church Ballee, Cloghy, Coney Island, Corbally, Dillin, Dunsfort, Ferryquarter, Glebe, Isle McCricket, Jordan's Crew, Kilclief, Kildare's Crew, Killard Upper, Killard Lower, Lagnagoppoge, Lisbane, Lisboy, Lismore, Loughkeelan, Loughmoney, Portloughan, Quoile, Raholp, Ringawaddy, Ringbane, Ringfad, Ross, Russell's Quarter South, Russell's Quarter North, Saul, Sheepland Beg, Sheepland More, Slievenagriddle, Spittle Ballee, Spittle Quarter, Strangford Lower, Strangford Upper, Tollumgrange Lower, Tollumgrange Upper, Tullycarnan, Tullyfoyle Lower, Tullyfoyle Upper, Tullynaskeagh, Tullyratty, Walshestown, Whitehills, all in the barony of Lecale Lower, in the Administrative County of Down; Ardgeehan, Ardkeen, Ardminnan, Ardquin, Ballyadam, Ballyblack, Ballybranigan, Ballycam, Ballycran Beg, Ballycran More, Ballyedock or Carstown, Ballyesborough, Ballyfintagh, Ballyfounder, Ballyfrench, Ballygalget, Ballygarvigan, Ballygelagh, Ballygraffan, Ballyhenry, Ballyherly, Ballymacnamee, Ballymarter, Ballyminnish, Ballymurphy, Ballynichol, Ballyphilip, Ballyquintin, Ballyridley, Ballyrusley, Ballyspurge, Ballytrustan, Ballywadden, Ballywallon, Ballyward, Ballywhite, Ballywhollart, Ballyweird, Broom Quarter, Castleboy, Cloghy, Cookstown, Corrog, Craigaroddan, Demesne, Derry, Dooey, Drumardan, Drumardan Quarter, Dunevly, Echlinville, Fish Quarter, Granagh, Gransha, Kearney, Keentagh, Killydressy, Kirkistown, Knockinelder, Lisbane, Loughdoo, Marlfield, Newcastle, Parson Hall, Portavogie, Priest-town, Ratallagh, Rowreagh, Slanes, Tara, Thomastown, Tieveshilly, Tullyboard, Tullycarnan, Tullycross, Tullynacrew, Tullymally, and Tullytramon, all in the barony of Ards Upper, in the Administrative County of Down; Ballynacraig, Commons and Greenan and the Urban District of Newry, all in the lordship of Newry, in the Administrative County of Down; Aghayalloge, Altnaveigh, Ballymacdermot, Carnagat, Carrivemaclone, Cloghoge, Cluntygora, Derry Beg, Ellisholding, Fathom Upper and Fathom Lower, Killeen (E.D. Killeen), Newtown and Seafin, all in the barony of Orior Upper, in the Administrative County of Armagh; Ballinlare, Drumalane, Lisdrumgullion, and Lisdrumliska, all in the barony of Orior Upper in the Administrative Counties of Armagh and Down.

DISTRICT No. 2. (Co. Down, Seaforde and Ards.)

A district comprising:—

The townlands of (and all towns and villages included therein), Clarkhill, in the barony of Iveagh Upper, Lower Half, in the Administrative County of Down; Aghlisnafin, Ballylough, Magheralagan, Moneycarragh and Woodgrange, all in the barony of Lecale Upper, in the Administrative County of Down; Annadorn, Ardtanagh, Castlenavan, Claragh, Drumanaghan (or Drumulcaw), Drumanakelly, Drumcaw, Drumgooland, Dunnanew, Seaforde Demesne (that portion lying north of the road from Seaforde to Farranfad) and Tannaghmore, all in the barony of Kinelarty, in the Administrative County of Down; Balliggan, Ballyatwood (that portion lying south of the main road from Grey Abbey to Ballywalter),

Ballygarvan, Ballyhalbert, Ballyhemlin, Ballylimp, Ballyobegan, Ballywalter, Glastry, Inishargy, Kircubbin, Nunsquarter, Roddans and Springvale, all in the barony of Ards Upper, in the Administrative County of Down ; Ballyboghilbo (that portion lying south of the main road from Grey Abbey to Ballywalter), Ballybryan, Black Abbey (that portion lying south of the main road from Grey Abbey to Ballywalter), Bootown (E.D. Grey Abbey), Killyvolgan, and Rosemount, all in the barony of Ballywalter, in the Administrative County of Down.

DISTRICT No. 3. (Lisburn area.)

A district comprising the townlands of (and all towns and villages included therein), Ballycarn, Ballygowan, Ballylessan, Ballymullan, Ballynahatty, Ballyskeagh, Drumbeg, Drumbo (that portion north of the road from Shaw's Bridge to Lisburn), Edenderry, Largymore, Lisnatrunk (Parish of Blaris), Lisnatrunk, (Parish of Lambeg), and Tullynacross, all in the barony of Castlereagh Upper, in the Administrative County of Down ; Lambeg South, Lisnagarvey, Old Warren, and Tonagh, all in the barony of Massereene Upper, in the Administrative County of Antrim ; Ballyfinaghy, Derryaghy, Dunmurry, Killeaton, Kilmakee, Lambeg North, Malone Upper and Old Forge, all in the barony of Belfast Upper in the Administrative County of Antrim, and the Urban District of Lisburn, in the baronies of Massereene Upper and Castlereagh Upper, in the Administrative County of Antrim.

DISTRICT No. 4. (Mid-Ulster Main Area.)

A district comprising :—

The townlands of (and all towns and villages included therein) Aghagaskin, Annagh and Moneysterlin, Annaghmore, Aughrim, Ballinderry (E.D. Tobermore), Ballybriest, Ballycomlargy, Ballyheifer, Ballymacpherson, Ballymaguigan, Ballymulderg Beg, Ballymulderg More, Ballymully, Ballynagarve, Ballynagowan, Ballynahone More (that part south of the Moyola River), Ballyknocker, Ballyronan More, Bancran Glebe, Brackagh (E.D Bancran), Brackagh (E.D. Lissan Upper), Boveagh, Brackaghlislea, Brackagh Slieve Gallion, Cahore, Calmore, Caneese, Carmean, Carnamoney, Carncose, Carndaisy, Carraloan (Glebe), Carrydarragh, Cavanreagh, Clagan, Cloane, Clooney, Cloughfin (E.D. Bancran), Cloughfin (E.D. Iniscarn), Coltrim, Coolsaragh, Coolshinny, Corick, Cranny, Crossnarea, Cullion, Curr, Curran, Derrycrummy, Derryganard, Derrygarve (that portion south of the Moyola River), Derrynoyd, Dirnan, Disert, Doon, Dromore, Drumard (E.D. Iniscarn), Drumard (E.D. Lissan Upper), Drumcrow (that portion south of the Moyola River), Drumballyhagan (that portion south of the Moyola River), Drumballyhagan Clark (that portion south of the Moyola River), Drumderg, Drumenagh, Drummeen, Drumrainey, Drumsamney, Dunamoney, Dunarnon, Dunlogan, Dunmurry, Dunnabraggy, Duntibryan, Durnascallon, Feenan Beg, Feenan More, Glebe (E.D. Iniscarn), Glebe (E.D. Lissan Upper), Glebe (E.D. Magherafelt), Glengomna, Glenmaquill, Glenviggan, Gortahurk, Gortamney, Gortnaskey, Gortanewry, Grange, Granny, Iniscarn, Keenaght, Killybasky, Killyboggin, Killyfaddy, Killyneese, Killynumber, Killytoney, Knockadoo, Knocknagin, Labby, Larrycormick, Leckagh, Lecumpher, Letteran, Lisalbanagh, Lisnamuck (that portion south of the Moyola River), Lisnamorrow, Longfield, Luney, Magherascullion, Megargy, Mobuy, Moneyconey, Moneyguiggy, Moneymore (E.D. Moneymore), Moneyneany, Moneyshanere, Mormeal, Moyard, Motalee, Moybeg Kirley (that portion south of the Moyola River), Moydamlaght, Moyesset, Moyheeland, Moykeeran, Moymucklemurry, Muff, Mullaghboy (E.D. Aghagaskin), Mulnavoo, Owenreagh, Polepatrick, Quilly, Rosgarran, Roshure, Rossmore, Shanemullagh, Stranagard, Straw, Strawmore, Straw Mountain, Tamnadeese, Tamnadoey, Tamniaran (that portion south of the road leading from Castledawson to Bellaghy and the portion of that road within the townland), Tamnynaskey, The Creagh (Etre and Otre) (also intakes adjoining), Tintagh, Tirgan, Toberhead, Tobermore (that portion south of the Moyola River), Tonaght, Town Parks of Magherafelt, Tullybrick, Tullylinkisay, Tullynagee, Tullyroan and Turnaface, all in the barony of Loughinsholin, in the Administrative County of Londonderry ; Claggan (E.D. Lissan Lower), Drumgrass and Dunmore all in the barony of Dungannon Upper, in the Administrative County of Tyrone.

DISTRICT No. 5. (Cookstown area.)

A district comprising :—

The townlands of (and all towns and villages included therein) Cloghog, Dunman, Killybearn and Tamlaghtmore, in the barony of Loughinsholin, in the Administrative County of Londonderry ; Ballymaguire, Claggan (E.D. Ballyclog), Derrygonigan, Doorless, Drumbulgan, Dufless, Edernagh, Glebe (E.D. Coagh), Liscausy, Lisnahall, Tievenagh, Tullyhurken, Tullyraw, Tullyveagh, and Tullyweery in the barony of Dungannon Upper, in the Administrative County of Tyrone.

DISTRICT No. 6. (Ballycastle area.)

A district comprising:—

The townlands of (and all towns and villages included therein) Ballyberidagh North, Ballyberidagh South, Ballydurnian, Ballyveely, Brackney, Broom-beg, Broom-more, Broughmore, Carey Mill, Churchfield, Coolaveely, Drumahaman, Drumahitt, Drumaridly, Drumavoley, Drumawillin, Drumeeny, Drummans, Eglish, Farranmacarter, Glebe (E.D. Ballycastle), Gortamaddy or White Hall, Kilcreg, Losset, Magherindonnelly, Mullarts, Town Parks, all in the barony of Cary, in the Administrative County of Antrim.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

Scheduled Railway Stations.

All railway stations included in the district set out in the First Schedule to this Order, together with the railway stations of the London Midland and Scottish Railway Company (Northern Counties Committee), at Maghera, and Knockcloghrim, both in the Administrative County of Londonderry; and at Ballycastle and Toome, in the Administrative County of Antrim. The railway stations at Cookstown, in the Administrative County of Tyrone, of the Great Northern (Ireland), and the London Midland and Scottish (Northern Counties Committee) Railway Companies. The railway stations of the Great Northern (Ireland) Railway Company, at Ballyward, Leitrim and Ballyroney, all in the Administrative County of Down; and at Stewartstown, in the Administrative County of Tyrone.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

Districts in which Movement of Potatoes by Motor Lorry is Controlled.

DISTRICT No. 1. (Co. Derry Safety Zone.)

A district comprising:—

The townlands of (and all towns and villages included therein), Annahavil, Ardagh, Ballinderry (E.D. Salterstown), Ballindrum, Ballydawley, Ballydawley alias Crosspatrick, Ballydermot (also Intake adjoining), Ballydonnell, Ballyeglish, Ballyforlea, Ballygillen Beg, Ballygillen More, Ballygonny Beg, Ballygonny More, Ballygruby, Ballygurk, Ballyknock, Ballylifford, Ballyloughan, Ballymacilcurr, Ballymacombs Beg, Ballymacombs More, Ballymacpeake Upper, Ballymoghan Beg, Ballymoghan More, Ballymoyle, Ballymuckleheany, Ballymulligan, Ballymultrea, Ballynacross, Ballynahone Beg, Ballynahone More (that portion north of Moyola River) Ballynease—Macpeake, Ballynease—Strain, Ballyneill Beg, Ballyneill More, Ballynenagh, Ballynewy, Ballynure, Ballyriff, Ballyrogully, Ballyronan Beg, Ballyscullion West (also Intake adjoining), Beagh (Spiritual), Belagherty, Bracaghreilly, Broagh, Cabragh, Carricknakielt, Carrowmenagh, Coolnasillagh, Craigadick, Craigmore, Crew, Curragh, Derganagh, Derrygarve (that portion north of Moyola River), Doluskey, Drumanee Lower, Drumanee Upper, Drumard (E.D. Rocktown), Drumballyhagan (that portion north of Moyola River), Drumballyhagan Clark (that portion north of Moyola River), Drumconready, Drumcrow (that portion north of Moyola River), Druminard, Drumlamph, Drummullan, Drumrot, Dunronan, East Glebe, Edenreagh, Falgortrevy, Fallagloon, Fallylea, Gortagilly, Gulladuff, Killyberry, Killyberry (Boyd), Killyberry (Downing), Killymuck, Kirley, Knocknakielt, Largantogher, Leitrim (also Intake adjoining), Lemnaroy, Lismoney, Lisnamuck (that portion north of Moyola River), Lissan Demesne, Lower Rusky, Lurganagoose, Maghadone, Mawillian, Moneyhaw, Moneymore (E.D. Maghera), Moyagall, Moybeg Kirley (that portion north of Moyola River), Mullagh, Mullaghboy (E.D. Bellaghy), Old Town Deerpark, Old Town Downing, Rocktown, Slaghtybogy, Tamlaght, Tamlaghtduff, Tamniaran (that portion north of road leading from Castledawson to Bellaghy), Tamnymartin, Tamnymullan, Terressan, Tirkane (that portion south of Grillagh River), Tirnony, Tobermore (that portion north of Moyola River), Tralee, Tullyboy, Tullyheran, Tullykeeran Mountain, Tullynure, Upper Rusky, West Glebe, all in the barony of Loughinsholin, in the Administrative County of Londonderry.

DISTRICT No. 2. (Co. Tyrone Safety Zone.)

A district comprising:—

The townlands of (and all towns and villages included therein) Aghaveagh, Annaghmore (E.D. Munterevlin), Anneeter Beg, Anneeter More, Ardvarnish, Aughlish, Ballyblagh, Ballymenagh, Ballynagilly, Ballynahone, Ballynargin, Ballyveeny, Clare (E.D. Grange), Cluntyganny, Coagh, Cookstown, Coolnafranky, Coolnahavil, Coolreaghs, Cranfield, Cratley, Creevagh, Creeve, Derrycrin (Conyngham), Derrycrin (Eglish), Drumad, Drumbanaway, Drumconway, Drumcraw, Drumearn, Drumenny (Conyngham), Drumenny (Stewart), Drumgarrell, Drummond, Enniskillen, Feegarran, Glebe (E.D. Ballyclog), Gortalowry, Gortreagh (E.D. Lissan Lower), Grange, Killymam, Killymoon Demesne, Kilsally, Kinturk, Knockanroe, Lanaglug, Leck, Lisboy, Lissan, Lower Mullan, Loy, Lurganboy, Maloon, Monrush, Mullaghglass, Mullaghtironey, Mullaghwotragh, New Buildings, Scotchtown, Sessia (E.D. Coagh), Slaghtfreeden, Sullenboy, Tamnyhagan, Tatnagilta, The Gort alias Eglish, Toberlane, Tullagh, Tullycall, Tullyconnell, Tullygare, Unagh, Upper Mullan, Urbal and the Urban District of Cookstown, all in the barony of Dungannon Upper, in the Administrative County of Tyrone; and the townland of Soarn in the barony of Dungannon Middle, in the Administrative County of Tyrone.

DISTRICT No. 3. (Co. Down Safety Zone.)

A district comprising:—

The townlands of (and all towns and villages included therein) Benagh, Carnacally, Carnmeen, Cloghanramer, Corcreeghy, Crobane, Croreagh, Damolly, Derryboy, Derryleckagh, Desert, Edenmore, Lisduff, Lisserboy, Ryan, Saval Beg, Saval More, Sheeptown and Turmore, all in the barony of Lordship of Newry, in the Administrative County of Down; Glasdrumman Upper, Mourne Mountains East and Mullartown Upper, all inthe barony of Mourne, in the Administrative County of Down; Annahunshigo, Ballyaughian, Ballycoshone Upper, Ballykeel, Ballymaghery, Ballymaginaghy, Ballynagappoge, Ballynanny, Ballyweely, Cabragh, Clanmaghery, Cock Mountain Common, Drumbonniff, Drumlee, Gargarry, Goward, Islandmoyle, Kinghill, Leitrim (E.D. Hilltown), Leitrim (E.D. Leitrim), Lenish, Lisnisk, Magheramayo, Staing, Tullynasoo, all in the barony of Upper Iveagh (Lower Half), in the Administrative County of Down; Aghavilly, Aughnagon, Ballincurry Upper, Ballindoalty Upper, Ballinran Upper, Ballintur Upper, Ballyagholy, Ballydesland, Ballyedmond Upper, Ballylough, Ballymaconaghy, Ballyneddan Upper, Ballyrussell, Ballyvally (E.D. Mayo), Bavan, Cabragh, Carnany, Carrickcrossan, Carrickmacstay, Carrickrovaddy, Clonta Fleece, Corgary, Croan, Derrycraw, Drummiller, Drumreagh, Drumreagh Upper, Edentrumly, Kilbroney, Kilbroney Upper, Killowen Mountains, Knockbarragh, Knocknanarny, Levallyreagh, Lurganare, Lurgancanty, Mayo, Maddydrumbrist, Milltown, Newtown, Newtown Upper, Rosstrevor Mountains, Tamnaharry, all in the barony of Upper Iveagh (Upper Half), in the Administrative County of Down.

DISTRICT No. 4. (West Derry area.)

A district comprising:—

The townlands of (and all the towns and villages included therein) Bancran Glebe, Brackagh (E.D. Bancran), Cahore, Carnamoney, Cavanreagh, Cloane, Cloughfin (E.D. Bancran), Corick, Derrynoyd, Disert, Doon, Drumcrow (that part south of the Moyola River), Drumderg, Dunlogan, Dunmurry, Glebe (E.D. Iniscarn), Glengomna, Glenviggan, Labby, Lisnamuck (that part south of the Moyola River), Moneyconey, Moneyguiggy, Moneyneaney, Moyard, Moybegkirley (that part south of the Moyola River), Moydamlaght, Moyheeland, Moykeeran, Mulnavoo, Owenreagh, Straw, Strawmore, Straw Mountain, Tonaght, Tullybrick, all in the barony of Loughinsholin in the Administrative County of Londonderry.

DISTRICT No. 5. (Co. Down, Seaforde and Ards.)

District No. 2 specified in the First Schedule to this Order.

DISTRICT No. 6. (Ballycastle Area.)

District No. 6 specified in the First Schedule to this Order.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

Additional Areas from which the Movement of Potatoes is Restricted.

DISTRICT No. 1. (Co. Down Additional Area.)

District No. 3 specified in the Third Schedule to this Order.

DISTRICT No. 2. (Newry Movement Area.)

A District comprising:—

The townlands of Ballyholland Lower, Ballyholland Upper, Carneyhough, Creeve and Drumcashellone, in the Lordship of Newry; the townlands of Burren, Carrogs and Donaghaguy, in the Barony of Iveagh Upper (Upper Half), in the Administrative County of Down.

FIFTH SCHEDULE.

Prohibited Areas.

Any farm, garden, cottage plot or agricultural holding on any portion of which the disease of potatoes known as Black Scab, Wart or Warty Disease, Cauliflower Disease, Potato Canker, or Potato Rosette (and caused by the fungus known as *Chrysophlyctis endobiotica* (Schilb) or *Synchitrium endobioticum* (Perc)), exists, or has at any time existed, or any farm, garden, cottage plot or agricultural holding which is in such proximity to any land on which the above-mentioned disease exists or has at any time existed as, in the opinion of the Ministry, to require that the farm, garden, cottage plot or agricultural holding as aforesaid should be made a prohibited area.

SIXTH SCHEDULE.

Additional Districts in which the growing and planting of Potatoes are restricted.

DISTRICT No. 1. (South Derry Safety Zone.)

District No. 1 specified in the Third Schedule to this Order.

DISTRICT No. 2. (Co. Tyrone Safety Zone.)

District No. 2 specified in the Third Schedule to this Order.

SEVENTH SCHEDULE.

Orders Revoked.

1.	The Black Scab in Potatoes (Ireland) Order, 1908, in so far as it applies to Northern Ireland.	
2.	The Black Scab in Potatoes (Northern Ireland)	No. 1 Order, 1923.
3.	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	No. 1 Order, 1926.
4.	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	No. 1 Order, 1927.
5.	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	No. 2 Order, 1927.
6.	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	No. 3 Order, 1927.
7.	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	Orders, Amendment Order, 1927.
8.	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	Order, 1929.
9.	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	Order, 1930.
10.	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	No. 2 Order, 1930.

The Importation of Raw Apples.

THE IMPORTATION OF RAW APPLES (NORTHERN IRELAND) ORDER OF 1930, DATED 26TH JUNE, 1930.

1930. No. 86.

The Ministry of Agriculture for Northern Ireland, by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in it under the Destructive Insects and Pests Acts, 1877 and 1907 (40 & 41 Vict., ch. 68 and 7 Edw. 7, ch. 4) and of every other power enabling it in that behalf, orders and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

Restriction on Importation of Raw Apples grown in the United States of America.

1. For the prevention of the introduction of the Apple Fruit Fly, the landing in Northern Ireland between the seventh day of July and the fifteenth day of November in each year of any raw apples grown in the United States of America is hereby prohibited unless each consignment is accompanied by a certificate signed by a duly authorised Inspector of the Federal Department of Agriculture in the form set forth in the Schedule to this Order.

The certificate prescribed in this Article shall be delivered to an officer of Customs and Excise at the same time as and together with the entry relating to the consignment.

Disposal of Raw Apples landed in Contravention of this Order.

2. Raw apples grown in the United States of America and landed in Northern Ireland between the seventh day of July and the fifteenth day of November in each year without such a certificate as is prescribed in this Order shall be forthwith destroyed by and at the expense of the importer unless they are re-exported or are disposed of in accordance with the terms of a licence issued by an Inspector.

Powers of Inspection and Entry.

3. An Inspector may, upon production, if so required of his appointment or authority open and examine and take samples of the contents of any consignment or package containing or suspected to contain raw apples which have been imported or are suspected to have been imported from any country other than Great Britain, the Irish Free State, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man, and enter any premises upon which any such raw apples are or are suspected to be.

Offences.

4. Any person wilfully obstructing or impeding an Inspector in the exercise of his powers under this Order, or failing to comply with the provisions of Article 2 of this Order, or with the terms of any licence granted thereunder, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a penalty of ten pounds for each such offence.

Definitions.

5. In this Order "Inspector" means an Inspector of the Ministry of Agriculture for Northern Ireland.

Commencement of Order.

6. This Order shall come into operation on the seventh day of July, nineteen hundred and thirty.

Short Title.

7. This Order may be cited as the Importation of Raw Apples (Northern Ireland) Order of 1930.

In witness whereof the Official Seal of the Ministry of Agriculture for Northern Ireland is hereunto affixed on this twenty-sixth day of June, nineteen hundred and thirty.

(L.S.) (Signed) *G. S. Robertson,*
Assistant Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Certificate to accompany Raw Apples grown in the United States of America and landed in Northern Ireland between 7th July and 15th November.

This is to certify that the raw apples included in the package or consignment described below are of one of the following grades as recognised by the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America:—

(For Barrel Apples).	(For Boxed Apples).
"U.S. (Fancy)."	"Extra Fancy."
"U.S. (No. 1)."	"Fancy."

Signature,.....

Official Status,.....

Date,.....

Description of Consignment.

Number and nature of packages.
Distinguishing marks.
Variety of Apples.
Name and Address of Consignee.
Name of Vessel.
Date of Shipment.
Port of Shipment.

DRAINAGE.

Appeals to County Court, p.92.
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Appeals to County Court.

REGULATIONS, DATED 22ND JANUARY, 1930, MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE AND THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS JOINTLY UNDER SECTION 26 OF THE DRAINAGE ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1925, ADAPTING PARAGRAPHS 1, 2, 3, 6 AND 7 OF SECTION 269 OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH (IRELAND) ACT, 1878, FOR THE PURPOSE OF APPEALS TO COUNTY COURT.

1930. No. 15.

To the Council of each Administrative County in Northern Ireland; And to all others whom it may concern:

The Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Home Affairs in exercise of the powers vested in them by Section 26 of the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1925, and of all other powers in this behalf enabling them hereby make the following Regulations:

1. For the purpose of appeals to the county court pursuant to the provisions of Section 26 of the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1925, as amended by Section 23 of the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1929, paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 6 and 7 of Section 269 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, shall be adapted and shall read and have effect as follows:—

(1) The appeal shall be made to the next county court for the county, division or place in which the cause of appeal has arisen holden not less than twenty-one days after such cause has arisen. The cause of appeal shall be deemed to have arisen when the person aggrieved by the act, proposal, order or decision giving rise thereto shall have been notified or shall have become aware of such act, proposal, order or decision, or when a notice under Section 12 of the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1925, as amended by Section 22 of the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1929, shall have been served on him.

(2) The appellant shall, within fourteen days after the cause of appeal has arisen, give notice of his intention to appeal and of the ground thereof:—

(*a*) to the county council or other drainage authority, as the case may be, where he deems himself aggrieved by anything done or proposed to be done by that county council or other drainage authority in pursuance of a scheme confirmed under the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1925, or

(*b*) to the county council, where he deems himself aggrieved by the service upon him of a notice or by anything done by that county council under Section 12 of the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1925, as amended by Section 22 of the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1929.

(3) The appellant shall, immediately after such notice, enter into a recognisance before a justice of the peace, with two sufficient sureties, conditioned personally to prosecute such appeal, and to abide the judgment of the court thereon, and to pay such costs as may be

awarded by the court or give such other security by deposit of money or otherwise as the justice may allow :

* * * * * *

(6) The court of appeal may, if it thinks fit, adjourn the appeal, and on the hearing thereof may confirm, reverse or modify the decision of the county council or other drainage authority, as the case may be, or remit the matter to the county council or other drainage authority, as the case may be, with the opinion of the court of appeal thereon, or make such other order in the matter as the court thinks just. The court of appeal may also make such order as to costs to be paid by any party as the court thinks just :

(7) The decision of the court of appeal shall be binding on all parties : Provided that the court of appeal may, if such court thinks fit, state the facts specially for the determination of a superior court.

2.—(1) These Regulations may be cited as "The Drainage (Appeals to County Court) Regulations, 1930."

(2) The Drainage (Appeals to County Court) Regulations, 1926, are hereby revoked.

Given under the Seal of the Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland this 22nd day of January, 1930.

(L.S.) (Signed), *G. C. Duggan,*
Assistant Secretary.

Given under the Seal of the Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland this 22nd day of January, 1930.

(L.S.) *D. L. Clarke,*
Assistant Secretary.

County Council Schemes.

TO THE COUNCIL OF EACH ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY IN NORTHERN IRELAND ; AND TO ALL OTHERS WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

1930. No. 9.

The Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland in exercise of the powers vested in it by the Drainage Acts (Northern Ireland), 1925 and 1929, hereby makes the following Regulations:—

1.—(1) These Regulations may be cited as the Drainage (County Councils Schemes) Amendment Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1930, and these Regulations and the Drainage (County Councils Schemes) Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1926, shall be construed together and may be cited as the Drainage (County Councils Schemes) Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1926 and 1930.

(2) In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires :—

(*a*) The expression "the Act" means the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1925, as amended by Part II. of the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1929.

(*b*) The expression "the principal Regulations" means the Drainage (County Councils Schemes) Regulations (Northern Ireland), 1926.

2. The principal Regulations shall have effect as if the following Articles were substituted for Articles 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 thereof :—

PART I.

Minor Schemes.

"2. Every Minor Scheme, when deposited for inspection in accordance with Article 3 of these Regulations, shall be accompanied by :—

(*a*) A Certified copy of the Resolution of the County Council approving the undertaking of the scheme.

(*b*) A Report of the County Surveyor or any other duly authorised officer of the County Council on the proposals in the scheme, and the Certificate of the County Surveyor that the probable cost of undertaking the works will amount to a sum less than £2,000.

(*c*) A statement setting out the lands proposed to be drained or improved.

(*d*) The details of the work to be carried out.

(*e*) A 6″ Ordnance Map showing the area generally affected by the scheme and the location of the works to be undertaken.

(*f*) A Schedule setting out the several occupiers of the lands to be drained or improved by drainage, and in each case the rateable value of the said lands or that part of the rateable value upon which it is proposed to assess the rate made for the purpose of the scheme and the total of the rateable values upon which it is proposed to assess the said rate.

"(*g*) An estimate of the cost of carrying out and maintaining the works to be undertaken in pursuance of the scheme and of the drainage rate to be struck.

3. Every Minor Scheme shall be deposited for inspection at the offices of the County Council and shall remain open for inspection by all persons concerned without fee or reward at all reasonable times during the period within which objections to the scheme may be lodged with the County Council.

4. Notice of the scheme and of the time (not being less than 21 days) within which objections to the scheme must be sent to the County Council shall be given pursuant to Section 1 (3) (*a*) of the Act to every occupier of lands upon which a drainage rate is proposed to be assessed under the scheme, and such notice shall state the place where, and the time during which, a scheme can be inspected and the date of the meeting at which the County Council propose to confirm the scheme. A copy of the said Notice shall be published at least once in each of two consecutive weeks in some newspaper or newspapers circulating within the locality affected by the scheme, and the first of such publications in a newspaper or newspapers shall be made not more than seven days after deposit of the scheme for public inspection at the offices of the County Council. Where any of the lands affected by a scheme are subject to Land Purchase Annuities or are vested in the Land Purchase Commission, a copy of the said Notice shall be forwarded to the Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland not later than seven days after publication of the same for the first time as herein provided.

5. Notice of the scheme shall be given to every occupier of lands upon which a drainage rate is proposed to be assessed—(*a*) by delivery of the same personally to the person to whom such Notice is required to be given or by delivering it or leaving it at the usual or last known place of abode of such person ; or (*b*) by sending the same by post as a registered letter addressed to such person at his usual or last known place of abode ; or (*c*) if that cannot be found, by affixing it on some conspicuous part of the lands to be drained or improved by drainage.

6. All objections by parties objecting to a Minor Scheme must be made in writing stating the reasons or grounds of such objection, and must be lodged with the Secretary of the County Council on or before the date specified as the last day for receiving objections.

6A. The provisions of Article 11 of these Regulations shall apply to any drainage rate made for the purpose of a Minor Scheme."

3. The following Article shall be substituted for Article 7 of the principal Regulations :—

"7. Every Major Scheme presented to the Ministry under the Act shall be sealed with the seal of the County Council presenting the Scheme, and in addition to the particulars required to be furnished by Article 1 and Article 2 of Part I. of the Second Schedule to the Act shall be accompanied by :—

(i) A certified copy of the Resolution of the County Council approving the scheme.

(ii) A report of the County Surveyor or any other duly authorised officer of the County Council on the proposals in the scheme.

(iii) A 1 inch Ordnance Map showing thereon the rainfall catchments of the district.

(iv) A 6 inch Ordnance Map showing the area generally affected by the scheme. The flooded and injured lands which it is proposed to drain or improve shall be defined on this map and coloured blue. The boundaries of the holdings of the several occupiers of land within the said area shall be marked in brown lines and numbered consecutively in black figures. The works proposed shall be shown in red on the said maps.

(v) Longitudinal sections—horizontal scale—not less than 6 inches to the mile and vertical, 10 feet to 1 inch. Cross sections to be given where necessary, showing the proposed works, the present winter and summer water levels and also the proposed winter and summer water levels, with the level of lowest land adjoining. All spot levels must be expressed in terms of feet and decimals of same in relation to Ordnance datum ; the data employed for longitudinal and cross sections must bear a definitely stated relation (in terms of feet and decimals of same) to Ordnance datum. The Ordnance Bench marks employed for such computations must be clearly indicated on plan both as to position and as to level above Ordnance datum.

(vi) A detailed estimate of the cost of the scheme (in duplicate) and an abstract estimate (also in duplicate).

(vii) Valuation Schedule (A) of the lands to be drained or improved in the form set out in Part I. of the First Schedule to these Regulations.

(viii) Compensation Schedule (B) in the form set out in Part II. of the First Schedule to these Regulations ; land and any other property to be taken or likely

"to be injured by the said works must be fully described in the Schedule and should be indicated on the map by a red marginal tint.

(ix) Plans and elevations on a scale of 10 feet to 1 inch of any bridges or culverts which are to be rebuilt or underpinned or which will be otherwise affected by the proposed works. Similar plans and elevations of any Mills or other buildings which may be affected by the proposed works must also be furnished."

4. The Second Schedule to the principal Regulations is hereby revoked.

Given under the Seal of the Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland this 9th day of January, in the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty.

(L.S.) *D. L. Clarke,*
Assistant Secretary.

Notice to Cleanse Watercourses.

REGULATIONS MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS UNDER SECTION 22 OF THE DRAINAGE ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1929, PRESCRIBING THE FORM OF NOTICE TO BE SERVED UNDER SECTION 12 OF THE DRAINAGE ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1925, AS AMENDED, REQUIRING THE CLEANSING OF WATERCOURSES.

1930. No. 30.

To the Council of each Administrative County in Northern Ireland :

And to all others whom it may concern :

The Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland, in exercise of the powers vested in it by sub-section (4) of Section 22 of the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1929, and of all other powers in that behalf enabling it, hereby makes the following regulations :—

1. Every notice served by a County Council under Section 12 of the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1925, as amended by Section 22 of the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1929, shall be in the form set out in the Schedule hereto.

2. This Order may be cited as the Drainage (Notice to Cleanse Watercourses) Order (Northern Ireland), 1930.

Given under the Seal of the Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland, this 27th day of February, 1930.

(L.S.) *D. L. Clarke,*
Assistant Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

THE DRAINAGE ACTS (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1925 AND 1929.

ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY OF

To of

in the County of

Take Notice that as you appear to be liable by prescription or otherwise to scour out or cleanse the watercourse(s) hereinafter particularly described on or running through (your) agricultural lands situate at in the Electoral Division of Rural District of and said County of the County Council of the said County as Drainage Authority for the said County in pursuance of the provisions of Section 12 of the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1925, as amended by Section 22 of the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1929 hereby require you on or before the* day of 19 , to scour out and cleanse the following watercourse(s) on or through (your) said lands, viz. :—†

*This date must be at least one month later than date of service of the Notice.

†Here give particulars of the watercourses and of the work to be done.

And Take Further Notice that if you fail to comply with this Notice within the time above specified the County Council may take all such steps and execute all such works as are necessary for causing the said watercourse(s) to be scoured out and cleansed in a proper manner and such works may include such widening of the said watercourse(s) as may be reasonably necessary, and the deposit of spoil on your lands, and the whole or any part of the expenses incurred by the County Council in executing such works shall, if the County Council so determine, be a debt due to the County Council by you and shall be recoverable from you in a summary manner.

If you deem yourself aggrieved by the service upon you of this Notice or by any thing done by the County Council under the said Section 12 of the Drainage Act, 1925, as amended, you may appeal to the County Court under Section 26 of the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1925, as amended by Section 23 of the Drainage Act (Northern Ireland), 1929. ‡

Dated the day of 19 .

County Council of the County of

‡The procedure to be complied with in connection with such appeals is prescribed in "The Drainage (Appeals to County Court) Regulations, 1930." (S. R. & O. (N.I.), 1930, No. 15) which require, inter alia, that *notice of intention to appeal and the ground thereof, against service of a notice under Sec.* 12 *of the Act, shall be given to the County Council within* 14 *days after the date of such service.*