(5) BUTTON MANUFACTURING (G.B.)

The Button Manufacturing Wages Council (Great Britain) Wages Regulation Order, 1948

1948 No. 1318

Made - - - - 21*st June*, 1948
Coming into Operation 9*th July*, 1948

V. (43)

Whereas the Minister of Labour and National Service (hereinafter referred to as " the Minister ") has received from the Button Manufacturing Wages Council (Great Britain) (hereinafter referred to as " the Council ") the wages regulation proposals set out in the Schedule hereto, being proposals for fixing the remuneration to be paid by their employers to workers in relation to whom the Council operates in substitution for the remuneration fixed for those workers by the Button Manufacturing Wages Council (Great Britain) Wages Regulation Order, 1946(a) (hereinafter referred to as " Order V. (40) ");

8 & 9 Geo. 6. c. 17.

Now, therefore, the Minister by virtue of the powers conferred on him by section 10 of the Wages Councils Act, 1945, and of all other powers in that behalf hereby makes the following Order:—

Short title and interpretation.

1.—(1) This Order may be cited as the Button Manufacturing Wages Council (Great Britain) Wages Regulation Order, 1948.

(2) In this Order the expression " the specified date " means the 9th day of July, 1948, provided that where as respects any worker who is paid wages at intervals not exceeding seven days that date does not correspond with the beginning of the period for which the wages are paid, the expression " the specified date " means, as respects that worker, the beginning of the next such period following that date.

52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.

(3) The Interpretation Act, 1889, applies to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

Fixing of statutory minimum remuneration and revocation of Order V (40).

2.—(1) Effect is hereby given to the said wages regulation proposals set out in the Schedule hereto.

(2) The provisions of the Schedule hereto shall have effect as from the specified date and as from that date Order V. (40) (a) shall cease to have effect.

Signed by order of the Minister of Labour and National Service this 21st day of June, 1948.

H. H. Wiles,
Deputy Secretary of the
Ministry of Labour and National Service.

(a) S.R. & O. 1946 (No. 1502) I, p. 1828.

SCHEDULE

The following minimum remuneration shall be substituted for the statutory minimum remuneration fixed by Order V. (40).

STATUTORY MINIMUM REMUNERATION

PART I

GENERAL

Paragraph 1

(1) The minimum remuneration payable to a worker to whom this Schedule applies for all work except work to which a minimum overtime rate applies under Part V is—

(*a*) in the case of a worker other than a female homeworker,

(i) where the worker is employed on time work, the general minimum time rate payable to the worker under Part II or Part III of this Schedule;

(ii) where the worker is employed on piece work, piece rates each of which would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker at least the same amount of money as the piece work basis time rate applicable to the worker under Part II or Part III of this Schedule, or where no piece work basis time rate is applicable, at least the same amount of money as the general minimum time rate that would be payable under Part II or Part III of this Schedule if the worker were employed on time work.

(*b*) in the case of a female homeworker,

(i) where a general minimum piece rate applies under Part IV of this Schedule, that rate;

(ii) where no general minimum piece rate applies, piece rates each of which would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker at least the same amount of money as the piece work basis time rate applicable to the worker under Part IV of this Schedule.

(2) In this Schedule the expression "female homeworker" means a worker who works in her own home or in any other place that is not under the control or management of the employer.

PART II

MALE WORKERS

GENERAL MINIMUM TIME RATES

Paragraph 2

The general minimum time rates payable to male workers are as follows:—

(1) Workers employed—

in any of the following operations:—

Stamping or Pressing,
Burnishing,
Spinning (including Setting),
Bending,
Dipping,
Grinding,
Staining or Dyeing,
Sawing,
Skimming;

or

in turning or cutting by machine (other than cutting pearl or trocas buttons on wet lathes) with responsibility for setting their own tools, or in turning or cutting by hand;

or

in the setting up of turning machines, provided the worker has had not less than one year's experience in turning by machine with responsibility for setting his own tools;

(*a*) where the worker is aged 21 years or over and his experience in one or more of the said operations or in the setting up of turning machines is:—

	Per hour s. d.
(i) not less than 2 years	2 0½
(ii) less than 2 but not less than 1 year	1 11¾
(iii) ,, ,, 1 year	1 11¼
(*b*) where the worker is aged:—	
(i) not less than 20 but under 21 years	1 8½
(ii) ,, ,, ,, 19 ,, ,, 20 ,, ...	1 5
(iii) ,, ,, ,, 18 ,, ,, 19 ,, ...	1 4

(2) All other workers (including turners and cutters by machine who are not responsible for setting their own tools)—

	Per hour s. d.
Workers aged 21 years or over	1 10¾
,, ,, 20 ,, and under 21 years	1 7¼
,, ,, 19 ,, ,, ,, 20 ,, ...	1 6¼
,, ,, 18 ,, ,, ,, 19 ,, ...	1 5½
,, ,, 17 ,, ,, ,, 18 ,, ...	1 1¾
,, ,, 16 ,, ,, ,, 17 ,, ...	11
,, ,, *under 16 years*	9¾

PIECE WORK BASIS TIME RATE

Paragraph 3

Where a male worker of any age is employed on piece work,

(*a*) in any of the following operations:—

Stamping or Pressing,
Burnishing,
Spinning (including Setting),
Bending,
Dipping,
Grinding,
Staining or Dyeing,
Sawing,
Skimming;

or

(*b*) in turning or cutting by machine (other than cutting on wet lathes) with responsibility for setting his own tools, or in turning or cutting by hand;

or

(*c*) in the setting up of turning machines, provided the worker has had not less than one year's experience in turning by machine with responsibility for setting his own tools:—

	Per hour s. d.
the piece work basis time rate applicable to that worker is	2 5½

PART III

FEMALE WORKERS NOT BEING HOMEWORKERS

GENERAL MINIMUM TIME RATES

Paragraph 4

The general minimum time rates payable to female workers (not being homeworkers) are as follows:—

	Per hour s. d.
Workers aged 18 years or over	1 3
,, ,, 17 and under 18 years	1 0¾
,, ,, 16 ,, ,, 17 ,, ...	11
,, ,, *under 16 years*	8½

PIECE WORK BASIS TIME RATE

Paragraph 5

	Per hour s. d.
The piece work basis time rate applicable to a female worker of any age employed on piece work (not being a homeworker) is	1 4½

PART IV

FEMALE HOMEWORKERS

GENERAL MINIMUM PIECE RATES

Paragraph 6

The following general minimum piece rates are payable to a female homeworker where the cotton for sewing the buttons is provided by the employer and the worker actually performs the work and is not a middlewoman:—

(1) The carding of linen buttons and metal trouser buttons—

	Col. I Where the worker collects the work from and delivers the work to the factory, workshop or warehouse, and does not receive it through a middlewoman or a middleman Per 100 gross of buttons s. d.	Col. II All workers not included under Col. I Per 100 gross of buttons s. d.
(*a*) For cards containing not more than 1½ dozen buttons per card	16 9	16 0
(*b*) For cards containing more than 1½ dozen buttons per card:—		
(i) Covered back buttons	14 6	13 9
(ii) Open back buttons ...	14 0	13 6

(2) The carding of casein and ivory buttons and buttons with meta shanks—

(*a*) Two or four-holed casein and ivory buttons—

Size of buttons	Per gross of buttons: Straight carding d.	Where shading or mottling is performed by the worker d.
(i) Up to and including 30 lines except ivory buttons...	3	3¼
(ii) Up to and including 30 lines ivory buttons only	3 less 10%	3¼ less 10%
(iii) Above 30 lines and not above 55 lines... ...	3½	3¾
(iv) Above 55 lines... ...	4	4¼

(*b*) Buttons with metal shanks—

	Per gross of buttons d.
All Sizes	1¾

PIECE WORK BASIS TIME RATE

	Per hour d.
Paragraph 7	
The piece work basis time rate applicable to all female homeworkers employed on piece work, other than those to whom the general minimum piece rates set out in paragraph 6 apply, is	10¾

PART V

OVERTIME AND WAITING TIME

MINIMUM OVERTIME RATES

TIME WORKERS

Paragraph 8

(1) Subject to the provisions of this paragraph, the following minimum overtime rates are payable to male or female workers (not being female homeworkers) employed on time work:—

(*a*) on a Saturday, not being a customary holiday—
for all time worked in excess of 5 hours ... ... TIME-AND-A-QUARTER

(*b*) on a Sunday or a customary holiday—
for all time worked ... ... DOUBLE TIME

(*c*) in any week exclusive of any time in respect of which a minimum overtime rate is payable under *the provisions of* (*a*) *or* (*b*) *above*—
for all time worked *in excess of 45 hours* ... ... TIME-AND-A-QUARTER

(2) Where the employer normally requires attendance on Sunday instead of Saturday, for the purposes of this paragraph (except where in the case of a woman or young person such substitution is unlawful) Saturday shall be treated as a Sunday and Sunday as a Saturday.

FEMALE PIECE WORKERS

Paragraph 9

The following minimum overtime rates are payable to female workers (not being homeworkers) employed on piece work for all time worked *in excess of 45 hours* in any week:—

(i) Piece rates each of which would yield, in the circumstances of the case, at least *1s. 4½d.* per hour to an ordinary worker and in addition thereto,

(ii) a time rate of 1d. per hour.

Paragraph 10

In this Part of this Schedule,

(1) the expression " customary holiday " means:—

(*a*) (i) In England and Wales—

Christmas Day (or, if Christmas Day falls on a Sunday, such other weekday as may be appointed by national proclamation, or, if none is so appointed, the next following Tuesday), Boxing Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Whit Monday and August Bank Holiday.

(ii) In Scotland—

New Year's Day (or, if New Year's Day falls on a Sunday, the next following Monday);

the local Spring holiday;

the local Autumn holiday; and

three others days (being days on which the worker normally works) in the course of a calendar year to be fixed by the employer and notified to the worker not less than three weeks before the holiday;

or (*b*) in the case of each of the said days (other than a day fixed by the employer in Scotland and notified to the worker as aforesaid) a day substituted by the employer therefor, being a day recognised by local custom as a day of holiday in substitution for the said day.

(2) the expressions "time-and-a-quarter" and "double time" mean, respectively, one and a quarter times and twice the general minimum time rate otherwise payable to the worker.

WAITING TIME

Paragraph 11

(1) A worker is entitled to payment of the minimum remuneration specified in this Schedule for all time during which he is present on the premises of his employer unless he is present thereon in any of the following circumstances:—

(*a*) without the employer's consent, express or implied;

(*b*) for some purpose unconnected with his work and other than that of waiting for work to be given to him to perform;

(*c*) by reason only of the fact that he is resident thereon;

(*d*) during normal meal times in a room or place in which no work is being done, and he is not waiting for work to be given to him to perform.

(2) The minimum remuneration payable under sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph to a piece worker when not engaged on piece work is that which would be payable if the worker were a time worker.

PART VI

APPLICABILITY OF STATUTORY MINIMUM REMUNERATION

Paragraph 12

This Schedule applies, subject to the provisions of the Wages Councils Act, 1945, to workers in relation to whom the Button Manufacturing Wages Council (Great Britain) operates, that is to say, workers employed in Great Britain in the trade specified in the Schedule to the Trade Boards (Button Manufacturing Trade, Great Britain) (Constitution and Proceedings) Regulations, 1938(a), which reads as follows:—

"Schedule

1. Subject to the provisions of this Schedule the following operations and processes shall constitute the Button Manufacturing Trade:—

(*a*) All processes and operations in the making from any material other than precious metals and precious stones of buttons, button-moulds, metal fancy buttons, button-headed studs, upholsterers' buttons or upholsterers' button-headed nails (excluding in all cases, except as hereinafter provided, the making of the shanks), or in the covering of button-moulds;

(a) S.R. & O. 1938 (No. 1497) II, p. 3238.

(*b*) All processes and operations in the making of the following articles when done in association with or in conjunction with the work specified in sub-paragraph (*a*) above—

(i) shanks;

(ii) studs, links or parts thereof from any material other than metal;

(iii) clasps, slides, ornaments and similar articles used on wearing apparel when such articles are made—

(1) wholly or mainly from any material other than metal, and

(2) in a branch or department in which articles mentioned in sub-paragraph (*a*) are made or carded;

(*c*) (i) the carding wherever carried on of any of the articles specified in sub-paragraph (*a*) above;

(ii) the carding of any of the articles specified in sub-paragraph (*b*) above, except when done apart from any of the making which is included in the trade herein specified and from the carding of articles specified in sub-paragraph (*a*);

(*d*) The manufacture of metal small-wares as specified in Paragraphs (1) to (6) of the Appendix to the Trade Boards (Stamped or Pressed Metal-Wares) Order, 1924(a)*, when carried on in an establishment mainly engaged in any of the processes or operations mentioned above;

(*e*) All processes and operations in the (i) assembling, or (ii) finishing of articles specified above when done in association with or in conjunction with any of the above-mentioned processes or operations;

(*f*) All processes and operations in the warehousing, packing or despatching of any of the articles specified above when done in association with or in conjunction with any of the above-mentioned processes or operations.

2. Notwithstanding anything in this Schedule the following processes or operations shall not be processes or operations of the Button Manufacturing Trade:—

(*a*) The manufacture of wooden button-moulds where not carried on in association with or in conjunction with button-making;

(*b*) The making of buttons or the covering of button-moulds in an establishment in which (i) such work is performed in association with or in conjunction with the making of wearing apparel and (ii) the majority of the buttons made or of the button-moulds covered are for use on such wearing apparel;

(*c*) The making of buttons or the covering of button-moulds when done in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of embroidery and trimmings, unless such making of buttons or covering of button-moulds is done (i) by machine process and (ii) in a separate department by workers exclusively engaged thereon;

(*d*) The processes or operations specified in Paragraph 1 above when performed in an establishment mainly engaged in the manufacture of articles of real or imitation jewellery except when performed by a worker who during the whole time that he works in any week in such establishment is wholly or mainly employed on such processes or operations;

(a) S.R. & O. 1924 (No. 832) p. 1753.

SCHEDULE

The following minimum remuneration shall be substituted for the statutory minimum remuneration fixed by Order K. (27).

PART I—GENERAL

Paragraph 1

The minimum remuneration payable to a worker to whom this Schedule applies for all work except work to which a minimum overtime rate applies under Part IV is:—

(*a*) in the case of a time worker, the general minimum time rate payable to the worker under Part II or Part III of this Schedule

(*b*) in the case of a worker employed on piece work, piece rates each of which would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker at least the same amount of money as the piece work basis time rate applicable to the worker under Part II or Part III of this Schedule.

PART II—FEMALE WORKERS

GENERAL MINIMUM TIME RATES

Paragraph 2

Subject to the provisions of this Schedule the general minimum time rates payable to female time workers are as follows:—

(*a*) LEARNERS (as defined in paragraph 9 of this Schedule) during the following periods of employment in the trade:—

	Per hour. s. d.
1st six months	7½
2nd six months	9
2nd year	10½
3rd year	1 1

Provided that a worker who enters, or has entered, the trade for the first time at the age of 18 years or over shall be treated for the purposes of this paragraph as though she had, at the date of her entry, completed one year of employment as a learner.

	Per hour. s. d.
(*b*) ALL OTHER WORKERS	1 5

PIECE WORK BASIS TIME RATE

	Per hour. s. d.
Paragraph 3	
The piece work basis time rate applicable to a female worker of any age employed on piece work is	1 6½

PART III—MALE WORKERS

GENERAL MINIMUM TIME RATES AND PIECE WORK BASIS TIME RATES

Paragraph 4

Subject to the provisions of this Schedule the general minimum time rates set out in column 1 are payable to male time workers and the piece work basis

time rates set out in column 2 are applicable to male workers when employed on piece work as follows:—

	Column 1 General Minimum Time Rates Per hour s. d.	*Column 2 Piece Work Basis Time Rates Per hour* s. d.
(*a*) Workers employed in CUTTING, MARKING-OUT (other than process working), HAND PRESSING, MATCHING-UP OR SHADING whose experience in any of the said occupations after the age of 18 years is :—		
(i) Not less than 5 years	2 5½	2 7½
(ii) Less than 5 years but not less than 3 years	2 3½	2 5½
Provided that in reckoning such experience, there shall be included any experience of a worker after the age of 18 years in folding, hand-fitting, parting, separating or making-up, up to a maximum of 12 months.		
(*b*) Workers employed in FOLDING, HAND-FITTING, PARTING, SEPARATING OR MAKING-UP, with not less than three years' experience in any of the said occupations after the age of 18 years	2 3	2 5
(*c*) WAREHOUSEMEN OR PACKERS aged 21 years or over with not less than two years' experience as warehousemen or packers ...	2 2½	2 4½
(*d*) ALL OTHER WORKERS (including process workers) :—		
Workers aged 21 years or over	2 1	2 2½
,, ,, 20 and under 21 years ...	1 7½	
,, ,, 19 ,, ,, 20 ,, ...	1 5	
,, ,, 18 ,, ,, 19 ,, ...	1 3	
,, ,, 17 ,, ,, 18 ,, ...	1 1	
,, ,, 16 ,, ,, 17 ,, ...	10½	
,, ,, under 16 years	8½	
Provided that the minimum rates applicable during his first year's employment in the trade to a male worker who enters or has entered the trade for the first time at the age of 19 years or over shall be :—		
during the 1st six months of such employment	1 2½	2 2½
during the 2nd six months of such employment	1 4½	

PART IV—OVERTIME AND WAITING TIME

NORMAL NUMBER OF HOURS

Paragraph 5

(1) Subject to the provisions of this Part of this Schedule, the minimum overtime rates set out in paragraph 6 are payable to a worker in respect of any time worked—

(*a*) in excess of the hours following, that is to say,

(i) in any week ... ... 44 hours
or, where the employer normally requires the worker's attendance on Saturday in alternate weeks only, in the week in which attendance on Saturday is required ... ... 46 hours

(ii) on any day, other than a Saturday, Sunday or customary holiday ... ... 8¼ hours
or, where the employer normally requires the worker's attendance on 5 days only in the week ... 9 hours
(iii) on a Saturday, not being a customary holiday, where the employer normally requires the worker's attendance on 6 days in the week ... 4 hours

(*b*) on a Sunday or customary holiday, or, where the employer normally requires the worker's attendance on 5 days only in the week, on a Saturday.

MINIMUM OVERTIME RATES

Paragraph 6

(1) Minimum overtime rates are payable to any worker as follows:—

(*a*) On any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or customary holiday—

(i) For the first 2 hours worked in excess of 8¼ hours ... ... TIME-AND-A-QUARTER
(ii) Thereafter ... ... TIME-AND-A-HALF

Provided that where the employer normally requires the worker's attendance on 5 days only in the week, the said minimum overtime rates of time-and-a-quarter and time-and-a-half shall be payable after 9 and 11 hours work respectively.

(*b*) On a Saturday, not being a customary holiday—

(i) where the employer normally requires the worker's attendance on 6 days in the week—
For all time worked in excess of 4 hours TIME-AND-A-HALF
(ii) where the employer normally requires the worker's attendance on 5 days only in the week—
For the first 2 hours worked ... ... TIME-AND-A-QUARTER
Thereafter ... ... TIME-AND-A-HALF

(*c*) On a Sunday or a customary holiday—
For all time worked ... ... DOUBLE TIME

(*d*) In any week, exclusive of any time in respect of which any minimum overtime rate is payable under the foregoing provisions of this sub-paragraph—
For all time worked in excess of 44 hours ... TIME-AND-A-QUARTER

Provided that where the employer normally requires the worker's attendance on Saturday in alternate weeks only, the said weekly minimum overtime rate shall be payable in the week in which attendance on Saturday is required after 46 hours' work (exclusive of any time in respect of which a minimum overtime rate is payable as aforesaid).

(2) The minimum overtime rates set out in sub-paragraph (1) (*a*), (*b*) or (*c*) of this paragraph are payable in any week whether or not the minimum overtime rate set out in sub-paragraph (1) (*d*) is also payable.

(3) Where a worker normally attends on six days in the week and agrees in writing with his employer that an ordinary week-day shall be substituted for Saturday as the worker's weekly short day, for the purposes of this Part of this Schedule (except where in the case of a woman or young person such substitution is unlawful) that ordinary week-day shall be treated as a Saturday and Saturday as an ordinary week-day.

Paragraph 7

In this Schedule—

(1) the expression " customary holiday " means—

(*a*) (i) In England and Wales—

Christmas Day (or, if Christmas Day falls on a Sunday, such other week-day as may be appointed by national proclamation, or, if none is so appointed, the next following Tuesday), Boxing Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Whit Monday and August Bank Holiday;

(ii) In Scotland—

New Year's Day (or, if New Year's Day falls on a Sunday, the following Monday);
the local Spring holiday;
the local Autumn holiday; and
three other days (being days on which the worker normally works) in the course of a calendar year, to be fixed by the employer and notified to the worker not less than three weeks before the holiday;

or (*b*) in the case of each of the said days, a day substituted by the employer therefor, being a day recognised by local custom as a day of holiday in substitution for the said day.

(2) the expressions " time-and-a-quarter ", " time-and-a-half " and " double time " mean respectively—

(*a*) in the case of a time worker, one and a quarter times, one and a half times and twice the general minimum time rate otherwise payable to the worker;

(*b*) in the case of a male worker aged 21 years or over who is employed on piece work or of a female worker (not being a learner) who is employed on piece work,

(i) a time rate equal respectively to one quarter, one half and the whole of the piece work basis time rate applicable to the worker and, in addition thereto,

(ii) the piece rates otherwise payable to the worker under paragraph 1 (*b*) of this Schedule.

(*c*) in the case of a male worker aged less than 21 years who is employed on piece work or of a female learner who is employed on piece work,

(i) a time rate equal respectively to one quarter, one half and the whole of the general minimum time rate which would be payable to the worker under Part II or Part III of this Schedule if the worker were a time worker and a minimum overtime rate did not apply, and, in addition thereto,

(ii) the piece rates otherwise payable to the worker under paragraph 1 (*b*) of this Schedule.

WAITING TIME

Paragraph 8

(1) A worker is entitled to payment of the minimum remuneration specified in this Schedule for all time during which he is present on the premises of his employer, unless he is present thereon in any of the following circumstances:—

(*a*) without the employer's consent, express or implied;

(*b*) for some purpose unconnected with his work and other than that of waiting for work to be given to him to perform;

(*c*) by reason only of the fact that he is resident thereon;

(*d*) during normal meal times in a room or place in which no work is being done, and he is not waiting for work to be given to him to perform.

(2) The minimum remuneration payable under sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph to a piece worker when not engaged on piece work is that which would be payable if he were a time worker.

PART V—INTERPRETATION

Paragraph 9

In this Schedule—

(1) the expression " LEARNER " means a female worker who—

(*a*) is employed during the whole or a substantial part of her time in learning any branch of the trade by an employer who provides her with reasonable facilities for such learning,

(*b*) does not work in a room used for dwelling purposes except where she is in the employment of her parent or guardian, and

(*c*) has received a certificate of registration of learnership from the Council, or has made an application to the Council for such certificate which has been duly acknowledged and is still under consideration.

Provided that—

(i) the certification of a learner may be cancelled by the Council if the foregoing provisions of this sub-paragraph are not complied with;

(ii) an employer may employ a learner on her first employment in the trade without a certificate for a probationary period not exceeding four weeks, but in the event of such learner being continued thereafter at her employment, the probationary period shall be treated for the purposes of this Schedule as part of her period of learnership; and

(iii) the provision with regard to a certificate shall not apply before the date declared by His Majesty in Council under Section four of the Trade Boards and Road Haulage Wages (Emergency Provisions) Act, 1940(a), to be the date on which the emergency that was the occasion of the passing of that Act came to an end.

(2) " THE TRADE " means the corset trade as specified in the next following paragraph.

APPLICABILITY OF STATUTORY MINIMUM REMUNERATION

Paragraph 10

Subject to the provisions of paragraph 11 of this Schedule and to the provisions of the Wages Councils Act, 1945, this Schedule applies to workers in relation to whom the Corset Wages Council operates, that is to say, workers employed in Great Britain in the trade specified in the Schedule to the Trade Boards (Corset Trade, Great Britain) (Constitution and Proceedings) Regulations, 1927(b), namely:—

" 1. All work in connection with—

(*a*) the manufacture of corsets, corselettes, stays, children's corset bodies, and infants' staybands.

(*b*) the manufacture of bust confiners.

(*c*) the manufacture of support or abdominal belts or similar articles.

(*d*) the manufacture (including assembling) of stocking suspenders, suspender belts and suspender pads, when carried on in conjunction with, or in association with the manufacture of any of the above articles.

(a) 3 & 4 Geo. 6. c. 7. (b) S.R. & O. 1927 (No. 534) p. 1814.

2. Work in connection with the manufacture specified in paragraph 1 hereof shall include—

(*a*) the altering, repairing, renovating or remaking of any of the articles specified in paragraph 1 hereof, when carried on in conjunction with or in association with such manufacture.

(*b*) warehousing, packing, marking, letter-press stamping, when incidental to such manufacture.

3. Notwithstanding anything in this Schedule the following operations shall not be operations in the corset trade:—

(*a*) the manufacture of bust confiners, when carried on in a department mainly engaged on the making of articles specified in the Appendix to the Trade Boards (Women's Clothing) Order, 1919(a);

(*b*) the manufacture of any of the articles specified in paragraph 1 hereof when made in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of surgical instruments or appliances;

(*c*) the manufacture of corset steels and busks;

(*d*) printing, clerical work, cleaning, caretaking, and general maintenance work."

TRAINING UNDER THE GOVERNMENT VOCATIONAL TRAINING SCHEME

Paragraph 11

Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, this Schedule shall not apply to—

(*a*) female workers employed on Machining, Pressing, Eyeletting and Boning,

(*b*) male workers employed on Cutting, Marking-out, Folding and Parting,

during any period in respect of which they are in receipt of allowances as provided under the Government Vocational Training Scheme for resettlement training if they are trainees who have been placed by the Ministry of Labour and National Service with the employer for a period of approved training and if the requirements of the said Scheme are duly complied with.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(*This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.*)

This Order, which has effect from the 2nd July, 1948, revokes the Corset Wages Council Wages Regulation Order, 1946 (Order K. (27)) which fixed the statutory minimum remuneration payable to workers in relation to whom the Council operates, and substitutes the statutory minimum remuneration set out in the Schedule to this Order.

(a) S.R. & O. 1919 (No. 1263) II, p. 531.

(7) DRESSMAKING AND WOMEN'S LIGHT CLOTHING

(i) *England and Wales.* | (ii) *Scotland*, p. 4482.

(i) ENGLAND AND WALES

The Dressmaking and Women's Light Clothing Wages Council (England and Wales) Wages Regulation Order, 1948

1948 No. 1999

Made - - - - 1st *September*, 1948
Coming into Operation 17*th September*, 1948

W.D.(51)

Whereas the Minister of Labour and National Service (hereinafter referred to as " the Minister ") has received from the Dressmaking and Women's Light Clothing Wages Council (England and Wales) (hereinafter referred to as " the Wages Council ") the wages regulation proposals set out in the Schedule hereto, being proposals for fixing the remuneration to be paid by their employers to workers in relation to whom the Wages Council operates in substitution for the remuneration fixed for those workers by the Dressmaking and Women's Light Clothing Wages Council (England and Wales) Wages Regulation (No. 2) Order, 1946(**a**) (hereinafter referred to as " Order W.D.(46) ") as amended by the Dressmaking and Women's Light Clothing Wages Council (England and Wales) Wages Regulation Order, 1947(**b**) (hereinafter referred to as " Order W.D.(49) ");

Now, therefore, the Minister by virtue of the powers conferred on him by section 10 of the Wages Councils Act, 1945, and of all other powers in that behalf hereby makes the following Order:— 8 & 9 Geo. 6. c. 17.

1.—(1) This Order may be cited as the Dressmaking and Women's Light Clothing Wages Council (England and Wales) Wages Regulation Order, 1948. Short title and interpretation.

(2) In this Order the expression " the specified date " means the 17th day of September, 1948, provided that where as respects any worker who is paid wages at intervals not exceeding seven days that date does not correspond with the beginning of the period for which the wages are paid, the expression " the specified date " means, as respects that worker, the beginning of the next such period following that date.

(3) The Interpretation Act, 1889, applies to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament. 52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.

2.—(1) Effect is hereby given to the said wages regulation proposals set out in the Schedule hereto. Fixing of statutory minimum remuneration and revocation of Orders W.D. (46) and W.D. (49).

(2) The provisions of the Schedule hereto shall have effect as from the specified date and as from that date Order W.D.(46)(**a**) as amended by Order W.D.(49)(**b**) shall cease to have effect.

Signed by order of the Minister of Labour and National Service this 1st day of September, 1948.

H. H. Wiles,
Deputy Secretary of the
Ministry of Labour and National Service.

(**a**) S.R. & O. 1946 (No. 1782) I, p. 1876.
(**b**) S.R. & O. 1947 (No. 1839) I, p. 2390.