CHAPTER 5.

An Act to amend the Poor Law (Ireland) Acts.

[20th May 1892.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the Poor Law (Ireland) Act, 1892.

Powers to guardians over children other than deserted. 52 & 53 Vict. c. 56.

2. On and after the passing of this Act, where a child is maintained by the guardians of any union, and is an orphan, or a child whose parent is in receipt of indoor relief, the guardians shall have in respect of such child all the powers conferred on them by section one of the Poor Law Act, 1889, in respect to a child deserted by its parent.

Provided that in respect to a child not deserted, the guardians shall cease to exercise their control if the parent of such child shall cease to be in receipt of indoor relief.

Extent of Act.

3. This Act shall only apply to Ireland.

CHAPTER 6.

An Act to provide for the Recognition in the United Kingdom of Probates and Letters of Administration granted in British Possessions. [20th May 1892.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Application of Act by Order in Council.

1. Her Majesty the Queen may, on being satisfied that the legislature of any British possession has made adequate provision for the recognition in that possession of probates and letters of administration granted by the courts of the United Kingdom, direct by Order in Council that this Act shall, subject to any exceptions and modifications specified in the Order, apply to that possession, and thereupon, while the Order is in force, this Act shall apply accordingly.

Sealing in United Kingdom of colonial probates and letters of administration.

2.—(1.) Where a court of probate in a British possession to which this Act applies has granted probate or letters of administration in respect of the estate of a deceased person, the probate or letters so granted may, on being produced to, and a copy thereof deposited with, a court of probate in the United Kingdom, be sealed with the seal of that court, and, thereupon, shall be of the like force and effect, and have the same operation in the United Kingdom, as if granted by that court.

(2.) Provided that the court shall, before sealing a probate or letters of administration under this section, be satisfied—

(*a.*) that probate duty has been paid in respect of so much (if any) of the estate as is liable to probate duty in the United Kingdom; and

(*b.*) in the case of letters of administration, that security has been given in a sum sufficient in amount to cover the property (if any) in the United Kingdom to which the letters of administration relate;

and may require such evidence, if any, as it thinks fit as to the domicile of the deceased person.

(3.) The court may also, if it thinks fit, on the application of any creditor, require, before sealing, that adequate security be given for the payment of debts due from the estate to creditors residing in the United Kingdom.

(4.) For the purposes of this section, a duplicate of any probate or letters of administration sealed with the seal of the court granting the same, or a copy thereof certified as correct by or under the authority of the court granting the same, shall have the same effect as the original.

(5.) Rules of court may be made for regulating the procedure and practice, including fees and costs, in courts of the United Kingdom, on and incidental to an application for sealing a probate or letters of administration granted in a British possession to which this Act applies. Such rules shall, so far as they relate to probate duty, be made with the consent of the Treasury, and subject to any exceptions and modifications made by such rules, the enactments for the time being in force in relation to probate duty (including the penal provisions thereof) shall apply as if the person who applies for sealing under this section were a person applying for probate or letters of administration.

Application of Act to British courts in foreign countries.

3. This Act shall extend to authorise the sealing in the United Kingdom of any probate or letters of administration granted by a British court in a foreign country, in like manner as it authorises the sealing of a probate or letters of administration granted in a British possession to which this Act applies, and the provisions of this Act shall apply accordingly with the necessary modifications.

Orders in Council.

4.—(1.) Every Order in Council made under this Act shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament as soon as may be after it is made, and shall be published under the authority of Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

(2.) Her Majesty the Queen in Council may revoke or alter any Order in Council previously made under this Act.

(3.) Where it appears to Her Majesty in Council that the legislature of part of a British possession has power to make the provision requisite for bringing this Act into operation in that part, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty to direct by Order in Council that this Act shall apply to that part as if it were a separate British possession, and thereupon, while the Order is in force, this Act shall apply accordingly.

Application of Act to probates, &c. already granted.

5. This Act when applied by an Order in Council to a British possession shall, subject to the provisions of the Order, apply to probates and letters of administration granted in that possession either before or after the passing of this Act.

Definitions.

6. In this Act—

The expression "court of probate" means any court or authority, by whatever name designated, having jurisdiction in matters of probate, and in Scotland means the sheriff court of the county of Edinburgh:

The expressions "probate" and "letters of administration" include confirmation in Scotland, and any instrument having in a British possession the same effect which under English law is given to probate and letters of administration respectively:

The expression "probate duty" includes any duty payable on the value of the estate and effects for which probate or letters of administration is or are granted:

The expression "British court in a foreign country" means any British court having jurisdiction out of the Queen's dominions in pursuance of an Order in Council, whether made under any Act or otherwise.

Short title.

7. This Act may be cited as the Colonial Probates Act, 1892.

CHAPTER 7.

An Act to amend the Labourers (Ireland) Acts for the purpose of providing increased Allotments of Land for the Agricultural Labourers in Ireland.

[20th May 1892.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the Labourers (Ireland) Act, 1892.

Construction of Act.

2. This Act shall be construed as one with the Labourers (Ireland) Acts, 1883 to 1891, and this Act and the said Acts may be cited as the Labourers (Ireland) Acts, 1883 to 1892.

Extension of maximum of labourers allotments under 46 & 47 Vict. c. 60. s. 6; 48 & 49 Vict. c. 77. s. 16; 49 & 50 Vict. c. 59. s. 12.

3. Section six of the Labourers (Ireland) Act, 1883, shall be amended, and shall be construed as if for the words "half a statute acre" in the said section the words "a statute acre" were substituted. And section sixteen of the Labourers (Ireland) Act, 1885, and section twelve of the Labourers (Ireland) Act, 1886, shall be amended, and shall be construed as if for the words "half an acre" the words "a plot not exceeding a statute acre" were substituted.