divided into wards add here "for the ward" [*specifying such ward*] at the next ensuing municipal election in the burgh of [*specify burgh*].

Given under our hand this [*insert date*].

A.B. _____

C.D. _____

We, the undersigned, being registered municipal electors of the burgh of [*or "for the ward" [specify ward] as the case may be*], do hereby assent to the nomination of the said *E.F.* as councillor as above mentioned.

G.H.	of	Insert places of abode as in Municipal Register
I.J.	of	
K.L.	of	
M.N.	of	
O.P.	of	

I, the nominee for election consent

E.F. _____

To town clerk of _____

Section 40.

SCHEDULE X.

The intimation or nomination of *E.F.* [*here insert name and place of abode of candidate as in the municipal register for the burgh*] for election as a councillor, When the burgh is divided into wards, add here "for the ward" [*specifying such ward*] at the next ensuing municipal election in the burgh of [*specify burgh*] is hereby withdrawn.

Given under our hand this [*insert date*].

To be signed by

× Candidate.

× Propóser or seconder.

or by

× Proposer.

× Seconder.

× Assenter.

To _____

Town clerk of

CHAPTER 56.

An Act to amend the Law in relation to the Appointment of Coroners and Deputy Coroners in Counties and Boroughs. [28th June 1892.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Appointment and powers of a deputy coroner of both a county and a borough.

1.—(1.) Every coroner, whether for a county or a borough, shall appoint, by writing under his hand, a fit person approved by the chairman or mayor, as the case may be, of the council who

appointed the coroner, not being an alderman or councillor of such council, to be his deputy, and may revoke such appointment, but such revocation shall not take effect until the appointment of another deputy has been approved as aforesaid.

(2.) A duplicate of every appointment shall be sent to the said council and be kept among the records of the county or borough, as the case may be.

(3.) A deputy may act for the coroner during his illness or during his absence for any lawful or reasonable cause, or at any inquest which the coroner is disqualified for holding, but not otherwise. In the case of a borough coroner the necessity of his so acting shall be certified on each occasion by a justice of the peace, and such certificate shall state the cause of absence of the coroner, be openly read to every inquest jury summoned by the deputy coroner, and be conclusive evidence of the jurisdiction of the deputy to act.

(4.) The deputy of a coroner shall, notwithstanding the coroner vacates his office by death or otherwise, continue in office until a new deputy is appointed, and shall act as the coroner while the office is so vacant in like manner as during the illness of the coroner, and one certificate may extend to the period of the vacancy, and he shall be entitled to receive in respect of the period of the vacancy the like remuneration as the vacating coroner.

(5.) For the purpose of an inquest or act which a deputy of a coroner is authorised to hold or do, he shall be deemed to be that coroner, and have the same jurisdiction and powers and be subject to the same obligations, liabilities, and disqualifications as that coroner, and he shall generally be subject to the provisions of the Coroners Act, 1887, and to the law relating to coroners in like manner as that coroner. 50 & 51 Vict. c. 71.

(6.) A council may postpone the appointment of a coroner to fill a vacancy, either generally or in any particular case, for a period not exceeding three months from the date at which that vacancy occurs.

(7.) For the purposes of this section the council who appointed a coroner shall—

(*a*) where the coroner was, in pursuance of any section of the Local Government Act, 1888, appointed by or on the recommendation of a joint committee, be deemed to be any of the councils who appointed any members of that committee: and 51 & 52 Vict. c. 41.

(*b*) where a coroner for a district of a county is, in pursuance of subsection four of section thirty-four of the Local Government Act, 1888, appointed by the council of any county borough, be deemed to be that council.

(8.) In the case of a county coroner who has been elected before the date on which the provisions of the Local Government Act, 1888, as to the appointment of coroners came into force, the council of any county or county borough, in which the district of the coroner is wholly or partially situated, shall for the purposes of this section be deemed to be the council who appointed the coroner.

Repeal.

2. The Acts specified in the schedule to this Act are hereby repealed to the extent in the third column of that schedule mentioned.

Construction of Act and short title.

3. This Act shall be construed as one with the Coroners Act, 1887, and this Act and that Act may be cited together as the Coroners Acts, 1887 and 1892, and this Act may be cited separately as the Coroners Act, 1892.

SCHEDULE.

Session and Chapter.	Short Title.	Extent of Repeal.
45 & 46 Vict. c. 50.	The Municipal Corporations Act, 1882.	Section one hundred and seventy-two.
50 & 51 Vict. c. 71.	The Coroners Act, 1887	Section thirteen, and in section thirty-three the words "and the "appointment of a "deputy by such "coroner."

CHAPTER 57.

An Act to amend the Public Health Acts in relation to Private Street Improvement Expenses.

[28th June 1892.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title, construction, and extent.

1. This Act may be cited as the Private Street Works Act, 1892, and shall be construed as one with the Public Health Acts, and shall extend only to England; and this Act and the Public Health Acts may be cited together as the Public Health Acts.

Adoption of Act.

2. This Act shall extend and apply to any urban sanitary district in which it is respectively adopted under the provisions of this Act.

Adoption of Act by urban authorities.

3. The following provisions shall have effect with regard to the adoption of this Act by urban authorities:

(1.) The adoption shall be by a resolution passed at a meeting of the urban authority; and one calendar month at least before such meeting special notice of the meeting, and of the intention to propose such resolution, shall be given to every member of the authority, and the notice shall be deemed to have been duly given to a member of it if it is either—

(*a.*) Given in the mode in which notices to attend meetings of the authority are usually given; or