

CHAPTER 8

An Act to extend the jurisdiction of county courts and, in connection therewith, to amend the law as to costs in and transfers to the High Court, make further provision for the despatch of business in county courts by increasing the number of judges and otherwise, and provide for appeals from county courts on questions of fact, and for purposes connected with the matters aforesaid. [27th July, 1955]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Extension of jurisdiction of county court

Actions of contract or tort, or for money recoverable by statute, and related matters.

1.—(1) The amounts by reference to which the jurisdiction of a county court in actions of contract or tort, or for money recoverable by statute, is limited by sections forty and forty-one of the principal Act shall be four hundred pounds, and section sixteen of the Administration of Justice (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1938 (which increased the said amounts from one hundred pounds to two hundred pounds, but enabled a defendant to require an action for more than one hundred pounds to be transferred to the High Court), shall cease to have effect.

(2) For subsection (1) of section forty-seven of the principal Act there shall be substituted:—

"(1) Where an action founded on contract or tort is commenced in the High Court which could have been commenced in the county court and the action is not referred

for trial to an official referee, then subject to subsections (3) and (4) of this section the plaintiff—

(*a*) if he recovers a sum less than three hundred pounds, shall not be entitled to any more costs of the action than those to which he would have been entitled if the action had been brought in the county court; and

(*b*) if he recovers a sum less than seventy-five pounds, shall not be entitled to any costs of the action;

so, however, that this section shall not affect any question as to costs if it appears to the High Court or a judge thereof (or where the matter is tried before a referee or officer of the Supreme Court, to that referee or officer) that there was reasonable ground for supposing the amount recoverable in respect of the plaintiff's claim to be in excess of the amount recoverable in an action commenced in the county court.

For the purposes of paragraphs (*a*) and (*b*) of this subsection, a plaintiff shall be treated as recovering the full amount recoverable in respect of his claim without regard to any deduction made in respect of contributory negligence on his part or otherwise in respect of matters not falling to be taken into account in determining whether the action could have been commenced in the county court."

(3) In subsection (4) of the said section forty-seven (which allows costs on the High Court scale where, in an action in the High Court for a debt or liquidated demand only, twenty pounds or more is recovered without the action proceeding to trial) there shall be substituted for the words " twenty pounds ", wherever occurring, the words " forty pounds ".

(4) The enactments referred to in Part I of the First Schedule to this Act shall have effect subject to the amendments provided for by the said Part I (being amendments giving effect to the change made by subsection (1) of this section or making changes consequential on or related to that change).

(5) If Her Majesty by Order in Council so directs, this section and Part I of the First Schedule to this Act shall have effect with the substitution for the references to three hundred pounds, to four hundred pounds and to four hundred and fifty pounds of references to four hundred pounds, to five hundred pounds and to five hundred and fifty pounds respectively; but no recommendation shall be made to Her Majesty in Council to make an Order under this subsection unless a draft of the Order has been laid before Parliament and approved by resolution of each House of Parliament.

Actions for recovery of, or relating to, land.

2.—(1) The amount by reference to which the jurisdiction of a county court in actions for the recovery of land, or in which the title to a hereditament comes in question, is limited by sections forty-eight and fifty-one of the principal Act shall be one hundred pounds in net annual value for rating (instead of one hundred pounds in value by the year or in rent).

(2) The enactments referred to in Part II of the First Schedule to this Act shall have effect subject to the amendments provided for by the said Part II (being amendments giving effect to the change made by subsection (1) of this section or making changes consequential on or related to that change).

(3) For the purposes of this Act and of the said enactments as so amended, the net annual value for rating of any property shall be determined as at the time when the relevant proceedings are commenced, unless otherwise provided in the enactment in question, and (subject to the next following subsection) by reference to the valuation list in force at the time in question.

(4) Where the property of which the value is in question does not consist of one or more hereditaments having at the time in question a separate net annual value for rating, the property or such part of it as does not so consist shall be taken to have a net annual value for rating equal to three-fifths of its value by the year.

Admiralty proceedings.

3.—(1) The amounts by reference to which the jurisdiction of an admiralty county court is limited in relation to admiralty matters by the proviso to subsection (1) of section fifty-six of the principal Act shall be one thousand pounds, in the case of the amount claimed, and three thousand five hundred pounds, in the case of the value of the property saved where that value is relevant; and accordingly in the said proviso for the words " three hundred pounds " and " one thousand pounds " there shall respectively be substituted the words " one thousand pounds " and " three thousand five hundred pounds ".

(2) In section fifty-nine of the principal Act (which limits the costs recoverable in certain admiralty proceedings in the High Court if the plaintiff recovers less than the amounts specified in subsections (2), (3) and (4))—

(*a*) in subsections (2) and (4), for the words " three hundred pounds ", in both places, there shall be substituted the words " one thousand pounds ";

(*b*) in subsection (3), for the words " twenty pounds " there shall be substituted the words " seventy-five pounds ".

(3) Subsections (2) to (4) of the said section fifty-nine shall not affect any question as to costs in any case where it appears to the High Court or a judge thereof that there was reasonable ground for supposing the amount recoverable in respect of the

plaintiff's claim to be in excess of the amount recoverable in proceedings commenced in a county court; and for the purposes of the said subsections, a plaintiff shall be treated as recovering the full amount recoverable in respect of his claim without regard to any deduction made in respect of contributory negligence on his part or otherwise in respect of matters not falling to be taken into account in determining whether the action could have been commenced in the county court.

Probate proceedings.

4.—(1) The jurisdiction conferred on a judge of a county court in probate proceedings by subsection (1) of section sixty of the principal Act shall be exercisable where a registrar of the principal probate registry is satisfied in accordance with that subsection that the value of the deceased's estate was less than one thousand pounds (instead of where the registrar is so satisfied that the personal estate was under two hundred pounds and the real estate was not over three hundred pounds).

(2) In the foregoing subsection the reference to the value of the deceased's estate refers to the value of his estate at the time of his death, exclusive of what he was possessed of or entitled to as a trustee and not beneficially, but after making allowance for funeral expenses and for debts and incumbrances.

(3) Accordingly—

(*a*) in subsection (1) of the said section sixty for paragraphs (*a*) and (*b*) there shall be substituted the words " that the value of the estate of the person in respect of whose estate the application is made was at the time of his death less than one thousand pounds, exclusive of what he was possessed of or entitled to as a trustee and not beneficially, but after making allowance for funeral expenses and for debts and incumbrances "; and

(*b*) in subsection (2) of that section (which relates to proof of the facts conferring jurisdiction under that section), and in section sixty-one of the principal Act (which relates to the transfer of probate proceedings from the High Court to the county court), for the words " state of the property ", wherever occurring, there shall be substituted the words " value of the estate ".

Plaintiff's right to transfer to High Court so as to increase his claim.

5.—(1) Where there is commenced in the county court an action founded on contract or tort wherein the plaintiff claims damages, the plaintiff may at any time apply to the county court judge for an order to transfer the action to the High Court, on the ground that there is reasonable ground for supposing the amount recoverable in respect of his claim to be in excess of the amount recoverable in the action in the county court.

(2) If, on any such application, the judge is satisfied that there is reasonable ground as aforesaid, the judge shall make an order that the action be transferred to the High Court.

Amendment as to jurisdiction by agreement.

6. Section forty-three of the principal Act (under which a county court may by agreement of the parties be given jurisdiction in any action assigned for the time being to the Queen's Bench Division of the High Court) shall have effect, and be deemed always to have had effect, as if for the words "any action assigned for the time being to the King's Bench Division of the High Court" there were substituted the words "any action other than an action which, if commenced in the High Court, would, under the Acts and rules applying to that court, have been assigned to the Chancery Division or to the Probate, Divorce and Admiralty Division".

Consequential amendments for Mayor's and City of London Court.

7.—(1) As from the coming into force of sections one to four of this Act, the following provisions of this section shall have effect in relation to the Mayor's and City of London Court (which under section one hundred and eighty-six of the principal Act is for the purpose of proceedings within the jurisdiction of a county court deemed to be a county court).

(2) The cases in which any such proceedings may be commenced in the said court shall be determined in accordance with county court rules, and not in accordance with the enactments formerly applying to the Mayor's Court or the City of London Court; and accordingly in section one of the Mayor's and City of London Court Act, 1920 (which provided for the amalgamation of the Mayor's Court and the City of London Court into a single court with the jurisdiction and powers of both the former courts), for the words "all the powers and jurisdiction of both the said first-mentioned courts" there shall be substituted the words "the powers and jurisdiction formerly exercisable by the Mayor's Court (except the extended jurisdiction in small actions given by section twelve of the Mayor's Court of London Procedure Act, 1857), and such powers and jurisdiction as would for the time being be exercisable by a county court for a district consisting of the City of London".

(3) Section eight of the said Act of 1920 (which provides for applying High Court procedure in the Mayor's and City of London Court to cases formerly within the jurisdiction of the Mayor's Court but outside the jurisdiction of the City of London Court), shall not apply to any proceedings within the jurisdiction of a county court, except in so far as it requires proceedings originating in the Mayor's and City of London Court to be commenced by plaint.

Commencement of ss. 1 to 4, and transitional provisions.

8.—(1) Sections one to four of this Act shall come into force on such day as may be appointed by order of the Lord Chancellor made by statutory instrument.

(2) Part III of the First Schedule to this Act shall have effect, as from the day so appointed, to provide for transitional matters arising out of the coming into force of the foregoing sections,

and any Order in Council under section one of this Act may, in relation to the coming into force of the Order, make provision for purposes similar to the purposes of the said Part III.

Number of judges and exercise of jurisdiction

Increase in number of judges.

9. The number of judges of county courts who may be appointed under the principal Act shall be increased from sixty-five to eighty; and accordingly in paragraph (*b*) of the proviso to subsection (1) of section four of the principal Act, as originally enacted, for the word "sixty" there shall be substituted the word "eighty".

Extension of powers of registrar.

10.—(1) Section ninety-nine of the principal Act (which confers power to make county court rules) shall have effect as if in subsection (3) of that section, in place of the paragraph added by section eighteen of the Administration of Justice (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1938, there were added:—

"(*e*) authorising the registrar to hear and determine—

(i) any proceedings other than actions;

(ii) any actions in which the defendant fails to appear at the hearing or admits the claim;

(iii) by leave of the judge, and in the absence of objection made in accordance with the rules by any of the parties, any actions in which the sum claimed or the amount involved does not exceed thirty pounds;

(iv) by leave of the judge, and with the consent of the parties, any other actions."

(2) Any county court rules made by virtue of the said section eighteen shall have effect from the coming into force of this section as if made by virtue of this section.

Judge's power as to place of hearing.

11. Without prejudice to the generality of subsections (1) and (2) of the said section ninety-nine, the power of making county court rules shall extend to authorising a judge of county courts to direct that the hearing in proceedings pending in the court for any district, being proceedings which are to be heard and determined by the judge, shall take place in the court for some other district of which he is the judge.

Appeals

Appeals on question of fact, and consequential amendments as to appeal on law.

12.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, and of section one hundred and seven of the principal Act (which relates to agreements not to appeal), if any party to any such proceedings in a county court as are mentioned in the next following subsection is dissatisfied with the determination of the judge or jury

on any question of fact, the party aggrieved by the judgment or order of the court may appeal therefrom to the Court of Appeal in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be for the time being provided by the rules of the Supreme Court.

(2) Subject as aforesaid, the proceedings in which a right of appeal is conferred by this section are—

(*a*) any action founded on contract or tort, or for money recoverable by statute, where either—

(i) the debt, demand or damage claimed exceeds two hundred pounds; or

(ii) the relief sought includes an injunction; or

(iii) the title to a hereditament comes in question, and the net annual value for rating of that hereditament (or, in the case of an easement or licence, that of the hereditament in respect of which the easement or licence is claimed, or on, through, over or under which it is claimed) exceeds sixty pounds;

(*b*) any action for the recovery of land of a net annual value for rating exceeding sixty pounds;

(*c*) any action where there is a counterclaim to which either of the foregoing paragraphs would apply if the counterclaim had been the subject of a separate action;

(*d*) any matter transferred to a county court from the High Court under section one hundred and thirty-eight of the principal Act (which relates to transfers on applications to attach a debt or to levy execution against a member of a firm for a partnership debt), where the debt in question exceeds two hundred pounds;

(*e*) any proceedings in interpleader, or relating to any debt or thing in action paid into court under section one hundred and thirty-six of the Law of Property Act, 1925, where the amount or value of the money or property claimed or paid into court exceeds two hundred pounds;

(*f*) any probate proceedings, where the value of the estate (as stated in the affidavit made for the purposes of section sixty of the principal Act) exceeds five hundred pounds.

(3) Subject as aforesaid, in proceedings in which there is a right of appeal under this section by virtue of paragraph (*a*), (*b*) or (*c*) of the last foregoing subsection, an appeal may be brought thereunder in respect of any claim or counterclaim in the action, notwithstanding that there could be no such appeal if that claim or counterclaim had been the subject of a separate action.

(4) In proceedings in which either the plaintiff or the defendant is claiming possession of any premises, this section shall not confer any right of appeal if, by virtue of section three of the Rent and Mortgage Interest Restrictions (Amendment) Act, 1933, as amended, extended and applied by subsequent enactments, or of subsection (4) of section thirteen of the Landlord and Tenant Act, 1954, the court can only grant possession on being satisfied that it is reasonable so to do, or if possession of the premises is claimed under section five of the Requisitioned Houses and Housing (Amendment) Act, 1955.

(5) This section shall not confer any right of appeal from any judgment or order where a right to appeal therefrom on questions of fact is conferred by some other enactment, and shall have effect subject to any enactment other than the principal Act, in so far as the enactment provides that a determination of the county court shall be final.

(6) No appeal shall lie from the decision of the Court of Appeal on any appeal from a county court in probate proceedings.

(7) The leave of the judge shall not be required for any appeal under section one hundred and six of the principal Act (which relates to appeals on questions of fact in admiralty proceedings), but there shall be no appeal under that section unless the amount claimed in the proceedings exceeds two hundred pounds; and accordingly in the proviso to subsection (1) of that section the words " without the leave of the judge " shall be omitted, and for the words " one hundred pounds " there shall be substituted the words " two hundred pounds ".

(8) Subject to any rules of the Supreme Court, on any appeal from a county court the Court of Appeal may reverse or vary, in favour of a party seeking to support the judgment or order of the county court in whole or in part, any determinations made in the county court on questions of fact, notwithstanding that the appeal is an appeal on a point of law only, or any such determinations on points of law, notwithstanding that the appeal is an appeal on a question of fact only:

Provided that this subsection shall not enable the Court of Appeal to reverse or vary any determination, unless the party dissatisfied with the determination would have been entitled to appeal in respect of it if aggrieved by the judgment or order.

(9) In section one hundred and five of the principal Act (which provides for appeals on questions of law, but in cases falling within the proviso requires the leave of the judge for an appeal), paragraph (*a*) of the proviso shall not apply to any action founded on contract or on tort where the relief sought includes an injunction.

Supplementary

Short title, citation, interpretation, repeal and extent.

13.—(1) This Act may be cited as the County Courts Act, 1955, and this Act and the principal Act may be cited together as the County Courts Acts, 1934 and 1955.

(2) In this Act the expression " the principal Act " means the County Courts Act, 1934, and, except in so far as the context otherwise requires, expressions used in the principal Act have the same meanings in this Act as in that.

(3) Subject, so far as relevant, to the transitional provisions in Part III of the First Schedule to this Act, the enactments mentioned in Part I of the Second Schedule to this Act are hereby repealed to the extent specified in the third column of the Second Schedule, and the enactments mentioned in Part II of the Second Schedule (being enactments formerly relating to the City of London Court which have become obsolete or unnecessary) shall also cease to have effect and are hereby repealed to the extent so specified.

(4) The provisions of this Act do not extend to Scotland or to Northern Ireland.

SCHEDULES

Sections 1, 2, 8, 13.

FIRST SCHEDULE

SUPPLEMENTARY AMENDMENTS AND TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS AS TO JURISDICTION OF COUNTY COURT, ETC.

PART I

ACTIONS OF CONTRACT OR TORT, ETC. (SUPPLEMENTARY AMENDMENTS)

1. The words "four hundred pounds" shall be substituted for the words "one hundred pounds", wherever occurring in the following provisions of the principal Act, that is to say—

(*a*) sections forty and forty-one, as originally enacted (which confer the jurisdiction in actions of contract or tort or for money recoverable by statute);

(*b*) subsection (2) of section forty-five (which relates to the transfer of actions of contract or tort from the High Court to the county court);

(*c*) section seventy-seven (which enables an infant to sue in the county court for his wages);

(*d*) section one hundred and thirty-eight (which relates to transfers from the High Court to the county court on applications to attach a debt or to levy execution against a member of a firm for a partnership debt);

(*e*) paragraph (*c*) of section one hundred and eighty-four (which relates to the recovery by solicitors of remuneration for contentious business done in a county court);

(*f*) in the Second Schedule, the entry relating to section one hundred and thirty-six of the Law of Property Act, 1925 (which relates to interpleader or payment into court in the case of a disputed assignment of or conflicting claims to a debt or thing in action).

2. For section forty-two of the principal Act there shall be substituted:—

"42.—(1) Where a plaintiff has a cause of action for more than four hundred pounds in which, if it were not for more than four hundred pounds, a county court would have jurisdiction, the plaintiff may abandon the excess, and thereupon a county court shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine the action, so, however, that the plaintiff shall not recover in the action an amount exceeding four hundred pounds.

(2) Where a court has jurisdiction to hear and determine an action by virtue of this section, the judgment of the court in the action shall be in full discharge of all demands in respect of the cause of action, and entry of the judgment shall be made accordingly."

1ST SCH. —*cont.*

3. For section forty-four of the principal Act, there shall be substituted:—

"44.—(1) Where there is commenced in a county court any action founded on contract or on tort wherein the plaintiff claims a sum exceeding forty pounds, the defendant may, within such time as may be prescribed by county court rules, give notice that he objects to the action being tried in the court.

(2) Where such a notice is given, the judge shall order that the action be transferred to the High Court, if—

(*a*) the defendant (unless exempted by section twenty of the Crown Proceedings Act, 1947) gives security approved by the registrar for the amount claimed and the costs of trial in the High Court, not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of four hundred and fifty pounds; and

(*b*) the judge certifies that in his opinion some important question of law or fact is likely to arise."

PART II

ACTIONS RELATING TO LAND, ETC. (SUPPLEMENTARY AMENDMENTS)

4. In subsection (1) of section forty-eight of the principal Act (which defines the jurisdiction of the county court in actions for the recovery of land) for the words from "where" onwards there shall be substituted the words "where the net annual value for rating of the land in question does not exceed one hundred pounds".

5. In subsection (1) of section forty-nine of the principal Act (which relates to the transfer to the High Court from the county court of actions for the recovery of land) for the words "land of greater annual value than one hundred pounds" there shall be substituted the words "land having at the time when the action was commenced a net annual value for rating exceeding one hundred pounds".

6. For section fifty-one of the principal Act there shall be substituted:—

"51. A county court shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine any action in which the title to any hereditament comes in question, being an action which would otherwise be within the jurisdiction of the court—

(*a*) in the case of an easement or licence, if the net annual value for rating of the hereditament in respect of which the easement or licence is claimed, or on, through, over, or under which the easement or licence is claimed, does not exceed one hundred pounds; or

(*b*) in any other case, if the net annual value for rating of the hereditament in question does not exceed one hundred pounds."

7. In subsection (3) of section one hundred and two of the principal Act (which relates to the security to be given by a replevisor where his action of replevin is brought in the High Court) for the words

1ST SCH. —*cont.*

" the rent or value whereof exceeded twenty pounds by the year " there shall be substituted the words " of which the net annual value for rating at the time when the security was given exceeded twenty pounds ".

8. In subsection (2) of section one hundred and three of the principal Act (which relates to the removal of an action of replevin from the county court to the High Court) for the words " the rent or value whereof exceeded twenty pounds by the year " there shall be substituted the words " of which the net annual value for rating at the time when the action was commenced exceeded twenty pounds ".

9. In subsection (3) of section one hundred and eighty of the principal Act (which relates to relief where a lessor has exercised a right of re-entry for non-payment of rent) for the words " if neither the annual value of the land nor the annual rent payable in respect thereof exceeds one hundred pounds " there shall be substituted the words " if the net annual value for rating of the land does not exceed one hundred pounds ".

10. In the Second Schedule to the principal Act—

(*a*) in the entry relating to section one hundred and forty-six of the Law of Property Act, 1925 (which relates to relief against forfeiture of leases), for the words from " where " onwards there shall be substituted the words " where the net annual value for rating of the property comprised in the lease does not exceed one hundred pounds "; and

(*b*) in the entry relating to section one hundred and forty-seven of the Law of Property Act, 1925 (which relates to relief against notices to effect decorative repairs), for the words from " where " onwards there shall be substituted the words " where the net annual value for rating of the house or other building does not exceed one hundred pounds ".

11. In the said Second Schedule to the principal Act and in subsection (3) of section one hundred and thirteen of the Settled Land Act, 1925 (which relate to the jurisdiction of the county court under the property legislation of the year nineteen hundred and twenty-five), for the words " annual rateable value ", wherever occurring, there shall be substituted the words " net annual value for rating ".

12. In subsection (1) of section fifty-three of the Landlord and Tenant Act, 1954 (which confers unlimited jurisdiction on the county court to make a declaration that a landlord's licence or consent was unreasonably withheld in certain cases), for the words " whatever the value of the demised property or the rent payable under the tenancy " there shall be substituted the words " whatever the net annual value for rating of the demised property ".

PART III

TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

Transfer of proceedings from county court, etc.

13. The amendments made by this Act in section forty-four of the principal Act shall apply to proceedings begun before, as well as on or after, the relevant date, and in relation to proceedings begun before the relevant date a county court judge may, if he sees fit, refuse to make an order under the proviso to subsection (2) of section sixty or section sixty-four of the principal Act, if the proceedings are within the jurisdiction of the court as extended by this Act; but nothing in this Act shall be taken to affect any order made before the relevant date under any of the said provisions.

Transfer of proceedings to county court

14. The amendments made by this Act in sections forty-five and one hundred and thirty-eight of the principal Act shall apply to proceedings begun before, as well as on or after, the relevant date, and in relation to proceedings begun before the relevant date the High Court or a judge thereof shall have the same powers under section fifty, fifty-four, fifty-eight or sixty-one of the principal Act as he would have if the proceedings had been begun after that date.

Costs of proceedings in High Court

15. The amendments made by this Act in sections forty-seven and fifty-nine of the principal Act shall not apply to proceedings begun before the relevant date.

Miscellaneous

16. In relation to proceedings begun before the relevant date, nothing in this Act shall affect the jurisdiction conferred on the Mayor's and City of London Court by section thirty-nine of the London (City) Small Debts Extension Act, 1852, or section twelve of the Mayor's Court of London Procedure Act, 1857, or the operation of section eight of the Mayor's and City of London Court Act, 1920.

17. In this Part of this Schedule "the relevant date" means the date on which sections one to four of this Act come into force.

Section 13

SECOND SCHEDULE

REPEALS

PART I

CONSEQUENTIAL REPEALS

Session and Chapter	Short Title	Extent of Repeal
15 & 16 Vict. c. lxxvii.	The London (City) Small Debts Extension Act, 1852.	Section thirty-nine.
20 & 21 Vict. c. clvii.	The Mayor's Court of London Procedure Act, 1857.	Sections three and twelve.
24 & 25 Geo. 5. c. 53.	The County Courts Act, 1934	In section one hundred and ten, the words "on a point of law arising".
1 & 2 Geo. 6. c. 63.	The Administration of Justice (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1938.	Section sixteen; section eighteen; in the Second Schedule, the entries relating to sections forty, forty-one, forty-two, and forty-four of the County Courts Act, 1934.
14 Geo. 6. c. 4	The High Court and County Court Judges Act, 1950.	Section two.

PART II

OBSOLETE ENACTMENTS RELATING TO CITY OF LONDON COURT

Session and Chapter	Short Title	Extent of Repeal
15 & 16 Vict. c. lxxvii.	The London (City) Small Debts Extension Act, 1852.	Sections two, three, four, seven, eighteen, nineteen, twenty-two, thirty, thirty-six to thirty-eight and forty-one to one hundred and two; section one hundred and three, except the words "all sums of money paid into the court shall, if unclaimed, be applicable as part of the general fund of the court and shall be carried to the account of such fund"; sections one hundred and four to one hundred and seven, one hundred and nine to one hundred and seventeen and one hundred and twenty-three to one hundred and thirty-four; the Schedule.
34 & 35 Vict. c. iii.	The City of London Court Act, 1871.	The whole Act.

Table of Statutes referred to in this Act

Short Title	Session and Chapter
London (City) Small Debts Extension Act, 1852	15 & 16 Vict. c. lxxvii.
Mayor's Court of London Procedure Act, 1857	20 & 21 Vict. c. clvii.
Mayor's and City of London Court Act, 1920...	10 & 11 Geo. 5. c. cxxxiv.
Settled Land Act, 1925	15 & 16 Geo. 5. c. 18.
Law of Property Act, 1925	15 & 16 Geo. 5. c. 20.
Rent and Mortgage Interest Restrictions (Amendment) Act, 1933	23 & 24 Geo. 5. c. 32.
County Courts Act, 1934	24 & 25 Geo. 5. c. 53.
Administration of Justice (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1938	1 & 2 Geo. 6. c. 63.
Crown Proceedings Act, 1947	10 & 11 Geo. 6. c. 44
Landlord and Tenant Act, 1954	2 & 3 Eliz. 2. c. 56.
Requisitioned Houses and Housing (Amendment) Act, 1955	3 & 4 Eliz. 2. c. 24.

PRINTED BY JOHN ROUGHTON SIMPSON, C.B.
Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office and Queen's Printer of Acts of Parliament