thirty days an address is presented to Her Majesty by either House of Parliament, praying that the order may not come into operation. Any such order in respect whereof no such address shall have been presented to Her Majesty shall from and after the expiration of such period of thirty days be of the same force and effect as if it had been expressly enacted in this Act.

Transfer of powers.

3. From and after the passing of this Act the Lord Chief Justice shall be capable of exercising all powers and authorities which by any law or custom have heretofore been exercised by the Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, and from and after the first vacancy which shall occur in the office of Chief Baron of the Exchequer, shall be capable of exercising all powers and authorities which by any law or custom shall theretofore have been exercised by the Chief Baron of the Exchequer.

Alteration in the number of judges required for certain functions.

4. From and after the passing of this Act all the powers and functions which may be exercised and all the matters and things which may be done by the Lord Chancellor, the Chief Justice, the Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, and the Chief Baron, or any three or any two of such persons of whom the Lord Chancellor shall be one, as enacted by the seventy-second and seventy-third sections of the Supreme Court of Judicature Act (Ireland), 1877, and by the Supreme Court of Judicature (Ireland) Act, 1882, may be exercised by the Lord Chancellor and the Chief Justice, and the Chief Baron of the Exchequer, or any two of them, of whom the Lord Chancellor shall be one, and may, on the occurrence of a vacancy in the office of Chief Baron, be exercised by the Lord Chancellor and the Chief Justice, subject, however, to the conditions imposed by those enactments with reference to the concurrence of the Treasury and otherwise.

40 & 41 Vict. c. 57. 45 & 46 Vict. c. 70.

Interpretation.

5. In this Act the expression puisne judges of the High Court shall mean judges of the High Court who are not ex-officio judges of the Court of Appeal; other terms and expressions used in this Act shall have the same meanings respectively as in the Supreme Court of Judicature Act (Ireland), 1877; and the last-mentioned Act and this Act shall be construed together.

Short title.

6. This Act may be cited as the Supreme Court of Judicature (Ireland) Act, 1887.

CHAPTER 7.

An Act to amend the Customs Consolidation Act, 1876.

[23rd May 1887.]

WHEREAS it is right and expedient that the proviso hereinafter contained should be added to the one hundred and seventy-ninth section of the Customs Consolidation Act, 1876:

39 & 40 Vict. c. 36.

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1. The words following shall be added to the said section, and shall be taken and read as part of the same, viz.:—"And provided "also, that no person shall be liable to conviction under this "section unless there shall be reasonable cause to believe that such "person was concerned in, or privy to, the illegal act or thing "proved to have been committed." Amendment of s. 179 of Customs Consolidation Act, 1876.

2. This Act may be cited as the Customs Consolidation Act, 1876, Amendment Act, 1887. Short title.

CHAPTER 8.

An Act to amend the Incumbents of Benefices Loans Extension Act, 1886. [23rd May 1887.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Incumbents of Benefices Loans Extension Act, 1886:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1. This Act may be cited for all purposes as the Incumbents of Benefices Loans Extension Act, 1886, Amendment Act, 1887; and this Act and the Incumbents of Benefices Loans Extension Act, 1886, (herein-after referred to as the principal Act) may be cited together as the Incumbents of Benefices Loans Extension Acts, 1886–87. Short title.

2. In section one of the principal Act the words "by extending "such term for any period not exceeding twenty years from the "yearly period next before the date of the resolution to be passed "in respect of such benefice, to be accompanied by a correspond-"ing reduction of the amount of the annual instalment of principal "and interest," shall be read and have effect as if the following words had been inserted in lieu thereof; that is to say, "by ex-"tending such term for any period not exceeding twenty years, "so that by such extension the amount of the annual instalments "payable in respect of the loan shall be reduced as from the day "of the annual payment due next before the date of the resolution "to be passed in respect of such benefice"; and such extension may be granted notwithstanding the original term may have been before extended. Provided that the whole term of the two extensions shall not exceed in any case twenty years. And in the case of any extension of the time for the payment of instalments the term of years for which the possessions of the benefice are mortgaged shall be enlarged to the like extent. Amendment of 49 & 50 Vict. c. 34. s. 1.