They replace the Customs (Land Boundary) Regulations, 1936, which prescribed a similar area and which were made under section four of the Irish Free State (Consequential Provisions) Act, 1922, repealed by the Customs and Excise Act, 1952.

DANGEROUS DRUGS

1953 No. 499

The Dangerous Drugs Regulations, 1953

Made - - - -	21*st March*, 1953
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I.—CONTROL OF RAW OPIUM &C.

Regulations

1. Application to drugs to which Part I of the Act applies.
2. Supply, procuring and advertising of drugs.
3. Possession of drugs.
4. General authority for certain classes of persons to possess and supply drugs.
5. Keeping of register.

PART II.—CONTROL OF DRUGS, OTHER THAN CERTAIN DRUGS, TO WHICH PART III OF THE ACT APPLIES

6. Application to drugs and preparations to which Part III of the Act applies, with certain exceptions.
7. Manufacture of drugs.
8. Supply, procuring and advertising of drugs and preparations.
9. Possession of drugs and preparations.
10. General authority for certain classes of persons to possess and supply drugs and preparations.
11. Prohibition on prescribing.
12. General authority for authorised sellers of poisons to manufacture preparations and retail drugs and preparations.
13. Special provisions in respect of masters of ships, farmers and stock-owners, and certified midwives.
14. Form of prescription.
15. Provisions as to supply on prescription.
16. Marking of packages and bottles.
17. Keeping of register or other records.
18. Exemption of certain prescriptions.

PART III.—CONTROL OF METHYLMORPHINE, ETHYLMORPHINE, MORPHOLINYLETHYLMORPHINE, DIHYDROCODEINE AND THEIR SALTS

19. Application to methylmorphine, ethylmorphine, morpholinylethylmorphine, dihydrocodeine and their salts.
20. Manufacture of drugs.
21. Supply of drugs.
22. Possession of drugs.
23. Marking of packages and bottles.
24. Keeping of register.
25. Exemption in certain cases.

PART IV.—GENERAL

Regulations

26. Definition of " drug ".
27. Definition of " possession ".
28. Supply otherwise than on prescription.
29. Withdrawal of authority.
30. Withdrawal of authority in Northern Ireland.
31. Consignment between places outside Great Britain.
32. Requirements as to registers.
33. Preservation of documents.
34. Exemption of carriers.
35. Construction of licence or authority.
36. Revocation of licence or group authority.
37. Interpretation.
38. Revocation.
39. Extent.
40. Citation and commencement.

SCHEDULES

FIRST SCHEDULE—
Form of register.

SECOND SCHEDULE—
Drugs to which Part III of the Act applies to which Part II of these Regulations does not apply.

THIRD SCHEDULE—
Drugs to which Part II of these Regulations applies and classes of drugs for the purposes of the register required to be kept under Regulation 17.

FOURTH SCHEDULE—
Form of certificate.

In pursuance of the powers conferred on me by sections three and nine, and subsection (3) of section ten of the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1951(a), and the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1951 (Application) Order, 1952(b), made under the said subsection (3), I hereby make the following Regulations:—

PART I.—CONTROL OF RAW OPIUM &c.

Application to drugs to which Part I of the Act applies

1. This Part of these Regulations shall apply to any drug, resin or preparation, other than extract or tincture of Indian hemp, to which Part I of the Act applies, and hereafter in this Part of these Regulations the expression " drug " means any such drug, resin or preparation as aforesaid.

Supply, procuring and advertising of drugs

2.—(1) A person shall not supply or procure, or offer to supply or procure, to or for any person, including himself, whether in Great Britain or elsewhere, or advertise for sale, a drug, unless he is generally authorised, or, under this Regulation, licensed or authorised as a member of a group so to

(a) 14 & 15 Geo. 6. c. 48. (b) S.I. 1952/347; 1952 I, p. 778.

do, nor otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations and, in the case of a person licensed or authorised as a member of a group, with the terms and conditions of his licence or group authority.

(2) (*a*) A person shall not supply or procure, or offer to supply or procure, a drug to or for any person in Great Britain unless that person is generally authorised, or, under Regulation 3 of these Regulations, licensed or authorised as a member of a group to be in possession of the drug and the drug is to be supplied or procured in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations and, in the case of a person licensed or authorised as a member of a group, with the terms and conditions of his licence or group authority.

(*b*) A person shall not in Great Britain supply or procure, or offer to supply or procure, a drug to or for any person in Northern Ireland or the Isle of Man unless that person is entitled to be in possession of the drug and the drug is to be supplied or procured in accordance with the terms and conditions of that person's entitlement.

In this sub-paragraph "entitled" means entitled under any permission (by whatever name called) issued by, as the case may be, the Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland or the Lieutenant-Governor of the Isle of Man, or entitled under any provision relating to the drug and in force in, as the case may be, Northern Ireland or the Isle of Man and "entitlement" shall be construed accordingly.

Possession of drugs

3. A person shall not be in possession of a drug unless he is generally so authorised or, under this Regulation, so licensed or authorised as a member of a group, nor otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations and, in the case of a person licensed or authorised as a member of a group, with the terms and conditions of his licence or group authority.

General authority for certain classes of persons to possess and supply drugs

4.—(1) Subject to the provisions of these Regulations a person who is a member of any of the following classes, that is to say:—

(*a*) duly qualified medical practitioners;

(*b*) registered veterinary surgeons and persons registered in the Supplementary Veterinary Register in pursuance of the Veterinary Surgeons Act, 1948(**a**);

(*c*) authorised sellers of poisons;

(*d*) registered pharmacists who are employed or engaged in dispensing medicines at a hospital, infirmary, health centre or dispensary wholly or mainly maintained by a public authority out of public funds or by a charity or by voluntary subscriptions;

(*e*) persons who are in charge of a laboratory used for the purposes of research or instruction and attached to—

(i) a university, university college or such a hospital or infirmary as aforesaid,

(ii) any other institution approved for the purposes of this Regulation by the Secretary of State;

(*f*) public analysts under and within the meaning of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938(**b**), or, in Scotland, the Food and Drugs (Adulteration) Act, 1928(**c**);

(*g*) persons acting as sampling officers under and within the meaning of the said Acts;

(a) 11 & 12 Geo. 6. c. 52. (b) 1 & 2 Geo. 6. c. 56. (c) 18 & 19 Geo. 5. c. 31.

(*h*) persons duly appointed by the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain as inspectors under section twenty-five of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933(**a**),

shall be authorised, so far as may be necessary for the practice or exercise of his said profession, function or employment, and in his capacity as a member of his said class, to be in possession of and to supply drugs.

(2) Every drug in the actual custody of a person authorised by virtue of this Regulation to be in possession thereof shall, except when the necessities of the practice of the profession, function or employment, by virtue of which that person is authorised as aforesaid otherwise require, be kept in a locked receptacle which can be opened only by him or by some other person authorised by virtue of this Regulation to be in possession of the drug.

Keeping of register

5. Every person generally authorised or licensed or authorised as a member of a group to supply any drugs shall comply with the following provisions, that is to say :—

(*a*) he shall, in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation and Regulation 32 of these Regulations, keep a register and enter therein in chronological sequence in the form specified in, as the case may be, Part I or Part II of the First Schedule to these Regulations, true particulars with respect to every quantity of any drug obtained by him and with respect to every quantity of any drug supplied by him whether to persons within or to persons outside Great Britain :

(*b*) he shall use a separate register or separate part of the register with respect to each of the following classes of drugs, that is to say :—

(i) raw opium,

(ii) coca leaves,

(iii) Indian hemp and resins obtained from Indian hemp and all preparations (other than extract and tincture of Indian hemp) of which such resins form the base.

PART II.—CONTROL OF DRUGS, OTHER THAN CERTAIN DRUGS, TO WHICH PART III OF THE ACT APPLIES

Application to drugs and preparations to which Part III of the Act applies, with certain exceptions

6.—(1) This Part of these Regulations shall apply to any drug to which Part III of the Act (whether as enacted or as applied with or without modification by any Order in Council) for the time being applies, other than methylmorphine, ethylmorphine, morpholinylethylmorphine, dihydrocodeine and their salts and any of the preparations, admixtures, extracts or other substances specified in the Second Schedule to these Regulations (that is to say, the drugs to which this Part applies are the drugs specified in the Third Schedule to these Regulations and any other drugs to which the said Part III whether with or without modifications for the time being applies by virtue of any Order in Council made under the Act after the date of these Regulations).

(2) In the following provisions of this Part of these Regulations the expression " drug " means any drug to which this Part of these Regulations applies other than a preparation as defined for the purpose of this Part of these Regulations in paragraph (3) of this Regulation.

(**a**) 23 & 24 Geo. 5. c. 25.

(3) In this Part of these Regulations the expression " preparation " means any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing such a proportion of any drug to which this Part of these Regulations applies as is sufficient to make the preparation, admixture, extract or substance a drug to which Part III of the Act for the time being applies.

Manufacture of drugs

7. A person shall not manufacture, or carry on any process in the manufacture of, a drug—

(*a*) unless he is generally authorised, or licensed under this Regulation, so to do ;

(*b*) except on premises on which he is permitted by his general authority so to do, or on premises licensed for the purpose under this Regulation ; nor

(*c*) otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations and, in the case of a person licensed, with the terms and conditions of his licence.

Supply, procuring and advertising of drugs and preparations

8.—(1) A person shall not supply or procure, or offer to supply or procure, to or for any person, including himself, whether in Great Britain or elsewhere, or advertise for sale, a drug or preparation, unless he is generally authorised, or, under this Regulation, licensed or authorised as a member of a group so to do, nor otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations and, in the case of a person licensed or authorised as a member of a group, with the terms and conditions of his licence or group authority.

(2) (*a*) A person shall not supply or procure, or offer to supply or procure, a drug or preparation to or for any person in Great Britain unless that person is generally authorised, or, under Regulation 9 of these Regulations, licensed or authorised as a member of a group to be in possession of the drug or preparation and the drug or preparation is to be supplied or procured in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations and, in the case of a person licensed or authorised as a member of a group, with the terms and conditions of his licence or group authority :

Provided that for the purposes of this paragraph the administration of a drug or preparation by, or under the direct personal supervision and in the presence of, a duly qualified medical practitioner or by, or under the direct personal supervision of, and in the presence of, a registered dentist in the course of dental treatment, or by a certified midwife under and in accordance with paragraph (4) of Regulation 13 of these Regulations, shall be deemed not to be the supplying of the drug or preparation.

(*b*) A person shall not in Great Britain supply or procure, or offer to supply or procure, a drug or preparation to or for any person in Northern Ireland or the Isle of Man unless that person is entitled to be in possession of the drug or preparation and the drug or preparation is to be supplied or procured in accordance with the terms and conditions of that person's entitlement.

In this sub-paragraph " entitled " means entitled under any permission (by whatever name called) issued by, as the case may be, the Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland or the Lieutenant-Governor of the Isle of Man or entitled under any provision relating to the drug or preparation, and in force in, as the case may be, Northern Ireland or the Isle of Man, and " entitlement " shall be construed accordingly.

Possession of drugs and preparations

9.—(1) A person shall not be in possession of a drug or preparation unless he is generally so authorised, or, under this Regulation, so licensed or authorised as a member of a group, nor otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations and, in the case of a person licensed or authorised as a member of a group, with the terms and conditions of his licence or group authority.

(2) For the purposes of these Regulations a person to whom a drug or preparation is lawfully supplied—

(*a*) by a duly qualified medical practitioner or registered veterinary surgeon or person registered in the Supplementary Veterinary Register in pursuance of the Veterinary Surgeons Act, 1948;

(*b*) on a prescription lawfully given by a duly qualified medical practitioner, a registered dentist or a registered veterinary surgeon or person registered in the Supplementary Veterinary Register in pursuance of the Veterinary Surgeons Act, 1948,

shall be deemed to be a person generally authorised to be in possession of the drug or preparation so supplied:

Provided that a person supplied with a drug or preparation by, or upon a prescription given by, a medical practitioner shall not be deemed to be a person generally authorised to be in possession of the drug or preparation if he was then being supplied with a drug or preparation by, or on a prescription given by, another medical practitioner in the course of treatment, and did not disclose the fact to the first-mentioned medical practitioner before the supply by him or on his prescription.

General authority for certain classes of persons to possess and supply drugs and preparations

10.—(1) Subject to the provisions of these Regulations, a person who is a member of any of the following classes, that is to say:—

(*a*) duly qualified medical practitioners;

(*b*) registered dentists;

(*c*) registered veterinary surgeons and persons registered in the Supplementary Veterinary Register in pursuance of the Veterinary Surgeons Act, 1948;

(*d*) registered pharmacists who are employed or engaged in dispensing medicines at a hospital, infirmary, health centre or dispensary wholly or mainly maintained by a public authority or out of public funds or by a charity or by voluntary subscriptions;

(*e*) sisters or acting sisters for the time being in charge of a ward or out-patients department in such a hospital or infirmary as aforesaid;

(*f*) persons who are in charge of a laboratory used for the purposes of research or instruction and attached to—

(i) a university, university college or such a hospital or infirmary as aforesaid,

(ii) any other institution approved for the purposes of this Regulation by the Secretary of State;

(*g*) public analysts under and within the meaning of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, or, in Scotland, the Food and Drugs (Adulteration) Act, 1928;

(*h*) persons acting as sampling officers under and within the meaning of the said Acts;

(*i*) persons duly appointed by the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain as inspectors under section twenty-five of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933;

(*j*) persons who are employed or engaged in connection with a scheme for testing the quality and amount of the drugs, preparations and appliances supplied under the National Health Service Act, 1946(**a**), or the National Health Service (Scotland) Act, 1947(**b**), and the Regulations made thereunder,

shall be authorised, so far as may be necessary for the practice or exercise of his said profession, function or employment, and in his capacity as a member of his said class, to be in possession of, and to supply, drugs and preparations:

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall—

(i) authorise a dentist to supply drugs or preparations unless the drugs or preparations are administered by him, or under his direct supervision and in his presence, to persons receiving treatment by him, or

(ii) authorise a sister or acting sister in charge of a ward or out-patients department in a hospital or infirmary to procure a drug or preparation except from a person employed or engaged in dispensing medicines at the hospital or infirmary and except upon a written order therefor signed by her, or to supply a drug or preparation except in accordance with the directions of a duly qualified medical practitioner in charge of any patients in the ward, or, as the case may be, the out-patients department.

(2) A person who is not a registered pharmacist but who—

(*a*) not being the matron or acting matron thereof, was, on the thirty-first day of December, 1948, employed in a hospital or infirmary wholly or mainly maintained by a public authority or out of public funds or by a charity or by voluntary subscriptions as sole or head dispenser of medicines;

(*b*) was in the course of his said employment on the said date lawfully entitled to be in possession of, and to supply, drugs and preparations;

(*c*) had on the said date had not less than three years' experience in such said employment during which he was lawfully entitled as aforesaid; and

(*d*) is employed as sole or head dispenser of medicines in the same hospital or infirmary in which he was employed on the said date or in another such hospital or infirmary as aforesaid, in which, if he had been so employed therein on the said date, he would have been lawfully entitled to be in possession of, and to supply, drugs and preparations,

shall be authorised, so far as may be necessary for the practice or exercise of his said employment as sole or head dispenser, and in his capacity as such, to be in possession of, and to supply, drugs and preparations.

(3) The matron or acting matron of a hospital or infirmary wholly or mainly maintained by a public authority or out of public funds or by a charity or by voluntary subscriptions in which no registered pharmacist and no person authorised by virtue of paragraph (2) of this Regulation to be in possession of, and to supply, drugs and preparations, is employed or engaged in dispensing medicines, is hereby authorised, so far as may be necessary for the purposes of the hospital or infirmary, and in her capacity as matron or acting matron thereof, to be in possession of, and to supply, drugs and preparations:

(a) 9 & 10 Geo. 6. c. 81. (b) 10 & 11 Geo. 6. c. 27.

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall authorise a matron or acting matron of a hospital or infirmary to procure a drug or preparation except on an order signed by a duly qualified medical practitioner employed or engaged in the hospital or infirmary.

(4) Every drug or preparation in the actual custody of a person authorised by virtue of this Regulation to be in possession thereof, shall, except when the necessities of the practice of the profession, function or employment by virtue of which that person is authorised as aforesaid otherwise require, be kept in a locked receptacle which can be opened only by him or by some other person authorised by virtue of this Regulation to be in possession of the drug or preparation.

(5) A written order signed by a sister or acting sister in a hospital or infirmary in accordance with the requirements of proviso (ii) to paragraph (1) of this Regulation upon which she procures a drug or preparation shall be marked, in such manner as to show that it has been complied with, by the person employed or engaged in dispensing medicines who complies with the order, and shall be kept in the dispensary, and a copy or note thereof shall be kept by the sister or acting sister for the time being in charge of the ward, theatre or other section of the hospital or infirmary for use in which the drug or preparation was procured.

Prohibition on prescribing

11. Where a person whose general authority is withdrawn under paragraph (1) of Regulation 29 of these Regulations is a duly qualified medical practitioner, a registered dentist or a registered veterinary surgeon or a person registered in the Supplementary Veterinary Register in pursuance of the Veterinary Surgeons Act, 1948(**a**), the Secretary of State may, by notice given in the London Gazette and in the Edinburgh Gazette direct that it shall not be lawful for that person to give prescriptions prescribing a drug or preparation.

General authority for authorised sellers of poisons to manufacture preparations and retail drugs and preparations

12.—(1) An authorised seller of poisons shall be authorised—

(*a*) in the ordinary course of his retail business to manufacture at any premises registered by him under section twelve of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933(**b**)—

(i) any extract or tincture of Indian hemp, and

(ii) any preparation ; and

(*b*) subject to the provisions of these Regulations, to carry on at any such premises the business of retailing, dispensing and compounding drugs and preparations:

Provided that nothing in this Regulation shall be construed as authorising any such person to be in possession of any drug or preparation except on premises registered under the said section twelve.

(2) Every drug or preparation in the actual custody of a person authorised by virtue of this Regulation to be in possession thereof shall be kept in a locked receptacle which can be opened only by him or by some assistant of his who is a pharmacist and is not a person whose authority has been withdrawn under paragraph (1) of Regulation 29 of these Regulations.

(**a**) 11 & 12 Geo. 6. c. 52. (**b**) 23 & 24 Geo. 5. c. 25.

Special provisions in respect of masters of ships, farmers and stockowners, and certified midwives

13.—(1) (*a*) The master of a ship which does not carry on board as part of her complement a duly qualified medical practitioner is hereby authorised—

(i) so far as necessary for the purpose of compliance with the Merchant Shipping Acts, to be in possession of drugs and preparations, and

(ii) subject to and in accordance with any conditions imposed by the Secretary of State and any instructions issued by the Minister of Transport, to supply those drugs and preparations to members of the crew.

(*b*) Where a drug or preparation is supplied to a member of the crew of a ship, an entry in the official log book, or, in the case of a ship which is not required under the Merchant Shipping Acts to carry an official log book, a report signed by the master of the ship, shall notwithstanding anything in these Regulations be a sufficient record of the supply, if the entry or report specifies the drug or preparation supplied and, in the case of such a report as aforesaid, it is delivered as soon as may be to the superintendent of a mercantile marine office.

(*c*) In this paragraph the expression—

" the Merchant Shipping Acts " means the Merchant Shipping Acts, 1894 to 1950 ;

" the official log book " means the official log book required to be kept under the Merchant Shipping Acts ; and

" mercantile marine office " means a mercantile marine office established and maintained under the Merchant Shipping Acts.

(2) (*a*) The master of a foreign ship which is in a port in Great Britain shall be authorised to procure such quantity of drugs and preparations as may be certified by the medical officer of health of the port health authority within whose jurisdiction the ship is or, in his absence, by the assistant medical officer of health, to be necessary for the equipment of the ship until it reaches its home port.

(*b*) A person who supplies a drug or preparation in accordance with a certificate given under this paragraph shall retain the certificate and mark it with the date on which the drug or preparation was supplied and keep it on his premises so as to be at all times available for inspection.

(3) A farmer or stockowner who has obtained for the purpose from the Chief Officer of Police for the area in which he carries on business a certificate, which shall be valid only for the person and in respect of the premises named therein, in the form set out in the Fourth Schedule to these Regulations shall be authorised to be in possession of not more than thirty-two ounces at one time of tincture of opium, subject to the following conditions and requirements, that is to say:—

(*a*) the tincture may only be purchased from the person specified on the back of the said certificate ;

(*b*) the said certificate must be produced to the person supplying the tincture on the occasion of each purchase ;

(*c*) there must be entered on the back of the said certificate at the time of each purchase by the person supplying the tincture the date of the purchase and the quantity purchased, and the said person supplying the tincture must append his signature to the entry ;

(*d*) the tincture shall be kept by the farmer or stockowner or his responsible manager under lock and key and may only be issued to responsible persons in his employment for the purpose of administration to animals ;

(*e*) each bottle or vessel containing the tincture shall be labelled with the words " For administration to animals only " ;

(*f*) the tincture shall not be used for any purpose whatsoever except the treatment of animals ;

(*g*) the said certificate must be produced for inspection when required by any constable or by any person empowered for the purpose by the Secretary of State, and such particulars of the purchases of the tincture as may be required must be furnished to the Secretary of State ;

(*h*) if the farmer or stockowner ceases to carry on business at the address named in the said certificate, the certificate must be returned immediately to the Chief Officer of Police for the area aforesaid ; and

(*i*) the said certificate may be revoked at any time by the Chief Officer of Police by whom it was issued, or by the Secretary of State, and on revocation shall be surrendered to the said Chief Officer of Police.

(4) (*a*) A certified midwife, who has in accordance with the provisions of the Midwives Act, 1951(**a**), or the Midwives (Scotland) Act, 1951(**b**), notified to the local supervising authority within the meaning of those Acts her intention to practise, is hereby authorised, so far as necessary for the practice of her profession or employment as a midwife, to be in possession of medicinal opium, tincture of opium and pethidine which she has procured upon furnishing to the supplier thereof a midwife's supply order, and to administer those drugs or preparations so far as is necessary as aforesaid, subject to the following conditions, that is to say: —

(i) she shall not procure from a person supplying it an amount of a drug or preparation greater than that specified in the midwife's supply order which she furnishes to him ;

(ii) she shall on each occasion on which a supply of the drug or preparation is procured enter in the drugs book (being a book kept by her and used solely for the purposes of this paragraph) the name of the drug or preparation obtained, the date, the name and address of the person supplying it, the amount supplied and the form in which it was obtained ;

(iii) she shall, on administering a drug or preparation to any woman, as soon as practicable enter in the drugs book the name of the drug or preparation administered, the name and address of the woman to whom it was administered, the amount administered and the form in which it was administered, and the entry so made shall, notwithstanding any other requirement of these Regulations, be a sufficient record of the administration ;

(iv) she shall, except when the necessities of the practice of her profession or employment as a midwife otherwise require, keep every drug or preparation in her possession in a locked receptacle which can be opened only by her.

(*b*) In this paragraph, the expression " midwife's supply order " means an order in writing—

(i) specifying the name of the midwife obtaining a supply of the drug or preparation, stating the fact that she is a midwife and giving the following particulars in regard to the drug or preparation to be procured, that is to say, its name, the purpose for which it is required and the total quantity to be procured or, when the drug or preparation is packed in ampoules, either the said total quantity or the total quantity intended to be administered or injected, and

(**a**) 14 & 15 Geo. 6. c. 53. (**b**) 14 & 15 Geo. 6. c. 54.

(ii) bearing the signature of the medical officer of health of the local supervising authority within the meaning of the Midwives Act, 1951, or, as the case may be, of the Midwives (Scotland) Act, 1951, for the district in which the supply of the drug or preparation is to be obtained or of a person authorised in writing in that behalf by the said medical officer, being a person who is in the employment of the said authority and is either a duly qualified medical practitioner or a person appointed or deemed to have been appointed under subsection (3) of section seventeen of the Midwives Act, 1951, by the said authority to exercise supervision over certified midwives within their area or, as the case may be, appointed or deemed to have been appointed in accordance with subsection (3) of section eighteen of the Midwives (Scotland) Act, 1951, to exercise supervision over certified midwives practising within their area.

Form of prescription

14.—(1) A person by whom a prescription prescribing a drug or preparation is given shall comply with the following requirements, that is to say, the prescription shall—

(*a*) be in writing and signed by the person giving it with his usual signature, and be dated by him;

(*b*) except in the case of a health prescription, specify the address of the person giving it;

(*c*) specify the name and address of the person for whose treatment it is given or, if it is given by a veterinary surgeon or a person registered in the Supplementary Veterinary Register in pursuance of the Veterinary Surgeons Act, 1948, of the person to whom the article prescribed is to be delivered;

(*d*) have written thereon, if given by a dentist, the words "For local dental treatment only", and if given by a veterinary surgeon or a person registered in the Supplementary Veterinary Register in pursuance of the Veterinary Surgeons Act, 1948, the words "For animal treatment only";

(*e*) if the preparation prescribed is a recognised preparation, or if all the preparations contained therein are recognised preparations, specify the total amount of the preparation or, as the case may be, of each preparation or, when the preparation is packed in ampoules, either specify as aforesaid, or specify the total amount of the preparation or, as the case may be, of each preparation, intended to be administered or injected;

(*f*) if the preparation prescribed is not a recognised preparation, specify the total amount of the drug to be supplied, or, when the preparation is packed in ampoules, either the said total amount or the total amount intended to be administered or injected.

In this paragraph the expression "recognised preparation" means a preparation contained in the British Pharmacopoeia, the British Pharmaceutical Codex or any formulary issued by the Minister of Health for the purposes of the National Health Service Act, 1946(**a**), or, as the case may be, by the Secretary of State for the purposes of the National Health Service (Scotland) Act, 1947(**b**).

(2) In the case of a prescription given for the treatment of a patient in a hospital or infirmary sub-paragraph (*c*) of paragraph (1) of this Regulation shall be deemed to have been complied with if the prescription is written

(**a**) 9 & 10 Geo. 6. c. 81. (**b**) 10 & 11 Geo. 6. c. 27.

on the patient's bed card or case sheet, and in such a case the initials of the person giving the prescription shall be deemed to be a sufficient signature for the purposes of sub-paragraph (*a*) of the said paragraph (1).

Provisions as to supply on prescription

15.—(1) A person shall not supply a drug or preparation on a prescription—

(*a*) unless the prescription complies with the provisions of these Regulations relating to prescriptions ; and

(*b*) unless he either is acquainted with the signature of the person by whom it purports to be given and has no reason to suppose that it is not genuine, or has taken reasonably sufficient steps to satisfy himself that it is genuine.

(2) If a prescription prescribing a drug or preparation expressly states that it may, subject to the lapse of an interval or intervals specified in the prescription be dispensed a second or third time, the drug or preparation thereby prescribed may, as the case may be, be supplied a second or third time after the specified interval or intervals but no more, but, subject as aforesaid, a prescription shall not for the purposes of these Regulations be taken as enabling the drug or preparation prescribed to be supplied more than once.

(3) A person dispensing a prescription prescribing a drug or preparation shall, at the time of dispensing it, mark thereon the date on which it is dispensed, and, in the case of a prescription which may be dispensed a second or third time, the date of each occasion on which it is dispensed, and shall, unless it is a health prescription, retain and keep it on the premises where it is dispensed and so as to be at all times available for inspection.

Marking of packages and bottles

16.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Regulation, no person shall—

(*a*) supply a drug unless the package or bottle in which it is contained is plainly marked with the amount of the drug contained therein ; or

(*b*) supply a preparation, unless the package or bottle in which it is contained is plainly marked—

(i) in the case of a powder, solution or ointment, with the total amount thereof in the package or bottle and the percentage of the drug contained in the powder, solution or ointment,

(ii) in the case of tablets or other similar articles, with the amount of the drug in each article and the number of articles in the package or bottle.

(2) Nothing in this Regulation shall apply in a case where a preparation is lawfully supplied in accordance with this Part of these Regulations by, or on a prescription lawfully given by, a duly qualified medical practitioner.

Keeping of register or other records

17.—(1) Every person generally authorised, or licensed or authorised as a member of a group, to supply drugs or preparations, other than a sister or acting sister who is so generally authorised by virtue of sub-paragraph (*e*) of paragraph (1) of Regulation 10 of these Regulations, shall comply with the following provisions, that is to say :—

(*a*) he shall, in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation and of Regulation 32 of these Regulations, keep a register and enter therein in chronological sequence in the form specified in, as the case may be,

Part I or Part II of the First Schedule to these Regulations true particulars with respect to every quantity of any drug or preparation obtained by him and with respect to every quantity of any drug or preparation supplied by him, whether to persons within or to persons outside Great Britain;

(*b*) he shall use a separate register or separate part of the register with respect to each of the classes of drugs and preparations set out in paragraphs (i) to (xxx) of the Third Schedule to these Regulations and with respect to each of the esters, ethers or derivatives included in paragraph (xxxi) of the said Schedule, and for this purpose any such said ester, ether or derivative shall be deemed to comprise its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing it or its salts.

(2) (*a*) So much of paragraph (1) of this Regulation as requires a person to enter in the register required to be kept under that paragraph particulars with respect to drugs or preparations shall not apply to—

(i) a duly qualified medical practitioner if he enters in a day book true particulars of every drug or preparation supplied by him to any person, together with the name and address of that person and the date of the supply, and enters in a separate book kept for the purposes of this Regulation a proper reference to each entry in the day book which relates to the supply of any drug or preparation; or

(ii) an authorised seller of poisons if he enters in a separate book kept for the purposes of this Regulation a proper reference to each entry in a Pharmacy Act book which relates to the supply of any drug or preparation,

and if, in either case, sub-paragraphs (*b*) and (*c*) of this paragraph are complied with.

(*b*) References in the said separate book must be made in chronological sequence and the book must be kept in separate parts relating respectively to the several classes of drugs and preparations specified in and under sub-paragraph (*b*) of paragraph (1) of this Regulation and shall not be used for any purpose other than the purposes of this paragraph.

(*c*) The entries in the said day book and in the said separate book shall be made on the day on which but for this paragraph an entry would under Regulation 32 of these Regulations have been required to be made in the said register, and sub-paragraph (*c*) of the said Regulation shall apply as respects any such entry as aforesaid as if it were an entry in the said register.

(*d*) In this paragraph the expression " a proper reference " means a reference which is entered in the said separate book under the same date as that on which the entry in the said day book or in the Pharmacy Act book was made and is otherwise such as to enable that entry to be easily identified.

(3) Where a duly qualified medical practitioner, registered dentist, registered veterinary surgeon or person registered in the Supplementary Veterinary Register in pursuance of the Veterinary Surgeons Act, 1948(**a**), obtains or supplies any drug or preparation packed in ampoules, he shall be deemed to have complied with the requirements—

(*a*) of paragraph (1) of this Regulation in regard to entry in the register required to be kept under the said paragraph of true particulars with respect to every quantity of every drug or preparation obtained or supplied, or

(a) 11 & 12 Geo. 6. c. 52.

(*b*) in the case of a medical practitioner supplying drugs or preparations to any person, of paragraph (2) of this Regulation in regard to entry in the day book referred to in the said paragraph of particulars of any drug or preparation supplied by him,

if he enters as the amount which he has obtained, or, as the case may be, supplied, true particulars as to either the total quantity of the drug or preparation or the total quantity thereof intended to be administered or injected.

(4) Every separate book kept under paragraph (2) of this Regulation, every day book in which any entry is made under the said paragraph (2) and every Pharmacy Act book containing an entry which is referred to in such a separate book as aforesaid shall be kept on the premises to which the register or book relates, or, in the case of a book referring to a prescription, where the prescription was dispensed, and so as to be at all times available for inspection.

(5) For the purposes of the preceding paragraphs of this Regulation a drug or preparation administered by, or under the direct supervision and in the presence of, a duly qualified medical practitioner or registered dentist shall be deemed not to have been supplied by him.

Exemption of certain prescriptions

18. Nothing in this Part of these Regulations shall apply to any prescription issued for the purposes of a scheme for testing the quality and amount of the drugs, preparations and appliances supplied under the National Health Service Act, 1946, or the National Health Service (Scotland) Act, 1947, and the Regulations made thereunder or to any prescription issued for the purposes of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938(**a**), or, in Scotland, the Food and Drugs (Adulteration) Act, 1928(**b**), to a sampling officer under and within the meaning of those Acts.

PART III.—CONTROL OF METHYLMORPHINE, ETHYLMORPHINE, MORPHOLINYLETHYLMORPHINE, DIHYDROCODEINE AND THEIR SALTS

Application to methylmorphine, ethylmorphine, morpholinylethylmorphine, dihydrocodeine and their salts

19. This Part of these Regulations shall apply to the following drugs, that is to say—

(*a*) methylmorphine (also known as codeine), ethylmorphine (also known as dionin) and their salts (being drugs to which Part III of the Act applies with modifications by virtue of subsection (3) of section ten thereof and the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1951 (Application) Order, 1952(**c**)).

(*b*) morpholinylethylmorphine and its salts (being drugs comprised in paragraph (*h*) of subsection (1) of the said section ten) and dihydrocodeine and its salts (being drugs to which the said Part III applies by virtue of subsection (2) of the said section ten and the aforesaid Order),

and hereafter in this Part of these Regulations, the expression " drug " means any such drug as aforesaid.

Manufacture of drugs

20. No person shall manufacture, or carry on any process in the manufacture of, a drug—

(*a*) unless he is licensed under this Regulation so to do ; nor

(*b*) otherwise than in accordance with the terms and conditions of his licence.

(**a**) 1 & 2 Geo. 6. c. 56. (**b**) 18 & 19 Geo. 5. c. 31. (**c**) S.I. 1952/347; 1952 I, p. 778.

Supply of drugs

21. Subject to the provisions of this Part of these Regulations, a wholesale dealer shall not supply a drug to any person, whether in Great Britain or elsewhere—

(*a*) unless he is licensed under this Regulation so to do;

(*b*) otherwise than in accordance with the terms and conditions of his licence; or

(*c*) if the drug is to be supplied in any one transaction in a quantity exceeding one pound avoirdupois, unless the person to whom it is to be supplied is licensed under Regulation 22 of these Regulations to be in possession of more than one pound avoirdupois of the drug.

Possession of drugs

22. A person shall not be in possession of a drug in a quantity exceeding one pound avoirdupois unless he is licensed under this Regulation.

Marking of packages and bottles

23. No wholesale dealer licensed under these Regulations to supply a drug shall supply the drug unless the package or bottle in which it is contained is plainly marked with the amount of the drug contained therein.

Keeping of register

24. Every wholesale dealer licensed under these Regulations to supply a drug shall comply with the following provisions, that is to say:—

(*a*) he shall in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation and Regulation 32 of these Regulations keep a register and enter therein in chronological sequence in the form specified in, as the case may be, Part I or Part II of the First Schedule to these Regulations true particulars with respect to every quantity of any drug obtained by him and with respect to every quantity of any drug supplied by him, whether to persons within or to persons outside Great Britain;

(*b*) a separate register or separate part of the register shall be used with respect to each of the following classes of drugs, that is to say:—

(i) methylmorphine and its salts

(ii) ethylmorphine and its salts

(iii) morpholinylethylmorphine and its salts

(iv) dihydrocodeine and its salts.

Exemption in certain cases

25. Nothing in this Part of these Regulations shall apply to any sale or distribution of any drug by a person other than a wholesale dealer and an authorised seller of poisons shall be authorised to carry on at any premises registered by him under section twelve of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933(a), the business of retailing, dispensing and compounding any drug.

PART IV.—GENERAL

Definition of "drug"

26. In this Part of these Regulations the expression "drug" means a drug to which Part I, Part II or Part III of these Regulations applies.

Definition of "possession"

27. For the purposes of these Regulations a person shall be deemed to be in possession of a drug if it is in his actual custody or is held by some other person subject to his control or for him and on his behalf.

(a) 23 & 24 Geo. 5. c. 25.

Supply otherwise than on prescription

28.—(1) Where a drug, other than a drug to which Part III of these Regulations applies, is to be lawfully supplied to any person (hereafter in this Regulation referred to as "the recipient") otherwise than by, or on a prescription given by, a duly qualified medical practitioner, the person supplying the drug (hereafter in this Regulation referred to as "the supplier") shall not deliver it to a person who purports to be sent by or on behalf of the recipient unless that person either—

(*a*) is generally authorised, or licensed or authorised as a member of a group, to be in possession of that drug; or

(*b*) produces to the supplier a statement in writing signed by the recipient to the effect that he is empowered by the recipient to receive the drug in question on behalf of the recipient, and the supplier is reasonably satisfied that the document is a genuine document.

(2) A person to whom a drug is lawfully delivered in the circumstances mentioned in paragraph (1) of this Regulation shall be deemed to be a person authorised to be in possession thereof, but for such period only as in the circumstances of the case is reasonably sufficient to enable delivery to the recipient to be effected.

Withdrawal of authority

29.—(1) If any person generally authorised has been convicted of an offence against the Act or the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1920(**a**), or of an offence against section forty-five, fifty-six or three hundred and four of the Customs and Excise Act, 1952(**b**), in respect of goods being a drug, or, except in the case of an authorised seller of poisons, is the subject of a reception order under the Lunacy Act, 1890(**c**), or of an order deemed to be, or having effect as if it were, a reception order under the said Act, or is undergoing treatment as a temporary patient under section five of the Mental Treatment Act, 1930(**d**), or, in Scotland, is the subject of a reception and detention order, or is a voluntary boarder, under the Lunacy (Scotland) Acts, 1857 to 1919, the Secretary of State may, if he is of opinion that that person cannot properly be allowed to remain an authorised person, by notice in the London Gazette and the Edinburgh Gazette, withdraw the authority of that person:

Provided that in the case of an authorised seller of poisons the Secretary of State shall, before withdrawing his authority, consult the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain.

(2) Where the general authority of any person has been withdrawn under these Regulations the Secretary of State may at any time restore it, or may suspend the withdrawal, and, while the withdrawal is so suspended, that person shall be an authorised person in the same manner as if the authority had never been withdrawn so, however, that the Secretary of State may at any time cancel the suspension.

Withdrawal of authority in Northern Ireland

30. Where any person, being a member of any class of person specified in Regulation 4 or Regulation 10 of these Regulations, or being a person of a description so specified, and having been entitled to be lawfully in possession of, or to supply, a drug in Northern Ireland by virtue of any provision having effect in Northern Ireland and corresponding to any provision in the said Regulation 4 or the said Regulation 10, and having had his said entitlement withdrawn, is no longer a person lawfully entitled as aforesaid in Northern Ireland, then that person shall not, notwithstanding

(**a**) 10 & 11 Geo. 5. c. 46.
(**b**) 15 & 16 Geo. 6 & 1 Eliz. 2. c. 44.
(**c**) 53 & 54 Vict. c. 5.
(**d**) 20 & 21 Geo. 5. c. 23.

anything in the said Regulation 4 or the said Regulation 10, be authorised to be in possession of or to supply a drug.

Consignment between places outside Great Britain

31.—(1) If any drugs, other than drugs to which Part III of these Regulations applies, permitted under the law of any country outside Great Britain to be exported therefrom to any destination outside Great Britain are brought into Great Britain, no person shall, unless he is licensed under this Regulation nor otherwise than in accordance with the terms and conditions of his licence cause or procure those drugs to be diverted to any other destination.

(2) For the purposes of this Regulation the destination to which any drugs are permitted to be exported shall be taken to be the destination stated in the permission for the export thereof from the country of export.

Requirements as to registers

32. The following requirements shall be complied with by any person required to keep a register under, as the case may be, Regulation 5, 17 or 24 of these Regulations, that is to say:—

(*a*) the class of drugs to which the entries on any page of any such register as aforesaid relate shall be specified at the head of that page;

(*b*) every entry required to be made under the said Regulations in such register shall be made on the day on which the drug is received or, as the case may be, on which the transaction with respect to the supply of the drug by the person required to make the entry takes place, or if that is not reasonably practicable, on the day next following the said day;

(*c*) no cancellation, obliteration or alteration of any such entry shall be made, and every correction of such an entry shall be made only by way of a marginal note or footnote which shall specify the date on which the correction is made;

(*d*) every entry required to be made as aforesaid in every such register and every correction of such an entry shall be made in ink or otherwise so as to be indelible;

(*e*) such a register shall not be used for any purpose other than the purposes of these Regulations;

(*f*) the person required as aforesaid to keep such a register shall on demand made by the Secretary of State or by any person empowered in writing by the Secretary of State in that behalf—

(i) furnish such particulars as may be required with respect to the obtaining or supplying by him of any drug, or with respect to any stock of drugs in his possession,

(ii) for the purpose of confirming any such particulars as aforesaid, produce any stock of drugs in his possession, and

(iii) produce the said register and such other books or documents in his possession relating to any dealings in drugs as may be required;

(*g*) a separate register shall be kept in respect of each set of premises at which the person required to keep the register carries on business, but save as aforesaid not more than one register shall be kept at one time in respect of each class of drug in respect of which he is required to keep a separate register or part of a register, so, however, that a separate register may, with the approval of the Secretary of State, be kept in respect of each department of the business carried on by him;

(*h*) every such register shall be kept at the premises to which it relates and so as to be at all times available for inspection.

Preservation of documents

33.—(1) All registers, records, books, prescriptions (other than health prescriptions) and other documents which are kept, issued or made in pursuance of the requirements, or for the purposes, of these Regulations shall be preserved, in the case of a register, book or other like record, for a period of two years from the date on which the last entry therein is made, and in the case of any other document, for a period of two years from the date on which it is issued or made.

(2) Every signed order given for the purposes of paragraph (3) of Rule 7 of the Poisons Rules, 1952(**a**), for a drug shall be preserved for a period of two years from the date on which the last delivery under the order was made.

Exemption of carriers

34. Nothing in these Regulations as respects the possession of a drug shall apply to a person carrying on the business of a carrier, or to any servant of such a person, in so far as that person, or servant is in possession of the drug in the ordinary course of that business.

Construction of licence or authority

35. For the purposes of these Regulations, but subject in each case to the express terms of the Regulation by which he is generally authorised, or, as the case may be, to any limitation attached to his licence or group authority—

(*a*) a person generally authorised, or licensed, to manufacture a drug shall be deemed to be generally authorised or, as the case may be, licensed to supply that drug; and

(*b*) a person generally authorised, or licensed or authorised as a member of a group, to supply a drug, other than a drug to which Part III of these Regulations applies, shall be deemed to be generally authorised, or, as the case may be, licensed or authorised as a member of a group to be in possession of, to procure, to offer to supply or procure, and to advertise for sale, that drug;

(*c*) a wholesale dealer licensed to supply a drug to which Part III of these Regulations applies shall be deemed to be a person duly licensed under Regulation 22 of these Regulations to be in possession of more than one pound avoirdupois of the drug.

Revocation of licence or group authority

36. Any licence or group authority given under these Regulations may be revoked by the Secretary of State at any time.

Interpretation

37.—(1) In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them, that is to say:—

(*a*) "the Act" means the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1951(**b**);

(*b*) "authorised as a member of a group" means authorised by virtue of being a member of a class as respects which the Secretary of State has granted an authority under and for the purposes of Regulation 2, 3, 8 or 9 of these Regulations which is in force, "group authority" means such an authority so granted, and "his group authority", in relation to a person who is a member of such a class, means the authority so granted to that class;

(**a**) S.I. 1952/2086; 1952 II, p. 2443. (**b**) 14 & 15 Geo. 6. c. 48.

(*c*) " authorised seller of poisons " means an authorised seller of poisons within the meaning of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933(**a**) ;

(*d*) " Chief Officer of Police " means in relation to—

(i) the City of London, the Commissioner of Police for the City of London,

(ii) the metropolitan police district, the Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis,

(iii) any other area for which a separate police force is maintained, the Chief Constable or other officer by whatever name called, having the chief command of that police force ;

(*e*) " generally authorised ", in relation to any person, means authorised by, as the case may be, Regulation 4, 10, 12 or 13 of these Regulations by virtue of being a member of a class specified in that Regulation, or of being a person of a description so specified, and " general authority " means the authority possessed by a person as aforesaid ;

(*f*) " health prescription " means a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner or registered dentist under and in accordance with the National Health Service Act, 1946(**b**), the National Health Service (Scotland) Act, 1947(**c**), the Health Services Act (Northern Ireland), 1948(**d**), or the National Health Service (Isle of Man) Act, 1948 (an Act of Tynwald) or given by a duly qualified medical practitioner or registered dentist upon a form issued by a local authority for use in connection with the health service of that authority ;

(*g*) " licensed " means duly licensed by a licence issued by the Secretary of State to the person named therein, or, as the case may be, in respect of premises named therein, under and for the purposes of Regulation 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 20, 21, 22 or 31 of these Regulations, and " licence " and " licensed premises " shall be construed accordingly ;

(*h*) " pharmacist " means a duly registered pharmaceutical chemist or chemist and druggist ;

(*i*) " Pharmacy Act book " means either of the books required to be kept by subsection (2) of section eighteen and subsection (3) of section nineteen of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933 ;

(*j*) " prescription " means a prescription for a single individual given by a qualified medical practitioner for the purposes of medical treatment, by a registered dentist for the purposes of dental treatment or by a registered veterinary surgeon or a person registered in the Supplementary Veterinary Register in pursuance of the Veterinary Surgeons Act, 1948(**e**), for the purposes of animal treatment ;

(*k*) " register " means a bound book and does not include any form of loose leaf register or card index ;

(*l*) " registered premises " means premises duly registered under Part I of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933 ;

(*m*) " retail business " means the business of retailing, dispensing or compounding drugs carried on at a shop ;

(*n*) " wholesale dealer " means a person who carries on the business of selling drugs to persons who buy to sell again.

(2) The Interpretation Act, 1889(**f**), shall apply to the interpretation of these Regulations as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament

(**a**) 23 & 24 Geo. 5. c. 25.
(**b**) 9 & 10 Geo. 6. c. 81.
(**c**) 10 & 11 Geo. 6. c. 27.
(**d**) 1948 c. 3 (N.I.).
(**e**) 11 & 12 Geo. 6. c. 52.
(**f**) 52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.

and subsection (2) of section thirty-eight of the said Act shall apply as if these Regulations were an Act of Parliament and as if any Regulations revoked by these Regulations were Acts of Parliament.

Revocation

38.—(1) The following Regulations, that is to say:—

(*a*) the Methylmorphine and Ethylmorphine Regulations, 1933(**a**);

(*b*) the Raw Opium, etc. Regulations, 1937(**b**);

(*c*) the Dangerous Drugs Regulations, 1937(**c**);

(*d*) the Raw Opium Regulations, 1948(**d**);

(*e*) the Dangerous Drugs Regulations, 1948(**e**);

(*f*) the Dangerous Drugs Regulations, 1950(**f**); and

(*g*) the Dangerous Drugs Regulations, 1951(**g**).

are hereby revoked.

(2) Nothing in paragraph (1) of this Regulation shall render invalid any licence, authority, certificate or order issued, granted or given, or other thing done, under the Act or any Regulations revoked by these Regulations, and any such licence, authority, certificate, order or thing which could have been issued, granted, given or done under any provision in these Regulations and in force at the date when these Regulations come into operation shall be deemed to have been issued, granted, given or done under that provision.

(3) Any register, record, book, prescription or other document which is required to be kept under any Regulation revoked by these Regulations shall be kept in the same manner and for the same period, and every person shall be subject to the same requirements in regard thereto, as if these Regulations had not been made.

Extent

39. These Regulations shall not extend to Northern Ireland.

Citation and commencement

40. These Regulations may be cited as the Dangerous Drugs Regulations, 1953, and shall come into operation on the thirty-first day of March, 1953.

David Maxwell Fyfe,
One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Home Office,
Whitehall.
21st March, 1953.

(**a**) S.R. & O. 1933/1156; Rev. V, p. 629; 1933, p. 725.
(**b**) S.R. & O. 1937/559; Rev. V, p. 649; 1937, p. 615.
(**c**) S.R. & O. 1937/560; Rev. V, p. 633; 1937, p. 630.
(**d**) S.I. 1948/2654; Rev. V, p. 649; 1948 I, p. 673.
(**e**) S.I. 1948/2653; Rev. V, p. 633; 1948 I, p. 670.
(**f**) S.I. 1950/380; 1950 I, p. 528.
(**g**) S.I. 1951/1495; 1951 I, p. 507.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Regulations 5, 17 and 24.

FORM OF REGISTER

PART I

Entries to be made in case of obtaining

Date on which supply received	Name and Address of person or firm from whom obtained	Amount obtained	Form in which obtained

PART II

Entries to be made in case of supply

Date on which the transaction was effected	Name and Address of person or firm supplied	Particulars as to licence or authority of person or firm supplied to be in possession	Amount supplied	Form in which supplied

SECOND SCHEDULE

Regulation 6

DRUGS TO WHICH PART III OF THE ACT APPLIES TO WHICH PART II OF THESE REGULATIONS DOES NOT APPLY

Pil. Ipecac. c. Scilla. B.P.C. 1934
Pil. Hydrarg. c. Cret. et Opii. B.P.C. 1949
Pulv. Cretae Aromat. c. Opio. B.P. 1948
Pulv. Ipecac. et Opii. B.P. 1948
Suppos. Plumbi c. Opio. B.P.C. 1949
Guttae Cocainae et Hydrargyri Perchloridi Oleosae. B.P.C. 1949
Mixtures of Pulv. Ipecac. et Opii. B.P. 1948 with any of the following:—
Hydrarg. c. Cret. B.P. 1914 and B.P. 1948
Acetylsalicylic Acid
Phenacetin
Quinine and its Salts
Sodium Bicarbonate

Any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of methylmorphine, ethylmorphine, morpholinylethylmorphine, dihydrocodeine or their salts.

Regulations 6 and 17.

THIRD SCHEDULE

DRUGS TO WHICH PART II OF THESE REGULATIONS APPLIES AND CLASSES OF DRUGS FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE REGISTER REQUIRED TO BE KEPT UNDER REGULATION 17

The drugs to which Part II of these Regulations applies are as follows, that is to say:—

(i) medicinal opium;

(ii) any extract or tincture of Indian hemp, and any preparation, not being a preparation capable of external use only, made from extract or tincture of Indian hemp;

(iii) morphine and its salts, and any solution or dilution of morphine or its salts in an inert substance whether liquid or solid containing any proportion of morphine, and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance (not being such a solution or dilution as aforesaid) containing not less than one-fifth of one per cent. of morphine (calculated in respect of anhydrous morphine);

(iv) diacetylmorphine (also known as diamorphine or heroin) and its salts, and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of diacetylmorphine;

(v) cocaine (including synthetic cocaine) and ecgonine and their respective salts, and any solution or dilution of cocaine or its salts in an inert substance, whether liquid or solid, containing any proportion of cocaine, and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance (not being such a solution or dilution as aforesaid) containing not less than one-tenth of one per cent. of cocaine or any proportion of ecgonine;

(vi) dihydrohydroxycodeinone (also known as eucodal) and its salts, and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of dihydrohydroxycodeinone or its salts;

(vii) dihydrocodeinone (also known as dicodide) and its salts, and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of dihydrocodeinone or its salts;

(viii) dihydromorphinone (also known as dilaudide) and its salts, and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of dihydromorphinone or its salts;

(ix) acetyldihydrocodeinone and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of acetyldihydrocodeinone or its salts;

(x) dihydromorphine and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of dihydromorphine or its salts;

(xi) morphine-N-oxide (also known as genomorphine) and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of morphine-N-oxide;

(xii) thebaine and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of thebaine or its salts;

(xiii) benzylmorphine and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of benzylmorphine or its salts;

(xiv) dihydrodesoxymorphine (also known as desomorphine) and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of dihydrodesoxymorphine;

(xv) pethidine and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of pethidine;

(xvi) methyldihydromorphinone (also known as metopon) and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of hyldihydromorphinone;

(xvii) alphaprodine and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of alphaprodine;

(xviii) methadone (also known as amidone) and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of methadone;

(xix) betaprodine and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of betaprodine;

(xx) hydroxypethidine and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of hydroxypethidine;

(xxi) isomethadone (also known as isoamidone) and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of isomethadone;

(xxii) ketobemidone and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of ketobemidone;

(xxiii) methadol and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of methadol;

(xxiv) methadyl acetate and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of methadyl acetate;

(xxv) phenadoxone and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of phenadoxone;

(xxvi) acetyldihydrocodeine and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of acetyldihydrocodeine;

(xxvii) alphameprodine and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of alphameprodine;

(xxviii) betameprodine and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of betameprodine;

(xxix) methorphinan (dextrorphan, lævorphan and racemorphan) and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of methorphinan;

(xxx) 3–methoxy–N–methylmorphinan (dextromethorphan, lævomethorphan and racemethorphan) and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of 3–methoxy–N–methylmorphinan;

(xxxi) the esters of morphine (other than diacetylmorphine), ecgonine, dihydrohydroxycodeinone, dihydrocodeinone, dihydromorphinone, acetyldihydrocodeinone and dihydromorphine and their respective salts, the ethers of morphine (other than benzylmorphine, methylmorphine, ethylmorphine and morpholinylethylmorphine) and their salts and the morphine–N–oxide derivatives and any other pentavalent nitrogen morphine derivatives and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of any drug included in this paragraph;

except, as regards any drug specified in this Schedule, when that drug is contained in—

(*a*) the preparations, admixtures, extracts or other substances specified in the Second Schedule to these Regulations, or

(*b*) the preparations specified in the Schedule to the Order in Council, dated the thirteenth day of April, 1937(a), and by virtue of subsection (2) of section twenty-five of the Act having effect under subsection (4) of section ten thereof, excluding certain preparations containing morphine, cocaine etc. from the provisions of Part III of the Act.

For the purposes of this Schedule, the expression "ecgonine" means lævo-ecgonine and includes any derivatives of ecgonine from which it may be recovered industrially.

(a) S.R. & O. 1937/327; Rev. V, p. 622; 1937, p. 623.

Regulation 13 (3).

FOURTH SCHEDULE

Form of Certificate

Dangerous Drugs Act, 1951

Certificate authorising a Farmer or Stockowner to purchase Tincture of Opium, B.P. commonly known as Laudanum for administration to Animals

I hereby certify that*.....
of .....
.....
is a person carrying on the business of a farmer or stockowner and is authorised in pursuance of paragraph (3) of Regulation 13 of the Dangerous Drugs Regulations, 1952, to be in possession of not more than 32 ozs. at any one time of tincture of opium, B.P. commonly known as laudanum.

Signed on behalf of the Chief Officer of Police.

.....

..... Rank

..... Police Force

Date.....

* Insert full name and address

Notice

(*a*) The tincture of opium may only be purchased from the person named on the back hereof;

(*b*) this certificate must be produced to the person supplying the tincture on the occasion of each purchase;

(*c*) the person supplying the tincture must at the time of purchase enter on the back hereof the date of purchase and the quantity purchased and must append his signature thereto;

(*d*) the tincture must be kept by the farmer or stockowner or his responsible manager under lock and key and may only be issued to responsible persons in his employment and only for the purpose of administration to animals;

(*e*) each bottle or vessel containing the tincture must be labelled with the words " For administration to animals only ";

(*f*) the tincture must not be used for any purpose whatsoever except the treatment of animals;

(*g*) this certificate must be produced for inspection when required by any constable or by any person empowered for the purpose by the Secretary of State, and such particulars of the purchase of the tincture as may be required must be furnished to the Secretary of State;

(*h*) this certificate is only valid for the person and in respect of the address named herein. If that person ceases to carry on business at the address named herein he must return the certificate immediately to the Chief Officer of Police, and if a certificate is desired in respect of another address he must apply for another certificate;

(*i*) this certificate continues in force until revoked by the Chief Officer of Police or by the Secretary of State, and on revocation must be returned to the Chief Officer of Police.

BACK OF FORM

Name and address of person from whom the holder intends to purchase

TINCTURE OF OPIUM

(*To be filled in by the holder*)

Name (in full).....

Address .....

.....

(*To be filled in by the supplier on the occasion of any purchase by the holder*)

Date of Purchase	Quantity Purchased	Signature of Supplier

NOTICE

(*a*) When this certificate is filled up, the holder should return it to the Chief Officer of Police and make application for a new one.

(*b*) If the holder desires to change the chemist from whom he purchases, he must surrender this certificate to the Chief Officer of Police so that a new one may be issued in its stead.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(*This Note is not part of the Regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport.*)

These Regulations consolidate with amendments the Regulations specified in Regulation 38 (1), and apply to all substances to which the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1951, applies except the drugs specified in the Second Schedule to these Regulations. The principal amendments of substance are—(*a*) the provisions of Regulation 7 (3) of the Dangerous Drugs Regulations, 1937, relating to the withdrawal from a medical practitioner or dentist of authority, after reference of the matter to a tribunal, to possess and supply drugs are not reproduced; (*b*) amended provision is made in the case of midwives by Regulation 13 (4) under which they may possess and administer certain drugs procured upon an order signed by the medical officer of health or a person authorised by him up to the amount specified in the order; (*c*) two drugs, namely morpholinylethylmorphine and dihydrocodeine, which would otherwise be subject to the stricter control imposed by Part II of the Regulations will now be subject to the less strict control imposed by Part III; (*d*) new provision is made in Regulation 29 (1) enabling the authority of a person of unsound mind or undergoing mental treatment to possess and supply drugs to be withdrawn; (*e*) under Regulation 29 (2) the Secretary of State is empowered to restore an authority which has been withdrawn, or suspend a withdrawal; (*f*) under Regulation 30 a person who is authorised to possess or supply drugs and has had his authority to do so in Northern Ireland withdrawn will cease to be an authorised person in Great Britain; and (*g*) under Regulation 34 the provisions of the Regulations regarding possession of drugs will not apply to possession by a carrier in the ordinary course of his business.