| Session and Chapter. | Title or Short Title. | Extent of Repeal. |
|---|---|---|
| 43 & 44 Vict. c. 24. | The Spirits Act, 1880 - - - | Section one hundred and fifty-one, and sub-section two of section one hundred and fifty-five. |
| 51 & 52 Vict. c. 8. | The Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1888. | Section seven. |

## CHAPTER 22.

An Act for the purpose of making operative certain Articles in the Education Code, 1890. [25th July 1890.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Elementary education not to be condition of grant to evening schools. 33 & 34 Vict. c. 75.

**1.** It shall not be required as a condition of a parliamentary grant to an evening school that elementary education shall be the principal part of the education there given, and so much of the definition of the term "elementary school" in section three of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as requires that elementary education shall be the principal part of the education given in an elementary school shall not apply to evening schools.

Provisions as to special grants to schools.

**2.**—(1.) Where the population of the school district in which a public elementary school is situate, or the population within two miles measured according to the nearest road from the school, is less than five hundred, and there is no other public elementary school recognised by the Education Department as available for the children of that district or that population (as the case may be), a special parliamentary grant may be made annually to that school to the amount of ten pounds.

(2.) The said special grant shall be in addition to the ordinary annual parliamentary grant, and in addition to any special parliamentary grant made under section nineteen of the Elementary Education Act, 1876, and shall not be included in the calculation of the ordinary annual parliamentary grant for the purpose of determining whether it does or does not exceed any maximum fixed by law. 39 & 40 Vict. c. 79.

(3.) Provided that no school shall be entitled to receive a special grant under this section unless it satisfies the conditions contained in the minutes of the Education Department in force for the time being with regard to special grants under this section.

Short titles.

**3.**—(1.) This Act may be cited as the Education Code (1890) Act, 1890.

(2.) The Elementary Education Acts, 1870 to 1876, and the Elementary Education Act, 1880, and this Act may be cited collectively as the Elementary Education Acts, 1870 to 1890.

## CHAPTER 23.

An Act to further improve the Administration of Justice in the Court of Chancery of the County Palatine of Lancaster. [25th July 1890.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for the better administration of justice in the Court of Chancery of the County Palatine of Lancaster:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title.

**1.** This Act may be cited for all purposes as the Chancery of Lancaster Act, 1890.

Construction. 13 & 14 Vict. c. 43. 17 & 18 Vict. c. 82.

**2.** This Act shall, so far as is consistent with the tenor thereof, be construed as one with the Court of Chancery of Lancaster Act, 1850, and the Court of Chancery of Lancaster Act, 1854, and such Acts and this Act may be referred to as the Chancery of Lancaster Acts, 1850 to 1890.

Court to have jurisdiction of Chancery Division.

**3.** From and after the passing of this Act the Court of Chancery of the County Palatine of Lancaster (in this Act called the Lancaster Chancery Court) shall, as regards all persons, bodies corporate, and property within or becoming subject to its jurisdiction, have and exercise the like powers and jurisdiction, and in a similar manner, and subject to the same restrictions in all respects, as the High Court in its Chancery Division now has and exercises, or may, under or by virtue of any Act of Parliament hereafter passed, and not expressly enacting to the contrary hereof, have and exercise, in respect of all persons, bodies corporate, and property within its jurisdiction.

Jurisdiction of Court of Appeal.

**4.**—(1.) Her Majesty's Court of Appeal shall, as to all judgments and orders of the Lancaster Chancery Court, have and exercise the like appellate and original jurisdiction as the Court of Appeal now has and exercises, or may, under or by virtue of any Act of Parliament hereafter passed, and not expressly enacting to the contrary hereof, have and exercise with respect to judgments and orders of the High Court or of any Judge thereof.

(2.) All judgments and orders of the Court of Appeal in causes or matters now pending or hereafter to be commenced in the Lancaster Chancery Court shall be subject to appeal to the House of Lords in