COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1833/76

of 28 July 1976

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1493/71 on price increases and reductions applicable to intervention in cereals

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1143/76 (2) and in particular Articles 4 (3) and 7 (5) thereof,

Whereas Article 6 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1493/71 of 13 July 1971 on price increases and reductions applicable to intervention in cereals (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1548/76 (4), provides that intervention agencies may apply a special increase of 1·50 units of account per metric ton for rye in regions where that cereal is regularly sold for bread-making, provided that it meets minimum physical and technological criteria as to quality; whereas, in view of the loss of interest of farmers in the cultivation of rye in the traditional production regions, the special increase which may be granted on intervention for rye should, as an incentive, be raised from 1·50 to three units of account per metric ton; whereas, since the criteria as to quality required for granting the special increase no longer correspond to present commercial practices, the said Article 6 should be adapted in accordance with market practices;

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1493/71 provides that the price increases and reductions by which the intervention price is increased or reduced shall be calculated by applying to the intervention price valid at the beginning of the marketing year the percentage provided for in Articles 3, 4 and 6 thereof; whereas, for the 1976/77 marketing year, common wheat not meeting the conditions of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1831/76 of 28 July 1976 laying down the method for determining the minimum bread-making quality of common wheat required for intervention in the 1976/77 marketing year (5), will be considered as feed grain and taken over for intervention at the price level for barley; whereas, consequently, in view of Article 2a of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1492/71 of 13 July 1971 fixing the procedure and conditions for the taking over of cereals by intervention agencies (6), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1832/76 (7), certain provisions contained in Articles 2, 3 (2) and 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1493/71 should be amended to take into account the fact that the said quality of common wheat is to be used as feed grain;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 6 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1493/71 is hereby amended to read as follows:

'1. Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 3, the intervention agencies may apply, on intervention, a special increase of three units of account per metric ton for rye where its particularly good quality is suited for bread-making, provided that:

— the percentage of sprouted grains does not exceed 2·5 %,

— the percentage of broken grains does not exceed 5 % and the percentage of grain impurities does not exceed 3 %,

— the percentage of spontaneously fermented grain does not exceed 0·05 %

— the percentage of grains heated during drying operations does not exceed 0·50 %,

— the amylogramme units, based on full milling, including the germ, with a hardening temperature of the starch of at least 63°, are not less than 200 units.'

(1) OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.
(2) OJ No L 130, 19. 5. 1976, p. 1.
(3) OJ No L 157, 14. 7. 1971, p. 21.
(4) OJ No L 171, 30. 6. 1976, p. 28.
(5) See page 20 of this Official Journal.
(6) OJ No L 157, 14. 7. 1971, p. 18.
(7) See page 26 of this Official Journal.

Article 2

The following Article 6a is hereby added to Regulation (EEC) No 1493/71 :

'Article 6a

1. Where common wheat does not meet the minimum requirements for bread-making as laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 1831/76, it shall be taken over by the intervention agencies at the price level for barley.

2. Where the first paragraph of Article 2 applies, the intervention price for the common wheat referred to in paragraph 1 shall be that applicable to barley.

3. By way of derogation from Article 4 (1) and (2), the reductions to be applied to the common wheat referred to in paragraph 1 shall be calculated as follows :

(a) where the percentage of miscellaneous impurities (Schwarzbesatz) exceeds 1 %, a reduction of 0·1 % shall be applied for each excess of 0·1 % ;

(b) where the percentage of grain impurities excluding shrivelled grain and the percentage of broken grains exceeds separately 4 %, and the percentage of sprouted grains exceeds 2·5 %, a reduction of 0·05 % shall be applied for each excess of 0·1 %.

4. For the purposes of applying the third indent of Article 2a of Regulation (EEC) No 1492/71, the following shall be added to the list of reductions set out in Table II of the Annex for common wheat with a specific weight differing from the specific weight of the standard quality :

(kg/hl)	(%)
Less than 72 to 71	1·75
Less than 71 to 70	2·25
Less than 70 to 69	2·75'

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities.*

It shall apply with effect from 1 August 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 28 July 1976.

For the Commission

P. J. LARDINOIS

Member of the Commission