COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3050/76

of 9 December 1976

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain textile fibres falling within heading No 56.04 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Cyprus (1977)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus (1), hereinafter called 'the Agreement', and the Protocol laying down certain provisions concerning that Agreement as a result of the accession of new Member States to the European Economic Community (2), hereinafter called 'the Protocol', provide for the opening of an annual Community tariff quota of 100 metric tons of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, falling within heading No 56.04 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Cyprus; whereas, however, the first stage of the Agreement ends on 30 June 1977; whereas the Community intends to maintain its trading relations with that country; whereas the provisions governing the second half of 1977 should not be less favourable than those laid down for the first; whereas in order not to disrupt trading patterns for the products in question, the tariff quota should be opened for the whole of 1977;

Whereas, pursuant to the joint declaration on Article 2 of the Protocol, the tariff quota should be allocated among the Member States as follows: 70 metric tons for the Community as originally constituted and 30 metric tons for the new Member States; wheres Annex I to the Agreement provides that the duties applicable to the quota shall be equal to 30% of the Common Customs Tariff duties; whereas as regards the duties to be applied to the quota by the new Member States, the special provisions of the Protocol and of the Act of Accession (3) must be respected; whereas to comply with the special provisions of the Protocol, separate arrangements should be made for the Member States of the Community as originally constituted on the one hand, and for the new Member States on the other;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the principles mentioned above, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect more accurately the actual development of the market in the products concerned, such allocation should be in proportion to the needs of the Member States, assessed by reference to both the statistics of each State's imports of the said goods from Cyprus over a representative reference period and the economic outlooks for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, however, during the past three years no such products originating in Cyprus have been imported either into the Community as originally constituted or into any of the new Member States; whereas no forecast can be made for 1977; whereas to ensure fair distribution of the two quota amounts between the Member States concerned each Member State should make a significative contribution to the relevant quota amount; whereas such contributions

(1) OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1973, p. 1.
(2) OJ No L 133, 21. 5. 1973, p. 88.
(3) OJ No L 73, 27. 3. 1972, p. 14.

may approximately correspond to the following percentages:

Benelux	19
Germany	27
France	29
Italy	25
Denmark	33
Ireland	27
United Kingdom	40

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the different Member States, each of these amounts should be divided into two instalments, the first instalments being allocated among the Member States and the second forming reserves intended ultimately to cover the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to ensure a certain degree of security to importers in each Member State, the first instalments of the Community quota should be determined at a level which, under present circumstances, may be approximately 75 and 70% of the quota amount respectively;

Whereas the initial shares of the Member States may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, it is important that any Member State having used up almost the whole of its initial share should draw an additional share from the relevant reserve; whereas, this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost entirely used up, and repeated as many times as the reserves allow; whereas the initial and additional shares must be available for use until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration calls for close cooperation between Member States and the Commission, which must, in particular, be able to observe the extent to which the quota amounts are used and inform Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a specified date in the quota period, a considerable balance remains in one or other Member State, it is essential that that Member State pays a large amount of it back into the reserve, in order to avoid a part of the tariff quota remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 January until 31 December 1977, a tariff quota of 100 metric tons shall be opened within the Community in respect of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning, falling within heading No 56.04 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Cyprus. This quota shall be allocated and administered in accordance with the provisions set out below.

Article 2

1. The Common Customs Tariff duties shall be partially suspended at the rates indicated below in respect of 70 metric tons of the quota referred to in Article 1.

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty (%)
56.04	Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning:	
	A. Synthetic textile fibres	2·5
	B. Regenerated textile fibres	3·0

2. Within the limits of 30 metric tons of the quota referred to in Article 1, the new Member States shall apply the duties laid down in the relevant provisions of the Act of Accession, the Agreement and the Protocol.

Article 3

1. A first instalment, amounting to 52 metric tons of the amount specified in Article 2 (1), shall be allocated among the Member States of the Community as originally constituted; the shares, which subject to Article 6 are valid until 31 December 1977, shall be as follows:

Germany	14 metric tons,
Benelux	10 metric tons,
France	15 metric tons,
Italy	13 metric tons.

The second instalment of 18 metric tons shall constitute the relevant reserve.

2. A first instalment, amounting to 21 metric tons of the amount specified in Article 2 (2), shall be allocated among the new Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 6 are valid until 31 December 1977, shall be as follows:

Denmark	7 metric tons,
Ireland	6 metric tons,
United Kingdom	8 metric tons.

The second instalment of nine metric tons shall constitute the relevant reserve.

Article 4

1. If 90% or more of the initial share of a Member State laid down in Article 3, or 90% of that share less the amount returned into the relevant reserve where the provisions of Article 6 have been applied, has been exhausted, that Member State shall proceed without delay, by notifying the Commission, to draw a second share, equal to 15% of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit where appropriate, to the extent that the relevant reserve is sufficient.

2. If, after its initial share has been exhausted, 90% or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used, that Member State shall proceed, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, to draw a third share, equal to 7·5% of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit.

3. If, after its second share has been exhausted, 90% or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used, that Member State shall proceed, in the same way, to draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall be applied until the relevant reserve is exhausted.

4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may proceed to draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is reason to believe that they might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of the reasons which led them to apply this paragraph.

Article 5

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 4 shall be valid until 31 December 1977.

Article 6

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1977, the unused portion of their initial shares which, on 15 September 1977, are in excess of 20% of the initial amounts. They may return greater portions if there are grounds for believing that such portions may not be used in full.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1977, notify the Commission of the total imports of the said goods effected up to and including 15 September 1977 and charged against the Community quota and, where appropriate, the proportions of their initial shares that are being returned to the relevant reserve.

Article 7

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States in accordance with Articles 3 and 4 and shall inform each State of the extent to which the reserves have been used up as soon as it receives the notifications.

The Commission shall, not later than 5 October 1977, notify the Member States of the amounts in the reserves after the return of shares pursuant to Article 6.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which uses up one or the other reserve is limited to the balance available and, for this purpose, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State which makes the last drawing.

Article 8

1. The Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that when additional shares are drawn pursuant to Article 4 it is possible for charges to be made without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the said goods established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge imports of the said goods against their share as and when the goods are entered for home use.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 9

On receipt of a request from the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 10

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is observed.

Article 11

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1977.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 9 December 1976.

For the Council

The President

P. J. J. MERTENS