# COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 833/76

## of 6 April 1976

## fixing certain prices and other amounts applicable in agriculture for the 1976/77 marketing year

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables [1], as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 795/76 [2], and in particular Article 16 (1) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2511/69 of 9 December 1969 laying down special measures for improving the production and marketing of Community citrus fruit [3], as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 793/76 [4], and in particular Article 7 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 816/70 of 28 April 1970 laying down additional provisions for the common organization of the market in wine [5], as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1932/75 [6], and in particular Article 2 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats [7], as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73 [8], and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 4 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1516/71 of 12 July 1971 introducing a system of subsidies for cotton seeds [9], and in particular Article 1 (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1900/74 of 15 July 1974 laying down special measures for soya beans [10], and in particular Article 1 (1) and (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 569/76 of 15 March 1976 laying down special measures for linseed [11], and in particular Article 1 (1) and (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar [12], as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 832/76 [13], and in particular Articles 2 (2), 3 (5), 4 (3) and the second subparagraph of Article 25 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 845/72 of 24 April 1972 laying down special measures to encourage silkworm rearing [14], and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 of 21 April 1970 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco [15], as last amended by the Act of Accession [16], and in particular Articles 2 (5), 4 (4) and 6 (8) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 of 29 June 1970 on the common organization of the market in flax and hemp [17], as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 814/76 [18], and in particular Article 4 (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 of 26 October 1971 on the common organization

(1) OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
(2) OJ No L 93, 8. 4. 1976, p. 6.
(3) OJ No L 318, 18. 12. 1969, p. 1.
(4) OJ No L 93, 8. 4. 1976, p. 1.
(5) OJ No L 99, 5. 5. 1970, p. 1.
(6) OJ No L 198, 29. 7. 1975, p. 19.
(7) OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.
(8) OJ No L 175, 25. 6. 1973, p. 5.
(9) OJ No L 160, 17. 7. 1971, p. 1.
(10) OJ No L 201, 23. 7. 1974, p. 5.
(11) OJ No L 67, 15. 3. 1976, p. 29.
(12) OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1.
(13) See page 1 of this Official Journal.
(14) OJ No L 100, 27. 4. 1972, p. 1.
(15) OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 1.
(16) OJ No L 73, 27. 3. 1972, p. 14.
(17) OJ No L 146, 4. 7. 1970, p. 1.
(18) OJ No L 94, 9. 4. 1976, p. 4.

of the market in seeds [1], as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 671/75 [2], and in particular Article 3 (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1067/74 of 30 April 1974 on the common organization of the market in dehydrated fodder [3], as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1420/75 [4], and in particular Article 4 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament [5],

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee [6],

Whereas the markets and prices policy, based on modernized farms, is the main instrument of the incomes policy in agriculture; whereas full advantage cannot be drawn from such a policy unless it is integrated into the common agricultural policy as a whole, including a dynamic social and structural policy and the application of the rules on competition contained in the Treaty;

Whereas the common agricultural prices must be fixed by a method which takes account of objective criteria; whereas, when those prices are fixed, account should also be taken of the objectives of the common agricultural policy and of the contribution which the Community desires to make to the harmonious development of world trade; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are in particular to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to ensure that supplies are available and that they reach consumers at reasonable prices;

**Fruit and vegetables**

Whereas it is laid down in Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 that, for each marketing year, a basic price and a buying-in price are to be fixed for each of the products listed in Annex II thereto; whereas the products in question, harvested during a specific production year, are marketed:

— as regards cauliflowers, from May to April of the following year,

— as regards tomatoes, from January to December,

— as regards peaches, from May to October,

— as regards lemons, from June to May of the following year,

— as regards pears, from June to May of the following year,

— as regards table grapes, from May to April of the following year,

— as regards apples, from July to June of the following year,

— as regards mandarins, from November to March of the following year,

— as regards sweet oranges, from October to June of the following year;

Whereas, however, pursuant to the third subparagraph of Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, no basic price or buying-in price must be fixed for the slack marketing periods at the beginning and at the end of the marketing year; whereas the basic prices must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 16 (2) of that Regulation; whereas the buying-in prices must be fixed in relation to the basic price, in accordance with paragraph 3 of that Article;

Whereas the amount of the financial compensation for oranges, mandarins, clementines and lemons must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 7 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2511/69;

**Wine**

Whereas, in order to attain the objectives of the common agricultural policy, guide prices for the various types of table wine should be fixed for the period from 16 December 1976 to 15 December 1977 at higher levels than those fixed for the preceding period, particularly in view of recent price trends;

Whereas the guide prices must be fixed for each type of table wine representative of Community production, as defined in Council Regulation (EEC) No 945/70 of 26 May 1970 determining the types of table wines [7];

(1) OJ No L 246, 5. 11. 1971, p. 1.
(2) OJ No L 72, 20. 3. 1975, p. 21.
(3) OJ No L 120, 1. 5. 1974, p. 2.
(4) OJ No L 141, 3. 6. 1975, p. 1.
(5) OJ No C 53, 8. 3. 1976, p. 24.
(6) OJ No C 50, 4. 3. 1976, p. 19.

(7) OJ No L 114, 27. 5. 1970, p. 1.

**Oils and fats**

Whereas the production target price, the market target price and the intervention price for olive oil must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Articles 4 and 5 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC for a determined standard quality;

Whereas the reasons which led to the determination of the standard quality for the preceding marketing year are still valid; whereas that standard quality should therefore remain unchanged;

Whereas the target price and the basic intervention price for colza, rape and sunflower seeds are fixed annually, in accordance with the criteria laid down in Articles 23 and 24 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC; whereas the guide price for soya beans must be fixed in accordance with the criteria of the second subparagraph of Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1900/74;

Whereas the second subparagraph of Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 569/76 lays down that the guide price for linseed should be fixed at a fair level for producers in the light of the supply requirements of the Community; whereas, in that respect, a balanced relationship should be maintained between that price and the price for other agricultural products;

Whereas the prices for oil seeds must be fixed for specific standard qualities; whereas the latter should be laid down in relation to the average qualities of the seeds harvested in the Community; whereas, for colza, rape seed, sunflower seed and soya beans, the quality laid down for the 1975/76 marketing year meets these requirements and can accordingly be used for the following marketing year;

Whereas the annual fixing of the amount of aid for cotton seeds produced in the Community must be effected in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 1 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1516/71;

**Sugar**

Whereas, in order to attain the objectives of the common agricultural policy, the target price for sugar must be fixed at a level which, taking into account in particular the resultant level of the intervention price, ensures a fair remuneration for beet and sugar cane producers while at the same time respecting consumers' interests;

Whereas, as a result of the characteristics of the sugar market, the risks involved in this trade are relatively slight; whereas, consequently, when the intervention price for sugar is being fixed, the difference between the target price and the intervention price may be fixed at a relatively low level;

Whereas the minimum price for beet must take account of the intervention price and of the costs of processing and delivering the beet to factories and be based on an estimated Community yield of 130 kg of white sugar per metric ton of beet with a 16% sugar content; whereas it is laid down in Article 18 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 that the costs relating to the minimum stock shall be taken into account when the prices are fixed;

Whereas the abovementioned standard costs may be estimated at 14·24 units of account per 100 kg of white sugar; whereas that standard amount is made up of the sum of the processing margin, estimated at 12·58 units of account, the costs of delivering the beet to factories, estimated at 2·24 units of account, the costs relating to the minimum stock, estimated at 0·25 unit of account, less a standard amount of 0·83 unit of account representing factories' receipts from the sale of molasses calculated on the basis of a yield of 38·5 kg per metric ton of processed beet and an ex-factory price of 2·80 units of account per 100 kg of molasses;

Whereas the standard quality chosen for beet should be a quality which takes account of production characteristics in the main beet-producing areas of the Community;

Whereas, in the light of the production trends, resulting from specialization, on the one hand and of the Community's sugar requirements and possible outlets on the other, the maximum quota for each undertaking laid down in Article 25 of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 should be fixed at 135% of its basic quota;

**Silkworms**

Whereas the amount of the aid for silkworms reared within the Community must be fixed annually, in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 845/72;

### Tobacco

Whereas the norm and intervention prices for leaf tobacco must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 in order to constitute an incentive particularly for conversion to the cultivation of those varieties which are most competitive and most in demand;

Whereas it is desirable to fix, in respect of the 1976 harvest, derived intervention prices both for the varieties which before the common organization of the market came into force were subject to a price guarantee at the baled tobacco stage, and for the varieties which are principally grown in Germany, in order to take account of marketing practices in that country; whereas, to this end, both increased costs and increased productivity should be taken into consideration;

Whereas the premium granted to purchasers of Community tobacco is intended to enable them to pay producers of leaf tobacco a price which is at the level of the norm price; whereas the amount of the premium should reflect the alterations to the norm price and the costs of first processing adopted for the 1976 harvest, account being taken of the trend in world market prices and the level of prices established by supply and demand on the Community market;

Whereas the abovementioned prices and the amount of the premium must be fixed in relation to a reference quality defined in such a way that as objective as possible an assessment can be made of the quality of the tobacco; whereas it is possible to adopt, for the 1976 harvest, the reference qualities defined by Council Regulation (EEC) No 673/75 of 4 March 1975 fixing, for the 1975 harvest, the norm prices, the intervention prices and the reference qualities for leaf tobacco [1], and by Council Regulation (EEC) No 674/75 of 4 March 1975 fixing the derived intervention prices and the reference qualities for baled tobacco from the 1975 harvest [2];

### Flax and hemp

Whereas Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1308/70 provides that aid is to be fixed annually for flax and hemp produced within the Community, and paragraph 2 of that Article lays down the criteria for the fixing of the amount of such aid;

Whereas, for the 1975/76 marketing year, the amount of the aid for flax was fixed at a lower level for the United Kingdom than for the other Member States; whereas, for the 1976/77 marketing year, pursuant to Article 95 of the Act of Accession, the amount of aid applicable in the United Kingdom should be brought closer to the common level;

### Seeds

Whereas, the market situation within the Community and the foreseeable market trends with regard to certain seeds which are listed in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 and which will be marketed during the 1976/77 marketing year, do not ensure fair returns for the producer; whereas part of the production costs should be offset by aid; whereas that aid must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 3 (2) of the abovementioned Regulation;

Whereas the classification of the various varieties of *Lolium perenne,* hitherto effected on the basis of maturity, should be corrected and a qualitative criterion of persistence, that is to say of longevity of the various varieties, should be used;

### Dehydrated fodder

Whereas Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1067/74 provides that the amount of the aid for dehydrated fodder must be fixed in the light of the need to improve Community supplies of those products;

Whereas, in respect of all the products referred to in this Regulation, the application of the criteria for the fixing of the different prices and other amounts, and the application of the measures provided for in respect of the exchange rates to be applied in agriculture, entail the fixing of those prices and amounts at the levels shown in the Annexes to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

In the agricultural sector, for the 1976/77 marketing year, certain prices and other amounts, together with certain of the conditions for the application thereof, where appropriate the period during which certain of the prices and amounts shall apply and, where appropriate, the standard qualities to which they

[1] OJ No L 72, 20. 3. 1975, p. 25.
[2] OJ No L 72, 20 .3. 1975, p. 32.

relate, are fixed in the Annexes to this Regulation in the following order:

Annex I: Fruit and vegetables,

Annex II: Wine,

Annex III: Oils and fats,

Annex IV: Sugar,

Annex V: Silkworms,

AnnexVI: Tobacco,

Annex VII: Flax and hemp,

Annex VIII: Seeds,

Annex IX: Dehydrated fodder.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities.*

However, the amounts set out in Annexes V and VII shall be applicable from 1 April 1976.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 6 April 1976.

*For the Council*

*The President*

J. HAMILIUS

*ANNEX I*

## FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

### A. Basic price and buying-in price

#### CAULIFLOWERS

For the period 1 May 1976 to 30 April 1977:

| | *Basic price u.a./100 kg net* | *Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net* |
|---|---|---|
| May | 11·25 | 4·92 |
| June | 13·98 | 6·07 |
| July | 11·67 | 5·02 |
| August | 11·67 | 5·02 |
| September | 13·14 | 5·55 |
| October | 13·87 | 5·86 |
| November | 10·62 | 4·60 |
| December | 10·62 | 4·60 |
| January | 10·62 | 4·60 |
| February | 9·46 | 4·08 |
| March | 10·30 | 4·39 |
| April | 10·51 | 4·60 |

These prices relate to the following packed products:

— Cauliflowers 'with leaves' of Quality Class I for the months of May, November, December, January, February, March and April;

— 'Trimmed' cauliflowers of Quality Class I, for the months of June, July, August, September and October.

#### TOMATOES

For the period 1 June to 30 November 1976:

| | *Basic price u.a./100 kg net* | *Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net* |
|---|---|---|
| June: first 10 days | — | — |
| second 10 days | 18·22 | 7·58 |
| third 10 days | 16·12 | 6·95 |
| July | 14·02 | 5·80 |
| August | 12·02 | 5·06 |
| September | 13·07 | 5·48 |
| October | 16·64 | 6·85 |
| November | 18·11 | 8·00 |

These prices relate to packed 'round' and 'ribbed' tomatoes of Quality Class I, size 57/67 mm and packed 'plum' tomatoes of Quality Class I, size 40/47 mm.

#### PEACHES

(excluding nectarines)

For the period 1 June to 30 September 1976:

| | *Basic price u.a./100 kg net* | *Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net* |
|---|---|---|
| June | 26·66 | 16·22 |
| July to September | 24·77 | 15·28 |

These prices relate to the following packed products:

— Peaches of the Fior di Maggio (May Flower) variety, Quality Class I, size 51/61 mm, for the month of June;

— Peaches of the Amsden, Charles Ingouf, and Sant' Anna varieties, Quality Class I, size 61/67 mm, for the month of July;

— Peaches of the Red Haven and Fair Haven varieties, Quality Class I, size 61/67 mm, for the month of August;

— Peaches of the J. H. Hale variety, Quality Class I, size 61/67 mm, for the month of September.

#### LEMONS

For the period 1 June 1976 to 31 May 1977:

| | *Basic price u.a./100 kg net* | *Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net* |
|---|---|---|
| June | 26·14 | 15·73 |
| July | 26·98 | 16·25 |
| August | 26·87 | 16·15 |
| September | 22·99 | 14·99 |
| October | 21·20 | 14·78 |
| November | 20·36 | 12·26 |
| December | 19·84 | 12·05 |
| January | 20·68 | 12·47 |
| February | 19·63 | 11·95 |
| March | 20·78 | 12·47 |
| April | 22·15 | 13·31 |
| May | 22·88 | 13·73 |

These prices relate to packed lemons of Quality Class I, size 53/62 mm.

## PEARS

(other than perry pears)

For the period 1 July 1976 to 30 April 1977:

| | *Basic price u.a./100 kg net* | *Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net* |
|---|---|---|
| July | 16·51 | 8·41 |
| August | 14·94 | 8·09 |
| September | 13·99 | 7·57 |
| October | 14·83 | 7·57 |
| November | 15·15 | 7·78 |
| December | 15·46 | 8·09 |
| January to April inclusive | 15·67 | 8·30 |

These prices relate to the following packed products:

(a) Pears of the Dr Jules Cuyot variety, Quality Class I, size 60 mm or more, for the month of July;

(b) Pears of the Dr Jules Cuyot, Clapp's favourite, and Bon chrétien Williams varieties, Quality Class I, size 60 mm or more, for the month of August;

(c) Pears of the Bon chrétien Williams and Conference varieties, Quality Class I, size 60 mm or more, for the months of September and October;

(d) — Pears of the Conference and Alexandrine Douillard varieties, Quality Class I, size 60 mm or more for the month of November,

— Pears of the Passe-Crassane variety, Quality Class I, size 70 mm or more, for the month of November;

(e) — Pears of the Conference variety, Quality Class I, size 60 mm or more, for the months December to April,

— Pears of the Passe-Crassane variety, Quality Class I, size 70 mm or more, for the months December to April.

## TABLE GRAPES

For the period 1 August to 31 October 1976:

| | *Basic price u.a./100 kg net* | *Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net* |
|---|---|---|
| August | 20·48 | 13·35 |
| September and October | 17·33 | 10·51 |

These prices relate to packed table grapes of the Regina dei Vigneti and Regina (Mennavacca bianca) varieties, Quality Class I.

## APPLES

(other than cider apples)

For the period 1 August 1976 to 31 May 1977:

| | *Basic price u.a./100 kg net* | *Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net* |
|---|---|---|
| August | 14·63 | 7·45 |
| September | 14·63 | 7·45 |
| October | 14·63 | 7·55 |
| November | 14·95 | 7·66 |
| December | 16·10 | 8·29 |
| January | 17·57 | 9·02 |
| February | 18·83 | 9·55 |
| March to May | 20·30 | 10·28 |

These prices relate to the following packed products:

(a) Apples of the James Grieve variety, Quality Class I, size 70 mm or more, for the month of August;

(b) — Apples of the James Grieve and Golden Delicious varieties, Quality Class I, size 70 mm or more, for the month of September,

— Apples of the Reine des reinettes variety, Quality Class I, size 65 mm or more, for the month of September;

(c) Apples of the Golden Delicious variety, Quality Class I, size 70 mm or more, for the months October to May.

## MANDARINS

For the period 16 November 1976 to 28 February 1977:

| | *Basic price u.a./100 kg net* | *Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net* |
|---|---|---|
| 16 to 30 November | 26·28 | 17·35 |
| December | 25·97 | 16·93 |
| January | 25·55 | 16·30 |
| February | 24·18 | 15·88 |

These prices relate to packed mandarins of Quality Class I, size 55/64 mm.

## SWEET ORANGES

For the period 1 December 1976 to 30 April 1977:

| | *Basic price u.a./100 kg net* | *Buying-in price u.a./100 kg net* |
|---|---|---|
| December | 23·54 | 15·33 |
| January | 20·60 | 13·86 |
| February | 21·12 | 14·28 |
| March | 22·70 | 14·49 |
| April | 23·22 | 14·70 |

These prices relate to the following packed products:

— Oranges of the Moro variety, Quality Class I, size 67/80 mm for the month of December;

— Oranges of the Sanguinello variety, Quality Class I, size 67/80 mm, for the months January to April.

*NB:* The prices quoted in Section A of this Annex do not include the cost or the packaging in which the product is presented.

**B. Amount of financial compensation**

For the 1976/77 marketing year:

8·42 units of account per 100 kg net for oranges of the Moro, Tarocco, Ovale calabrese, Belladonna, Navel and Valencia late varieties;

7·23 units of account per 100 kg net for oranges of the Sanguinello variety;

4·75 units of account per 100 kg net for oranges of the Sanguigno and Biondo comune varieties;

7·23 units of account per 100 kg net for mandarins;

4·21 units of account per 100 kg net for clementines;

5·10 units of account per 100 kg net for lemons.

*NB:* Financial compensation is only granted in respect of products belonging to Quality Classes Extra and I.

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*ANNEX II*

**WINE**

| Table wine | Guide price |
|---|---|
| Type R I | 1·96 units of account per degree/hl |
| Type R II | 1·96 units of account per degree/hl |
| Type R III | 30·58 units of account per hl |
| Type A I | 1·84 units of account per degree/hl |
| Type A II | 40·75 units of account per hl |
| Type A III | 46·53 units of account per hl |

*ANNEX III*

## OILS AND FATS

### I. Olive oil

| | *u.a./100 kg* |
|---|---|
| (a) Production target price | 185·00 |
| (b) Market target price | 144·89 |
| (c) Intervention price | 137·64 |

These prices relate to semi-fine virgin olive oil with a free fatty acid content, expressed as oleic acid, of three grammes per 100 grammes.

### II. Oil seeds

| | *u.a./100 kg* |
|---|---|
| (a) Colza and rape seeds: | |
| — Target price | 27·57 |
| — Basic intervention price | 26·77 |
| (b) Sunflower seeds: | |
| — Target price | 28·63 |
| — Basic intervention price | 27·80 |

The basic intervention prices are valid in Genoa.

These prices relate to seeds in bulk, of sound, fair and marketable quality:

— With an impurity content of 2% and, for seeds as such, a humidity and oil content of 9% and 40% respectively in the case of colza and rape seeds;

— With an impurity content of 2% and, for seeds as such, a humidity and oil content of 10% and 40% respectively in the case of sunflower seeds.

| | *u.a./100 kg* |
|---|---|
| Guide price: soya beans (1) | 28·50 |
| linseed (2) | 29·00 |

(1) This price relates to beans:

— in bulk, of sound, fair and marketable quality and

— with an impurity content of 2% and, for beans as such, a humidity and oil content of 14% and 18% respectively.

(2) This price relates to seeds:

— in bulk, of sound, fair and marketable quality and

— with an impurity content of 2% and, for seeds as such, a humidity and oil content of 9% and 38% respectively.

| | *u.a./100 kg* |
|---|---|
| Cotton seeds: | |
| Amount of aid | 103·20 |

*ANNEX IV*

## SUGAR

1. Target price for white sugar in units of account per 100 kg: 34·87.

2. Intervention price for white sugar in units of account per 100 kg: 33·14.

3. The area having the largest surplus consists of the following French departments: Aisne, Oise, Somme.

4. Minimum price for beet in units of account for the area having the largest surplus, per metric ton, delivered at the collection centre: 24·57.

5. Standard quality beet is of sound, fair and marketable quality with a sugar content of 16% at the time of its reception.

6. Without prejudice to the second subparagraph of Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74, the coefficient referred to in the first subparagraph of Article 25 (1) of the said Regulation is 1·35.

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*ANNEX V*

**SILKWORMS**

| | *u.a./box of silk seed employed* |
|---|---|
| Amount of aid | 40·00 |

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*ANNEX VI*

## TOBACCO

### Norm prices, intervention prices and amounts of the premium granted to purchasers of leaf tobacco; derived intervention price for baled tobacco for the 1976 harvest

These prices relate, for each variety, to the reference qualities defined in Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 673/75 for leaf tobacco and Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 674/75 for baled tobacco.

*(u.a./kg)*

| Serial No | Varieties | Norm price | Intervention price | Amount of premium | Derived intervention price |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | a) Badischer Geudertheimer<br>b) Forchheimer Havanna II c) | 2·256 | 2·030 | 1·514 | 3·104 |
| 2 | Badischer Burley E | 2·696 | 2·426 | 1·553 | 3·487 |
| 3 | Virgin SCR | 2·571 | 2·314 | 1·459 | 3·001 |
| 4 | a) Paraguay and hybrids thereof<br>b) Dragon vert and hybrids thereof | 1·990 | 1·791 | 1·209 | – |
| 5 | Nijkerk | 1·939 | 1·745 | 1·194 | – |
| 6 | Burley (Burley × Bel) | 2·175 | 1·958 | 1·047 | – |
| 7 | a) Misionero and hybrids thereof<br>b) Rio Grande and hybrids thereof | 1·799 | 1·619 | 1·200 | – |
| 8 | a) Philippin<br>b) Petit Grammont (Flobecq)<br>c) Burley (Ergo × 6410 and Ergo × Bursana) | 1·515 | 1·364 | 0·859 | – |
| 9 | a) Semois<br>b) Appelterre | 1·815 | 1·634 | 1·029 | – |
| 10 | Bright | 2·180 | 1·962 | 1·228 | 2·748 |
| 11 a) | Burley I | 1·642 | 1·478 | 0·774 | 2·231 |
| 11 b) | Maryland | 1·906 | 1·715 | 0·956 | 2·504 |
| 12 | a) Kentucky and hybrids thereof<br>b) Moro di Cori<br>c) Salento | 1·678 | 1·510 | 0·734 | 2·169 |
| 13 | a) Nostrano del Brenta<br>b) Resistente 142<br>c) Gojano | 1·651 | 1·486 | 1·202 | 2·235 |
| 14 | Beneventano | 1·289 | 1·160 | 0·904 | 1·725 |

*(u.a./kg)*

| Serial No | Varieties | Norm price | Intervention price | Amount of premium | Derived intervention price |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 15 | Xanti-Yakà | 2·422 | 2·180 | 1·459 | 3·464 |
| 16 | Perustitza | 2·294 | 2·065 | 1·372 | 3·041 |
| 17 | Erzegovina and hybrids thereof | 2·060 | 1·854 | 1·242 | 2·740 |
| 18 | a) Round Tip<br>b) Scafati<br>c) Sumatra I | 10·802 | 9·722 | 5·294 | 14·737 |
| 19 | a) Brasile Selvaggio<br>b) Other varieties | 1·076 | 0·968 | 0·295 | - |

*ANNEX VII*

**FLAX AND HEMP**

| Amount of aid: | *u.a./ha* |
|---|---|
| Flax: - United Kingdom | 143·20 |
| - Other Member States | 188·15 |
| Hemp | 174·04 |

*ANNEX VIII*

**SEEDS**

| CCT heading No | Description of goods | Amount of aid u.a./100 kg |
|---|---|---|
| ex 12.01 A | Linum usitatissimum L. partim (fibre flax) | 13 |
| | Cannabis sativa (L. monoica) | 8 |
| | 1. GRAMINEAE | |
| ex 12.03 C | Arrhenatherum elatius (L) J. and C. Presl. | 31 |
| | Dactylis glomerata L. | 27 |
| | Festuca arundinacea Schreb. | 27 |
| | Festuca ovina L. | 19 |
| | Festuca pratensis Huds. | 21 |
| | Festuca rubra L. | 18 |
| | Lolium multiflorum Lam. | 11 |
| | Lolium perenne L. | |
| | - Of high persistence, late or medium late | 17 |
| | - New varieties and others | 13 |
| | - Of low persistence, medium late, medium early or early | 10 |
| | Lolium × Lybridum Hausskn. | 11 |
| | Phleum pratense L. | 31 |
| | Poa nemoralis L. | 19 |
| | Poa pratensis L. | 19 |
| | Poa trivialis L. | 19 |
| | 2. LEGUMINOSAE | |
| ex 07.05 A I | Pisum arvense L. | 4 |
| ex 07.05 A III | Vicia faba L. ssp. faba var. equina Pers. | 4 |
| | Vicia faba L. var. minor (Peterm.) bull | 4 |
| ex 12.03 C | Medicago sativa L. (ecotypes) | 8 |
| | Medicago sativa L. (varieties) | 12 |
| | Trifolium pratense L. | 20 |
| | Trifolium repens L. | 22 |
| | Trifolium repens L. var. giganteum | 25 |
| | Vicia sativa L. | 14 |

*ANNEX IX*

**DEHYDRATED FODDER**

| | *u.a./metric ton* |
|---|---|
| Amount of aid to producers | 9·00 |