COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2215/77

of 6 October 1977

fixing the minimum import levies on olive oil

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats [1], as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1707/73 [2],

Having regard to Council Regulation No 162/66/EEC of 27 October 1966 on trade in oils and fats between the Community and Greece [3],

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2843/76 of 23 November 1976 laying down special measures in particular for the determination of the offers of olive oil on the world market [4], and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2844/76 of 23 November 1976 laying down special measures in particular for the determination of the offers of olive oil on the Greek market [5], and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil from Algeria [6], and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil from Morocco [7], and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil from Tunisia [8], and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey [9], and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Whereas, in Regulation (EEC) No 1362/76 of 14 June 1976 [10], the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix the levies on olive oil;

Whereas Article 4 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3188/76 of 23 December 1976 on detailed rules for the implementation of the special measures for the determination of offers of olive oil on the world market and the Greek market [11], as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 983/77 [12], lays down the criteria for fixing the rate of the minimum levy;

Whereas that rate must be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of an examination of the world or Greek markets and of the Community market, and also of the levy rates indicated by the tenderers;

Whereas account should be taken of the oil content of products other than olive oil; whereas, however, no levies are applied to imports of oil-cake and other residues falling within subheading 23.04 A of the Common Customs Tariff and having an oil content of not more than 3 %;

Whereas account should be taken in applying the levy of the provisions of the agreements between the Community and certain non-member countries; whereas, in particular, the levy must be calculated on the basis of the levy to be collected on imports from non-member countries;

Whereas the application of the rules described above to the levy rates submitted by tenderers on 3 and 4 October 1977 results in the fixing of the minimum levies as shown in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The minimum levies on imports of olive oil shall be as shown in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 October 1977.

(1) OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.
(2) OJ No L 175, 29. 6. 1973, p. 5.
(3) OJ No 197, 29. 10. 1966, p. 3393/66.
(4) OJ No L 327, 26. 11. 1976, p. 4.
(5) OJ No L 327, 26. 11. 1976, p. 6.
(6) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.
(7) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.
(8) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.
(9) OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.
(10) OJ No L 154, 15. 6. 1976, p. 13.
(11) OJ No L 359, 30. 12. 1976, p. 26.
(12) OJ No L 118, 11. 5. 1977, p. 7.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 October 1977.

For the Commission

Finn GUNDELACH

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 6 October 1977 fixing the minimum import levies on olive oil

(u.a. / 100 kg)

CCT heading No	Greece	Non-member countries
07.01 N II	7·00	9·00
07.03 A II	7·00	8·00
15.07 A I a)	36·00 (3)	57·00 (3)
15.07 A I b)	37·00 (3)	58·00 (3)
15.07 A I c)	38·00 (3)	59·00 (3)
15.07 A II a)	41·00	67·00 (1)
15.07 A II b)	56·00	110·50 (2)
15.17 A I	16·00	21·00
15.17 A II	26·00	34·00
23.04 A	3·00 (4)	3·00 (4)

(1) For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3·20 u.a./100 kg ;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 2·50 u.a./100 kg.

(2) For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading :

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 6 u.a./100 kg ;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 4·80 u.a./100 kg.

(3) For imports of oil falling within this tariff subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by :

(a) Greece and Spain : 0·50 u.a./100 kg ;

(b) Turkey : 18·50 u.a./100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force ;

(c) Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia : 20·50 u.a./100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by those countries ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

(4) Pursuant in Article 3 of Regulations (EEC) No 2843/76 and (EEC) No 2844/76, no import levy is collected on oil-cake and other residues falling within subheading 23.04 A of the Common Customs Tariff and having an oil content of not more than 3 %.