COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2671/77

of 28 November 1977

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas for Setubal muscatel wines falling within heading No ex 22.05 of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Portugal (1978)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Articles 43 and 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament (1),

Whereas Article 4 of Protocol 8 to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Portuguese Republic (2), as amended by the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Portuguese Republic (3), provides that customs duties on imports into the Community of certain wines originating in Portugal, shall be reduced :

— by 60 % in the case of the duties applicable to Setubal muscatel wines falling within subheadings ex 22.05 C III a) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV a) 1 of the Common Customs Tariff up to a total annual tariff quota of 1 000 hl, and

— by 50 % in the case of the duties applicable to Setubal muscatel wines falling within subheadings ex 22.05 C III b) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV b) 1 of the Common Customs Tariff up to a total annual tariff quota of 2 000 hl ;

whereas these wines will remain subject to the provisions governing the common organization of the market in wine ;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quotas and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for these quotas to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quotas have been used up ; whereas, having regard to the principles mentioned above, the Community nature of the quotas can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States ;

Whereas, in order to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products concerned, such allocation should be in proportion to the needs of the Member States, assessed by reference both to the statistics of each State's imports from Portugal over a representative period and to the economic outlook for the quota period concerned ;

Whereas available Community statistics give no information on the situation of Setubal muscatel wines on the markets ; whereas, however, Portuguese statistics for exports of these products to the Community during the past three years can be considered to reflect approximately the situation of Community imports ; whereas on this basis the corresponding imports by each of the Member States for the past three years represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Portugal of the products concerned :

	1974	1975	1976
Setubal muscatel wines :			
— in receptacles containing two litres or less :			
— Benelux	30	—	—
— Denmark	—	20	83
— Germany	50	80	—
— France	—	—	—
— Ireland	—	—	—
— Italy	20	—	17
— United Kingdom	—	—	—
— in receptacles containing more than two litres :			
— Benelux	70	—	—
— Denmark	—	—	—
— Germany	—	—	—
— France	—	—	—
— Ireland	—	—	—
— Italy	—	—	—
— United Kingdom	30	—	—

Whereas, in view of these data and the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages :

	Setubal muscatel wines in receptacles containing :	
	two litres or less	more than two litres
Benelux	20	20
Denmark	5	5
Germany	20	20
France	20	20
Ireland	5	5
Italy	10	10
United Kingdom	20	20

(1) OJ No C 241, 10. 10. 1977, p. 46.
(2) OJ No L 301, 31. 12. 1972, p. 165.
(3) OJ No L 266, 29. 9. 1976, p. 2.

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the different Member States, each of the quota amounts should be divided into two instalments, the first instalment being allocated among the Member States and the second forming a reserve intended ultimately to cover the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to ensure a certain degree of security for importers in each Member State, the first instalment of the Community quotas should be determined at a level which, under present circumstances, may be 90 % of each of the quota amounts;

Whereas the initial quota shares of the Member States may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State having used up almost the whole of any one of its initial quota shares should draw an additional quota share from the corresponding reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State when each of its additional quota shares is almost entirely used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional quota shares must be available for use until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration calls for close cooperation between Member States and the Commission, which must, in particular, be able to observe the extent to which the quota amounts are used and inform Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a specified date in the quota period, a considerable balance of one of the initial quota shares remains in one or other Member State it is essential that that Member State pays a large amount of it back into the reserve, in order to avoid a part of one or other of the Community quotas remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united in and represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1978, Community tariff quotas shall be opened for products originating in Portugal, within the limits listed below:

CCT heading No	Description	Quota amount
ex 22.05 C III a) 1 ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	Setubal muscatel wines	1 000 hl
ex 22.05 C III b) 1 ex 22.05 C IV b) 1	Setubal muscatel wines	2 000 hl

2. The Common Customs Tariff duties on wines imported within these tariff quotas shall be suspended at the rates listed below:

CCT heading No	Rate of duty
ex 22.05 C III a) 1	5·4 u.a./hl
ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	5·8 u.a./hl
ex 22.05 C III b) 1	5·5 u.a./hl
ex 22.05 C IV b) 1	6·0 u.a./hl

Article 2

1. The tariff quotas laid down in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment of each quota shall be shared among the Member States; the shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1978 shall consist of the following amounts:

(hectolitres)

	Setubal muscatel wines under subheadings:	
	ex 22.05 C III a) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV a) 1	ex 22.05 C III b) 1 and ex 22.05 C IV b) 1
Benelux	180	360
Denmark	45	90
Germany	180	360
France	180	360
Ireland	45	90
Italy	90	180
United Kingdom	180	360
Total	900	1 800

3. The second instalment of each quota, 100 and 200 hectolitres respectively, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of one of the initial shares of a Member State, as laid down in Article 2 (2) or 90 % or

more of that share less the amount returned into the reserve, where the provisions of Article 5 have been applied, has been exhausted, that Member State shall proceed without delay, by notifying the Commission, to draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit where appropriate, to the extent that the amount in the reserve allows.

2. If, after one or other of its initial shares has been exhausted, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used, that Member State shall proceed in the manner specified in paragraph 1 to draw a third share equal to 7·5 % of its initial share, rounded up to the next unit where appropriate, to the extent that the amount in the reserve allows.

3. If, after one of its second shares has been exhausted, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used, that Member State shall proceed in the manner specified in paragraph 1, to draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall be applied until the reserve is exhausted.

4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, the Member States may proceed to draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there is any reason to believe that those shares might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of the reasons which led them to apply this paragraph.

Article 4

Each of the additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1978.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1978, the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 September 1978, is in excess of 20 % of the initial amount. They may return a larger quantity if there are reasons to believe that such quantity might not be used.

The Member States shall, not later than 1 October 1978, notify the Commission of the total imports of the products concerned effected up to 15 September 1978 inclusive and charged against the Community quotas and, where appropriate, the proportion of their initial shares that is being returned to each reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep account of the shares opened by Member States in accordance with Articles 2 and 3 and shall inform each of them of the extent to which the reserves have been used as soon as it receives the notifications.

The Commission shall, not later than 5 October 1978, notify Member States of the amount in each reserve after the return of shares pursuant to Article 5.

The Commission shall ensure that any drawing which uses up any reserve is limited to the balance available and for this purpose, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State which makes the final drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that, when additional shares are drawn pursuant to Article 3, it is possible for charges to be made, without interruption, against their accumulated shares of the Community tariff quotas.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the said goods established in their territory have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports originating in Portugal as and when the goods are entered with customs authorities for home use.

Article 8

At the Commission's request Member States shall inform it of imports of the products concerned actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely in order to ensure that the provisions of this Regulation are observed.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 Januar 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 28 November 1977.

For the Council

The President

L. OUTERS