COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1815/85

of 27 June 1985

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for rum, arrack and tafia, falling within subheading 22.09 C I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States (ACP) (1 July 1985 to 30 June 1986)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Community signed the Third ACP-EEC Convention at Lomé on 8 December 1984; whereas the Community decided, by Council Regulation (EEC) No 485/85 of 26 February 1985 concerning the application of Decision No 2/85 of the ACP-EEC Council of Ministers on transitional measures valid from 1 March 1985 (1), to apply Protocol 5 annexed to the Convention autonomously in advance;

Whereas Article 1 of Protocol 5 provides that products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) States which fall within subheading 22.09 C I of the Common Customs Tariff shall, until the entry into force of a common organization of the market in spirits, be allowed into the Community free of customs duties under conditions such as to permit the development of traditional trade flows between the ACP States and the Community, on the one hand, and between the Member States, on the other;

Whereas the Community shall fix each year the quantities which may be imported free of customs duties on the basis of the largest quantities imported annually from the ACP States into the Community in the past three years for which statistics are available, increased by an annual growth rate of 37 % on the market of the United Kingdom and 27 % on the other markets of the Community; whereas, however, the annual volume can in no case be less than 170 000 hectolitres of pure alcohol; whereas on account of the particular features of the rum market the quota period runs from 1 July to 30 June;

Whereas, having regard to the levels reached by imports of the products concerned into the Community and the Member States during the past three years for which statistics are available, the annual quota volume would amount to 154 100 hectolitres of pure alcohol; whereas, since this volume is below the threshold established by Protocol 5, the quota volume for the period 1 July 1985 to 30 June 1986 must be fixed at 170 000 hectolitres of pure alcohol;

Whereas, during the past three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from the countries in question of the products concerned:

Member State	1982	1983	1984
Benelux	5,0	5,1	5,7
Denmark	1,7	1,6	1,8
Germany	25,7	24,4	28,0
Greece	0,3	0,0	0,1
France	2,1	1,8	1,0
Ireland	2,0	1,8	1,9
Italy	0,3	0,4	0,5
United Kingdom	62,9	64,9	61,0

Whereas, in view of these factors, of market forecasts for the products in question and of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	5,30
Denmark	1,70
Germany	26,10
Greece	0,05
France	1,62
Ireland	1,88
Italy	0,42
United Kingdom	62,93

Whereas an arrangement for using the Community tariff quota, based on an allocation between the United Kingdom on the one hand and the other Member States on the other, would seem likely to reconcile the application of the growth rates provided for in Protocol 5 with the uninterrupted application of the duty-free entry arrangements in respect of the said quota to all imports of the products concerned into the Member States until the quota is exhausted; whereas in order to reflect as closely as possible actual market trends for the products concerned, allocation of the Community tariff quota among Member States should be made in accordance with the requirements of the Member States; whereas, in this case, the tariff

(1) OJ No L 61, 1. 3. 1985, p. 1.

quota should be allocated among the Member States on the basis of the largest quantities imported annually into each Member State during the past two years and taking into account the abovementioned growth rates ;

Whereas measures should be laid down to ensure that Protocol 5 is implemented under conditions such as to permit the development of traditional trade flows between the ACP States and the Community, on the one hand, and between the Member States on the other ;

Whereas owing to the special character of the products in question and their sensitivity on Community markets, exceptional provision should be made for a method of use based on a single division among Member States ;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the administration of the share allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

1. From 1 July 1985 to 30 June 1986 rum, arrack and tafia falling within subheading 22.09 C I of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in the ACP States shall be imported duty free into the Community within the limits of a tariff quota of 170 000 hectolitres of pure alcohol.

2. Within the limit of its share, as indicated in Article 2, the Hellenic Republic shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions of the 1979 Act of Accession and of Regulation (EEC) No 439/81 (1).

Article 2

1. The tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments. A first instalment of 106 980 hectolitres of pure alcohol shall be for United Kingdom consumption. A second instalment of 63 020 hectolitres of pure alcohol shall be allocated among the other Member States.

2. The shares of each of the Member States to which the second instalment is allocated shall consist of the following quantities :

	(hectolitres of pure alcohol)
Benelux	9 010
Denmark	2 890
Germany	44 400
Greece	50
France	2 760
Ireland	3 200
Italy	710

Article 3

1. Member States shall manage the shares allocated to them in accordance with their own arrangements.

2. The extent to which the Member States have taken up their shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports of the products in question, originating in the ACP States, entered for customs clearance under declarations for free circulation.

Article 4

1. Member States shall inform the Commission each month of imports actually charged against the tariff quota.

2. The United Kingdom shall take the steps necessary to ensure that the quantities imported from the ACP States under the conditions laid down in Articles 1 and 2 are restricted to those meeting its domestic consumption requirements.

3. The Commission shall regularly inform the Member States of the extent to which the tariff quota has been taken up.

4. Where necessary, consultations may be held at the request of a Member State or on the initiative of the Commission.

Article 5

The Commission shall take all necessary measures, in close cooperation with the Member States, to ensure the implementation of this Regulation.

Article 6

Council Regulation (EEC) No 1470/80 of 9 June 1980 on the safeguard measures provided for in the Second ACP-EEC Convention (2) shall apply to the products covered by this Regulation.

Article 7

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1985.

(1) OJ No L 53, 27. 2. 1981, p. 19.

(2) OJ No L 147, 13. 6. 1980, p. 4.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 27 June 1985.

For the Council

The President

A. BIONDI