COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 232/86

of 27 January 1986

laying down implementing rules for 1986 for Regulation (EEC) No 3331/82 on food-aid policy and food-aid management

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3331/82 [1], and in particular the first, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh indents of Article 4 (1) and Article 4 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament [2],

Whereas, in order to implement Regulation (EEC) No 3331/82, it is necessary to determine the total quantities of each product to be supplied under the food-aid programmes in compliance with the Community's international commitments ;

Whereas the Community has entered into certain commitments under the Food Aid Convention ;

Whereas the Community has also entered into certain commitments under the Convention between the European Economic Community and the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA) on aid to refugees in the countries of the Near East [3] ;

Whereas a list of the countries and organizations eligible for food-aid operations should be drawn up without prejudice to emergency operations ;

Whereas provision should also be made for the possibility of making food aid available to non-governmental organizations ; whereas the latter must meet certain conditions guaranteeing the successful execution of food-aid operations ;

Whereas the basic and derived products which may be supplied under food-aid operations should be determined by taking account, in particular, of the available stocks of the products in question ;

Whereas general criteria should also be established for the transport of food aid beyond the fob stage, taking into account the financial and geographical situation of the countries concerned and the channels and intermediaries via which the aid will be dispatched ; whereas account should also be taken to this end of the need to ensure that the effectiveness of the food-aid operations is increased ;

Whereas, in order to ensure that the objectives of food-aid operations are attained, it is furthermore necessary to stipulate that aid is granted only where the recipients undertake to comply with the supply terms laid down by the Commission ;

Whereas the methods of mobilizing, transporting and delivering the products should be specified ; whereas it is also necessary to determine the procedure for mobilizing the products outside the Community ;

Whereas the Commission must be able to take all the measures necessary for the proper execution of food-aid programmes and operations ; whereas, to this end, Member States must provide the Commission with all the assistance required and, in particular, with all relevant information ;

Whereas, in certain circumstances and subject to appropriate conditions, multiannual food-aid programmes can make a positive contribution to the development of the recipient country ; whereas, however, it is not intended to lay down multiannual quantities of food aid,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

1. The quantities of products to be made available for 1986 to certain developing countries and certain organizations as food aid are indicated in Annex I.

The products listed in the fourth, fifth and sixth indents of Annex I shall be made available to certain developing countries or certain organizations under international commitments or in the form of specific projects or emergency aid to be decided on by the Commission in accordance with Article 5 or 6, as applicable, of Regulation (EEC) No 3331/82.

2. The products to be considered for food-aid operations under paragraph 1 are laid down in Annex II.

Article 2

1. The countries and organizations eligible to receive the aid referred to in Article 1 are listed in Annex III.

2. The aid may also be placed at the disposal of non-governmental organizations which must *inter alia :*

(a) have their headquarters in a Member State of the Community or, exceptionally, in a third country ;

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[1] OJ No L 352, 14. 12. 1982, p. 1.
[2] Opinion delivered on 17. 1. 1986 (not yet published in the Official Journal).
[3] OJ No L 188, 16. 7. 1984, p. 18.

(b) have a statute that is characteristic of an organization of this type ;

(c) have shown that they have the capacity to carry out food-aid operations successfully ;

(d) have given an undertaking to comply with the supply terms laid down by the Commission pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 3331/82.

Article 3

Where the Commission considers that the Community should meet transport costs for food aid beyond the fob stage, it shall take account of the following general criteria :

— whether the recipient country is included on the list of least-developed countries,

— whether or not the recipient country is a land-locked country,

— the financial situation of the recipient country,

— whether the food aid is intended for the organizations or non-governmental organizations referred to in Article 2,

— the need to mobilize the product on the market of a developing country,

— the need to allocate the food aid on an emergency basis,

— the need to make a given food-aid operation more effective.

Article 4

Distribution costs may, in exceptional circumstances, be met by the Community where necessary for the proper execution of the food-aid operations concerned.

Article 5

1. The Commission shall inform the recipients of the conditions governing the supply of food aid as referred to in point (c) of the first paragraph of Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 3331/82.

2. Food aid shall be granted to the recipients only where they undertake to comply with the supply terms notified to them by the Commission.

Article 6

1. Except in the case of emergency operations or where products have to be purchased in a developing country because they are unavailable on the Community market, tenders shall be called for within the Community :

— for the mobilization of the product on the Community market and, where appropriate, for its purchase and manufacture on that market,

— for the transportation and delivery of the product after mobilization.

Where, however, a food-aid operation relates only to relatively small amounts, paragraph 2 may also apply.

2. For emergency operations or where products must be purchased in a developing country because they are unavailable on the Community market, the Commission may conclude the necessary private contracts or instruct the Member States and, where appropriate, an authorized agent to conclude such contracts on terms laid down by the Commission.

Article 7

1. The Commission shall lay down rules for the mobilization of products which must be purchased in a developing country because they are unavailable on the Community market.

In order to establish that they are unavailable, the Commission shall have regard to the availability of stocks of the products in question in the Community and to the Community market's needs as regards such products.

2. Milk products supplied as food aid must have been manufactured and purchased in the Community.

3. The Commission shall lay down the rules referred to in paragraph 1 in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 3331/82.

Article 8

The Commission shall, in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 8 of Regulation (EEC) No 3331/82, establish the technical coefficient and equivalence criterion referred to in Article 3 of that Regulation.

Article 9

The Commission shall take all necessary measures to ensure the proper execution of food-aid programmes and operations.

To this end, the Member States shall provide the Commission with all the assistance required and shall, in particular, provide it with all relevant information.

Article 10

The European Parliament shall be kept informed of the management of food aid by being notified of the decisions taken pursuant to Articles 7 and 8 upon their adoption.

Article 11

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities.*

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 January 1986.

For the Council

The President

H. van den BROEK

ANNEX I

Quantities referred to in Article 1 (1) made available for 1986

— For *cereals:*

(a) an initial instalment of 927 700 tonnes,

(b) a second instalment of up to 232 300 tonnes,

— for *milk powder:* a maximum of 94 100 tonnes,

— for *butteroil:* a maximum of 27 300 tonnes,

— for *sugar:* a maximum of 3 900 tonnes,

— for *vegetable oil* (seed oil and olive oil): a maximum of 8 600 tonnes,

— for *other products,* quantities corresponding to not more than 121 824 tonnes of cereal equivalent,

— food aid in the abovementioned products intended to cover exceptional food shortages, corresponding to not more than 386 700 tonnes of cereal equivalent.

ANNEX II

List of products referred to in Article 1

CCT heading No	Description
02.01 A II b)	Meat of bovine animals, frozen
ex 02.06 C I a)	Meat of bovine animals, salted, in brine, dried or smoked
03.02	Fish, dried, salted or in brine ; smoked fish, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process
04.02 A II and B I	Milk and cream, in powder or granules
ex 04.03	Butteroil (as defined in Annex III to Regulation (EEC) No 1354/83)
07.05 B	Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split (other than for sowing)
08.04 B	Dried grapes
ex Chapter 10 (ex 10.01 to 10.07)	Cereals (other than for sowing)
11.01	Cereal flours
ex 11.02	Cereal groats and cereal meal ; other worked cereal grains (for example, rolled, flaked, polished, pearled or kibbled but not further prepared), except rice falling within heading No 10.06
11.04 A	Flour of the dried leguminous vegetables falling within heading No 07.05
15.07 A	Olive oil
15.07 D II	Fixed vegetable oils, fluid or solid, crude, refined or purified (other than olive oil, China-wood and oitica oils, myrtle wax and Japan wax, castor oil and other oils for technical or industrial uses other than the manufacture of food-stuffs for human consumption)
ex 16.02 B III b)	Prepared or preserved meat
ex 16.04 D and F 16.04 G	Sardines, mackerel and anchovies Other
17.01 A and B	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form
19.02	Food preparations of flour, meal, etc.
ex 19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products
19.08 B	Biscuits
20.02 C	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid. Tomatoes
21.07 G	Food preparations not specified

ANNEX III

Countries and organizations referred to in Article 2

1. COUNTRIES

Angola
Antigua and Barbuda
Bangladesh
Benin
Bolivia
Botswana
Burkina Faso
Burma
Burundi
Cape Verde
Central African Republic
Chad
China
Comoros
Costa Rica
Djibouti
Dominican Republic
Dominica
Ecuador
Egypt
Equatorial Guinea
Ethiopia
Gambia
Ghana
Grenada
Guatemala
Guinea (Conakry)
Guinea Bissau
Guyana
Haiti
Honduras
India
Indonesia
Jamaica
Jordan
Kenya
Lebanon
Lesotho
Madagascar
Malawi
Maldives
Mali
Malta
Mauritania
Mauritius
Morocco
Mozambique
Nepal
Nicaragua
Niger
Pakistan
Peru
Philippines
Rwanda
Salvador
Saint Christopher and Nevis
St Lucia
St Vincent and Grenadines
São Tomé and Principe
Senegal
Seychelles
Sierra Leone
Somalia
Sri Lanka
Sudan
Syria
Swaziland
Tanzania
Thailand
Togo
Tunisia
Uganda
North Yemen (Arab Republic)
South Yemen (Democratic Republic)
Zaire
Zambia
Zimbabwe

2. ORGANIZATIONS

ICRC
LICROSS
UNHCR
UNRWA
WFP
UNICEF
UNBRO