COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1747/93

of 1 July 1993

introducing a countervailing charge on apples originating in South Africa

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables [1], as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 638/93 [2], and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25a (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a non-member country is alternatively above and below the reference price for five to seven consecutive market days a countervailing charge is introduced in respect of that non-member country, save in exceptional cases; whereas that charge is introduced when three entry prices fall below the reference price and one of those entry prices is at least ECU 0,6 below the reference price; whereas that charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the last available entry price by at least ECU 0,6 below the reference price;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1660/92 of 26 June 1992 fixing for the 1993/94 marketing year the reference prices for apples [3] fixed the reference price for products of class I for the month of June 1993 at ECU 57,08 per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74 [4], as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 249/93 [5], the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas for apples originating in South Africa the entry prices calculated in this way have for five consecutive market days been alternatively above and below the reference price; whereas one of these entry prices is at least ECU 0,6 below the reference prices; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these apples;

Whereas the representative market rates defined in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3813/92 [6] are used to convert amounts expressed in third country currencies and are used as the basis for determining the agricultural conversion rates of the Member States' currencies; whereas detailed rules on the application and determination of these conversions were set by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1068/93 [7],

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of ECU 1,42 per 100 kilograms net is applied to apples (CN codes 0808 10 31, 0808 10 33, 0808 10 39, 0808 10 51, 0808 10 53, 0808 10 59, 0808 10 81, 0808 10 83 and 0808 10 89) originating in South Africa.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 July 1993.

Subject to the provisions of the second subparagraph of Article 26 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72, this Regulation shall be applicable until 28 June 1993.

(1) OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
(2) OJ No L 69, 20. 3. 1993, p. 7.
(3) OJ No L 172, 27. 6. 1992, p. 57.
(4) OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.
(5) OJ No L 28, 5. 2. 1993, p. 45.
(6) OJ No L 387, 31. 12. 1992, p. 1.
(7) OJ No L 108, 1. 5. 1993, p. 106.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 July 1993.

For the Commission
René STEICHEN
Member of the Commission