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(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 190/96

of 1 February 1996

re-establishing the preferential customs duty on imports of multiflorous (spray) carnations originating in Israel

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 4088/87 of 21 December 1987 fixing conditions for the application of preferential customs duties on imports of certain flowers originating in Cyprus, Israel, Jordan and Morocco [1], as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3551/88 [2], and in particular Article 5 (2) (b) thereof,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 4088/87 fixes conditions for the application of a preferential customs duty on large-flowered roses, small-flowered roses, uniflorous (bloom) carnations and multiflorous (spray) carnations within the limit of tariff quotas opened annually for imports of fresh cut flowers into the Community;

Whereas Council Regulation (EC) No 1981/94 [3], as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 3057/95 [4], opens and provides for the administration of Community tariff quotas for cut flowers and flower buds, fresh, originating in Cyprus, Jordan, Morocco and Israel;

Whereas Article 2 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 4088/87 stipulates that the preferential customs duty shall be reintroduced for a given product of a given origin if the prices of the imported product (full rate customs duty not deducted) are, for at least 70 % of the quantities for which prices are available on representative Community import markets, not less than 85 % of the Community producer price for a period, calculated from the actual date of suspension of the actual preferential customs duty,

— of two successive market days, after suspension under Article 2 (2) (a) of that Regulation,

— of three successive market days, after suspension under Article 2 (2) (b) of that Regulation;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EC) No 2524/95 [5] fixed Community producer prices for carnations and roses for application of the arrangements for importation from the countries in question;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 700/88 [6], as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2917/93 [7], laid down detailed rules for the application of these arrangements;

Whereas the representative market rates defined in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3813/92 [8], as amended by Regulation (EC) No 150/95 [9], are used to convert amounts expressed in third country currencies and are used as the basis for determining the agricultural conversion rates of the Member States' currencies; whereas detailed rules on the application and determination of these conversions were set by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1068/93 [10], as amended by Regulation (EC) No 2853/95 [11];

Whereas the preferential customs duty fixed for multiflorous (spray) carnations originating in Israel by Regulation (EC) No 1981/94 was suspended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 89/96 [12];

Whereas on the basis of price recordings made as specified in Regulations (EEC) No 4088/87 and (EEC) No 700/88 it must be concluded that the requirement for reintroduction of the preferential customs duty laid down in the last indent of Article 2 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 4088/87 is met for multiflorous (spray) carnations originating in Israel; whereas the preferential customs duty should be reintroduced,

(1) OJ No L 382, 31. 12. 1987, p. 22.
(2) OJ No L 311, 17. 11. 1988, p. 1.
(3) OJ No L 199, 2. 8. 1994, p. 1.
(4) OJ No L 326, 30. 12. 1995, p. 3.
(5) OJ No L 258, 28. 10. 1995, p. 42.
(6) OJ No L 72, 18. 3. 1988, p. 16.
(7) OJ No L 264, 23. 10. 1993, p. 33.
(8) OJ No L 387, 31. 12. 1992, p. 1.
(9) OJ No L 22, 31. 1. 1995, p. 1.
(10) OJ No L 108, 1. 5. 1993, p. 96.
(11) OJ No L 299, 12. 12. 1995, p. 1.
(12) OJ No L 17, 23. 1. 1996, p. 23.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

For imports of multiflorous (spray) carnations (CN codes ex 0603 10 13 and ex 0603 10 53) originating in Israel the preferential customs duty set by Regulation (EC) No 1981/94 is reintroduced.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 February 1996.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 1996.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission