SCHEDULE.

REDEMPTION TABLE.

A TABLE shewing the amount that will redeem an annual instalment of Four pounds due after the expiration of the under-mentioned number of complete years from the payment of the redemption money.

Interval of Years.	Amount of Redemption money.	Interval of Years.	Amount of Redemption money.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
48	0 19 5	24	1 19 5
47	1 0 0	23	2 0 7
46	1 0 7	22	2 1 10
45	1 1 2	21	2 3 1
44	1 1 10	20	2 4 4
43	1 2 6	19	2 5 8
42	1 3 2	18	2 7 0
41	1 3 10	17	2 8 5
40	1 4 7	16	2 9 11
39	1 5 4	15	2 11 5
38	1 6 1	14	2 12 11
37	1 6 10	13	2 14 6
36	1 7 8	12	2 16 2
35	1 8 6	11	2 17 10
34	1 9 4	10	2 19 7
33	1 10 2	9	3 1 4
32	1 11 1	8	3 3 2
31	1 12 0	7	3 5 1
30	1 13 0	6	3 7 0
29	1 14 0	5	3 9 1
28	1 15 0	4	3 11 1
27	1 16 1	3	3 13 3
26	1 17 2	2	3 15 5
25	1 18 3	1	3 17 9

CHAPTER 74.

An Act to amend the Law relating to taking Evidence by Commission in India and the Colonies, and elsewhere in Her Majesty's Dominions. [14th August 1885.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the Evidence by Commission Act, 1885.

Power to courts to nominate examiner in civil proceedings.

2. Where in any civil proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction an order for the examination of any witness or person has been made, and a commission, mandamus, order, or request for the examination of such witness or person is addressed to any court, or to any judge of a court, in India or the Colonies, or elsewhere in Her Majesty's dominions, beyond the jurisdiction of the court

ordering the examination, it shall be lawful for such court, or the chief judge thereof, or such judge, to nominate some fit person to take such examination, and any deposition or examination taken before an examiner so nominated shall be admissible in evidence to the same extent as if it had been taken by or before such court or judge.

Power in criminal proceedings to nominate judge or magistrate to take depositions.

3. Where in any criminal proceeding a mandamus or order for the examination of any witness or person is addressed to any court, or to any judge of a court, in India or the Colonies, or elsewhere in Her Majesty's dominions, beyond the jurisdiction of the court ordering the examination, it shall be lawful for such court, or the chief judge thereof, or such judge, to nominate any judge of such court, or any judge of an inferior court, or magistrate within the jurisdiction of such first-mentioned court, to take the examination of such witness or person, and any deposition or examination so taken shall be admissible in evidence to the same extent as if it had been taken by or before the court or judge to whom the mandamus or order was addressed.

Application of 22 Vict. c. 20. as to conduct money, &c., to proceedings under this Act.

4. The provisions of the Act passed in the twenty-second year of Her Majesty, chapter twenty, intituled "An Act to provide for "taking evidence in suits and proceedings pending before tribunals "in Her Majesty's dominions in places out of the jurisdiction of such "tribunals" (which may be cited as the Evidence by Commission Act, 1859), as amended by this Act, shall apply to proceedings under this Act.

Amendment of 22 Vict. c. 20. as to costs.

5. The power to make rules conferred by section six of the Evidence by Commission Act, 1859, shall be deemed to include a power to make rules with regard to all costs of or incidental to the examination of any witness or person, including the remuneration of the examiner, if any, whether the examination be ordered pursuant to that Act or under this or any other Act for the time being in force relating to the examination of witnesses beyond the jurisdiction of the court ordering the examination.

Oath or affirmation of witness.

6. When pursuant to any such commission, mandamus, order, or request as in this Act referred to any witness or person is to be examined in any place beyond the jurisdiction of the court ordering the examination, such witness or person may be examined on oath, affirmation, or otherwise, according to the law in force in the place where the examination is taken, and any deposition or examination so taken shall be as effectual for all purposes as if the witness or person had been examined on oath before a person duly authorised to administer an oath in the court ordering the examination.

CHAPTER 75.

An Act to amend the Prevention of Crimes Act, 1871.

[14th August 1885.]

34 & 35 Vict. c. 112.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Prevention of Crimes Act, 1871:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Tem-