CUSTOMS

[*See* also below HYDROCARBON OILS, p. 1601; IMPERIAL TRADE AGREEMENTS, p. 1609; POST OFFICE, p. 3589; SAFEGUARDING OF INDUSTRIES, p. 3765; and TOBACCO, p. 4085.]

1. *Export Control.* | 2. *Import Duties*, p. 631.

1. EXPORT CONTROL

(1) *General.*
(2) *Export Charges*, p. 627.
(3) *Export Licences*, p. 629.

(1) GENERAL

The Export of Goods (Control) (Consolidation) Order, 1948

1948 No. 2778

Made - - - - 21*st December*, 1948
Coming into Operation 31*st December*, 1948

The Board of Trade, in exercise of the powers conferred upon them by Section 1 of the Import, Export and Customs Powers (Defence) Act, 1939, and of all other powers enabling them in that behalf, do hereby order as follows :— 2 & 3 Geo. 6. c. 69.

1. The goods specified in the First Schedule hereto are, subject to the provisions of this Order, prohibited to be exported from the United Kingdom or shipped as ships' stores.

2. Nothing in this Order shall be taken to prohibit the exportation of any goods under the authority of a licence granted by the Board of Trade, or the shipment of any goods as ships' stores if the shipment of the goods is permitted by the proper officer of Customs and Excise at the port of departure for use on board the ship, provided that all conditions attaching to the said licence or the said permission are complied with. Licensed exports and permitted ships' stores.

3. Nothing in this Order shall be taken to prohibit the exportation of— Valuables.

(*a*) (i) any postage stamps of philatelic interest and similar articles if each package in the consignment is sealed by or on behalf of the Board of Trade and bears a certificate given by or on behalf of the Board of Trade that the goods in the package have been passed for exportation under this Order and is despatched by or on behalf of the Board of Trade ;

(ii) any postage stamps of philatelic interest and similar articles to any port or destination in :—

(i) any part of His Majesty's dominions except Canada and Newfoundland,

(ii) any British protectorate,

(iii) any country or territory under His Majesty's protection or suzerainty,

(iv) any territory in respect of which a mandate on behalf of the League of Nations has been accepted by His Majesty and is being exercised by the Government of any part of His Majesty's dominions, or

(v) Burma, Iceland and Iraq ;

(iii) any consignment of the goods specified in Group 18 of the First Schedule hereto other than postage stamps of philatelic interest and similar articles, if before any such consignment of such goods is exported or despatched each package in the consignment is sealed by or on behalf of the Board of Trade and bears or is accompanied by a certificate given by or on behalf of the Board of Trade that the goods in the package have been passed for exportation under this Order, and, where the goods are despatched by post, if they are despatched by or on behalf of the Board of Trade, or, in all other cases, if the certificate is delivered to the proper officer of Customs and Excise ;

Coal, coke and manufactured fuel.

(*b*) coal, coke and manufactured fuel of which coal or coke is the chief constituent if there is in force a certificate issued by or on behalf of the Minister of Fuel and Power in respect of the exportation of the said goods and the said certificate is duly produced to the proper officer of Customs and Excise at the port of shipment ;

Samples.

(*c*) trade samples of any goods, if the samples have no saleable value and they are exported as sample packets in compliance with the provisions of the Post Office Acts, and of the Customs Acts, and of any Treasury Warrant or Post Office Regulations for the time being in force, and of any rules or regulations (other than the prohibition or restriction of exportation imposed by this Order) respecting the transmission of articles by post which may for the time being be in force, whether in the United Kingdom or in the countries or places to which such goods may be addressed ;

Aircraft.

(*d*) (i) any aircraft registered outside the United Kingdom which is being re-exported within six months of the date of importation into the United Kingdom, provided that there has been no change of ownership or registration since that date ; (ii) any aircraft engaged on a scheduled journey as defined in Section 23 (2) of the Civil Aviation Act, 1946 ;

9 & 10 Geo. 6. c. 70.

Firearms and ammunition. 10 & 11 Geo. 5. c. 43. 1 Edw. 8 & 1 Geo. 6. c. 12.

(*e*) firearms and ammunition, other than the goods specified in Group 18 of the First Schedule hereto, authorised to be held in Great Britain or Northern Ireland by a valid firearm certificate issued under Section I (1) of the Firearms Act, 1920, or under Section 2 of the Firearms Act, 1937, if the firearm certificate is produced by the holder with the firearms and ammunition to the proper officer of Customs and Excise at the port of departure ;

Dangerous drugs.

(*f*) dangerous drugs, if there is in force a licence granted by a Secretary of State under the Dangerous Drugs Acts, 1920-1932, in respect of the exportation of the said goods and the said licence is duly produced to the proper officer of Customs and Excise at the port of shipment, or, if the goods are exported by post, to an officer of the Post Office at which they are posted ;

(*g*) any goods specified in the Second Schedule hereto ;

(*h*) any goods, other than fertilisers or any goods specified in Group 17 of the First Schedule hereto, to any port or destination in the Channel Islands ;

Diamonds.

(*j*) diamonds, unmounted, exported—

(i) by registered letter post, insured box post or air freight to any destination ; or

(ii) by insured parcel post to any of the scheduled territories as defined in the Exchange Control Act, 1947 ;

Tea.

(*k*) any tea, if permission for the said tea to be exported has been given by or on behalf of the Minister of Food, and if evidence of

such permission is duly produced to the satisfaction of the proper officer of Customs and Excise at the port of shipment.

Gifts.

4.—(1) Nothing in this Order shall be taken to prohibit the exportation of any goods to which this Article applies where those goods are exported by parcel post as a bona fide individual gift and in accordance with the provisions of this Article.

(2) This Article applies to any goods specified in the First Schedule hereto (including any cloth or apparel to which the mark shown in the Second Schedule to the Utility Mark and Apparel and Textiles (General Provisions) Order, 1947(a) has been duly applied), other than the following:—

candles and nightlights ;
colchicina and its salts ;
firearms and ammunition ;
foodstuffs (except food prescribed as rationed food by the Food Rationing Orders, 1948(b)) specified in Groups 1 and 3 of the First Schedule hereto ;
leather, undressed (including sole leather) ;
postage stamps of philatelic interest and similar articles ;
seeds (other than flower seeds) exceeding £2 in value ;
shaving soap ;
soap (other than shaving soap) exceeding 2 lbs. in weight ;
soles and heels wholly or mainly of leather or crepe rubber ;
tyres, pneumatic, and inner tubes for use therewith but not including pedal cycle tyres and inner tubes ;
woven goods wholly or mainly of cotton (except articles or materials containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of wool or animal hair) of the following descriptions:—
blankets, shawls and travelling rugs, napkins of all kinds, pillow, bolster and mattress cases, quilts, counterpanes, coverlets and other bedspreads, sheets, tablecloths, shaped material for making into the foregoing ;
yarns and thread, wholly or mainly of cotton.

(3) For the purpose of this Article goods shall not be deemed to be exported as a bona fide individual gift unless those goods are the bona fide gift on his own behalf of an individual, whose name appears on the outside of the parcel as that of the sender (hereinafter called " the donor ") to the individual to whom the parcel is addressed (hereinafter called " the recipient ") for the benefit of the recipient absolutely, and individual shall not include a body corporate or unincorporate or more than one natural person.

(4) Nothing in this Article shall authorise the exportation as an individual gift of

(i) any parcel containing such goods of a value exceeding £5 ;
(ii) more than one parcel containing such goods by any one donor to the same recipient in any calendar month ;
(iii) any parcel (*a*) containing foodstuffs together with any other goods except soap or (*b*) containing more than 2 lbs. of any one kind of foodstuffs ;
(iv) any parcel containing foodstuffs of a gross weight exceeding 7 lbs. ;

(a) S.R. & O. 1947 (No. 2642) II, p. 160.
(b) The principal Orders, for the time being, cited as the Food Rationing Orders, 1948, are S.I. 1948 (Nos. 1587, 1631, 1632, 1633, 1635, 1636, and 2599) II, pp. 451, 427, 474, 490, 478 and 492.

(v) any parcel unless any declaration required to be made in relation thereto contains a full and accurate description of the contents signed by the donor and states that the parcel is an unsolicited gift and, where a parcel contains foodstuffs, unless the declaration also bears the stamp of a Food Office of the Ministry of Food.

(5) Nothing contained in this Article shall be construed as exempting any goods so transmitted from any provision of the Post Office Acts, or of the Customs Acts or of any Treasury Warrant or Post Office Regulations for the time being in force, or from any rules or regulations (other than the prohibition or restriction of exportation imposed by this Order) respecting the transmission of articles by post which may for the time being be in force, whether in the United Kingdom or in the countries or places to which such goods may be addressed.

5. No licence granted by the Board of Trade (whether before or after the date of this Order) shall permit the exportation of any goods to which the mark shown in the Second Schedule to the Utility Mark and Apparel and Textiles (General Provisions) Order, 1947(a) has been duly applied unless the exportation of such goods is expressly authorised by the licence.

6. Any exporter or shipper of goods which have been exported from the United Kingdom being either—

(*a*) goods which were exported under licence, certificate, authority or permission granted or issued for the purposes of this Order, or

(*b*) goods the exportation of which to certain destinations was not prohibited by this Order,

shall, if so required by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise, furnish within such time as they may allow proof to their satisfaction that the goods have reached a destination to which they were authorised by such licence, certificate, authority or permission to be exported, or have reached a destination to which their exportation was not prohibited, as the case may be ; and if he fails to do so, he shall incur a Customs penalty of five hundred pounds, unless he proves that he did not consent to or connive at the goods reaching a destination other than the one to which they were authorised by such licence, certificate, authority or permission to be exported, or a destination other than the one to which their exportation was not prohibited, as the case may be.

7. If, for the purpose of obtaining any licence, certificate, authority or permission for the exportation or shipment as ships' stores of any goods which, without such licence, certificate, authority or permission, are prohibited to be exported or shipped as ships' stores, any person makes any statement or furnishes any document or information which to his knowledge is false in a material particular, or recklessly makes any statement which is false in a material particular, he shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to both such fine and such imprisonment ; and any licence, certificate, authority or permission which may have been granted for the exportation or shipment as ships' stores of any goods, in connection with the application for which the false statement was made or the false document or information furnished, shall be void as from the time when the licence, certificate, authority or permission, as the case may be, was granted.

(a) S.R. & O. 1947 (No. 2642) II, p. 160.

8.—(1) Any person who, on any occasion, is about to leave the United Kingdom (which person is hereinafter in this Article referred to as " the traveller ") shall, if on that occasion he is required to do so by an officer of Customs and Excise,—

(*a*) declare whether or not he has with him any goods the export of which from the United Kingdom is subject to any prohibition or restriction under this Order ; and

(*b*) produce any such goods as aforesaid which he has with him ; and such officer, and any person acting under his directions, may search the traveller for the purpose of ascertaining whether he has with him any such goods as aforesaid:

Provided that no female shall be searched in pursuance of this paragraph except by a female.

(2) Where at any place in the United Kingdom, any person is on any occasion found in circumstances in which it is reasonable to suppose that on that occasion he has communicated, or intends to communicate, with a person about to leave the United Kingdom, the provisions of paragraph (1) of this Article shall apply in relation to the person so found, as they apply in relation to a person about to leave the United Kingdom ; and where any person is on any occasion found travelling in the United Kingdom to or from any place in such circumstances as aforesaid, the said provisions shall apply in relation to him as they would apply if, when so found, he had been about to leave the United Kingdom.

(3) Any person who refuses to make a declaration, fails to produce any goods or refuses to allow himself to be searched in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this Article, or who makes a declaration which is false in a material particular, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a Customs penalty of one hundred pounds or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both such penalty and such imprisonment.

9.—(1) Any licence, certificate, authority or permission for the exportation of any goods granted or issued for the purposes of this Order may be modified or revoked at any time by the Board of Trade.

(2) Any certificate issued for the purposes of paragraph (*b*) of Article 3 may be modified or revoked at any time by or on behalf of the Minister of Fuel and Power.

(3) Any permission given by the proper officer of Customs and Excise for the shipment of any goods as ships' stores may be modified or revoked at any time by the proper officer of Customs and Excise.

10.—(1) The Arms Export Prohibition Orders, 1931-37(a), are hereby suspended and the Orders specified in the Third Schedule hereto are hereby revoked.

(2) Any licence, certificate, authority or permission granted, issued or having effect under any Order hereby suspended or revoked and in force immediately before the commencement of this Order, shall have effect in like manner as if it had been issued under the corresponding provisions of this Order.

11.—(1) The Interpretation Act, 1889, applies to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament. 52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.

(a) S.R. & O. 1931 (No. 413) p. 252 and 1937 (No. 525) p. 612.

(2) In this Order the expression " United Kingdom " includes the Isle of Man.

(3) In the application of this Order to Northern Ireland the expression " summary conviction " means conviction subject to, and in accordance with, the Petty Sessions (Ireland) Act, 1851, and any Act amending that Act, whether past or future.

14 & 15 Vict. c. 93.

12. This Order may be cited as the Export of Goods (Control) (Consolidation) Order, 1948, and shall come into force on the 31st day of December, 1948.

Dated this 21st day of December, 1948.

Kenneth McGregor,

An Under-Secretary of the Board of Trade.

FIRST SCHEDULE

GROUP 1

Beverages (excluding beer, wines and spirits) and preparations suitable for use in making such beverages.

Bladders, casings and sausage skins.

Calves' vells.

Cocoa, raw ; cocoa husks and shells ; cocoa butter.

Cocoa preparations, including edible or potable preparations made wholly or partly from cocoa, but not including medicated pills and tablets.

Coffee ; chicory ; chicory root ; mixtures of coffee and chicory ; and coffee and chicory extracts and essences.

Colouring matter, flavouring essences and other materials, wholly or partly of sugar, molasses, glucose or caramel, of a kind used in the manufacture of edible or potable products.

Eggs of domestic poultry and of game, and edible egg products of all kinds.

Feeding stuffs for animals.

Fish (including shell fish) of kinds used for food, fresh, frozen, salted, cured or canned ; fish roes and preparations made therefrom, and fish livers.

Fruit, fresh, raw, dried or otherwise preserved (including fruit pulp).

Fruit juices (including concentrated fruit juices and diluted fruit juices) whether sweetened or clarified or not.

Fruit pectin.

Grain, products derived from grain, farinaceous substances, and edible preparations made wholly or partly from any of the foregoing.

Honey.

Hops.

Isinglass and preparations containing isinglass.

Malt extract and preparations (other than maltose and medical preparations) made wholly or partly from malt extract.

Margarine, and butter substitutes.

Meat, being the edible flesh or edible offals of any dead animal (including birds and marine animals) in all forms, and edible or potable preparations made wholly or partly from such meat.

Milk, preserved milk, and edible or potable products (except casein and lactose) derived therefrom and edible or potable preparations made wholly or partly thereof.

Pickles, sauces and chutneys.

Spices, whether ground or unground, of the following descriptions:—

Mace.
Nutmeg seeds.
Peppers (including peppers of the piper nigrum), other than capsicum, chillies, red pepper (cayenne pepper) and paprika.

Sugar; molasses; glucose; and edible preparations (other than medicinal preparations) made wholly or partly from any of these substances.

Tea.

Tobacco, unmanufactured, whether stripped or not, including shorts and smalls, not denatured, and stalks.

Vegetables, fresh, raw, dried or otherwise preserved, and edible or potable preparations made wholly or partly from vegetables.

Vinegar.

Yeast, whether dead or live.

GROUP 2

Coal, including lignite.

Coke, including petroleum coke.

Fuel, manufactured, of which coal or coke is the chief constituent.

GROUP 3

Candles, tapers, nightlights and bougies.

Dextrine and starch.

Essential oils, natural, of the following descriptions and mixtures consisting wholly or mainly of one or more of these oils:—

Bergamot.
Birch tar.
Bois de Rose.
Cedarwood.
Chenopodium (American Wormseed).
Clove.
Grapefruit.
Lemon.
Linaloe.
Mandarin (Tangerine).
Orange.
Peppermint (including dementholised peppermint).
Petitgrain (Paraguay).
Pimento leaf.
Sandalwood.
Spearmint.
Shiu (Ho).
Turpentine.
Wintergreen (including Sweet Birch).

Fatty alcohols of the following descriptions:—

Cetyl alcohol.
Lauryl alcohol.
Oleyl alcohol.
Stearyl alcohol.
Mixtures consisting wholly or mainly of one or more of the above.

Glue, gelatine and size, derived from animal or fish, and mixtures (other than printers' roller composition) consisting wholly or mainly of such glue, gelatine or size.

Glue stock and pieces suitable for making glue (including hide cuttings and skin waste).

Gums and resins of the following descriptions:—

Copal (including esterification products of copal).
Rosin (colophony).
Mixtures (other than medicinal preparations) consisting wholly or mainly of one or more of the above).

Lecithin and mixtures of lecithin and oil or fat.

Lubricating or greasing compositions.

Mineral jelly and mixtures (other than medicinal preparations) wholly or mainly of mineral jelly.

Oils (including sulphated (sulphonated) oils), fats and greases, and mixtures wholly or mainly of such oils, fats or greases, but not including goods comprised in the following list of exceptions:—

Coal tar oils other than those specified in Group 13 (1) of this Schedule.
Essential oils other than those specified elsewhere in this Group.
Fish liver oils.
Insecticides and fungicides.
Medicinal preparations.
Vitaminised oils.

Oleaginous seeds, nuts and kernels.

Oleine (oleic acid).

Preparations, products and substances (whether or not exported as substitutes for soap) in respect of which there are in force licences granted by or on behalf of the Minister of Food under the Soap Substitutes (Labelling and Prices) Order, 1943(a).

Products of the sulphation (sulphonation) of aliphatic alcohols and aliphatic hydrocarbons, salts of such products, and mixtures (other than medicinal preparations, insecticides, fungicides, weedkillers, animal dips and disinfectants) containing any of the foregoing.

Putty containing linseed oil.

Soapless shampoos.

Soaps of all kinds (other than ammonium soaps, ethanolamine soaps, metallic resinates and scourers containing less than 6 per cent. by weight of anhydrous soap).

Soap stock.

Stearine (stearic acid).

Vitamins and vitamin-containing preparations of the following descriptions:—

Mixtures of, or containing glucose and any vitamin or vitamins.
Vitamins B^1, B^6, and Riboflavine.

(a) S.R. & O. 1943 (No. 638) II, p. 885.

Waxes of the following descriptions:—

Beeswax.

Candelilla wax.

Carnauba wax.

Mineral waxes.

Ouricuri wax.

Mixtures (other than medicinal preparations) consisting wholly or mainly of one or more of the above.

GROUP 4

Abrasives of the following descriptions:—

Aluminium oxide, fused.

Garnet.

Silicon carbide.

GROUP 5

Asbestos, raw and fibre.

Ball clay.

Boron minerals, crude, and concentrates of boracite and rasorite.

Hoofs, horns and pieces thereof, and products obtained by crushing or grinding hoof or horn.

Phosphate rock.

Quartz, common and rock crystal.

Quartzite.

Refractory blocks, bricks and tiles of silica.

Slates, roofing and damp-course.

Slate slabs.

GROUP 6 (1)

Aluminium and alloys mainly thereof in the form of billets, blocks, blooms, cakes, grains, granules, ingots, lumps, notch bars, pellets, shot, slabs, sticks and wire bars.

Ferro alloys, whether briquetted or not.

Iron and steel (including alloy steel) in forms of the following descriptions:—

Ingot moulds, cast iron.

Pig iron.

Stampings and laminations, unassembled, of electrical sheet steel, for incorporation in electrical machinery and apparatus.

Steel conduit tubes for electrical wiring.

Magnesium and alloys mainly thereof in the form of billets, blocks, ingots, notch bars, powder, slabs and sticks.

Metallic residues and metallic wastes, other than pyrites ash.

Non-ferrous metals and alloys (whether or not coated, plated, drilled or punched) in the form of amalgams, angles, anodes, bars (including wire bars), billets, blocks, blooms, cakes, cathodes, circles, cubes, discs, dust, flakes, grain, granules, ingot, leaf and foil in all form (whether or not backed with other material), liquid, lumps, pellets, pigs, pipes and tubes, plates, powder, rods,

rondels, sections (but not including machinery parts), shapes, shavings, sheets, shot, slabs, sponge, sticks, strip, wire (bare, whether stranded or not, including cables, ropes and spirals), of the following descriptions:—

Beryllium.
Chromium.
Lead.
Platinum.
Silver
Tin.
Tungsten.
Alloys containing either platinum or silver.
Alloys mainly of lead or tin or lead and tin.

Non-ferrous metals and alloys, unwrought, in the form of anodes, billets, blocks, blooms, cakes, cathodes, ingots, ingot bars, pellets, pigs, shot, slabs, sticks and wire bars, of the following descriptions :—

Antimony, beryllium, cadmium, cobalt, copper, nickel, zinc and alloys mainly of one or more of these metals.

Ores and concentrates of the following descriptions:—

Antimony.
Beryllium.
Chromium.
Cobalt.
Columbium (niobium).
Copper (including regulus and matte).
Lead.
Manganese.
Molybdenum.
Tantalum.
Thorium.
Tin (including matte).
Tungsten.
Uranium.
Vanadium.
Zinc.

Rolled round rods not less than ¼ inch diameter of copper or cadmium copper.

Scrap and old metal.

Silicon and alloys containing 90 per cent. or more of silicon.

GROUP 6 (2)

Manufactures wholly or mainly of iron or steel of the following descriptions:—

Wire nails and tacks.

GROUP 6 (3)

Manufactures wholly or partly of non-ferrous metal of the following descriptions:—

Wire, insulated, of the following descriptions:—

Wire, single strand, insulated with enamel, but not including such wire having any further covering other than textile lappings.

Wire, multi-strand, of the kind known as Litz wire.

GROUP 6 (4)

Agricultural machinery of the following descriptions:—

Combine harvesters (harvester threshers).

Contractors' plant of the following descriptions:—

Excavators mounted on crawler tracks, mechanical trenchers, ditchers, rippers, rooters, calfdozers, bulldozers, angledozers, trail builders, scrapers, graders (including elevating graders) and killifers.

Needles, bearded and latch, and narrowing points, running on points and welt hooks adapted for use in conjunction therewith.

Textile machinery and plant (including textile printing and finishing machinery and plant) manufactured before 30th April, 1941.

GROUP 7

Cork, raw and granulated, shavings and waste.

Herring barrels and half-barrels.

Paper and paper board (including laminated paper and laminated board), whether or not coated or otherwise treated, but not including goods comprised in the following list of exceptions:—

Abrasive paper.

Blotting pads.

Carbon paper.

Cloth lined or cloth centred paper or board.

Drawing and painting boards.

Drawing pads and sketch pads.

Paper and paper board (other than waste paper and paper board, toilet paper and vulcanized fibre) in sheets of a superficial area not exceeding 150 square inches.

Printed paper or board other than ruled paper or board, stencil paper, toilet paper, waste paper or board or wrapping paper.

Sensitised photographic paper.

Wall paper.

Paper-making and similar materials of the following descriptions:—

Esparto, including waste.

Pulp.

Rags, wholly or partly of cotton, linen, hemp, jute or ramie, not pulled.

Waste paper.

Waste pieces or worn-out lengths of cordage, cable, rope or twine of vegetable fibre, and worn-out articles made wholly or mainly of such cordage, cable, rope or twine.

Wood and timber of the following descriptions:—

Plywood, including laminboard, blockboard and battenboard, whether or not shaped or otherwise manufactured.

Tool handles and broom handles, wholly or mainly of wood.

Veneers.

Willow rods and willow sticks, peeled or unpeeled, whether split or not.

Wood and timber, in the round or hewn or square sawn but not further manufactured than by subjecting to one or more of the following processes, that is to say, planing or dressing, tongueing and grooving or other jointing, profiling or chamfering.

GROUP 8

Balata, raw.

Rubber, natural or reclaimed, compounded with other materials, whether vulcanized or unvulcanized, and scrap and waste wholly or mainly of compounded rubber.

Rubber sole crepe.

Soles and heels of crepe rubber.

Synethetic rubber latex ; raw synthetic rubber ; and synthetic rubber compounded with other materials, whether vulcanized or unvulcanized.

Manufactures wholly or partly of balata, gutta-percha, rubber or synthetic rubber, of the following descriptions:—

Tyres, pneumatic and inner tubes for use therewith but not including pedal cycle tyres and inner tubes.

GROUP 9

Animal hair of the following descriptions:—

Raw and undressed hair, whether cleaned, scoured or carbonised or not.

Curled hair.

Drawn hair.

Bags, sacks and packs, wholly or mainly of textile material, of which any side is 448 square inches or more in area.

Bristles of the pig, hog or boar, whether dressed or not, and bunches or knots containing such bristles.

Cloth and apparel to which the mark shown in the Second Schedule to the Utility Mark and Apparel and Textiles (General Provisions) Order, 1947(a), has been duly applied, but not including the following:—

Footwear.

Knitted fabric.

Cotton and manufactures of cotton of the following descriptions :—

Cotton linters and pulp or board made therefrom.

Cotton, raw.

Cotton waste, including cotton waste containing other materials.

Cables, ropes, cordage and twine wholly or mainly of cotton, and goods made wholly or mainly of these materials.

Stockinette sacks, bags, wrappers and materials wholly or mainly of cotton of the kinds used for food wrapping.

Yarns and thread, wholly or mainly of cotton.

Woven goods wholly or mainly of cotton, but not containing more than 15 per cent. by weight of wool or animal hair, of the following descriptions :—

Blankets, shawls and travelling rugs.

Handkerchiefs.

Napkins of all kinds.

Pillow, bolster and mattress cases.

Quilts, counterpanes, coverlets and other bedspreads.

Sheets.

Tablecloths.

Teacloths and glass cloths.

Towels.

Shaped material for making into the foregoing.

Flax of the following descriptions:—

Flax.

Flax tow or codilla.

Flax waste.

(a) S.R. & O. 1947 (No. 2642) II, p. 160.

Hemp and hemp manufactures of the following descriptions:—

Hemp of all kinds.

Hemp tow.

Hemp waste.

Manufactures wholly or mainly of hard hemp, but not including cables and ropes containing 40 per cent. or more by weight of wire.

Singles yarns of soft hemp, not plied, but not including balls of singles shoe thread weighing not more than four ounces each.

Jute and jute manufactures of the following descriptions:—

Jute, raw.

Jute tow.

Jute waste.

Fabrics (excluding felt and carpeting) wholly or partly of jute, of any width, shape or length, whether or not coated or impregnated.

Other manufactures, wholly or mainly of jute, but not including:—

Felt.

Linoleum and other floorcloth on a jute fabric base.

Carpets, carpeting, floor rugs, floor mats and matting.

Plugs, fibre, for use with screws.

Rags containing wool or animal hair.

Silk and silk manufactures of the following descriptions:—

Silk cocoons.

Silk, raw.

Waste and noils, including waste and noils containing other materials.

Bolting cloth, wholly or mainly of silk.

Socks and three quarter length stockings of the kind suitable for young children's wear, but not including such articles wholly or mainly of silk.

Vegetable fibres commonly used for brush-making, whether dressed or not, including knots.

Wool and manufactures of wool of the following descriptions:—

Waste, wholly or partly of wool or animal hair, other than uncarbonised sheep's and lamb's wool wastes.

Wool noils other than uncarbonised noils of sheep's and lamb's wool.

Wool, raw, whether cleaned, scoured or carbonised or not.

Wool tops.

Yarns wholly or partly of wool or animal hair but not including yarns mainly of silk.

GROUP 10

Hides, undressed.

Leather and manufactures of leather, the following:—

Leather, undressed (including sole leather).
Soles and heels.
Scrap and waste.

Skins, undressed (including goat, kid, calf, sheep and lamb skins, but not including Persian lamb skins and other furskins).

Unfinished footwear of all descriptions with outer soles wholly or mainly of wood, and shaped parts wholly or mainly of wood for incorporation in footwear.

GROUP 11

Track laying tractors of a weight exceeding 25 cwts.

GROUP 12 (1)

Cellulose absorbent.

Cellulose wadding and articles manufactured wholly or mainly thereof.

Cotton absorbent.

Instrument mechanism jewels.

Optical instruments of the following descriptions:—

Cinematograph cameras (35 mm).

Spotlights (focusing) of a rating of 500 watts or over.

Spectacles (excluding sunglasses) and spectacle lenses.

Surgical appliances of the following descriptions:—

Dressings and bandages, other than bandages made partly of rubber thread.

Mesh and other tissues of any width, wholly or mainly of cotton, of the kind used for surgical gauze or bandages, but not including tissues made partly of rubber thread.

Sanitary towels and substitutes therefor.

GROUP 12 (2)

Electrical goods of the following descriptions:—

Accumulators, lead acid, and parts therefor, of the following descriptions:—

Accumulators, lead acid.

Containers and lids.

Plates and grids.

Separators.

Vent plugs.

GROUP 13 (1)

In this Group mixtures consisting of prohibited substances and mixtures of a prohibited substance (except any substance prefixed by the mark †) or of prohibited substances with an inert material, either in dry form or in solution, are covered by the prohibition.

Agar.
Algarobilla.
Amidopyrine.
Ammonium nitrate.
Ammonium sulphate.
Antimony oxides.
Antimony sulphides.
Araroba.
Arecoline and its salts.
Argol and other crude tartrates.
Arsenious oxide.
Asphalt, bitumen and pitch (other than coal-tar pitch), whether natural or not, and aqueous emulsions of any of these substances.
Balsam of Peru.
Balsam of Tolu.
Barbitone.
Barbitone, soluble.
Barium sulphate (other than barium sulphate B.P.) including barytes.
Basic slag.
Beryllium oxide.
Bile salts.
Bismuth compounds.
Black haw bark.
Bones, crushed or not, including bone flour, bone grist and bone meal.
Borax.
Boric acid.
Butane and mixtures containing butane.

Cadmium compounds.
Cadmium mass.
Calcium borogluconate.
Calcium cyanamide.
Calcium gluconate.
Calcium nitrate.
Calcium silicide.
Caproic acid.
Carbon blacks and mixtures containing carbon black, but not including lacquers, paints, paste paints and painters' enamels.
Carbromal.
Cascara sagrada.
Chile saltpetre.
Cholesterol.
Chromium compounds and preparations thereof, but not including lacquers, paints, paste paints and painters' enamels.
Cimicifuga.
Cinchona.
Cinchonine and its salts.
Citric acid.
Coal-tar products of the following descriptions :—
- Anthracene.
- Anthracene oil.
- Carbolic acid.
- Cresols.
- Creosote oil.
- Cresylic acid.
- Naphthalene.
- Pyridine and its salts.
- Mixtures consisting wholly or mainly of one or more of the above.

Cobalt hydroxides.
Cobalt oxides.
Cobalt sulphate.
Colchicina and its salts.
Colchicum.
Creosote, wood, and mixtures consisting mainly of wood creosote.
Cutch.

Desoxycorticosterone acetate.
Diastase.
Dichlorodifluoromethane.
Dicyandiamide.
Di-iodohydroxyquinoline.
Divi-divi.
Driers consisting of metallic linoleates, whether or not mixed with other materials.

Emetine and its salts, and preparations thereof.
Ephedra.
Ephedrine and its salts.
Ergometrine and its salts.
Ethyl acetate.
Ethyl cellulose (cellulose ethyl ether) and preparations thereof.
Eucalyptus.

Fertilisers, simple or compound, including mixed fertilisers and compound manures and fertilisers consisting of ammonium nitrate with other materials.
Folic acid and its salts, and preparations thereof.
Furfural.

Gambier.
Glycine.
Gold compounds.
Gonadotrophic hormones.

Hamamelis bark.
Hamamelis leaves.

Insulin.
Insulin protamine with zinc.
Ipecacuanha and extracts thereof.

Krameria root.

Laevulose.
Lead compounds.
Lithopone (including cadmium lithopone).
Lobelia.

Mangrove.
Menthol, natural and synthetic.
Methyl ethyl ketone.
Methylene chloride.
Mixtures of, or containing, potassium hydroxide and lithium hydroxide.
Myrobalans.

Nicotine and its salts, and preparations thereof.

Oestradiol and its esters.
Oestrone and its esters.

Paraphenetidine,
Pepsin.
Phenacetin.
Phenazone and its salts, and preparations thereof.
Phenobarbitone.
Phenobarbitone, soluble.
Phenol and mixtures consisting mainly of phenol.
Phthalic acid and its salts and esters.
Phthalic anhydride.

Pigments with oil or other medium, of the following descriptions :—
(i) Pigments specified elsewhere in Group 13 (1) of this Schedule with any medium, if the pigment content exceeds 50 per cent. by weight of the total product.
(ii) Pigments with an oil medium, if the oil content exceeds 50 per cent. by weight of the total product.
Pistacia lentiscus leaves (including ground leaves).
Pituitary gland posterior lobe, and its extracts.
Podophyllum peltatum.
Podophyllum resin.
Potassium bicarbonate.
Potassium carbonate.
Potassium chloride.
Potassium hydroxide (caustic potash).
Potassium nitrate.
Potassium sulphate.
Progesterone.

Quillaia.
Quinidine and its salts.

Radio-active substances and mixtures containing such substances (including such substances or mixtures contained in cells, needles, plaques, tubes or other special containers), of the following descriptions :—
Ferro-uranium.
Mesothorium compounds.
Radium compounds.
Thorium and its compounds.
Uranium and its compounds.
Mixtures containing any of the above.

Red squill and preparations thereof.
Rotenone, roots containing rotenone, whether ground or not, extracts containing rotenone and preparations of any of the above.
Rutin.

Salicin.
Selenium and its compounds.
Senega root.
Silver compounds.
Slippery elm bark.
Sodium nitrate.
Succinic acid and its salts.
Succinic anhydride.
†Sulphadiazine.
†Sulphamerazine.
Sumach leaves (including ground leaves).
Sunt pods.
Superphosphate of lime.

Tanning extracts.
Tara.
Tars.
Tartaric acid and tartrates of inorganic bases.
Testosterone and its esters.
Thyroid.
Titanium hydroxides.
Titanium oxides.
Tizrah roots.

Urea and its salts.

Valonia.

Wattle bark.
Wild cherry bark.
Witch hazel, distilled.

Zinc oxide, including leaded zinc oxide.

GROUP 13 (2)

Note.—In this Group :—

(i) Simple or compound radicals not qualified by the recognised prefixes, such as ortho, meta, para, alpha, beta, mono, bi, di, tri, iso, include all forms which would be covered by the introduction of such qualifications to the radical.

(ii) The list of organic products is to be read as also including the salts of any acids and the salts of any amino and other basic organic compounds named therein.

(iii) Mixtures consisting of prohibited substances, and mixtures of a prohibited substance or substances with an inert material either in dry form or in solution, are covered by the prohibition.

Synthetic organic dyestuffs (including pigment dyestuffs and leuco compounds and leuco bases) whether soluble or insoluble and the following organic products of the kind used in the manufacture of such dyestuffs :—

Acenaphthenequinone
Acetanilide
Acetic anhydride
Acetoacetic-anilide
Acetoacetic-ether
Acetone
Acetyl-H-acid
Acetylaminoanthraquinones
Acetyl-1 : 4-naphthylenediamine-sulphonic acid
Aminoacetanilides
β-Aminoalizarin
Aminoanthraquinones
Aminoazobenzene
Aminoazobenzene sulphonic acids
o-Aminoazotoluene
Aminoazotoluene sulphonic acid
Aminoazoxylene
Aminoazoxylene disulphonic acid
Aminobenzaldehyde
m-Aminobenzoic acid
p-Aminobenzyldiethylamine
Aminobenzyldimethylamine
Amino-bromoanthraquinones
2-Amino-1-bromo-3-chloro-anthraquinone
1-Amino-2-bromo-4-hydroxy-anthraquinone
Amino-chloroanthraquinones
m-Amino-p-cresol
m-Amino-p-cresol-benzyl-ether
o-Amino-p-cresol sulphonic acid
2-Amino-4 : 6-dichlorophenol
Aminodimethylanilines
o-Aminodimethyl-p-toluidine
Aminodiphenylamines
p-Aminodiphenylamine-o-sulphonic acid
β-Aminoflavopurpurin
Amino-hydroxyanthraquinones
1-Amino-4-methoxyanthraquinone
1-Amino-2-methylanthraquinone
1-Amino-2-methyl-4-bromo-anthraquinone
4-Amino-3-methyl-4-hydroxy-diphenylamine
Aminomonoethyl-o-toluidines
1-Amino-5-naphthol
Aminonaphthol sulphonic acids
α-Amino-β-naphthyl-ethyl-ether
Aminophenols
Aminophenol sulphonic acids
m-Aminophenylglycine
m-Aminophenyltrimethylammonium chloride
Aminosalicylic acid
Aminosalicylic acid sulphonic acid
o-Amino-p-sulphobenzoic acid
Aminothioindoxyls
6-Aminothioindoxyl carboxylic acid
Anilide of gallic acid
Aniline
Aniline disulphonic acid
Anisic acid
o-Anisidine
Anthranilic acid
Anthranol
Anthraquinone sulphonic acids
Anthraquinone-1-hydrazine
α-Anthrol
Benzaldehyde
Benzaldehyde sulphonic acids
Benzanthrone
Benzidine
Benzidine sulphonic acids
Benzidine sulphone
Benzidine sulphone disulphonic acid
Benzoic acid
Benzoin
Benzotrichloride
1-Benzoylamino-4-aminoanthraquinone
Benzoylamino-chloro-anthraquinones
Benzoyl chloride
Benzyl chloride
Benzylethylaniline
Benzylethylaniline sulphonic acids
Benzylethyl-p-phenylenediamine
Benzylethyl-p-phenylenediamine sulphonic acid
Benzylmethylaniline
Benzylmethylaniline sulphonic acid
Benzyl-α-naphthylamine
4-Bromo-1-acetylmethylamino-anthraquinone
Bromoanthraquinones
6-Bromo-4-methylthioindoxyl
Carbazole
Chloral
Chloroacetic acid
o-Chloro-m-aminobenzoic acid
m-Chloroaniline-o-sulphonic acid
m-Chloro-o-anisidine
Chloroanthraquinones
1-Chloroanthraquinone-2-aldehyde
1-Chloroanthraquinone-2-carboxylic acid
Chlorobenzaldehydes
3-Chloro-4-bromophenylglycine-2-carboxylic acid dimethyl-ester
Chlor-2 : 6-dinitrobenzene-4-sulphonic acid
1-Chloro-2-hydroxyanthraquinone
Chloro-naphthol sulphonic acids
o-Chloro-p-nitroaniline

o-Chloro-*m*-nitro-benzaldehyde
p-Chlorophenol
Chloro-*m*-phenylenediamine sulphonic acid
p-Chlorophenylthioglycollic acid
p-Chloroquinaldine
3-Chloro-5-sulpho-tolyl-2-hydrazine
o-Chloro-*m*-toluidine-*p*-sulphonic acid
Chromotropic acid
Cresidine
o-Cresotinic acid
Dehydrothio-*p*-toluidine
Dehydrothio-*p*-toluidine sulphonic acid
Dehydrothio-*m*-xylidine
Diacetyldinitrobenzidine
Diaminoanthrarufin
Diaminoanthrarufin disulphonic acid
Diaminoazoxytoluene
Diaminocarbazole
o : *o*′-Diaminodiphenic acid
p : *p*′-Diaminodiphenylmethane
p : *p*′-Diaminodiphenylthioureа
Diaminodiphenylureas
p : *p*′-Diaminodiphenylurea disulphonic acid
p : *p*′-Diaminoditolylamine
p : *p*′-Diaminoditolylmethane
p : *p*′-Diaminodi-*p*-xylylmethane
p : *p*′-Diaminodi-*p*-xylylphenylmethane
6 : 6′-Diaminoindigo
Diaminostilbene disulphonic acid
2 : 6-Diaminotoluene-4-sulphonic acid
Dianisidine
Dibenzylaniline sulphonic acid
5 : 7-Dibromoisatin-α-chloride
p-Dichloroaniline
Dichlorobenzenes
Dichlorobenzidine
1 : 3-Dichloro-4 : 6-dinitrobenzene
5 : 5-Dichloroindigo
3 : 4-Dichlorophenylglycine-2-carboxylic acid dimethyl-ester
Dichlorophthalic acid
1-*o*-*m*-Dichloro-*p*-sulpho-phenyl-3-methyl-5-pyrazolone
Dichlorothiophenols
Diethyl-*p*-aminobenzoyl chloride
Diethyl-*m*-amino-*p*-cresol
Diethyl-*m*-aminophenol
Diethylaniline
Diethylmetanilic acid
Diethyl-phenylenediamines
Diformyl-*m*-toluylenediamine
2 : 6-Dihydroxyanthraquinone
m-Dihydroxybenzoic acid
1-4-Dihydroxy-3-methylanthraquinone
Dihydroxy-β-methyl-coumarin
Dihydroxynaphthalenes
Dihydroxynaphthalene sulphonic acids
1 : 7-Dihydroxy-2-naphthoic-4-sulphonic acid
Dimethylamine
p-Dimethylaminobenzaldehyde
Dimethylaminobenzophenone
Dimethyl-*p*-aminobenzoyl chloride
Dimethyl-*m*-amino-*p*-cresol
4-Dimethylamino-4-hydroxydiphenylamine
4-Dimethylamino-4-hydroxydiphenylamine sulphonic acid
Dimethyl-*m*-aminophenol
Dimethylaniline
Dimethyldiamino-di-*o*-tolyl-methane
2 : 2-Dimethyl-1 : 1-dianthraquinonyl
2 : 4-Dimethyl-6-ethoxyquinoline
Di-β-naphthyl-*m*-phenylenediamine
2 : 4-Dinitroacetanilide
2 : 4-Dinitro-4-aminodiphenylamine
m-Dinitroaniline
m-Dinitroaniline sulphonic acid
Dinitroanthraquinones
Dinitroanthrarufin disulphonic acid
Dinitrochlorobenzene
Dinitro-*p*-cresol
Dinitrodibenzyl disulphonic acid
Dinitro-hydroxydiphenylamines
2 : 4-Dinitro-4-hydroxydiphenylamine-3-carboxylic acid
Dinitronaphthalenes
Dinitrostilbene disulphonic acid
Dioxytartaric acid
Diphenylamine
Diphenylamine sulphonic acid
2 : 6-Diphenylnaphthylenediamine
Diphenyl-*m*-phenylenediamine
2 : 7-Di-*p*-tolylnaphthylenediamine
Di-tolyl-*m*-phenylenediamines
Ethoxybenzidine
m-Ethoxyphenyl-*p*-tolylamine
6-Ethoxyquinaldine
Ethylaminonaphthol sulphonic acid γ
N-Ethylcarbazole
Ethyl-α-naphthylamine
Ethyl-β-naphthylamine sulphonic acid F
Ethylphenyl-β-naphthylamine
6-Ethylthio-thioindoxyl
Ethyl-*m*-toluylenediamine
Formaldehyde
Formic acid
Formyl-*m*-toluylenediamine
Gallamide
Gallic acid
Glycerol
4-Hydroxyacenaphthene

m-Hydroxybenzaldehyde
m-Hydroxydiphenylamine
Hydroxynaphthoic acids
β-Hydroxynaphthoic acid anilide
p-Hydroxyphenylthiourea
Indoxylic acid
Isatin
Isatin-*α*-anilide
Isatin-*α*-chloride
Isodehydrothio-*m*-xylidine
Lepidine
Mesidine
Metanilic acid
6-Methoxyquinoline
Methylamine
α-Methylaminoanthraquinone
Methylamino-bromoanthraquinones
m-Methylamino-*p*-cresol
Methylaminonaphthol sulphonic acids
2-Methylanthraquinone
2-Methylbenzanthrone
3-Methyl-4-chloro-6-methoxyphenyl thioglycollic acid
3-Methyl-4-chlorophenylthioglycollic acid
Methyldiphenylamine
Methyldiphenylamine sulphonic acid
Methylethylaniline
Methyl gallate
7-Methylindoxyl
Methyl ketol
Methylphenyl-naphthylamines
Monoethyl-*m*-aminophenol
Monoethyl-toluidines
Monomethyl-*o*-toluidine
Naphthaquinone sulphonic acids
β-Naphthindigo
β-Naphthisatin
Naphthols
Naphthol sulphonic acids
α-Naphthoylbenzoic acid
β-Naphthquinaldine
Naphthylamines
Naphthlyamine sulphonic acids
1 : 5-Naphthlyenediamine
Naphthylenediamine sulphonic acids
α-Naphthylglycine
Nigrotinic acid
α-Nitroalizarin
o-Nitro-*o*-amino-*p*-cresol
4-Nitro-2-amino-4-hydroxydiphenylamine
5-Nitro-*α*-amino-*β*-naphthol-4-sulphonic acid
Nitro-aminophenols
6-Nitro-2-aminophenol-4-sulphonic acid
Nitroanilines
Nitroaniline sulphonic acid
Nitro-anisidines
β-Nitroanthrapurpurin
1-Nitroanthraquinone-6-sulphonic acid
Nitrobenzaldehydes
Nitrobenzene
Nitrobenzidine
Nitrobenzoyl chlorides
Nitro-chloroanilines
p-Nitro-chlorobenzene-*o*-sulphonic acid
o-Nitro-*p*-chlorophenylthioglycollic acid
Nitroisatin
o-Nitro-*p*-phenetidine
Nitro-*m*-phenylenediamine
o-Nitrophenylthioglycollic acid
Nitrosodiethyl-*m*-amino-*p*-cresol
Nitrosodiethyl-*m*-aminophenol
p-Nitrosodiethylaniline
Nitrosodimethyl-*m*-amino-*p*-cresol
p-Nitrosodimethylaniline
p-Nitrosomonoethylaniline
Nitrosomonoethyl-*o*-toluidine
p-Nitrosophenol
p-Nitrotoluene
4-Nitrotoluene-3-aldehyde
p-Nitrotoluene-*o*-sulphonic acid
Nitrotoluidines
Oxalacetic ester
Oxalic acid
Oxindole
1-Oxyanthranol
Phenacetyl chloride
Phenanthraquinone
Phenol-*o*-sulphonic acid
4-Phenylamino-4-hydroxydiphenylamine
Phenyl-aminomonoethyl-*o*-toluidines
Phenylaminonaphthol sulphonic acids
Phenylenediamines
m-Phenylenediamine oxamic acid
Phenylenediamine sulphonic acids
Phenylethylhydrazine
Phenylglycine
Phenylglycine-*o*-carboxylic acid
Phenylglycine nitrile
Phenylhydrazine-*p*-sulphonic acid
1-Phenyl-3-methyl-5-pyrazolone
Phenyl-naphthylamines
Phenyl-*α*-naphthylamine sulphonic acid S
Phenyl-*m*-toluylenediamine
Phosgene
Phthalimide
Picramic acid
Pseudo-cumidine
Pyrogallol
Pyrogallol-5-sulphonic acid
Quinaldine
Quinizarin-3-carboxylic acid

Quinoline
iso-Quinoline
Resorcinol
Resorcinol monomethyl-ether
Resorcinol sulphonic acid
Resorcylic acids
Salicylic acid
Sulphanilic acid
1-*o*-Sulpho-*p*-chloro-phenyl-3-methyl-5-pyrazolone
1-*p*-Sulphophenyl-3-methyl-5-pyrazolone
1-*p*-Sulphophenyl-5-pyrazolone-3-carboxylic acid
Tetrachlorophthalic acid
p : *p*′-Tetraethyldiaminobenzophenone
p : *p*′-Tetraethyldiaminobenzophenone chloride
p : *p*′-Tetramethyldiamino-*m*-aminotriphenylmethane
p : *p*′-Tetramethyldiamino-benzhydrol
p : *p*′-Tetramethyldiamino-benzhydrol sulphonic acid
p : *p*′-Tetramethyldiaminobenzophenone
p : *p*′-Tetramethyldiaminobenzophenone chloride
p : *p*′-Tetramethyldiamino-diphenylmethane
Thioaniline
Thioindoxyl
Thiosalicylic acid
Tolidine
o-Tolidine disulphonic acid
Toluene-*p*-sulphonyl chloride
Toluene-*p*-sulphonyl-methyl-ester
Toluidines
Toluidine sulphonic acids
p-Toluquinoline
Toluylenediamines
m-Toluylenediamine oxamic acid
Toluylenediamine sulphonic acids
m-Toluylenedithiourea
Tolyl-naphthylamines
p-Tolyl-α-naphthylamine sulphonic acid S
2 : 4 : 5-Triaminotoluene
Xylidines
Xylidine sulphonic acid

GROUP 14

Live animals of the following descriptions:—

Horses, cattle, sheep, swine and poultry.

Other animals for food, except goats, rabbits, hares and pigeons.

GROUP 15

Amplifiers, high gain stable linear pulse, designed to operate within the range 50 c/s to 10 Mc/s, and of input resistances not less than 10 megohms.

Betatrons.

Centrifuges with a peripheral speed exceeding 1,000 ft./sec.

Cyclotrons and instruments of similar nature.

Electroscopes, pocket and laboratory.

Equipment for health monitoring against radiation hazards, excluding photographic film and equipment containing it.

Furnaces, vacuum, designed to operate at pressures lower than 0.1 mm Hg and at temperatures higher than 1100° C.

Geiger-Müller counter tubes.

Heavy water, being water containing more than 10 per cent. deuterium oxide.

Instruments capable of measuring a current of less than 1 micro micro ampere.

Ionization chambers.

Ionization measuring equipment suitable for the radiation survey of terrain and plant sites.

Ion separators, electro-magnetic, including mass spectrographs and mass spectrometers for any purpose (including leak detection).

Linear accelerators to produce particles of energies greater than one million electron volts.

Magnets, A.C. and D.C., suitable for betatrons, cyclotrons and instruments of similar nature, and synchrotrons.

Neutron-counters containing boron, boron trifluoride, or hydrogen.

Positive-ion sources, suitable for use in cyclotrons, mass spectrometers and the like.

Pumps, vacuum diffusion, of which the diameter measured inside the barrel at the inlet jet is 12 inches or more.

Resistors of resistance not less than 10^{10} ohms, and instruments embodying them.

Scaling units and rate meters, suitable for use in radiation detection.

Scintillation counters.

Synchrotrons.

Valves, electrometer, designed to handle input currents less than 1 micro micro ampere and instruments embodying them.

Voltage generators to produce D.C. voltages greater than one million volts, and designed to be capable of accelerating charged particles.

GROUP 16

Seeds (other than flower seeds), agricultural and horticultural.

GROUP 17

Aircraft, assembled or dismantled.

Aircraft engines.

Aircraft streamline wires and tie rods.

Amphibian vehicles of all kinds.

Appliances for use with arms and apparatus exclusively designed and intended for land, sea or aerial warfare.

Bayonets, swords and lances, and component parts thereof.

Bombs, bombing apparatus, and component parts thereof.

Cannon, rocket projectors and other ordnance and component parts thereof.

Carriages and mountings and accessories for mountings for cannon, rocket projectors and other ordnance and component parts thereof.

Cartridges, charges of all kinds, and component parts thereof.

Depth charges, apparatus for the discharge of depth charges, and component parts thereof.

Explosives as defined in Section 3 of the Explosives Act, 1875.

Firearms of every description, component parts of firearms, and silencers and telescopic sights for firearms.

Fire control and gun sighting apparatus and component parts thereof.

Flame-throwers and component parts thereof.

Fuses and component parts thereof.

Grenades, component parts of grenades and grenade projectors.

Infra-red image-converter tubes.

Land mine clearance devices and devices for avoiding the effects of land mines, and component parts thereof.

Land mine detectors and similar devices for detecting metals, and component parts thereof.

Machine guns, interrupter gears, mountings for machine guns, and component parts thereof.

Machinery and machine tools of the following descriptions:—

Bomb copy boring lathes.
Bullet assembling (multi-punch) machines.
Bullet cannoluring machines.
Bullet core filling machines.
Bullet cutting and cupping machines.
Bullet drawing machines.
Bullet gauging machines.
Bullet lead forming machines.
Bullet, pointing, forming and sizing machines.
Bullet trimming machines.
Bullet weighing machines.

Cartridge automatic loading machines.
Cartridge cap varnishing machines.
Cartridge caps cutting and cupping machines.
Cartridge case drawing presses.
Cartridge case flash-hole drilling machines.
Cartridge case flash-hole piercing machines.
Cartridge case head turning lathes.
Cartridge case mouth boring lathes.
Cartridge cordite reeling machines.
Cartridge cup priming and pressing machines.
Cartridge finishing and assembly machines.
Cartridge gauging and weighing machines.
Cartridge hand loading machines.
Cartridge neck varnishing machines.
Cartridge sizing or rectifying machines.
Cartridge wadding machines.

Gun honing machines 6′ stroke or more.
Gun jump screw lathes.
Gun rifling machines.

Shell banding presses.
Shell cavity boring lathes.
Shell copper band turning lathes.
Shell groove, wave and undercutting lathes.
Shell heading presses.
Shell making rough turning lathes of the " inverted bed " type.
Shell making special purpose capstan lathes.
Shell shot automatic blasting machines.
Small arms chambering machines.
Small arms deep hole drilling machines.
Small arms machines for rifle groove or bore.
Small arms rifling machines.
Small arms spill boring machines.

Military equipment and accoutrements of the following descriptions:—

Webbing equipment of the following descriptions:—

Anklets.
Belts, braces and straps, and webbing therefor.
Carriers, cases and pouches.
Haversacks and packs.
Slings, rifle, and webbing therefor.

Mines, land or sea, component parts thereof, and devices for firing mines or booby traps.

Projectiles of all kinds (except air gun pellets) and component parts thereof.

Searchlights of which the reflectors have a diameter of 90 c.m. or more, component parts thereof and control gear for searchlights.

Tanks, armoured cars, armoured transport vehicles and component parts thereof.

Television cameras.
Torpedoes and component parts thereof.
Torpedo tubes or other apparatus for discharging torpedoes.

Noxious gases of the following descriptions:—

Bromacetone.
Brombenzylcyanide.
Brom-methylethyl ketone.

Chloropicrin.
Cyanogen chloride.

Dibromdimethyl ether.
Dichlordimethyl ether.
Diphenylaminechlorarsine.
Diphenylchlorarsine.
Diphenylcyanarsine.

Ethyl bromacetate.
Ethyl iodacetate.
Ethyldibromarsine.
Ethyldichlorarsine.

Lewisite (chlorvinyldichlorarsine and dichlordivinylchlorarsine).

Methyldichlorarsine.
Monochlormethylchlorformate.
Mustard gas (dichlorethylsulphide).

Phenyldibromarsine.
Phenyldichlorarsine.

Trichlormethylchlorformate (diphosgene).

GROUP 18

Articles containing more than 25 per cent. by weight of silver.

Articles manufactured or produced more than 75 years before the date of exportation.

Diamonds of all kinds, precious and semi-precious stones and pearls, whether or not mounted, set or strung ; articles mounted or set with diamonds, precious stones or pearls, but excluding dies (whether mounted or not) of diamond and tools and tool parts of which the cutting edge is tipped with diamond.

Furskins, undressed, other than rabbit skins and hare skins.

Goods containing gold or platinum (but not including coin or bullion or articles containing gold by reason only that the gold has been deposited on the articles or some part thereof by a chemical or electrolytic process or by painting or spraying).

Goods manufactured wholly or mainly of skin with fur, hair or wool attached.

Postage stamps of philatelic interest and similar articles.

Skins with fur, hair or wool attached, dressed, and pieces thereof, but not including rabbit skins and hare skins.

Works of art.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Baking powder.

Blankets, compresses and pads, electrically heated.

Dyes for domestic use, made up for retail sale in packets not exceeding one oz. nett in weight.

Finished footwear of all descriptions.

Fish paste.

Fountain pens and similar writing instruments which contain gold or platinum only in the form of nibs, bands, bars or clips.

Gloves, other than gloves to which the mark shown in the Second Schedule to the Utility Mark and Apparel and Textiles (General Provisions) Order, 1947(a), has been duly applied.

Inks.

Metal polishes (liquid).

Mustard, other than mustard seed.

Pen nibs.

Polishes containing wax.

Radiation measuring equipment and components forming an integral part of X-ray machines designed to operate at voltages under 500 Kv.

Spectacle frames and parts thereof.

Toilet preparations, whether medicated or not, of the following descriptions:—

Brilliantines, hair oils, hair creams, hair tonics and setting lotions.
Cosmetics.
Dentifrices and denture cleaning preparations.
Dusting powders.
Face powders.
Perfumery.

Saponaceous shaving creams and shampoos made up and packed ready for retail sale.

Skin creams, skin foods and skin lotions.

Soapless shampoos made up and packed ready for retail sale.

Soapless shaving creams.

Wool, raw, of the following descriptions:—

Sheep's and lamb's wool, other than wool carbonised in the United Kingdom.

THIRD SCHEDULE

ORDERS REVOKED

The Export of Goods (Control) (Consolidation) Order, 1947.	S.R. & O. 1947 (No. 2683) I, p. 379.
The Export of Goods (Control) (Amendment) Order, 1948.	S.I. 1948 No. 521.
The Export of Goods (Control) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order, 1948.	S.I. 1948 No. 793.
The Export of Goods (Control) (Amendment) (No. 3) Order, 1948.	S.I. 1948 No. 1224.
The Export of Goods (Control) (Amendment) (No. 4) Order, 1948.	S.I. 1948 No. 1773.
The Export of Goods (Control) (Amendment) (No. 5) Order, 1948.	S.I. 1948 No. 1929.
The Export of Goods (Control) (Amendment) (No. 6) Order, 1948.	S.I. 1948 No. 2473.

(a) S.R. & O. 1947 (No. 2642) II, p. 160.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.)

This Order supersedes the Export of Goods (Control) (Consolidation) Order, 1947, and the subsequent Amendment Orders. The only change is that cotton piece goods are now exempt from export licensing control.

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(2) EXPORT CHARGES

[Wholesale and retail prices of seed potatoes (1948 crop) *see* Index to Vol. II.]

The Seed Potatoes (Export) (Charges) Order, 1948

1948 No. 1994

Made - - - -	31*st August*, 1948
Laid before the House of Commons - -	31*st August*, 1948
Coming into Operation	8*th September*, 1948

Whereas it is provided by subsection (1) of Section 2 of the Import, Export and Customs Powers (Defence) Act, 1939(a), that the Treasury may by order provide for imposing and recovering, in connection with any scheme of control contained in an Order made under Section 1 of the said Act such charges as may be specified in the Order;

And Whereas the Export of Goods (Control) (Consolidation) Order, 1947, as amended(b), made by the Board of Trade under Section 1 of the said Act contains a scheme of control of, inter alia, vegetables, and seeds (other than flower seeds) agricultural and horticultural;

And Whereas it is desired to provide for imposing and recovering, in connection with that scheme, the charges hereinafter specified:

Now, therefore, the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury by virtue of the powers conferred upon Them by Section 2 (1) of the Import, Export and Customs Powers (Defence) Act, 1939, and of all other powers enabling Them in that behalf, hereby make the following Order:—

1.—(1) In this Order the following expressions have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them:—

(*a*) " the Principal Control Order " means the Export of Goods (Control) (Consolidation) Order, 1947, as amended;

(*b*) The expression " seed potatoes " means potatoes in sound condition and fit for planting which are one of the following classes, that is to say, Certified (Scotch), Certified (Northern Ireland), Certified (English), Certified (Welsh), Uncertified (English once-grown), Uncertified (Welsh once-grown), Uncertified (Scotch), Uncertified (English) or Uncertified (Welsh) and which will pass through a top riddle operated horizontally

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(a) 2 & 3 Geo. 6. c. 69.

(b) S.R. & O. 1947 (No. 2683) I, p. 379; and S.I. 1948 Nos. 521, 793, 1224, 1773 and 1929. For revocation and replacement of these Orders *see* S.I. 1948 No. 2778, p. 603 above.