EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.)

This Order re-enacts the Hemming (Maximum Charges) (No. 2) Order, 1946, with amendments.

The changes are:—

1. The maximum charges for hemming carried out in Northern Ireland are increased. Where the increases relate to articles described in the Second Schedule, they are indicated by marginal lines; in relation to other articles, the addition to the March, 1945, charge is increased from 16⅔rds per cent. to 25 per cent.
2. The definition of " maximum charge " is amended.
3. Additions are made to the Second Schedule which are indicated by underlining.

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(22) HOLLOW-WARE

(i) *General Hollow-Ware.*
(ii) *Aluminium Hollow-Ware*, p. 1498.
(iii) *Enamelled Hollow-Ware*, p. 1498.

(i) GENERAL HOLLOW-WARE

The General Hollow-Ware (Maximum Prices) (Consolidation) Order, 1948

1948 No. 2114

Made - - - -	*15th September*, 1948
Laid before Parliament	*16th September*, 1948
Coming into Operation	*27th September*, 1948

The Board of Trade, in pursuance of the powers conferred upon them by Sections 1, 13 and 18 of the Goods and Services (Price Control) Act, 1941(a), as amended by the Defence (Price Control) Regulations, 1945(b), and all other powers in that behalf enabling them, hereby order as follows:—

Scope of Order.

1.—(1) The maximum prices to be charged in the course of businesses of the following classes, namely, manufacturer, importer, wholesaler and retailer, in respect of hollow-ware to which this Order applies shall be computed in such manner and by reference to such matters as are hereinafter provided.

(2) The hollow-ware to which this Order applies (hereinafter called " goods ") is new hollow-ware of metal of a kind used for domestic purposes except:—

(i) aluminium hollow-ware;
(ii) vitreous enamelled wrought steel hollow-ware;
(iii) tin lids for saucepans, stewpans, stewpan kettles and round pots (other than tin lids for articles which are not enamelled wrought steel hollow-ware when sold with such articles);
(iv) hollow-ware purchased by or on behalf of a Government Department in respect of which the seller shall have notice, before or at the time of supply, that it was being so purchased;

(a) 4 & 5 Geo. 6. c. 31. (b) S.R. & O. 1945 (No. 1613) II, p. 81.

(v) hollow-ware made wholly or mainly of gold or silver;

(vi) apparatus and appliances which are operated by electricity or gas; and component parts of such apparatus and appliances.

Manufacturer. Maximum prices.

2.—(1) The maximum price to be charged in the course of the business of a manufacturer in respect of goods, being cast iron hollow-ware described in the First Schedule hereto, shall be the appropriate amount specified in that Schedule.

(2) The maximum price to be charged in the course of the business of a manufacturer in respect of other goods of any description being sold to any class of customer, shall be:—

(i) if similar articles of that description were being sold to that class of customer, in the ordinary course of that business during the basic period, an amount calculated at the same rate as that at which the price (before any deduction by way of discount) being charged to that class of customer for the smallest quantity of such similar articles was calculated or, if different prices were being charged to that class of customer in the basic period for the smallest quantity of such articles, the rate at which the lowest of such different prices was calculated;

(ii) in any other case, the manufacturer's costs of production and sale and 5 per cent. thereof.

(3) Nothing in this Article shall apply to goods made of electro-plated nickel silver, pewter, Britannia metal or electro-plated Britannia metal.

(4) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Article, on a sale of galvanised hollow-ware in the course of the business of a manufacturer, the appropriate maximum price computed in accordance with sub-paragraph (i) of paragraph (2) of this Article shall be increased by $7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. thereof.

Aggregation of sales.

3.—(1) The aggregate of the maximum price chargeable by a manufacturer in respect of all relevant goods (being relevant goods in respect of which the manufacturer's maximum price is, under the foregoing provisions, to be computed by reference to his costs of production and sale) sold by him during any period beginning after 3rd May, 1948 (being a period of not less than 4 nor more than 12 months) shall be calculated as follows, that is to say, shall be:—

(*a*) the manufacturer's costs of production, incurred during that period, of all relevant goods manufactured during that period, adjusted by adding his costs of production of his opening stocks of relevant goods (whether wholly or partly manufactured) and subtracting his costs of production of his closing stocks of such relevant goods, and

(*b*) the manufacturer's other costs of relevant goods so sold by him during that period, and

(*c*) an amount equal to 5 per cent. of the sums calculated under the above heads.

(2) If the aggregate of the prices charged in the course of the business of a manufacturer of relevant goods during any such period exceeds the aggregate of the maximum prices calculated as aforesaid that manufacturer shall be guilty of a single contravention of subsection (1) of Section 1 of the Goods and Services (Price Control) Act, 1941, in respect of those goods.

Computation of the manufacturer's costs of production and sale, the manufacturer's costs of production and the manufacturer's other costs.

4.—(1) For the purposes of this Order and subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this Article, the manufacturer's costs of production and sale, the manufacturer's costs of production and the manufacturer's other costs shall, in relation to any goods, be:—

(*a*) in the case of the manufacturer's costs of production and sale, such amount as is reasonably justified in relation to those goods, by reference to the matters set out in Part I of the Second Schedule to this Order (or such of them as are appropriate to that case) taken as a whole;

(*b*) in the case of the manufacturer's costs of production, such amount as is reasonably justified, in relation to those goods, by reference to the matters set out in Part II of that Schedule (or such of them as are appropriate to that case) taken as a whole;

(*c*) in the case of the manufacturer's other costs, such amount as is reasonably justified, in relation to those goods, by reference to the matters set out in Part III of that Schedule (or such of them as are appropriate to that case) taken as a whole.

(2) The manufacturer shall not take into account the amount of any increase in that part of any such costs which is computed by reference to the relevant matters (other than the cost of the provision of materials) set out in Part I, Part II or Part III as the case may be, of the Second Schedule hereto which is due to:—

(*a*) any increase in the rate or scale of wages, salaries or commission paid or payable by him, agreed after 4th February, 1948, or

(*b*) any change in the terms or conditions of employment of persons employed by him, agreed after that date.

Imported goods. Importer and wholesaler.

5. The maximum price to be charged in the course of the business of an importer in respect of goods imported into the United Kingdom in the course of his business or a wholesaler in respect of such goods shall be the landed cost and:—

(*a*) on a sale otherwise than to a retail customer, 38⅓ per cent. thereof;

(*b*) on a sale to a retail customer, 50 per cent. thereof and the amount of purchase tax (if any) paid or payable in respect thereof.

Other goods. Wholesaler.

6. Subject to the provisions of Article 5—

(1) the maximum price to be charged in the course of the business of a wholesaler who, in respect of goods, conducts a regular selling organisation for supplying the retail trade and who carries, in a warehouse or other storage premises, stocks which are substantial in relation to his turnover, shall be:—

(i) on a sale, otherwise than to a retail customer, of goods which are dispatched to the buyer from the seller's warehouse or other storage premises, the purchase price paid or agreed to be paid to the manufacturer by the first purchaser and 33⅓ per cent. thereof;

(ii) on a sale, otherwise than to a retail customer, of goods not dispatched as aforesaid, the purchase price paid or agreed to be paid to the manufacturer by the first purchaser and 16⅔ per cent. thereof;

(iii) on a sale of goods to a retail customer, computed in accordance with Article 7 as if such wholesaler were a retailer;

(2) the maximum price to be charged in the course of the business of any other wholesaler shall be:—

(i) on a sale of goods otherwise than to a retail customer the purchase price paid or agreed to be paid to the manufacturer by the first purchaser and 5 per cent. thereof;

(ii) on a sale of goods to a retail customer, computed in accordance with Article 7 as if such wholesaler were a retailer.

Retailer.

7. The maximum price to be charged in the course of the business of a retailer in respect of goods shall be the purchase price paid or agreed to be paid to the manufacturer, importer or wholesaler by the first purchaser (being a retailer), 50 per cent. thereof and the amount of purchase tax (if any) paid or payable in respect of such goods.

Discounts, etc.

8. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order:—

(1) on a sale of goods otherwise than to a retail customer, being goods the maximum price of which is computed in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraph (i) of paragraph (1) of Article 6, and which are dispatched from the seller's warehouse or other storage premises in Great Britain to the buyer's premises in Northern Ireland, the maximum price computed as aforesaid shall be increased by an amount equal to 1½ per cent. thereof;

(2) on a sale of goods to a retail customer the maximum price computed in accordance with the appropriate foregoing provisions of this Order shall be rounded to the nearest halfpenny if that price does not exceed 5s. and to the nearest penny if that price exceeds 5s.

(3) on a sale of goods (otherwise than to a retail customer) the maximum price computed in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this Order shall be reduced by 2½ per cent. thereof in any case in which payment for those goods is made or tendered before the last day in the calendar month immediately succeeding that in which the goods were consigned by the seller to or to the order of the buyer.

Modification of the Price-Controlled Goods (Invoices) Order, 1943.

9. In relation to imported goods sold in the course of the business of an importer or wholesaler and bought in the course of the business of a wholesaler, the Price-Controlled Goods (Invoices) Order, 1943(a), shall have effect as if, in the invoice to be furnished, the seller were required (in addition to the particulars referred to in Article 2 of that Order) to include statements that the goods were imported and of the landed cost thereof.

Interpretation.

10. In this Order:

(1) " basic period " means, in relation to the sale of any articles—

(*a*) if those articles were sold in the period of 2 months which ended on the 31st January, 1948, that period;

(*b*) if those Articles were not being so sold but were being sold in the 10 months which ended on the 30th November, 1947, then the period of 2 months which ended on the day next following the date of the last of such sales;

(2) " landed cost " means in relation to imported goods, an amount equivalent to the aggregate of:—

(i) the price (after all deductions by way of discount other than cash or settlement discounts not exceeding 2½ per cent.) paid or agreed to be paid by the importer, and

(ii) all sums (insofar as they are not included under (i) above) paid or payable by the importer in respect of packing, insurance, freight to the port of entry, import duties and customs clearance charges;

(a) S.R. & O. 1943 (No. 604) I, p. 309.

(3) " manufacturer " means any person who carries out or procures or permits to be carried out a process of manufacture whereby goods are produced;

(4) " maximum price " means the price payable before any deduction by way of discount but inclusive of purchase tax on a sale to a retail customer but not otherwise and inclusive of delivery charges except on a sale by a manufacturer who, in the ordinary course of his business during the period of three months which ended on August 31st, 1943, was making a charge for delivering comparable goods; and

" purchase price " means the price, inclusive of delivery charges (if any), payable after all deductions by way of discount (other than cash or settlement discounts not exceeding 5 per cent.) but exclusive of purchase tax;

so, however, that in relation to " maximum price " and " purchase price ", no account shall be taken of delivery charges payable by the buyer—

(*a*) on a sale to a retail customer, or

(*b*) on a sale otherwise than to a retail customer of goods whether or not such goods are included in a parcel comprising other articles, where the total price of such goods or, as the case may be, of such parcel (exclusive of purchase tax and delivery charges) does not exceed £2;

(5) " opening stocks " of a manufacturer, in relation to any period, means goods manufactured by that manufacturer but not sold before the beginning of that period; and " closing stocks " means goods manufactured by that manufacturer (whether before or during the period) but not sold before the end of the period;

(6) " relevant goods " means, in relation to any manufacturer, goods manufactured by him (whether before or after May 3rd, 1948), being such goods generally or any class of such goods defined by reference to description, type, size or any other matter whatsoever;

(7) " retail customer " means a person to whom goods are offered for sale by retail.

Revocation.

11. The General Hollow-ware (Maximum Prices) Order, 1947(**a**), the General Hollow-ware (Maximum Prices) (No. 3) Order, 1947(**b**), the General Hollow-ware (Maximum Prices) (Amendment) Order, 1948(**c**), and the General Hollow-ware (Maximum Prices) (Amendment No. 2) Order, 1948(**d**), are hereby revoked.

Citation and commencement.

12. This Order may be cited as the General Hollow-ware (Maximum Prices) (Consolidation) Order, 1948, and shall come into operation on the 27th day of September, 1948.

Dated this 15th day of September, 1948.

Harold Wilson,
President of the Board of Trade.

(**a**) S.R. & O. 1947 (No. 342) I, p. 955.
(**b**) S.R. & O. 1947 (No. 1716) I, p. 959.
(**c**) S.I. 1948 No. 781.
(**d**) S.I. 1948 No. 1001.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Description of cast iron hollow-ware	Manufacturers maximum price per article		
	Black Interior Finish	Barffed Tinned Interior Finish	Enamelled Interior Finish
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Bellied Saucepan or Round with bright or japanned cover without front handle—			
2 pints capacity ...	4 0	5 0	5 8
3 ,, ,, ...	4 9	6 6	7 2
4 ,, ,, ...	6 0	7 3	8 1
6 ,, ,, ...	7 3	8 6	9 7
8 ,, ,, ...	8 3	9 6	10 9
10 ,, ,, ...	9 9	11 3	12 7
12 ,, ,, ...	11 3	12 9	14 4
2 gallons ,, ...	13 3	14 9	16 8
2½ ,, ,, ...	15 9	17 0	19 0
3 ,, ,, ...	18 0	19 0	21 6
4 ,, ,, ...	21 6	23 9	26 10
5 ,, ,, ...	24 6	28 6	32 2
6 ,, ,, ...	28 6	33 3	37 6
With front handle—			
12 pints capacity ...	13 3	15 0	17 0
2 gallons ,, ...	15 3	17 9	20 0
2½ ,, ,, ...	16 9	19 9	22 4
3 ,, ,, ...	18 3	21 6	24 1
4 ,, ,, ...	20 6	23 9	26 10
5 ,, ,, ...	23 9	28 6	32 2
Bellied Oval Pot with bright or japanned cover—			
2 gallons capacity ...	14 6	17 6	19 8
2½ ,, ,, ...	16 9	19 0	21 6
3 ,, ,, ...	18 0	20 6	23 3
4 ,, ,, ...	23 9	28 6	32 2
5 ,, ,, ...	28 6	33 3	37 6
6 ,, ,, ...	33 3	38 0	42 10
8 ,, ,, ...	39 6	47 3	53 7
Round Kettle with Lid—			
3 pints capacity ...	7 3	9 6	10 9
4 ,, ,, ...	7 9	10 3	11 7
5 ,, ,, ...	8 6	11 3	12 7
6 ,, ,, ...	9 6	12 9	14 4
8 ,, ,, ...	11 3	15 9	17 11
12 ,, ,, ...	15 0	20 6	23 3
14 ,, ,, ...	15 9	23 9	26 10
16 ,, ,, ...	20 6	25 3	28 7
Kitchen with brass cocks—			
3 gallons capacity ...	—	41 9	47 3
4 ,, ,, ...	—	46 6	51 8
5 ,, ,, ...	—	51 3	58 1
6 ,, ,, ...	—	59 3	67 0
8 ,, ,, ...	—	72 6	82 1
10 ,, ,, ...	—	88 3	100 0

Description of cast iron hollow-ware	Manufacturers maximum price per article		
	Black Interior Finish	Barffed Tinned Interior Finish	Enamelled Interior Finish
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Deep Stewpan with flat cover—			
3 pints capacity ...	—	6 0	6 7
4 ,, ,, ...	—	7 3	8 1
6 ,, ,, ...	—	10 3	11 7
7 ,, ,, ...	—	12 0	13 5
8½ ,, ,, ...	—	12 9	14 4
10 ,, ,, ...	—	13 6	15 2
12 ,, ,, ...	—	17 6	19 8
French Stewpan with flat cover—			
4 pints capacity ...	—	8 0	9 0
8 ,, ,, ...	—	14 3	16 1
12 ,, ,, ...	—	17 6	19 8
16 ,, ,, ...	—	20 6	23 3
Preserving Pan—			
14″ Top Diameter ...	—	—	23 3
16″ ,, ,, ...	—	—	30 5
20″ ,, ,, ...	—	—	44 8
Maslin Kettle—			
8 quarts capacity ...	—	—	17 11
12 ,, ,, ...	—	—	23 3
16 ,, ,, ...	—	—	30 5
Fish Kettle with strainer and cover—			
12″ Length	—	22 3	25 0
18″ ,, ...	—	38 9	43 9
Rumford Pot with cover—			
2 gallons capacity ...	—	16 9	18 9
3 ,, ,, ...	—	19 9	22 4
4 ,, ,, ...	—	24 6	27 8
6 ,, ,, ...	—	34 9	39 4
8 ,, ,, ...	—	41 0	46 5
		Turned Interior Finish	
Frying Pans Round—			
6″ Bottom Diameter ...	4 0	4 9	7 1
8″ ,, ,, ...	5 3	6 3	9 7
9″ ,, ,, ...	6 0	7 0	10 10
10″ ,, ,, ...	6 6	7 6	12 7
12″ ,, ,, ...	8 0	9 6	16 1
14″ ,, ,, ...	11 3	13 0	19 8

SECOND SCHEDULE

PART I

MANUFACTURER'S COSTS OF PRODUCTION AND SALE

Matters to be regarded in ascertaining Costs

1. Costs of the provision of materials to be calculated on the basis of a weighted average of :—

(*a*) Stocks in hand ;

(*b*) Materials which are the subject of contracts for purchase at fixed prices for delivery during the period for which prices are to be determined.

2. Costs of labour being all wages directly incurred in the production of the article, and the equivalent for the direct labour (if any) of the employer in such production.

3. Costs incurred by way of service charges paid to the manufacturer on commission in the case of goods manufactured wholly or partly on commission.

4. Factory overheads :—

(*a*) Rent or (where property is owned and occupied) a charge in lieu thereof, not exceeding the net annual value for the purpose of assessment under Schedule A of the Income Tax Acts ; and rates.

(*b*) Maintenance of premises, plant and machinery.

(*c*) Wear and tear of plant and machinery.

(*d*) Heat, light and power.

(*e*) Salaries and wages for supervision and indirect salaries and wages not comprised under 2 above.

(*f*) Cost of materials and services which indirectly enter into manufacture.

(*g*) Transport and packing, being the actual cost on account of the factory.

(*h*) Cost of Air Raid Precautions.

(*i*) Insurance.

(*j*) Liability for duties of Customs and Excise.

(*k*) Levies made and rebates granted for the purpose of raising sums to be used in the maintenance and extension of home and export trade under schemes approved by the Board of Trade.

5. General Overheads (being overheads common to the whole business) :—

(*a*) Rent of premises other than factory premises, or (where property is owned and occupied) a charge in lieu thereof, not exceeding the net annual value for the purpose of assessment under Schedule A of the Income Tax Acts ; and rates.

(*b*) Maintenance and repairs appropriate to the premises referred to in (*a*).

(*c*) Heat, light and power.

(*d*) Salaries and wages for executive, accountancy, clerical and general office staffs.

(*e*) Stationery, postage, telegrams and telephones, insurance, travelling expenses, and general office expenses.

(*f*) Salesmen's salaries and commission, and other appropriate selling expenses.

(*g*) Transport expenses (other than factory expenses), cost of operating or hiring vehicles, parcel post and carriage, warehouse packing materials and packers' wages.

(*h*) Advertising expenses limited to such expenses only as will ensure adequate distribution of products in the home market.

6. Cash or settlement discounts customarily allowed.

Part II

Manufacturer's Costs of Production

Matters to be regarded in ascertaining Costs

1. Costs of the provision of materials to be calculated on the basis of a weighted average of :—

(*a*) Stocks in hand ;

(*b*) Materials which are the subject of contracts for purchase at fixed prices for delivery during the period for which prices are to be determined.

2. Costs of labour being all wages directly incurred in the production of the article, and the equivalent for the direct labour (if any) of the employer in such production.

3. Costs incurred by way of service charges paid to the manufacturer on commission in the case of goods manufactured wholly or partly on commission.

4. Factory overheads :—

(*a*) Rent or (where property is owned and occupied) a charge in lieu thereof, not exceeding the net annual value for the purpose of assessment under Schedule A of the Income Tax Acts ; and rates.

(*b*) Maintenance of premises, plant and machinery.

(*c*) Wear and tear of plant and machinery.

(*d*) Heat, light and power.

(*e*) Salaries and wages for supervision and indirect salaries and wages not comprised under 2 above.

(*f*) Cost of materials and services which indirectly enter into manufacture.

(*g*) Transport and packing, being the actual cost on account of the factory.

(*h*) Cost of Air Raid Precautions.

(*i*) Insurance.

(*j*) Liability for duties of Customs and Excise.

(*k*) Levies made and rebates granted for the purpose of raising sums to be used in the maintenance and extension of home and export trade under schemes approved by the Board of Trade.

Part III

Manufacturer's other Costs

Matters to be regarded in ascertaining Costs

1. Overheads (being general overheads common to the whole business in the case of a manufacturer) :—

(*a*) Rent of premises other than factory premises or (where property is owned and occupied) a charge in lieu thereof, not exceeding the net annual value for the purpose of assessment under Schedule A of the Income Tax Acts ; and rates.

(*b*) Maintenance and repairs appropriate to the premises referred to in (*a*).

(*c*) Heat, light and power.

(*d*) Salaries and wages for executive, accountancy, clerical and general office staffs.

(*e*) Stationery, postage, telegrams and telephones, insurance, travelling expenses, and general office expenses.

(*f*) Salesmen's salaries and commission, and other appropriate selling expenses.

(*g*) Transport expenses (other than factory expenses), cost of operating or hiring vehicles, parcel post and carriage, warehouse packing materials and packers' wages.

(*h*) Advertising expenses limited to such expenses only as will ensure adequate distribution of products in the home market.

2. Cash or settlement discounts customarily allowed.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.)

This Order replaces the General Hollow-ware (Maximum Prices) Order, 1947 (S.R. & O. 1947 No. 342) as amended.

Manufacturers' maximum prices for cast-iron domestic hollow-ware are increased.

The General Hollow-ware (Maximum Prices) (Consolidation) (Amendment) Order, 1948

1948 No. 2467

Made - - - -	*15th November,* 1948
Laid before Parliament	*16th November,* 1948
Coming into Operation	*22nd November,* 1948

[This Order was revoked and replaced (Jan. 17, 1949) by the General Hollow-ware (Maximum Prices) (Amendment) Order, 1949 (S.I. 1949 No. 27) and is therefore omitted from this Volume.]

(ii) ALUMINIUM HOLLOW-WARE

For revocation of the Aluminium Hollow-ware (Maximum Prices) Order, 1947, and the Aluminium Hollow-ware (Maximum Prices) (Amendment) Order, 1947, *see* S.I. 1948 No. 350, p. 1565 below.

(iii) ENAMELLED HOLLOW-WARE

The Enamelled Hollow-Ware (Maximum Prices) Order, 1948

1948 No. 1733

Made - - - -	*26th July,* 1948
Laid before Parliament	*27th July,* 1948
Coming into Operation	*9th August,* 1948

The Board of Trade, in pursuance of the powers conferred upon them by sections 1 and 18 of the Goods and Services (Price Control) Act, 1941(**a**), as amended by the Defence (Price Control) Regulations, 1945(**b**), and all other powers in that behalf enabling them, hereby order as follows:—

Scope of Order.

1.—(1) The maximum prices to be charged in the course of businesses of the following classes, namely, importer, wholesaler and retailer, in

(**a**) 4 & 5 Geo. 6. c. 31.
(**b**) S.R. & O. 1945 (No. 1613) II, p. 81.