CHAPTER cxliii.

An Act to transfer to and vest in the Corporation of Glasgow the powers of the Glasgow Police Commissioners and of the several Municipal Trusts of the City to make provision for the regulation of the office of Town Clerk and for the appointment of Stipendiary Magistrates to amend and extend the Police powers within the City and for other purposes. [6th July 1895.] A.D. 1895.

WHEREAS it is expedient and will be for public and local advantage that provision should be made in manner hereinafter provided for transferring to and vesting in the Lord Provost magistrates and council of the city and royal burgh of Glasgow in this Act referred to as the Corporation the powers of the Glasgow Police Commissioners and of the several municipal trusts of the city:

And whereas it is expedient to made further provision for the regulation of the office of town clerk of the city and for the appointment of stipendiary magistrates for the police courts thereof:

And whereas the Burgh Police (Scotland) Act 1892 (from the direct operation of which the city is excluded) contains certain provisions for the prevention of offences and the preservation of order in burghs which with certain amendments are set forth in Part VI. of this Act:

And whereas it is expedient that certain of the Acts relating to the city should be amended as by this Act provided:

And whereas the purposes of this Act cannot be effected without the authority of Parliament:

May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and

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Commons in this present Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows:—

PART I.

Preliminary.

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the Glasgow Corporation and Police Act 1895.

Each of the groups of Acts set forth in the First Schedule to this Act may without prejudice to any other mode of citation be cited together with this Act by the collective title herein-after mentioned:—

This Act and the Police Acts may be cited as the Glasgow Police Acts 1866 to 1895;

This Act and the Loans Act may be cited as the Glasgow Corporation Loans Acts 1883 to 1895;

This Act and the Parks Acts may be cited as the Glasgow Corporation Parks Acts 1878 to 1895;

This Act and the Improvements Acts may be cited as the Glasgow Improvements Acts 1866 to 1895;

This Act and the Water Acts may be cited as the Glasgow Corporation Water Acts 1855 to 1895;

This Act and the Gas Acts may be cited as the Glasgow Corporation Gas Acts 1869 to 1895;

This Act and the Markets Acts may be cited as the Glasgow Corporation Markets Acts 1865 to 1895;

This Act and the Tramways Acts may be cited as the Glasgow Corporation Tramways Acts 1870 to 1895;

This Act and the Glasgow Corporation Acts may be cited as the Glasgow Corporation Acts 1855 to 1895.

Division of Act into Parts and commencement of Act.

2. This Act is divided into Parts as follows:—

Part I.—Preliminary.

Part II.—Transfer to Corporation of powers of Police Commissioners and Municipal Trusts.

Part III.—Regulation of office of Town Clerk.

Part IV.—Parks.

Part V.—Stipendiary Magistrates.

Part VI.—Police.

This Act shall except as otherwise provided commence and take effect on and from the fifth day of November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (which date is herein-after referred to as "the commencement of this Act").

Interpretation.

3. The following words and expressions in this Act have the meanings hereby assigned to them (that is to say):—

"The city" "the burgh" mean the city and royal burgh of Glasgow;

"The Corporation" means the Lord Provost magistrates and council of the city;

"The police commissioners" means the Glasgow Police Commissioners acting under the Glasgow Police Acts 1866 to 1895 the Roads and Bridges (Scotland) Act 1878 the Public Health (Scotland) Act 1867 the Explosives Act 1875 the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Acts 1878 and 1886 and any other Acts conferring powers upon the police commissioners and all orders rules regulations licences and byelaws made under those Acts or any of them applicable to the same;

"The parks trustees" means the Corporation acting in the execution of the Glasgow Corporation Parks Acts 1878 to 1895;

"The improvements trustees" means the Corporation acting in the execution of the Glasgow Improvements Acts 1866 to 1895;

"The water commissioners" means the Corporation acting under the Glasgow Corporation Water Acts 1855 to 1895;

"The gas commissioners" means the Corporation acting in the execution of the Glasgow Corporation Gas Acts 1869 to 1895;

"The markets trustees" means the Corporation acting in the execution of the Glasgow Markets Acts 1865 to 1895;

"The sheriff" means the sheriff of the county of Lanark;

"The Police Acts" "the Loans Act" "the Parks Acts" "the Improvements Acts" "the Water Acts" "the Gas Acts" "the Markets Acts" "the Tramways Acts" and "the Glasgow Corporation Acts" respectively mean the groups of Acts and Orders specified under these titles in the First Schedule to this Act;

"The commissioners and trustees" "the commissioners or trustees" mean the police commissioners the parks trustees the improvements trustees the water commissioners the gas commissioners the markets trustees and the Corporation acting under the Tramways Acts the Diseases of Animals Act 1894 and under any other Acts charters and deeds or at common law or any of such commissioners and trustees or the Corporation as the case may require;

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"The magistrate" means the Lord Provost or one or more of the magistrates of the city sitting in any of the police courts of the city acting in pursuance of the Police Acts including the judges of police appointed under the City of Glasgow Act 1891 the bailie of the River and Firth of Clyde and his depute and any stipendiary magistrate of the city;

"The magistrates" means the Lord Provost and magistrates of the city;

"The magistrates' committee" means the statutory committee appointed in pursuance of the Glasgow Police Act 1866;

"Street" means any road street footway lane close or court common stair the quays of any harbour wharf public path common or open area or space to which the public have access and any other public place (not being or forming part of any railway or canal station or depôt canal harbour canal wharf towing-path or bank).

PART II.

Transfer to Corporation of Powers of Police Commissioners and Municipal Trusts.

Transfer of powers of commissioners and trustees to the Corporation.

4.—(1.) On and from the commencement of this Act the whole authorities jurisdictions duties obligations rights powers and privileges belonging to or incumbent on the police commissioners the parks trustees the improvements trustees the water commissioners the gas commissioners the markets trustees and the Corporation acting under the Tramways Acts the Diseases of Animals Act 1894 and under any other Acts charters and deeds or at common law (in this Act referred to as "the commissioners and trustees" or "the commissioners or trustees") shall be transferred to and be exercise-able by the Corporation as in place of such commissioners and trustees and all the lands feu-duties ground annuals roads streets sewers tramways works and property assessments and arrears of assessments rights funds money estates and effects and claims and demands whatsoever heritable and moveable real and personal wheresoever situated of the commissioners and trustees with all the rights powers and privileges belonging to or vested in the commissioners and trustees in relation thereto or to the taking or acquisition of lands or other property with all the writs titles and securities thereof shall be vested in and held by or on behalf of the Corporation without the necessity of any connecting or continuing title or separate investiture other than this Act as fully and effectually to all intents and purposes as if the same had been formally and specifically conveyed to and vested in them and shall be managed

administered and may be disposed of by the Corporation for the purposes respectively for which they are now vested in and held by the commissioners or trustees and the Corporation may exercise in relation to the property and rights so transferred to and vested in them all the powers which might have been exercised by the commissioners and trustees respectively previous to the commencement of this Act and all the obligations and liabilities of the commissioners and trustees shall be adopted and discharged by the Corporation Provided that nothing in this section shall render unnecessary any transfer by deed of prescribed form or any transfer or registration in the books of any company office or person of any stocks shares shares in ships or other like property which would have been transferable only in such manner if this Act had not been passed.

(2.) In construing any Act of Parliament order rule regulation licence byelaw charter or deed relating to the city the expressions "the Lord Provost magistrates and council" "the magistrates and town council" "the magistrates and council" "the town council" "the council" "the Glasgow Police Commissioners" "the police commissioners" "the commissioners" "the board of police" "the board" "the local authority" "the parks and galleries trustees" "the water commissioners" "the gas commissioners" "the improvements trustees" "the markets and slaughter-houses trustees" "the trustees" or any similar expressions shall respectively be read and construed as if the expression "the Corporation" had been inserted instead thereof and where the expressions "the promoters of the undertaking" "the undertakers" "commissioners" or "local authority" or any similar expressions in any Act relating to the city mean and include the commissioners or trustees the same shall mean and include the Corporation.

(3.) Where the name of any of the commissioners or trustees occurs in any forms authorised by any Act of Parliament order rule regulation licence byelaw charter or deed the name of the Corporation may be substituted therefor.

(4.) All business which was or might competently have been transacted heretofore at meetings of the commissioners or trustees may be transacted at the meetings of the Corporation.

Separate books to be kept.

5.—(1.) Where under any Act relating to the commissioners or trustees separate books or accounts of pecuniary transactions are required to be kept such separate books or accounts shall notwithstanding the passing of this Act be continued to be kept and published by the Corporation in terms of such Act.

Appointment of auditors.

(2.) Notwithstanding anything contained in any such Act the Corporation shall annually appoint the auditors (being persons well

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skilled in accounts and not being one of themselves or holding office under them) to audit such books or accounts and shall from time to time fix the sums to be paid to such auditors in respect thereof.

(3.) The Corporation acting under the Tramways Acts and this Act shall provide and keep true and regular books and accounts of all pecuniary transactions under the Tramways Acts and with relation to any tramways owned or worked by the Corporation and such accounts shall be kept separate and distinct from the other accounts of the Corporation.

Style of the Corporation.

6.—(1.) The Corporation shall from and after the commencement of this Act be known and called and may be referred to for all purposes as "The Corporation of the City of Glasgow."

Execution of deeds.

(2.) All deeds and instruments to be executed by the Corporation shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation and be signed by two members thereof and by the town clerk or any other officer appointed by the Corporation for that purpose.

May sue and be sued.

(3.) The Corporation may sue and be sued as "The Corporation of the City of Glasgow."

Quorum of Corporation.

7.—(1.) The quorum of a meeting of the Corporation shall be twenty-five members.

Quorums of magistrates.

(2.) The quorum of a meeting of the magistrates shall be five except where any Act or deed conferring powers upon them fixes a different quorum in which case the quorum shall for the purposes of such Act or deed be that so fixed.

Appointment of departments and committees.

8.—(1.) For the purposes of the Police Acts the Parks Acts the Improvements Acts the Water Acts the Gas Acts the Markets Acts the Tramways Acts or for any other purposes of the Corporation the Corporation may from time to time create such and so many departments with such designations powers officers and servants as they deem expedient.

(2.) The Corporation may also from time to time appoint such and so many committees consisting of such of their number as they think fit and may appoint the convener or chairman of any such committee and fix the quorum thereof and may continue alter or discontinue such committee and delegate to any committee such of the powers and duties of the Corporation as they think fit (excepting the power of borrowing money and of imposing rates) and the acts and proceedings of every such committee within the limits of such delegation shall be deemed the acts and proceedings of the Corporation and the Corporation may from time to time make such regulations as they think fit for the guidance and control of such committees and may from time to time add to the number of or

remove any member from any such committee and appoint another member in place of any member so removed. A.D. 1895.

(3.) Subject to such regulations every committee so appointed may meet and adjourn from time to time as they think proper for carrying into effect the purposes of their appointment and at all meetings of the committee the chairman or convener appointed by the Corporation and in his absence or if no chairman has been appointed one of the members present to be appointed by the meeting shall preside and all questions shall unless otherwise provided in such regulations be determined by a majority of the votes of the members voting and in case of an equality of votes the chairman shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a member of the committee.

Actions &c. not to abate.

9. No action arbitration prosecution or proceeding commenced pending or existing by or against the commissioners or trustees previous to the commencement of this Act shall in anywise abate cease or be discontinued or prejudicially affected by reason of the passing of this Act but may be continued prosecuted and enforced by or in favour of or against the Corporation in like manner as the same might have been continued prosecuted and enforced by or in favour of or against the commissioners or trustees if this Act had not been passed.

Officers to continue under Corporation.

10. All persons who at the commencement of this Act are officers or servants of the commissioners or trustees shall from and after that date continue to discharge their respective duties as the officers or servants of the Corporation and shall be subject to the same conditions and obligations and to the same powers of removal and rules and restrictions and shall possess the same rights in all respects as if this Act had not been passed And all bonds or securities for the acts and intromissions of such officers and servants shall continue and be enforceable by the Corporation.

Bonds &c. of commissioners &c. to remain valid and be binding on the Corporation.

11. All bonds assignments leases grants conveyances or other deeds or securities made or granted to or by any person shall in so far as the same relate to the commissioners or trustees be as good valid and effectual to all intents and purposes as if the name of the Corporation had been inserted therein instead of the names of the commissioners or trustees and all debts contracted and all lawful contracts entered into by the commissioners or trustees shall remain valid and be binding upon the Corporation as fully as if the same had been contracted and entered into by the Corporation.

Books of commissioners &c.

12. All books and other documents of the commissioners or trustees and the minutes of their proceedings and of the proceedings

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to belong to the Corporation and to be evidence.

of their committees shall become the property of the Corporation and be the books documents and minutes of the Corporation and in so far as they would at the commencement of this Act be receivable in evidence shall be admitted as evidence in all courts and elsewhere in the same manner and to the same effect as if this Act had not been passed.

Powers of assessment to vest in the Corporation.

13. All powers of imposing levying and recovering assessments and rates at present belonging to or which might be exercised by the commissioners or trustees shall on and from the commencement of this Act vest in and be exerciseable by the Corporation for the purposes for which such assessments and rates are now levied or leviable.

Former rates may be collected and debts and penalties recovered.

14. Every rate and assessment which has been imposed and levied by the commissioners or trustees previously to the commencement of this Act and remaining unpaid together with all arrears debts expenses and penalties incurred and due by any person under the same shall be recoverable by the Corporation in accordance with the provisions of the respective Acts under which such rates and assessments were imposed.

Transfer of borrowing powers to the Corporation.

15.—(1.) From and after the commencement of this Act all the borrowing powers of the Corporation acting under the Diseases of Animals Act 1894 and the borrowing powers of the improvements trustees and of the commissioners and trustees so far as not already transferred under the Loans Act shall with the exception of the borrowing powers of the Corporation as administrators of the common good funds and property of the city and at common law and under the Tramways Acts be transferred to and vested in the Corporation acting under the Loans Act and all such borrowing powers shall apply to and be exerciseable by the Corporation in the same way and to the like extent and effect in all respects as if such borrowing powers had been transferred to the Corporation by the Loans Act and the securities granted by the Corporation and the commissioners and trustees existing at the commencement of this Act shall with the exception of the securities granted by the Corporation as administrators of the common good funds and property of the city and at common law and under the Tramways Acts be and be deemed to be securities granted by the Corporation under the Loans Act.

(2.) All the provisions of the Loans Act shall apply to the borrowing powers transferred to the Corporation by this section as if such provisions were specifically repeated in this Act.

(3.) The moneys borrowed prior to the commencement of this Act by the Corporation acting under the Diseases of Animals Act 1894 or the improvements trustees or the commissioners and trustees or to be borrowed by the Corporation after the commencement of this Act shall be applicable and be applied only to the respective purposes of the respective Acts under which moneys have been or may be borrowed and to no other purposes.

(4.) In estimating and fixing the contributions to be paid to the loans fund as defined by the Loans Act in respect of money which has been or may hereafter be borrowed under the borrowing powers by this Act transferred to the Corporation acting under the Loans Act the Corporation may if they think fit estimate and fix such contributions according to the interest and expenses payable on the securities existing at the commencement of this Act and transferred as herein-before provided and on the Corporation stock and other loans issued subsequent to the date of such transfer.

Sinking fund (Diseases of Animals Act 1894).

(5.) From and after the first day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-five the Corporation shall annually set apart a sum not less than five pounds per centum on the maximum amount borrowed by them under the authority of the Diseases of Animals Act 1894 for the purposes of that Act so far as not paid off on that day and they shall apply the same as a sinking fund in paying off the principal sum so borrowed.

Saving for present town clerk and clerk of police and others.

16.—(1.) Nothing herein contained shall add to the duties incumbent on or by law required to be performed by Sir James David Marwick the present town clerk of the city at the commencement of this Act.

(2.) All secretarial law and other duties incumbent on or by agreement performed by John Lang clerk to the police commissioners or his assistants and clerks at the commencement of this Act may continue to be performed by John Lang or his assistants and clerks or the Corporation may appoint interim clerks for such duties or make such other arrangements as they think proper for the performance of such duties until Sir James David Marwick shall cease to hold the office of town clerk.

(3.) The Corporation may grant to John Lang on his retiring from their service such retiring allowance as they may think proper and may charge such allowance against such funds or assessments as they shall determine.

(4.) Where under any Act powers or duties devolve upon the clerk to the police commissioners such powers and duties shall devolve upon any future town clerk or upon such other officer as the Corporation may from time to time appoint.

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PART III.

Regulation of Office of Town Clerk.

Regulation of office of town clerk.

17. Whereas the duties of the office of town clerk of the city do not comprehend the business of the departments constituted under the Police Acts the Parks Acts the Improvements Acts the Water Acts the Gas Acts the Markets Acts the Tramways Acts and other Acts conferring powers upon the Corporation And whereas the revenues of the departments the business of which is included within the duties of the office of town clerk of the city amount to ninety thousand pounds per annum or thereabouts whilst the revenues of the other departments of the Corporation amount to one million eight hundred thousand pounds per annum or thereabouts And whereas it would be of advantage in the administration of the affairs of the city that the Corporation should be empowered to appoint when the present town clerk has ceased to hold office a town clerk or town clerks whose duties should extend over the business of all or any of the departments of the Corporation subject to the provisions in this Act contained and that the person or persons hereafter appointed to the office of town clerk should hold office during the pleasure of the Corporation:

Therefore be it enacted as follows namely:—

The following provisions shall apply to the office of town clerk of the city and shall take effect from and after the day on which Sir James David Marwick present town clerk of the city ceases to hold that office herein-after called "the appointed day":—

(1) The Corporation may appoint one or more town clerks as they may from time to time consider necessary and every person appointed to the office of town clerk after the appointed day shall hold office during the pleasure of the Corporation or during such period as may be fixed in any agreement made or to be made between the Corporation and such person and upon such terms and conditions as the Corporation may from time to time determine and shall be paid for his personal services and in respect of the duties devolving upon him under this Act or under any resolution of the Corporation a salary to be fixed by the Corporation and such salary may from time to time be raised or reduced by and at the pleasure of the Corporation No person appointed to the office of town clerk shall be removed from office except by the votes of not less than two thirds of those members of the Corporation who shall be present at a meeting of the Corporation specially called for the purpose by a circular addressed to the members of the

Corporation not less than seven nor more than fourteen days before the date of such meeting If there be more than one town clerk the Corporation shall allocate the duties of the office among them in such manner as the Corporation may from time to time determine All fees and emoluments pertaining to the office of town clerk or claimable in respect of the duties which any town clerk may perform shall be charged collected and accounted for as herein-after provided ;

(2) The Corporation may require the town clerk (or if there be more than one town clerk all or such of the town clerks as they may from time to time determine) to act as law agent parliamentary solicitor clerk and secretary of the Corporation or in any one or more of such capacities in relation to all or such parts of the business of the Corporation and of all or any trusts boards or commissions now existing or which may hereafter be created in connexion with the Corporation or in which the Corporation may be interested as they think proper from time to time to entrust to such town clerk or town clerks or the Corporation may appoint other persons to act in any of such capacities or to perform all or any part of such business All fees and emoluments payable (except by the Corporation unless it should be otherwise resolved) for the services of the town clerk or town clerks as the case may be as such law agent parliamentary solicitor clerk or secretary or payable in respect of the services of any deputy or assistant town clerks and other persons employed on the establishment and staff of the town clerk's office shall be charged collected accounted for and applied as herein-after provided ;

(3) No person appointed to the office of town clerk shall without the permission of the Corporation undertake or discharge any other business or duties and every person so appointed shall devote his whole time to the service of the Corporation ;

(4) The town clerk (or if there be more than one town clerk such one or more of the town clerks as the Corporation may determine) shall subject to such regulations as the Corporation may from time to time make have the management direction and control of the town clerk's department and the staff thereof and may from time to time appoint and suspend and subject to the approval of the Corporation dismiss any person employed in the said department The town clerk or such one or more of the town clerks as the Corporation may determine may also subject to the approval of the Corporation appoint such number of deputy or assistant town clerks as the Corporation may from

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time to time determine The salaries to be paid to the deputy or assistant town clerks clerks and other persons employed in the said department shall be fixed by the Corporation;

(5) The city chamberlain or other person to be appointed by the Corporation shall be treasurer of a fund to be called "the town clerk's fee fund" which shall be under the control and management of the Corporation and all fees and emoluments pertaining to the office of town clerk and all the fees and emoluments referred to in sub-section (2) of this section and also all costs charges and disbursements recoverable from third parties and recovered (the right of recovering such costs charges and disbursements in proceedings between the Corporation and third parties being in no respect prejudiced by this Act) shall be charged and collected by the town clerks or other person to be appointed by the Corporation for that purpose and shall be paid over to such treasurer all at such times and in such manner as the Corporation may from time to time determine and shall be placed to the credit of the said fee fund Provided always that it shall not be necessary unless the Corporation otherwise resolve to make out accounts for or recover any fees or emoluments which may be payable by the Corporation;

(6) The city chamberlain or other such person shall apply the moneys of the said fee fund in paying the salaries of the town clerks the deputy or assistant town clerks and the other persons employed on the establishment or staff of the department retiring allowances and all disbursements and payments made or incurred in connexion with and for the proper equipment of the department and if the same be insufficient the Corporation shall allocate the deficiency against all or any of their several funds and assessments as they think proper but if there be any surplus of the said fee fund in any year after satisfying the said purposes and the other purposes of this section such surplus shall be placed to the credit of such of the funds departments and assessments of the Corporation as they think proper.

Power to agree for retirement with present town clerk.

18. The Corporation may at any time after the commencement of this Act enter into an agreement with Sir James David Marwick for his retirement from the office of town clerk and any other office or appointment held by him under the Corporation at such date and in consideration of such retiring allowance and subject to such conditions as may be agreed Such retiring allowance shall not be subject to the limitation of amount contained in sub-section 6 of section 33 of the Glasgow Municipal Act 1872 and shall form a first charge on the said fee fund subject to the provision herein-

before contained as to the liability of the funds and assessments of the Corporation for any deficiency in the fee fund.

Provision for retirement of future town clerks.

19. The Corporation may if they think fit on the retirement hereafter of any town clerk other than Sir James David Marwick and of any deputy or assistant town clerk grant to such person a retiring allowance of such amount and payable during his life or for such shorter period as the Corporation may determine The Corporation may at any time commute any retiring allowance into a capital sum to be paid out of the fee fund or other funds and assessments of the Corporation of such amount as shall be fixed by the manager for the time being of the Scottish Widows Fund and Life Assurance Society whom failing by an actuary to be named by the sheriff on the application of the Corporation as the value of an annuity equal in amount to such retiring allowance having regard to the age of the person so entitled and the period for which such retiring allowance has been granted Provided that retiring allowances shall not at any one time be paid to more than two persons who have held the office of town clerk.

Saving clause.

20. Nothing in this Act shall in any way extend or prejudicially affect or impair the rights and interests of the Corporation on the one hand or of Sir James David Marwick on the other hand in or in relation to the office of town clerk or any other office or appointment held by him under the Corporation while Sir James David Marwick shall continue in office.

Repeal of section 33 of Glasgow Municipal Act 1872.

21. Section 33 of the Glasgow Municipal Act 1872 the marginal note of which is "Regulation of office of town clerk" shall as from and after the appointed day be repealed.

PART IV.

Parks.

Power to set apart portions of parks &c. for games &c.

22.—(1.) The Corporation may from time to time set apart portions of any park recreation ground or open space (in this Part of this Act referred to as "the parks") belonging to them or under their control for golf football cricket tennis bowls and for skating curling boating sailing of boats or model yachts and steamboats or any other form of recreation or amusement and may acquire and take over and maintain any existing course or ground laid out for any such purpose and may provide apparatus therefor and from time to time erect and maintain pavilions waiting-rooms refreshment

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rooms stores shelters baths lavatories and other conveniences for the players or the general public and may appoint officers servants and attendants for taking charge thereof and may license caddies or other attendants.

(2.) The Corporation may from time to time let or lease for any purpose portions of the parks and the right to provide apparatus for purposes of recreation or amusement on such terms and subject to such conditions and for such periods as they think fit.

(3.) The Corporation or their lessees may levy reasonable charges for the use of ground set apart for the purposes before mentioned and for the use of pavilions apparatus waiting-rooms refreshment rooms stores shelters baths lavatories and other conveniences and may fix the charges for the services of caddies and attendants.

(4.) The Corporation may levy reasonable charges for admission into the museums galleries conservatories winter gardens collections of natural history science and art and other similar places and buildings under their control.

Amendment of byelaw powers.

23.—(1.) In addition to the purposes for which the Corporation are authorised by section 37 of the Glasgow Public Parks Act 1878 to make byelaws the Corporation may from time to time make alter and rescind byelaws for or with respect to the use of portions of the parks for purposes of recreation or amusement the control of persons engaging in the same the use of pavilions waiting-rooms refreshment rooms stores shelters baths lavatories and other conveniences the sailing of boats and model yachts and steamboats the temporary closing of the parks or portions thereof for any purpose the regulation of the hiring and using of pleasure and other boats on the River Clyde so far as ex adverso of Glasgow Green and on the River Kelvin so far as within or ex adverso of the Kelvingrove Park and the Glasgow Botanic Gardens and generally for the purposes of the Parks Acts and this Act and for the good government and control of the parks and of such museums galleries conservatories winter gardens and collections and other similar places and buildings and of persons using the same.

(2.) Sections 37 to 46 of the Glasgow Public Parks Act 1878 shall extend and apply to all byelaws under this section.

(3.) Any byelaws made by the Corporation under the Parks Acts and this Act may empower the Corporation from time to time to issue notices as to the places where and the times at which any form of recreation or amusement may be played in the parks and wilful breaches of such notices shall be deemed to be breaches of the byelaws and enforceable by the like penalties.

PART V.

Stipendiary Magistrates.

Power to appoint stipendiary magistrates and regulate office.

24. Section 3 of the Sheriffs Substitute (Scotland) Act 1875 the marginal note whereof is "Appointment of police magistrate for city and royal burgh of Glasgow" is hereby repealed and in lieu thereof the following provisions shall have effect:—

(1) The Secretary for Scotland may on the application from time to time of the Corporation appoint one or more stipendiary magistrates as the Corporation may from time to time fix for the police courts of the city;

(2) The Corporation may subject to the approval of the Secretary for Scotland define and from time to time add to or vary the duties of such stipendiary magistrates;

(3) The Corporation may subject to the approval of the Secretary for Scotland from time to time determine the court or courts in which such stipendiary magistrates shall act and the number and time of sittings of such court or courts;

(4) The Corporation may from time to time subject to the approval of the Secretary for Scotland fix the salaries to be paid to such stipendiary magistrates not exceeding one thousand pounds and not less than five hundred pounds per annum for each stipendiary magistrate as they think fit;

(5) Such stipendiary magistrates shall not without the permission of the Corporation undertake or discharge any other business or duties but shall devote their whole time to the duties of their office;

(6) The persons so appointed stipendiary magistrates shall possess the qualifications required for a sheriff-substitute in Scotland;

(7) Such stipendiary magistrates shall within the city have and exercise all jurisdictions powers and authorities now competent to or exerciseable by the magistrates as judges of police under and in virtue of the Police Acts and any other Acts conferring powers on the magistrates in the same manner and to the same extent as if they were magistrates under the Police Acts and they shall also have and may exercise all jurisdictions powers and authorities now competent to the bailie of the River and Firth of Clyde and his depute in the same way and to the same effect as if they were such bailie;

(8) Such stipendiary magistrates shall ex officiis be justices of the peace of the county of the city and may subject to the approval of the Secretary for Scotland be required to perform such duties as such justices as the Corporation may from time to time determine;

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(9) Such stipendiary magistrates shall hold office during Her Majesty's pleasure;

(10) The salaries to be paid to such stipendiary magistrates shall be paid by the Corporation out of the assessments leviable for police purposes under the Police Acts;

(11) When a vacancy shall occur in the office of stipendiary magistrate a new appointment shall not be made until the Corporation again make application as in the case of an original appointment.

PART VI.

Police.

Incorporation of sections of Glasgow Police Act 1866.

25. For the purposes of this Part of this Act sections 83 85 88 98 to 106 108 to 112 115 117 to 134 181 392 to 394 405 to 413 of the Glasgow Police Act 1866 and article 13 of the General Police and Improvement (Scotland) Act 1862 Order Confirmation (Glasgow) Act 1877 are incorporated with and shall be read as part of this Act and the expression "police offence" where it occurs in the sections so incorporated shall include any offence punishable under this Act and the word "proprietor" shall have the meaning assigned to it in section 4 of the Glasgow Police Act 1866.

Confirming minute of agreement between the police commissioners and the commissioners of the burgh of Partick and others.

26.—(1.) The minute of agreement between the police commissioners the commissioners of the burgh of Partick and the district committee of the first or upper district of the county of Renfrew as set forth in the Second Schedule to this Act is hereby confirmed and made binding on the parties thereto.

(2.) The commissioners of the burgh of Partick may impose and levy assessments within that burgh or in any drainage district therein which has been or may be hereafter defined or may apply any assessments which they are now or hereafter may be empowered to impose and levy for the purpose of defraying the proportion allocated against them under the before-mentioned agreement of the cost of constructing and maintaining the main sewer referred to therein and interest thereon and the sinking fund applicable thereto in the same manner and to the like extent as if that sewer were constructed by them under the powers of the Burgh Police (Scotland) Act 1892.

(3.) The district committee of the first or upper district of the county of Renfrew may impose and levy assessments within any drainage district therein which has been or may hereafter be defined with reference to the agreement before mentioned or may apply any existing assessments for the purpose of defraying the proportion

allocated against them of the cost of constructing and maintaining such main sewer in the same manner and to the like extent as if that sewer were constructed by them under the powers of the Public Health (Scotland) Act 1867 or any Act amending the same.

In case of bankruptcy or insolvency assessments to be preferable to private debts.

27. All rates and assessments imposed and leviable by the Corporation shall during the year to which such rates and assessments are applicable and for a period of six months thereafter in case of bankruptcy or insolvency be paid out of the first proceeds of the bankrupt or insolvent estate of the persons assessed or liable for such rates and assessments and shall be preferable to all debts of a private nature due by such persons.

Provisions as to control of the sale of ice cream.

28. In the application within the city of section 34 of the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act 1878 and of the Dairies Cowsheds and Milkshops Order of 1885 made thereunder and of any other Order made or to be made under that section or relating to dairies cowsheds and milkshops and of the regulations made or to be made thereunder by the Corporation as the local authority of the city the following provisions shall unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant thereto have effect namely:—

"Milk" includes ice-cream or any similar commodity manufactured or made either wholly or in part from or with milk or cream;

"Purveyor of milk" includes manufacturer of merchant or dealer in ice-cream or any similar commodity manufactured or made either wholly or in part from or with milk or cream;

"Milk store" "milk shop" or "milk vessel" includes premises shop stance stall cart or barrow can vessel utensil or other article owned occupied hired or used wholly or partially for the manufacture or sale of ice-cream or any similar commodity manufactured or made either wholly or in part from or with milk or cream.

Erection of waiting rooms &c. in streets.

29. The Corporation may from time to time erect or provide in or under any public street within the city waiting rooms lavatories water-closets urinals and other accommodation and conveniences and offices and shelters for the use and accommodation of the public and of any department of the Corporation and of the employees thereof or for any similar purpose and may employ persons to manage and take charge of any such waiting rooms and other conveniences erected or provided under this section and may from time to time make enforce alter and rescind regulations with respect to admission thereto the use thereof and the charges to be made therefor Provided

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that nothing in this section contained shall authorise or empower the Corporation to interfere with any railway or subway or works connected therewith or with any cellars or vaults in or under any public street The term public street as used in this section shall have the meaning assigned to it by section 4 of the Glasgow Police Act 1866.

The Corporation may defray any expenses incurred by them under the provisions of this section and shall pay any damage occasioned to any person by the erection or construction of the works authorised by this section out of such of their funds revenues and assessments as they may from time to time determine.

Fire establishment apparatus.

30. The Corporation may place at or upon the railings or in or upon the walls of buildings or elsewhere in any street fire alarms battery boxes and index plates or make markings showing the position of fire plugs in or near any street and may place fire plugs in any street and may attach telephone or telegraph wires necessary for the working of the fire establishment of the city to any land or heritage without being liable to any claim for compensation for so doing but the Corporation shall repair any damage they may cause to such land or heritage through the exercise of the powers herein contained and any person who shall cause any obstruction to the placing of such fire alarms boxes plates markings wires or fire plugs or who shall pull down injure deface or destroy the same or shall wantonly ring any such fire alarm shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds for each offence and any person aggrieved as to the mode in which the Corporation may carry out any of the powers herein contained may appeal to the sheriff whose decision shall be final Provided that no such telephone or telegraph wire shall be used nor shall the powers herein contained be exercised in contravention of the exclusive privileges conferred on Her Majesty's Postmaster-General by the Telegraph Act 1869 Provided also that the powers herein contained shall not interfere with the right of the proprietor of any railings or land or heritage to repair alter or take down any buildings thereon or to erect other railings or buildings and shall not entitle the Corporation to place any fire alarms battery boxes index plates fire plugs telephone or telegraph wires within upon or through any railway or subway except such parts thereof as front or abut on any street.

Chief officer of fire brigade may demolish buildings &c.

31. The chief officer of the fire brigade or the firemen appointed by him shall in cases of emergency and for extinguishing or preventing the extension of or diminishing the loss caused or likely to be caused by any fire and protecting the lives and property of the inhabitants have power to remove buildings or parts of buildings

which have become dangerous in consequence of damage by fire or to take measures for supporting and protecting such buildings or barricading and closing or shutting up any street or part thereof and the expense so incurred shall be recoverable by the Corporation from the proprietor of the dangerous building in the manner and with the remedies and powers contained in section 382 of the Glasgow Police Act 1866.

Watchmen to be placed in charge of shops &c. left insecure.

32. Where any constable or officer on duty shall discover that the window or door of any house shop warehouse factory or other premises within the city has been left insecure such constable or officer may place a watchman in immediate charge thereof at the expense of the tenant or the person occupying such premises or if such premises be unlet or unoccupied then at the expense of the owner thereof and such expense shall be recoverable by way of penalty before the magistrate by summary complaint at the instance of the procurator-fiscal provided the magistrate considers the expense to be reasonable.

Penalty for persons causing children to beg &c.

33. Every person who causes or procures any child being a boy under the age of fourteen years or being a girl under the age of sixteen years or having the custody charge or care of any such child allows that child to beg sing or otherwise act in any street so as to induce or for the purpose of inducing the giving of alms or who shall cause or permit the exposure of children of tender age to the inclemency of the weather for the purpose of inducing the giving of alms shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings.

Provisions of Police Act 1866 as to beggars extended.

34. In addition to the powers conferred upon the magistrate by sections 144 and 145 of the Glasgow Police Act 1866 the following provisions shall have effect:—

The magistrate may if he think fit direct that intimation of any person brought before him under those sections who in his opinion is a beggar or vagrant shall be sent to the inspector of poor of the parish within which such person shall have been found in order that the claim of such person as a pauper may be investigated and disposed of according to law and the magistrate may direct any such person to be detained in custody or in the poor house of such parish pending such investigation and such inspector shall be authorised to detain such person accordingly and shall forthwith report to the magistrate the result of such investigation and the magistrate may thereafter if he thinks fit deal with such person as provided in those sections; and

The magistrate may order any child under the age of fourteen years who has been found in any street singing begging or

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otherwise acting so as to induce or for the purpose of inducing the giving of alms and any child of tender age who has been caused or permitted to be exposed to the inclemency of the weather for the purpose of inducing the giving of alms and any child of a person convicted under the provisions of those sections who may in the opinion of the magistrate be without proper guardian to be sent to the parish council of the parish within which such child was found and to be detained and dealt with by such parish council in accordance with the provisions of the Poor Law Acts for such period as they may think proper or until such child shall attain the age of fourteen years and such order shall be sufficient warrant for such parish council detaining such child accordingly.

Small quantities of coals to be sold from carts in labelled bags.

35. Every person who keeps or exposes for sale or sells or delivers coals in quantities not exceeding two hundredweight in weight in any premises or place or from any cart carriage or vehicle shall label all bags boxes baskets or other receptacles containing specific quantities of coals in a distinct and legible manner so as to indicate the net weight which such receptacles severally contain and any person failing to comply with this provision shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings.

Penalty on committing frauds in weight of bread.

36. All bakers and dealers in bread shall on all bread made or exposed by them for sale (except fancy bread or rolls) impress thereon in large and distinct figures the imperial weight of such bread and any person who shall keep expose or offer for sale or sell any bread not so impressed shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings for each offence and any person who shall sell or keep or offer or expose for sale any bread which shall be of less weight than the weight so impressed shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings for each offence :

Provided that if in any prosecution under this section any accused person shall prove that any slight deficiency in the weight so impressed upon any bread was due to such bread having been kept for more than forty-eight hours and that there was no intent to defraud on the part of such accused person or the maker of or any dealer in such bread the magistrate may in his own discretion discharge such accused person from such prosecution.

Penalties for police offences.

37. Every person who is guilty of any of the following acts within the city shall in respect thereof be liable to a penalty not exceeding the respective amounts herein-after mentioned videlicet :—

To a penalty of five pounds every person who—

(1) Affixes or causes to be affixed to or on any place where it can be seen by the public or delivers or exhibits or causes to

be delivered or exhibited to any inhabitant or passenger in or near any street or sends or causes to be sent through the post any bill postcard or printed or written paper of an obscene or indecent character:

To a penalty of forty shillings every person who—

(2) Damages defaces or makes any mark on any drinking fountain or trough or on any work appurtenant thereto or pollutes or makes unfit for drinking by man or beast the water in any such fountain or trough or washes in or permits to enter into that water any dog or other animal under his charge or accompanying him;

(3) Prints or otherwise makes or circulates or uses for any purpose any sham or imitation bank note or paper or document resembling in size figure and colour any bank note of any bank or banking company;

(4) Exposes to public view any stallion or bull when serving any mare or cow;

(5) Wrongfully or without proper cause sets on or urges any dog or other animal to attack worry or put in fear any person or animal.

Penalties for certain police offences in streets.

38. Every person who in any street commits any of the following offences shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings for each offence viz.:—

(1) Conveys in any open cart or carriage or otherwise carcases of animals or any part thereof without the same being covered with a clean cloth so as to be wholly concealed from public view;

(2) Habitually or persistently importunes or solicits or loiters about for the purpose of importuning or soliciting women or children for immoral purposes;

(3) Rides on or hangs on or from the back of any cart carriage or tramway car without authority from the owner or person in charge thereof;

(4) Being the owner the hirer or the person in charge of any cart or carriage permits the same to be driven by any person who is not of the full age of fourteen years Provided that this enactment shall not apply where any cart or ca riage stopping or standing on any street is left by the person driving the same in charge of any person not of such age;

(5) Stands or loiters on the footway or sits or lies on the footway or street to the obstruction or annoyance of the residents or passengers.

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Forms of procedure in police courts.

39. It shall be lawful for the High Court of Justiciary on the application of the magistrates from time to time to pass such acts of adjournal as may be necessary or proper for sanctioning varying or amending forms of complaint and conviction warrants and other forms of procedure for the police courts of the city and for the court of the bailie of the River and Firth of Clyde (herein-after referred to as "police courts") whether in respect of crimes contraventions or offences at common law or under or against the Police Acts or any other Acts public or private or any byelaws made thereunder and such forms shall so far as practicable be in accordance with the provisions applicable to police court procedure contained in the Police Acts and such forms or forms as near thereto as may be convenient may (any enactment or direction to the contrary notwithstanding) be used in all prosecutions and proceedings in the police courts.

Extending jurisdiction of river bailie court.

40. The bailie and depute-bailie of the River and Firth of Clyde and any judge of police appointed under the City of Glasgow Act 1891 may within the boundaries of the city for crimes and offences therein committed exercise all jurisdictions powers and authorities conferred by the Reformatory Schools Act 1893 and the Education (Scotland) Acts 1872 to 1893 upon magistrates or courts of summary jurisdiction under those Acts.

Court of summary jurisdiction &c. to include magistrate.

41. The expression "court of summary jurisdiction" the expression "petty sessional court" the expression "justice of the peace" in the Prevention of Cruelty to Children Act 1894 or any Act which may be hereafter passed amending the same shall except when occurring in sections 1 and 11 of the Act of 1894 include the "magistrate" as defined in this Act.

Repeal of certain sections of Glasgow Police Acts.

42. Section 20 of the Glasgow Markets and Slaughter-houses Act 1865 section 37 of the Glasgow Improvements Act 1866 and sections 65 and 146 and sub-section 23 of section 149 of the Glasgow Police Act 1866 section 35 of the Glasgow Police (Further Powers) Act 1892 and sections 57 and 66 of the Glasgow Building Regulations Act 1892 are hereby repealed.

The repeal shall not affect—

(A) The past operation of any enactment hereby repealed nor anything duly done or suffered under any enactment hereby repealed; or

(B) Any right privilege obligation or liability required accrued or incurred under or in accordance with any enactment hereby repealed; or

(c) Any penalty forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against any enactment hereby repealed; or

(d) Any power investigation legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right privilege obligation liability penalty forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid and any such power investigation legal proceeding and remedy may be exercised and carried on as if this Act had not been passed.

Costs of Act.

43. The costs charges and expenses of and incident to the preparing for obtaining and passing of this Act and of carrying the same into execution shall be paid by the Corporation out of the funds rates revenues and assessments they are authorised to raise.

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The SCHEDULES referred to in the foregoing Act.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

Police Acts—

The Glasgow Police Act 1866.
The Glasgow Municipal Act 1872.
The Glasgow Police Act 1873.
The Glasgow Police Act 1875.
The General Police and Improvement (Scotland) Act 1862 Order Confirmation (Glasgow) Act 1877.
The Glasgow Police Act 1877.
The Glasgow Municipal Act 1878.
The Glasgow Municipal Act 1879.
The Glasgow Corporation and Police Act 1882.
The Glasgow Corporation Act 1884.
The Glasgow Police Act 1885.
The Glasgow Bridges &c. Act 1886.
The Glasgow Police Amendment Act 1890.
The Glasgow Police Sewage &c. Act 1891.
The Glasgow Corporation Act 1892.
The Glasgow Police (Further Powers) Act 1892.
The Glasgow Bridge Act 1892.
The Glasgow Building Regulations Act 1892.
The Glasgow Corporation Act 1893.
The Glasgow Bridge &c. Act 1894.
The Roads and Bridges(Scotland) Act 1878.
The Public Health (Scotland) Act 1867.
The Explosives Act 1875.
The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Acts 1878 and 1886.

And other Acts conferring powers upon the police commissioners.

Loans Act—

The Glasgow Corporation Loans Act 1883.

Parks Acts—

The Glasgow Public Parks Act 1878.
The Glasgow Corporation Act 1892.

Improvements Acts—

The Glasgow Improvements Act 1866.
The Glasgow Improvements Act 1871.
The Glasgow Improvement Amendment Act 1890.

Water Acts—

The Glasgow Corporation Waterworks Act 1855.
The Glasgow Corporation Waterworks Amendment Act 1859.
The Glasgow Corporation Waterworks Amendment Act 1860.
The Glasgow Corporation Waterworks Amendment Act 1865.
The Glasgow Corporation Waterworks Amendment Act 1866.
The Glasgow Corporation Waterworks Amendment Act 1873.
The Glasgow Corporation Waterworks Amendment Act 1877.
The Glasgow Corporation Waterworks Amendment Act 1879.
The Glasgow Corporation Waterworks Amendment Act 1882.
The Glasgow Corporation Waterworks Act 1885.
The Glasgow Corporation Waterworks Act 1892.

Gas Acts—

The Glasgow Corporation Gas Act 1869.
The Glasgow Corporation Gas Act 1871.
The Glasgow Corporation Gas Act 1873.
The Glasgow Corporation Gas Act 1882.
The Glasgow Corporation Act 1888.
The Glasgow Corporation Gas Order 1873.
The Glasgow Corporation Electric Lighting Order 1890.
The Glasgow Corporation (Partick Hillhead and Maryhill) Gas Act 1891.

Markets Acts—

The Glasgow Markets and Slaughter-houses Act 1865.
The Glasgow Markets and Slaughter-houses Act 1871.
The Glasgow Markets and Slaughter-houses Act 1877.
The Glasgow Corporation Act 1884.

Tramways Acts—

The Glasgow Street Tramway Act 1870.
The Glasgow Corporation Tramways Act 1872.
The Glasgow Corporation Tramways Act 1875.
The Glasgow Corporation Tramways Act 1879.
The Glasgow Corporation Act 1884.
The Glasgow Corporation Tramways Act 1885.
The Glasgow Corporation Act 1891.
The Glasgow Corporation Act 1893.

Corporation Acts—

The Glasgow Municipal Act 1872.
The Glasgow Municipal Act 1878.
The Glasgow Municipal Act 1879.
The Glasgow Corporation Act 1890.
The City of Glasgow Act 1891.

And the other Acts and Orders mentioned in this schedule.

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THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

MINUTE OF AGREEMENT between the GLASGOW POLICE COMMISSIONERS of the first part the COMMISSIONERS OF THE BURGH OF PARTICK of the second part and the DISTRICT COMMITTEE OF THE FIRST OR UPPER DISTRICT OF THE COUNTY OF RENFREW subject as after provided of the third part.

Whereas the parties hereto have agreed subject as after provided to enter into an arrangement for the construction and maintenance of a main sewer to provide for the drainage of certain lands within the city of Glasgow the burgh of Partick and the first or upper district of the county of Renfrew to be known as Whiteinch Burn Drainage District:

And whereas it has been agreed between the parties hereto as follows:—

First. The parties hereto agree that a main sewer for the drainage of said district within the jurisdiction of the parties hereto shall be constructed and maintained as after provided which main sewer will follow the course defined on the plan endorsed hereon and subscribed by the parties as relative hereto

Second. The boundaries of the said drainage district shall be those fixed by a joint survey made at the instance of the whole parties hereto and shown on said plan.

Third. Each of the parties hereto shall be entitled to make or cause or permit to be made and led into such main sewer such branch sewers and connexions as may be required from time to time for the use of the area in said drainage district under their respective jurisdictions at their own expense and shall also at their own expense maintain such branch sewers and connexions but no branch sewers or connexions shall be constructed beyond the limits of said drainage district or so as to receive sewage or drainage from any district outwith said drainage district except with the consent of all the parties hereto.

Fourth. The first party shall construct the main sewer and pay the whole cost thereof in the first instance.

Fifth. The gross valuation of each party's area within said drainage district shall be ascertained annually beginning at the first term of Whitsunday occurring after the completion of the main sewer and the amount necessary to provide in each year (commencing as aforesaid) for the annual instalments of repayment of capital or cost of the said main sewer and of interest at the average rate paid by the first party to the Corporation Loans Fund not exceeding in any case a rate of three and one quarter per cent. spread over a period of thirty-three and a third years shall be allocated on each party in the proportion which their gross valuation in that year bears to the total valuation of said drainage district as the same in the event of any dispute shall be determined by the Lord Advocate for Scotland for the time being each party to raise their own respective proportions so determined according to their own method of assessment and in the case of the second and third

parties they shall pay the said proportions yearly at Whitsunday to the treasurer of the first party.

Sixth. Each party shall be entitled to make all necessary repairs on the part of the main sewer within their respective jurisdictions and the expense of these repairs shall be provided for by the whole parties hereto on the same basis as that of the cost of construction of the main sewer viz. on the basis of gross valuation from year to year as provided in article 5 hereof subject as after provided The said repair by each party of the main sewer within their respective jurisdictions shall be confined to ordinary repair necessitated by tear and wear and in the event of necessity arising for extraordinary repair the parties hereto shall jointly decide thereon and bear the cost as is herein provided.

Seventh. This agreement shall be subject to the sanction of Parliament and shall be subject to such alterations as Parliament may see fit to make thereon Provided that if any alteration is made by Parliament which in the opinion of the Lord Advocate for Scotland for the time being materially affects its provisions it shall be competent to any of the parties to withdraw from the same.

Eighth. The expenses of this agreement and any extra expenses connected herewith incurred by the first party in obtaining Parliamentary powers for carrying this agreement into effect in an omnibus Bill which is being promoted in the present Session of Parliament by the first party as well as any expenses incurred by the second and third parties in connexion with said Bill so far as relating to said drainage scheme shall be dealt with and paid as part of the expense of said sewer.

In witness whereof these presents written on this and the preceding page by John Swan M'Ara clerk in the office of John Lang clerk to the said Glasgow Police Commissioners are along with the plan endorsed hereon subscribed as follows viz.:—By John Robb Busby House Busby and Henry Barclay Dunlop Arthurlie Barrhead two of the members of said district committee and by William Henry Hill LL.D. writer Glasgow clerk thereto authorised by minutes of meeting of said district committee of date tenth April eighteen hundred and ninety-five all at Glasgow on the said last-mentioned date before these witnesses Archibald Campbell Munro medical officer of health for the county of Renfrew and John Greig Kennedy clerk to Hill & Hoggan writers Glasgow by James Caird Hugh Crawford and John Cameron Tyre three of the magistrates and commissioners of the said burgh of Partick and by James Donaldson clerk to said burgh as specially authorised by said commissioners at a meeting on the sixteenth of the month last mentioned all at Partick on the sixteenth of the month last mentioned before these witnesses Joseph Potts civil engineer surveyor of said burgh and George Wilson treasurer of said burgh and by the said Glasgow Police Commissioners under their corporate and common seal and by the subscription of James Gray and Walter Paton two of their number acting by their authority and on their behalf as authorised at a meeting of said Glasgow Police Commissioners all at Glasgow on the twenty-second

A.D. 1895. day of April eighteen hundred and ninety-five before these witnesses Robert Bowie writer in the office of the said John Lang and the said John Swan M'Ara.

JAMES GRAY.
WALTER PATON.

L.S.

Robert Bowie Witness
John S. M'Ara Witness.

JAMES CAIRD.
HUGH CRAWFORD.
J. C. TYRE.
JAS. DONALDSON.

Joseph Potts Witness.
Geo. Wilson Witness.

JOHN ROBB.
HENRY B. DUNLOP.
WILLIAM H. HILL.
District Clerk.

A. Campbell Munro Witness.
John G. Kennedy Witness.

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