STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

1973 No. 1382

CUSTOMS AND EXCISE

The Import Duties (Temporary Exemptions) (No. 20) Order 1973

Made - - - -	3*rd August* 1973
Laid before the House of Commons -	14*th August* 1973
Coming into Operation	4*th September* 1973

The Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by virtue of the powers conferred on them by sections 1, 3(6) and 13 of the Import Duties Act 1958(**a**), as amended by paragraph 1 of Schedule 4 to the European Communities Act 1972(**b**), and of all other powers enabling them in that behalf, on the recommendation of the Secretary of State(**c**), hereby make the following Order:

1.—(1) This Order may be cited as the Import Duties (Temporary Exemptions) (No. 20) Order 1973 and shall come into operation on 4th September 1973.

(2) The Interpretation Act 1889(**d**) shall apply for the interpretation of this Order as it applies for the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

2.—(1) Up to and including 31st December 1973 or, in the case of goods in relation to which an earlier day is specified in Schedule 1 to this Order, up to and including that day, any import duty which is for the time being chargeable on goods of a heading of the Customs Tariff 1959 specified in that Schedule shall not be chargeable in respect of goods of any description there specified in relation to that heading.

(2) The period for which goods of headings of the Customs Tariff 1959 and descriptions specified in Schedule 2 to this Order are exempt from import duty shall be extended up to and including 31st December 1973 or, in the case of goods in relation to which an earlier day is specified in that Schedule, up to and including that day.

(3) Any entry in the second column in Schedule 1 or Schedule 2 to this Order shall be taken to comprise all goods which would be classified under an entry in the same terms constituting a subheading (other than the final subheading) of the relevant heading in the Customs Tariff 1959.

(**a**) 1958 c. 6.
(**b**) 1972 c. 68.
(**c**) *See* S.I. 1970/1537 (1970 III, p. 5293).
(**d**) 1889 c. 63.

(4) For the purposes of classification under the Customs Tariff 1959, insofar as that depends on the rate of duty, any goods to which paragraph (1) or (2) above applies shall be treated as chargeable with the same duty as if this Order had not been made.

Tim Fortescue,
Oscar Murton,
Two of the Lords Commissioners
of Her Majesty's Treasury.

3rd August 1973.

SCHEDULE 1

GOODS TEMPORARILY EXEMPT FROM IMPORT DUTY

Tariff Heading	*Description*
29.04	3-Bromo-2,2-di(bromomethyl)propanol.
29.06	2-*tert*Butyl-*p*-cresol (—OH at 1) (up to and including 31st October 1973).
29.11	*o*-Vanillin (up to and including 31st October 1973).
29.14	Cobaltous acetate (up to and including 31st October 1973). Hexane-1,6-diol diacrylate. 4,4′-Methylenedi-(1-methyl-2-phenoxyethyl methacrylate). 4,4′-*iso*Propylidenedi-(2-phenoxyethyl methacrylate).
29.15	Adipic acid. Benzyl *n*-butyl phthalate. Sebacoyl chloride.
29.22	Ethylamine.
29.25	3,4′,5-Tribromosalicylanilide.
29.34	3-(2-Aminoethylamino)propyltrimethoxysilane.
29.35	2-Chlorophenothiazine. 1,4-Di-(2,2,2-trichloro-1-formamidoethyl)piperazine. Phenothiazine, of a purity not less than 99 per cent., which contains not more than 1 per cent. by weight of diphenylamine and not more than 0·0035 per cent. by weight of total iodine, and which yields not more than 0·2 per cent. by weight of sulphated ash.
29.36	Toluene-4-sulphonamide.
29.38	Pyridoxine hydrochloride. (±)-α-Tocopherol. (±)-α-Tocopheryl acetate.
30.03	Ampoules containing a measured dose of an intermixture of not less than five different vitamins, for intravenous injection.

Tariff Heading	*Description*
32.08	Glass powder, of which not less than 65 per cent. by weight passes a sieve having a nominal width of aperture of 45 micrometres, containing not less than 65 per cent. and not more than 80 per cent. of lead oxide (PbO), not less than 5 per cent. and not more than 12 per cent. of boric oxide (B_2O_3), melting below 450° centigrade and capable, after fusion, of de-vitrifying when held between 450° and 500° centigrade for 30 minutes.
	Glass powder, of which not less than 65 per cent. by weight passes a sieve having a nominal width of aperture of 45 micrometres, containing not less than 65 per cent. and not more than 80 per cent. of lead oxide (PbO), not less than 10 per cent. and not more than 20 per cent. of zinc oxide (ZnO), melting below 450° centigrade and capable, after fusion, of de-vitrifying when held between 450° and 500° centigrade for 30 minutes.

SCHEDULE 2

GOODS FOR WHICH EXEMPTION FROM IMPORT DUTY IS EXTENDED

Tariff Heading	*Description*
29.01	Styrene (up to and including 31st October 1973).
29.02	2-Chloro-6-fluorotoluene.
	Octabromobiphenyl, mixed isomers (up to and including 31st October 1973).
29.06	2-*tert*Butyl-4-ethylphenol (up to and including 31st October 1973).
	Di-(3,5-di*tert*butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)methane.
29.07	4-Chloro-*m*-cresol (−OH at 1).
29.14	Undec-10-enoic acid which freezes at a temperature not lower than 23° centigrade (up to and including 31st October 1973).
29.25	*N*-(Hydroxymethyl)acrylamide, solid.
29.34	Triethylaluminium (up to and including 31st October 1973).
29.35	Cyanuric acid.
	1,6-Hexanolactam.
	Iprindole hydrochloride.
39.01	Polyurethanes of wholly aliphatic composition, uncompounded and in the forms covered by Note 3(*b*) of Chapter 39.
	Resins, being products of the condensation of adipic acid with a mixture of propane-1,2-diol and ethanediol of which the ethanediol content is not less than 50 per cent. by weight, and having:—
	(*a*) an acetyl value not less than 34 and not more than 38,
	(*b*) an acid value not more than 1,
	(*c*) a colour not deeper than 50 Hazen units, and
	(*d*) a viscosity at 40° centigrade of not less than 70 seconds and not more than 125 seconds, for a free fall of 20 centimetres of a steel sphere $\frac{1}{8}$ inch in diameter, in a tube of internal diameter 3·5 centimetres, when determined by the method of British Standard 188:1957, part 3, as amended up to and including September 1964.

Tariff Heading	*Description*
39.03	Hydroxypropylmethylcellulose, of which the hydroxypropyl content calculated as propanediol is not less than 7 per cent. by weight, and of which an aqueous solution containing 20 grammes per litre has a dynamic viscosity at 20° centigrade of not more than 20 centipoises (up to and including 31st October 1973).
44.09	Cleft pales, stub-pointed, not less than 914 millimetres nor more than 1·91 metres in length, split from stems or branches of sweet chestnut of not less than 101 millimetres girth.
48.07	Electrophotographic base paper, barrier coated, of a substance not less than 50 grammes per square metre, being resistant to toluene solvent on either or both sides which, when subjected for 24 hours to 50 per cent. relative humidity at 17° centigrade, has an apparent surface resistance of not less than 10 megaohms and not more than 5,000 megaohms, measured under the same conditions between two electrodes 1 inch wide and 1 inch apart and using a Keithley model 600B electrometer.
56.02	"Synthetic hair" being continuous filament tow of co-polymerised vinyl chloride and acrylonitrile, dyed and having a total weight of more than 60 grammes per metre (60,000tex/540,000 denier), the individual filaments having an irregular cross-section, a specific gravity of less than 1·32 at 20° centigrade and weighing more than 5·0 milligrammes per metre (50dtex/45 denier) (up to and including 31st October 1973)
58.02	"Synthetic grass", being a woven pile fabric with a pile of green polyamide strip of not less than 220 decitex of heading number 51.02 and a ground of polypropylene strip of heading number 51.02 sealed on the back with a layer of synthetic rubber or artificial plastic material, and weighing not less than 1·4 kilogrammes per square metre.
70.08	Curved eyepieces of toughened glass not being coloured, tinted or otherwise shaded, with parallel faces and ground edges, having a maximum dimension of not less than 56 millimetres.
73.15	Alloy steel coils for re-rolling, which contain not less than 14 per cent. nor more than 18 per cent. by weight of chromium as the major alloying element, and not more than 0·5 per cent. by weight of nickel, and having a width exceeding 500 millimetres but not more than 1,372 millimetres, and a thickness of not less than 3 millimetres nor more than 6 millimetres.
	Alloy steel wire having a diameter of not less than 2·514 millimetres and not more than 2·590 millimetres, containing not less than 11·0 per cent. and not more than 14·0 per cent. chromium by weight, as the major alloying element, with not less than 0·10 per cent. and not more than 0·40 per cent. sulphur by weight, not more than 1·0 per cent. silicon by weight, not more than 1·25 per cent. manganese by weight and not more than 0·15 per cent. carbon by weight, the tensile strength being not less than 75·6 and not more than 86·625 kilogrammes per square millimetre and the yield strength being not less than 44·1 kilogrammes per square millimetre.
	Hot rolled alloy steel strip in coils, containing not less than 14 per cent. by weight nor more than 18 per cent. by weight of chromium as the major alloying element, and not more than 0·5 per cent. by weight of nickel, of a width of not less than 400 millimetres nor more than 500 millimetres and of a thickness of not less than 3 millimetres no more than 6 millimetres.

Tariff Heading	*Description*
	Steel sheets, rectangular or in coils, being steel containing not less than 2 per cent. nor more than 3·5 per cent. by weight of silicon as the major alloying element, with a manganese content exceeding 0·1 per cent. and an aluminium content exceeding 0·01 per cent., whether or not coated and of a width not exceeding 1250 millimetres and a thickness not exceeding 1·6 millimetres.
73.19	Hot rolled seamless circular steel tubes of an outside diameter of not less than 49·5 centimetres and not more than 62·25 centimetres, and of a wall thickness of not less than 8·3 millimetres and not more than 17·9 millimetres.
76.02	Rod of aluminium or of aluminium alloy containing not less than 95 per cent. by weight of aluminium, copper clad, the cladding comprising not less than 25 per cent. by weight nor more than 39 per cent. by weight of the whole, and of an overall diameter of not less than 6 millimetres and not more than 20 millimetres.
85.15	The following apparatus for use in aircraft: (*a*) automatic radio direction finding apparatus covering a frequency range of at least 200 KHz to 850 KHz; (*b*) distance measuring apparatus for determining the slant range from aircraft to ground transponder and operating within the frequency range of 960 MHz to 1,215 MHz; (*c*) panel-mounted secondary surveillance radar transponder apparatus, operating within a 12 or 24 volt electrical power system, having an integral control panel and capable of interrogation at a frequency of 1,030 MHz on each of the modes A and C and replying on these modes at a frequency of 1,090 MHz; (*d*) very high frequency omni-directional radio range apparatus (VOR), instrument landing system localiser apparatus (ILS/LOC), instrument landing system glide path apparatus (ILS/G.PATH); (*e*) very high frequency communication apparatus (VHF/COM) (transmitters, receivers, or combined transmitter/receivers) covering a frequency band of at least 118 to 135·95 MHz, with not less than 180 channels and capable of operating in areas where 50 KHz channel spacing is in force; (*f*) apparatus combining the functions and capabilities of any of the apparatus specified in (*d*) and (*e*) above but excluding apparatus combining any of those functions and capabilities with any other function or capability; being in each case apparatus of a type approved by the Civil Aviation Authority, at the date of this Order, under Article 14(5) of the Air Navigation Order 1972, for use in aircraft of not more than 5,700 kilogrammes maximum total weight authorised, flying in controlled airspace in accordance with the Instrument Flight Rules as defined in the said Air Navigation Order, but not for use in other aircraft (up to and including 31st October 1973).
85.18	Tantalum capacitors greater than 10 microfarads in capacitance, of a kind for incorporation in deaf aids, with a maximum length not exceeding 7 millimetres exclusive of leads and with a transverse cross section having a circumference not exceeding 14 millimetres (up to and including 31st October 1973).

Tariff Heading	*Description*
	Tantalum capacitors greater than 12 microfarads in capacitance of a working voltage of not less than 4 volts, of a kind for incorporation in deaf aids, with a maximum length not exceeding 8 millimetres exclusive of leads with a transverse cross section having a circumference not exceeding 13 millimetres (up to and including 31st October 1973).
	Tantalum capacitors, of a kind for incorporation in deaf aids, with a maximum length not exceeding 7 millimetres exclusive of leads and with a transverse cross section having a circumference not exceeding 10 millimetres (up to and including 31st October 1973).
85.21	Digital displays consisting of a printed circuit board of a size not exceeding 30 millimetres by 90 millimetres with a single line of digits, not less than 3 in number, comprising light emitting diodes manufactured from gallium based semi-conductor compounds mounted thereon; the line of digits having a protective cover of translucent plastic (up to and including 31st October 1973).
90.09	Photo-reduction apparatus capable of step and repeat operation at a speed of 5 millimetres per second in increments of integer multiples of 25·4 micrometres or less; having an intrinsic repeatable positional accuracy in two axial directions of plus or minus 0·254 micrometres, or better, relative to an alignment datum over an area not less than 76·2 millimetres by 76·2 millimetres and a resolution of 650 line pairs per millimetre, or better, over a projected area of 8 millimetres in diameter; the overall accuracy of the system being plus or minus 2·032 micrometres in two axial directions over an exposable area of 101·6 millimetres by 101·6 millimetres.
90.12	Reticle alignment apparatus having an alignment accuracy of plus or minus 1·016 micrometres, or better, incorporating two independently adjustable matched microscopes having a magnification of 340 times, or better, to enable a master mask to be positioned to an accuracy of 1 micrometre when using a fiducial spacing of not less than 40·64 millimetres and not more than 66·04 millimetres.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(*This Note is not part of the Order.*)

This Order provides that the goods listed in Schedule 1 shall be temporarily exempt from import duty, and those listed in Schedule 2 shall continue to be exempt from import duty, up to and including 31st December 1973, or, in the case of certain items, up to and including such earlier day as is specified.

As regards the exemption for equipment for use in aircraft under heading 85.15, apparatus of a type approved by the Civil Aviation Authority is listed in Civil Aviation Publication CAP 208, Airborne Radio Apparatus Vol. 2, published by Her Majesty's Stationery Office. This publication is subject to amendment, and confirmation that apparatus is of a type approved at the date of this Order should be obtained from the Civil Aviation Authority, Controllerate of National Air Traffic Services, Tels.N2(c), 19-29 Woburn Place, London, WC1H 0LX.

SI 1973/1382
ISBN 0-11-031382-8

