(2.) An Order made by the Privy Council under this Act may be made conditionally or unconditionally, and may contain such terms and directions as to the Privy Council seem just.

(3.) The Council of the said Royal College shall forthwith obey any Order of the Privy Council under this Act, and observe and fulfil all conditions, terms, and directions therein contained.

Summary proceedings for fines and imprisonment. 11 & 12 Vict. c. 43. 42 & 43 Vict. c. 49. 27 & 28 Vict. c. 53. 14 & 15 Vict. c. 93.

19. Fines and imprisonment under this Act may be recovered and imposed summarily; that is to say—

in England in manner provided by the Summary Jurisdiction Act, 1848, and the Summary Jurisdiction Act, 1879, and any Act amending either of those Acts;

in Scotland before the sheriff or sheriff-substitute or two justices in manner provided by the Summary Procedure Act, 1864, and any Act amending the same;

in Ireland within the police district of Dublin metropolis in manner directed by the Acts regulating the powers and duties of justices of the peace for such district or of the police of such district, and elsewhere in Ireland before two or more justices of the peace in manner directed by the Petty Sessions (Ireland) Act, 1851, and any Act amending the same.

A prosecution under this Act may be instituted by the Council of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons, but shall not be instituted by a private person without the written consent of the said Council.

Saving rights of the Royal Veterinary College.

20. Nothing in this Act shall affect the charter and supplemental charter granted by Her Majesty to the Royal Veterinary College in the years 1875 and 1877 respectively, or any of the property, rights, powers, and privileges of that College thereunder.

CHAPTER 63.

An Act for providing a Superannuation Allowance for the Auditor of the Accounts of the Secretary of State for India in Council and his Assistants.

[27th August 1881.]

WHEREAS by section fifty-two of an Act of the session held in the twenty-first and twenty-second years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and six, "for the better Government of India," (herein-after referred to as the Act of 1858,) provision is made for the appointment, and for the payment out of the revenues of India, of an auditor of the accounts of the Secretary of State for India in Council and his assistants:

And whereas by section eighteen of the same Act provision is made for granting superannuation allowances to secretaries, officers, and servants on the establishment of the Secretary of State for India in Council, but the auditor and his assistants are not persons on that establishment, and no provision is made by the Act of 1858 or any other Act for granting superannuation allowances to them, and it is expedient that the law be in this respect amended:

And whereas the existing auditor was appointed to his present office on his resigning a situation in the permanent Civil Service

entitling him to superannuation allowance under the Superannuation Act, 1859, and doubts have been entertained whether under these circumstances he has been transferred from his previous employment to his present office within the meaning of the Act twenty-three and twenty-four Victoria, chapter eighty-nine, and it is expedient that such doubts be removed: 22 Vict. c. 26.

And whereas some of the assistants of the existing auditor have been appointed without having obtained the requisite certificates from the Civil Service Commissioners, such certificates not having been required by law as a condition of their appointment, and their right to a superannuation allowance ought not to be prejudiced by this circumstance:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows; (that is to say,)

Pension rights of India Office auditor.

1. The auditor of the accounts of the Secretary of State for India in Council and his assistants, including the persons who hold those offices at the time of the passing of this Act, notwithstanding that some of such last-mentioned persons have not obtained certificates from the Civil Service Commissioners, shall, for the purposes of superannuation allowance, be in the same position as if they were secretaries, officers, or servants appointed on the establishment of the Secretary of State for India in Council under section sixteen of the Act of 1858; and for the above purposes the existing auditor shall be deemed to have been transferred to his present office from the employment previously held by him.

Short title.

2. This Act may be cited as the India Office Auditor Act, 1881.

CHAPTER 64.

An Act to remove certain doubts as to the application of section twenty-four of the Prison Act, 1877, and enactments amending the same, to the Central Criminal Court district. [27th August 1881.]

WHEREAS by section twenty-four of the Prison Act, 1877, it is enacted as follows: 40 & 41 Vict. c. 21.

"The Secretary of State may from time to time by any general or special rule appoint in any county a convenient prison or prisons in which prisoners are to be confined before and during trial, or at either of such times, and any prisoner who might, if this Act had not passed, have been lawfully confined in a prison situate within the area of such county may be lawfully confined in any prison or prisons so appointed: Moreover, the Secretary of State may by any general or special rule from time to time appoint any convenient prison or prisons in any adjoining county to which prisoners may be committed for trial, safe custody, or otherwise, and any prisoners may be committed to such prison accordingly":

And whereas by section three of the Spring Assizes Act, 1879, the Prison Act, 1877, was amended so far as regards the carrying of a judgment into execution in any prison: 42 & 43 Vict. c. 1.