

ANNO TRICESIMO PRIMO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

****

CAP. XXV.

An Act to extend the Industrial Schools Act to *Ireland*. [29th *May* 1868.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the Establishment and Regulation of Industrial Schools in *Ireland*, and to extend to *Ireland*, with certain Modifications, "The Industrial Schools Act, 1866:" 29 & 30 Vict. c. 118.

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as "The Industrial Schools Act (*Ireland*), 1868." Short Title.

2. This Act shall extend to *Ireland* only. Application of Act.

3. In the Construction of this Act— Interpretation of Terms.

The Expression "the Chief Secretary" shall mean "the Chief "Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant of *Ireland* for the Time "being:"

The Expression "Two Justices" shall mean Two or more Justices in Petty Sessions, and the Expression "a Magistrate" shall mean "a Police Magistrate" acting in any Police Court for the *Dublin* Metropolitan Police District.

4. The

Inspector of Industrial Schools.

4. The Inspector of Reformatory Schools in *Ireland* shall be also the Inspector of Industrial Schools, and every Certified Industrial School shall from Time to Time, and at least once in each Year, be inspected by the Inspector of Industrial Schools.

Description of Industrial Schools and Managers.

5. A School in which industrial Training is provided, and in which Children are lodged, clothed, and fed, as well as taught, shall exclusively be deemed an Industrial School within the Meaning of this Act.

The Persons for the Time being having the Management or Control of such a School shall be deemed the Managers thereof for the Purposes of this Act.

Mode of certifying Industrial School.

6. The Chief Secretary may, on the Application of the Managers of an Industrial School, direct the Inspector of Industrial Schools to examine into the Condition of the School and its Fitness for the Reception of Children to be sent there under this Act, and to report to him thereon, and the Inspector shall examine and report accordingly.

If satisfied with the Report of the Inspector, the Chief Secretary may, by Writing under his Hand, certify that the School is fit for the Reception of Children to be sent there under this Act, and thereupon the School shall be deemed a Certified Industrial School.

School not to be certified as Industrial and Reformatory.

7. A School shall not be at the same Time a Certified Industrial School under this Act and a Certified Reformatory School under any other Act.

Notices of Certificate to be gazetted.

8. A Notice of the Grant of each Certificate shall within One Month be inserted by Order of the Chief Secretary in the *Dublin Gazette*.

Copy of Gazette to be Evidence.

A Copy of the Gazette containing the Notice shall be conclusive Evidence of the Grant, which may also be proved by the Certificate itself, or by an Instrument purporting to be a Copy of the Certificate, and to be attested as such by the Inspector of Industrial Schools.

Grand Jury or Council may contract with the Managers for Reception of Children in Schools.

9. It shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town, at any Assizes, and for the Town Councils of the Boroughs of *Dublin*, *Cork*, and *Limerick*, at a Special Meeting of such Council called for the Purpose, to appoint and empower a Committee of such Grand Jury or Council to enter into an Agreement with the Managers of any Industrial School, certified as aforesaid for the Reception, Maintenance, and keeping in such Industrial School from Time to Time of such Children as are ordered by Justices or a Magistrate to be sent there from such County or Borough, in consideration of such periodical Payments

as

as may be agreed upon with such Managers; and such Grand Jury or Council shall present the Payments of the Money which may from Time to Time become payable under such Agreement.

Monies granted under this Act how to be raised.

10. All Monies presented to be raised and paid for the Reception, Maintenance, and keeping of such Children in such Industrial School shall be presented and raised in the same Manner in all respects and subject to the same Conditions as Money to be presented and raised by the Grand Jury of any such County, or by the Council of such Borough as aforesaid respectively, for defraying the ordinary current Expenditure of their several Gaols.

As to Children under Fourteen Years of Age found begging, &c.

11. Any Person may bring before Two Justices or a Magistrate any Child apparently under the Age of Fourteen Years that comes within any of the following Descriptions; namely,

That is found begging or receiving Alms (whether actually or under the Pretext of selling or offering for Sale anything), or being in any Street or public Place for the Purpose of so begging or receiving Alms;

That is found wandering and not having any Home or settled Place of Abode, or proper Guardianship, or visible Means of Subsistence;

That is found destitute, either being an Orphan or having a surviving Parent who is undergoing Penal Servitude or Imprisonment;

That frequents the Company of reputed Thieves.

The Justices or Magistrate before whom a Child is brought as coming within One of those Descriptions, if satisfied on Inquiry of that Fact, and that it is expedient to deal with him under this Act, may order him to be sent to a Certified Industrial School.

Temporary Detention in Workhouse, &c.

12. Two Justices or a Magistrate, while Inquiry is being made respecting a Child or respecting a School to which he may be sent, may, by Order signed by them or him, order the Child to be taken to the Workhouse or Poorshouse of the Union, Parish, or Combination in which he is found or resident, and to be detained therein at the Cost of the Union, Parish, or Combination for any Time not exceeding Seven Days, or until an Order is sooner made for his Discharge or for his being sent to a Certified Industrial School; and the Guardians of the Poor for the Union or Parish, or the Keeper of the Poorshouse, or other Person to whom the Order is addressed, are and is hereby empowered and required to detain him accordingly.

As to Children under 12 Years

13. Where a Child, apparently under the Age of Twelve Years, is charged before Two or more Justices in Petty Sessions, or a Police

of Age charged with Offences.

Police Magistrate acting in any Police Court for the *Dublin* Metropolitan Police District, with an Offence punishable by Imprisonment or a less Punishment, but has not been convicted of Felony, and the Child ought, in the Opinion of the said Justices or Magistrate, (regard being had to his Age and to the Circumstances of the Case,) to be dealt with under this Act, the said Justices or Magistrate may order him to be sent to a Certified Industrial School.

Form and Contents of Order sending Child to School.

14. The Order of Justices or a Magistrate sending a Child to a School (in this Act referred to as the Order of Detention in a School) shall be in Writing, signed by the Justices or Magistrate, and shall specify the Name of the School.

The School shall be some Certified Industrial School (whether situate within the Jurisdiction of the Justices or Magistrate making the Order or not) the Managers of which are willing to receive the Child, and the Reception of the Child by the Managers of the School shall be deemed to be an Undertaking by them to teach, train, clothe, lodge, and feed him during the whole Period for which he is liable to be detained in the School, or until the Withdrawal or Resignation of the Certificate of the School takes effect, or until the Contribution out of Money provided by Parliament towards the Custody and Maintenance of the Children detained in the School is discontinued, whichever shall first happen.

The School named in the Order shall be presumed to be a Certified Industrial School until the contrary is shown.

The Order shall specify the Time for which the Child is to be detained in the School, being such Time as to the Justices or Magistrate seems proper for the teaching and training of the Child, but not in any Case extending beyond the Time when the Child will attain the Age of Sixteen Years: Provided always, that no Child shall be sent to any such Industrial School except to some One Industrial School under the exclusive Management of Persons of the same Religious Persuasion as that professed by the Parents, or, should that be unknown, by the Guardians of such Child, and in all Cases in which the Religion of the Parents and Guardians of such Child is unknown the said Child shall be considered as belonging to that Religious Persuasion in which he shall appear to have been baptized, or, that not appearing, to which he shall profess to belong.

Power to Parent, &c. to apply to remove Child to a School

15. If the Parent, Step-parent, or Guardian, or if there be no Parent, Step-parent, or Guardian, then the God-parent or nearest adult Relative of a Child sent or about to be sent to a Certified Industrial School which is not conducted in accordance with the Religious

Religious Persuasion to which the Child belongs, states to the Justices or Magistrate by whom the Order of Detention has been or is about to be made (or to Two Justices or a Magistrate having like Jurisdiction) that he objects to the Child being sent to or detained in the School specified or about to be specified in the Order, and names another Certified Industrial School in *Ireland* which is conducted in accordance with the Religious Persuasion to which the Child belongs, and signifies his Desire that the Child be sent thereto, then and in every such Case the Justices or Magistrate shall, upon Proof of such Child's Religious Persuasion, comply with the Request of the Applicant; provided— conducted in accordance with Child's Religious Persuasion.

First, that the Application be made before the Child has been sent to a Certified Industrial School, or within Thirty Days after his Arrival at such School; and,

Secondly, that the Applicant show, to the Satisfaction of the Justices or Magistrate, that the Managers of the School named by him are willing to receive the Child.

16. The Order of Detention in a School shall be forwarded to the Managers of the School with the Child, and shall be a sufficient Warrant for the Conveyance of the Child thither, and his Detention there. Order to be Warrant for Conveyance and Detention.

17. The Expense of conveying to a Certified Industrial School a Child ordered to be sent there shall be defrayed by the Police Authorities by whom he is conveyed, and shall be deemed Part of the current Expenses of those Police Authorities. Expenses of Conveyance to School.

18. An Instrument purporting to be an Order of Detention in a School, and to be signed by Two Justices or a Magistrate, or purporting to be a Copy of such an Order, and to be certified as such a Copy by the Clerk to the Justices or Magistrate by whom the Order was made, shall be Evidence of the Order. Evidence of Order of Detention.

19. A Minister of the Religious Persuasion specified in the Order of Detention as that to which the Child appears to the Justices or Magistrate to belong may visit the Child at the School on such Days and at such Times as are from Time to Time fixed by Regulations made by the Chief Secretary, for the Purpose of instructing him in Religion. Religious Instruction in School.

20. The Managers of a School may permit a Child sent there under this Act to lodge at the Dwelling of his Parent or of any trustworthy and respectable Person, so that the Managers teach, train, clothe, and feed the Child in the School as if he were lodging Lodging Child out of School.

in the School itself, and so that they report to the Chief Secretary, in such Manner as he thinks fit to require, every Instance in which they exercise a Discretion under this Section.

Power to grant Licences for permitting Children to live out of School.

21. The Managers of a School may, at any Time after the Expiration of Eighteen Months of the Period of Detention allotted to a Child, by Licence under their Hands, permit him to live with any trustworthy and respectable Person named in the Licence, and willing to receive and take charge of him.

Any Licence so granted shall not be in force for more than Three Months, but may at any Time before the Expiration of those Three Months be renewed for a further Period not exceeding Three Months, to commence from the Expiration of the previous Period of Three Months, and so from Time to Time until the Period of the Child's Detention is expired.

Any such Licence may also be revoked at any Time by the Managers of the School by Writing under their Hands, and thereupon the Child to whom the Licence related may be required by them, by Writing under their Hands, to return to the School.

The Time during which a Child is absent from a School in pursuance of a Licence shall, except where such Licence has been forfeited by his Misconduct, be deemed to be Part of the Time of his Detention in the School, and at the Expiration of the Time allowed by the Licence he shall be taken back to the School.

A Child escaping from the Person with whom he is placed under a Licence, or refusing to return to the School on the Revocation of his Licence, or at the Expiration of the Time allowed thereby, shall be deemed to have escaped from the School.

Power to apprentice Child.

22. The Managers of a School may, at any Time after a Child has been placed out on Licence as aforesaid, if he conducted himself well during his Absence from the School, bind him, with his own Consent, Apprentice to any Trade, Calling, or Service, notwithstanding that his Period of Detention has not expired, and every such Binding shall be valid and effectual to all Intents.

Rules of School to be approved by the Chief Secretary.

23. The Managers of a Certified Industrial School may from Time to Time make Rules for the Management and Discipline of the School, not being inconsistent with the Provisions of this Act; but those Rules shall not be enforced until they have been approved in Writing by the Chief Secretary; and Rules so approved shall not be altered without the like Approval.

A printed Copy of Rules purporting to be the Rules of a School so approved, and to be signed by the Inspector of Industrial Schools, shall be Evidence of the Rules of the School.

24. A Cer-

Evidence as to Reception in School, &c.

24. A Certificate purporting to be signed by One of the Managers of a Certified Industrial School or their Secretary, or by the Superintendent or other Person in charge of the School, to the effect that the Child therein named was duly received into and is at the signing thereof detained in the School, or has been duly discharged or removed therefrom, or otherwise disposed of according to Law, shall be Evidence of the Matters therein stated.

Penalty on Child for Refusal to conform to Rules.

25. If a Child sent to a Certified Industrial School, and while liable to be detained there, being apparently above Ten Years of Age, and whether lodging in the School itself or not, wilfully neglects or wilfully refuses to conform to the Rules of the School, he shall be guilty of an Offence against this Act, and on summary Conviction thereof before Two Justices in Petty Sessions, or a Police Magistrate acting in any Police Court for the *Dublin* Metropolitan Police District, shall be liable to be imprisoned, with or without Hard Labour, for any Term not less than Fourteen Days and not exceeding Three Months, and the said Justices or said Police Magistrate before whom he is convicted may direct him to be sent, at the Expiration of the Term of his Imprisonment, to a Certified Reformatory School, and to be there detained, subject and according to the Provisions of a Statute passed in the Twenty-first and Twenty-second Years of Her Majesty, entitled *An Act to promote and regulate Reformatory Schools in* Ireland.

Penalty on Child escaping from School.

26. If a Child sent to a Certified Industrial School, and while liable to be detained there, and whether lodging in the School itself or not, escapes from the School, or neglects to attend thereat, he shall be guilty of an Offence against this Act, and may at any Time before the Expiration of his Period of Detention be apprehended without Warrant, and may (any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding) be then brought before a Justice or a Police Magistrate having Jurisdiction in the Place or District where he is found, or in the Place or District where the School from which he escaped is situate, and he shall thereupon be liable, on summary Conviction before such a Justice or Police Magistrate, to be, by and at the Expense of the Managers of the School, brought back to the same School, there to be detained during a Period equal to so much of his Period of Detention as remained unexpired at the Time of his committing the Offence.

If the Child charged with such an Offence is apparently above Ten Years of Age, then, on his summary Conviction of the Offence before Two such Justices or such a Police Magistrate, he shall be liable, at the Discretion of the Justices or Police Magistrate, instead of being sent back to the same School, to be imprisoned, with or without

without Hard Labour, for any Term not less than Fourteen Days, and not exceeding Three Months; and the Justices or Police Magistrate before whom he is convicted may direct him to be sent at the Expiration of the Term of his Imprisonment to a Certified Reformatory School, and to be there detained subject and according to the Provisions of a Statute passed in the Twenty-first and Twenty-second Years of Her Majesty, entitled *An Act to promote and regulate Reformatory Schools in* Ireland.

Penalty on Persons inducing Offenders to escape from Certified Industrial Schools.

27. If any Person does any of the following Things, (that is to say,)

First, knowingly assists, directly or indirectly, a Child liable to be detained in a Certified Industrial School to escape from the School;

Second, directly or indirectly induces such a Child so to escape;

Third, knowingly harbours or conceals a Child who has so escaped, or prevents him from returning to School, or knowingly assists in so doing;

Every such Person shall be guilty of an Offence against this Act, and shall, on summary Conviction thereof before Two Justices or a Magistrate, be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds, or, at the Discretion of the Justices, to be imprisoned for any Term not exceeding Two Months, with or without Hard Labour.

Power to Treasury to contribute towards Custody, &c. of Children detained.

28. The Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury may from Time to Time contribute, out of Money provided by Parliament for the Purpose, such Sums as the Secretary of State from Time to Time thinks fit to recommend towards the Custody and Maintenance of Children detained in Certified Industrial Schools.

Contribution by Parent, &c.

29. The Parent, Step-parent, or other Person for the Time being legally liable to maintain a Child detained in a Certified Industrial School shall, if of sufficient Ability, contribute to his Maintenance and Training therein a Sum not exceeding Five Shillings *per* Week.

Order for Enforcement of Contribution by Parent, &c.

30. On the Complaint of the Inspector of Industrial Schools, or of any Agent of the Inspector, or of any Constable under the Directions of the Inspector (with which Directions every Constable is hereby required to comply), at any Time during the Detention of a Child in a Certified Industrial School, Two Justices or a Magistrate having Jurisdiction at the Place where the Parent, Step-parent, or other Person liable as aforesaid resides may, on Summons to the Parent, Step-parent, or other Person liable as aforesaid, examine into his Ability to maintain the Child, and may, if they or he think fit, make an Order or Decree on him for the Payment to the Inspector

Inspector or his Agent of such weekly Sum, not exceeding Five Shillings *per* Week, as to them or him seems reasonable, during the whole or any Part of the Time for which the Child is liable to be detained in the School.

Every such Order or Decree may specify the Time during which the Payment is to be made, or may direct the Payment to be made until further Order.

Every such Payment or a proper proportionate Part thereof shall go in relief of the Charges on Her Majesty's Treasury, and the same shall be accounted for as the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury direct, and where the Amount of the Payment ordered in respect of any Child exceeds the Amount contributed by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury in respect of that Child, the Balance shall be accounted for and paid to the Managers of the School.

The Chief Secretary may, in his Discretion, remit wholly or partially any Payment so ordered.

Two Justices or a Magistrate having Jurisdiction to make such an Order or Decree may from Time to Time vary any such Order or Decree as Circumstances require, on the Application either of the Person on whom such Order or Decree is made, or of the Inspector of Industrial Schools or his Agent, on Fourteen Days Notice being first given of such Application to the Inspector or Agent, or to such Person respectively.

Detention to cease on Child attaining Sixteen.

31. A Person who has attained the Age of Sixteen Years shall not be detained in a Certified Industrial School, except with his own Consent in Writing.

Power to Chief Secretary to order Child to be transferred to another School.

32. It shall and may be lawful for the Chief Secretary to order a Child to be transferred from one Certified Industrial School to another: Provided that such Removal shall not increase the whole Period of such Child's Detention in an Industrial School, and that the Removal shall only be to some Industrial School under the Management of Persons of the same Religious Persuasion as that to which he might have been originally committed.

The Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury may pay, out of Money provided by Parliament for the Purpose, such Sums as the Chief Secretary thinks fit to recommend in discharge of the Expenses of the Removal of any Child transferred under the Provisions of this Act.

Power to Chief Secretary to order Discharge of Child.

33. The Chief Secretary may at any Time order any Child to be discharged from a Certified Industrial School or from any Industrial School established under any other Act of Parliament, the

general Rules for the Government whereof have been approved by the said Chief Secretary, either absolutely or on such Condition as the said Chief Secretary approves, and the Child shall be discharged accordingly.

Power for Chief Secretary to withdraw Certificate.

34. The Chief Secretary, if dissatisfied with the Condition of a Certified Industrial School, may at any Time, by Notice under his Hand addressed to and served on the Managers thereof, declare that the Certificate of the School is withdrawn as from a Time specified in the Notice, not being less than Six Months after the Date thereof; and at that Time the Certificate shall be deemed to be withdrawn accordingly, and the School shall thereupon cease to be a Certified Industrial School.

Resignation of Certificate by Managers.

35. The Managers or the Executors or Administrators of a deceased Manager (if only One) of a Certified Industrial School may give Notice in Writing to the Chief Secretary of their Intention to resign the Certificate of that School, and at the Expiration in the Case of Managers of Six Months, and in the Case of Executors or Administrators of One Month, from the Receipt of that Notice by the said Chief Secretary, (unless before that Time the Notice is withdrawn,) the Certificate shall be deemed to be resigned accordingly, and the School shall thereupon cease to be a Certified Industrial School.

Withdrawal, &c. of Certificate to be inserted in the Gazette.

36. A Notice of the Withdrawal or Resignation of the Certificate of a Certified Industrial School shall within One Month be inserted by Order of the Chief Secretary in the "*Dublin Gazette*."

A Copy of the "*Dublin Gazette*" containing such Notice shall be conclusive Evidence of such Withdrawal or Resignation.

A Certificate shall be presumed to be in force until the Withdrawal or Resignation thereof is proved.

Cesser of Reception of Children on Notice, &c.

37. Where Notice is given of the Withdrawal or Resignation of the Certificate of a Certified Industrial School, no Child shall be received into the School for Detention under this Act after the Receipt by the Managers of the School of the Notice of Withdrawal, or after the Date of the Notice of Resignation, as the Case may be; but the Obligation of the Managers to teach, train, clothe, lodge, and feed any Children detained in the School at the Time of such Receipt or at the Date of such Notice shall, except as far as the Chief Secretary otherwise directs, be deemed to continue until the Withdrawal or Resignation of the Certificate takes effect, or until the Contribution out of Money provided by Parliament towards the Custody and Maintenance of the Children detained in the School is discontinued, whichever shall first happen.

38. Where

Discharge of Children detained, &c.

38. Where a School ceases to be a Certified Industrial School the Children detained therein shall be either discharged or transferred to some other Certified Industrial School by Order of the Chief Secretary.

Use of Forms in Schedule.

39. No Summons, Notice, or Order made for the Purpose of carrying into effect the Provisions of this Act shall be invalidated for Want of Form only; and the Forms in the Schedule to this Act annexed, or Forms to the like Effect, may be used in the Cases to which they refer, with such Variations as Circumstances require, and when used shall be deemed sufficient.

Service of Notices on Managers.

40. Any Notice may be served on the Managers of a Certified Industrial School by being delivered to any One of them personally, or by being sent by Post or otherwise in a Letter addressed to them or any of them at the School, or at the usual or last known Place of Abode of any of the Managers, or of their Secretary.

Provisions of 14 & 15 Vict. c. 93. to apply.

41. The Petty Sessions (*Ireland*) Act, 1851, shall apply to all Offences, Payments, and Orders in respect of which Jurisdiction is given to Justices or a Police Magistrate by this Act, or which are by this Act directed to be prosecuted, enforced, or made in a summary Manner or on summary Conviction.

The SCHEDULE.

FORMS.

(A.)

Order sending Child to Industrial School.

to wit. } Be it remembered, That on the Day of , in pursuance of The Industrial Schools Act (Ireland), 1868, we, Two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace† for the said [County] of , do order that *A.B.* of (whose Religious Persuasion, as ascertained by Provision in Section 15. of the said Act, is), being a Child subject to the Provisions of Section of the said Act, be sent to the Certified Industrial School at , and that he be detained there during .

(Signed) *L.M.*
N.O.

(C.)

Complaint for enforcing Contribution from Parent, &c.

to wit. } The Complaint of the Inspector of Industrial Schools [*or as the Case may be*] made to us,‡ the undersigned, Two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of , this Day of at in the same County, who says, that one *A.B.* of (*) the Age of Years or thereabouts is now detained in the Industrial School at in the County of , under The Industrial Schools (Ireland) Act, 1868, and has been duly ordered and directed to be detained therein until the Day of : That one *C.B.*, dwelling in the Parish of in the County of is the Parent [*or* Step-parent, *&c.*] of the said *A.B.*, and is of sufficient Ability to contribute to the Support and Maintenance of the said *A.B.*, his Son: (*) The said Complainant therefore prays that the said *C.B.* may be summoned to show Cause why an Order should not be made on him so to contribute.

C.D.

Exhibited before us,
(Signed) *J.S.*
L.M.

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† Or in Dublin, "I, Police Magistrate of the Dublin Metropolitan Police District."

‡ Or in Dublin, "to me, a Police Magistrate of the Dublin Metropolitan Police District."

(D.)

Summons to the Parent.

To *C.B.* of [Labourer].

WHEREAS Information hath this Day been laid [*or* Complaint hath this Day been made] before the undersigned [One, *or as the Case may be*] of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the said [County] of for that you [*here state shortly the Matter of the Information or Complaint*]: These are therefore to command you in Her Majesty's Name to be and appear on at o'Clock in the Forenoon at before such Justices of the Peace for the said County [*or as the Case may be*] as may then be there, to answer the said Information [*or* Complaint], and to be further dealt with according to Law.

Given under my [*or* our] Hand and Seal, this Day of in the Year of our Lord at in the [County] aforesaid.

(E.)

Order on Parent, &c. to contribute a Weekly Sum.

to wit. } BE it remembered, That on this Day of at in the said [County] of a certain Complaint of the Inspector of Industrial Schools [*or as the Case may be*], for that one *A.B.* of, *&c.* [*stating the Cause of Complaint as in the Form* (C.) *between the Asterisks* (*) (*)] was duly heard by and before us, the undersigned, Two of† Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the said [County] of (in the Presence and Hearing of the said *C.B.*, *if so*, *or* the said *C.B.* not appearing to the Summons duly issued and served in this Behalf); and we, having duly examined into the Ability of the said *C.B.*, and on consideration of all the Circumstances of the Case, do order the said *C.B.* to pay to the said Inspector [*or* to an Agent of the said Inspector] the Sum of Shillings per Week from the Date of this Order until Day of , the same to be paid at the Expiration of each [Fourteen, *or as the Case may be*, Days].

Given under our Hands and Seals, the Day and Year first above mentioned, at in the [County] aforesaid.

J.S. (L.S.)
L.M. (L.S.)

† Or in Dublin, "One of the Police Magistrates of the Dublin Metropolitan Police District."

(F.)

Distress Warrant for Amount in arrear.

to wit. } To the Head or other Constable of , and to all other Peace Officers in the said [County] of

WHEREAS on the Hearing of a Complaint made by the Inspector of Industrial Schools [*or as the Case may be*], that *A.B.* of, *&c.* [*stating the Cause of Complaint as in the Form* (C.) *between the Asterisks* (*) (*), an Order was made on the Day of by us, the undersigned [*or* by *L.M.* and *J.H.*], Two † of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the said [County] of against the said *C.B.*, to pay to the said Inspector [*or as the Case may be*] the Sum of per Week from the Date of the said Order until the Day of , the same to be paid at the Expiration of each [Twenty-eight] Days [*or as the Case may be*] (*): And whereas there is due upon the said Order the Sum of being for [Three] Periods of [Fourteen] Days each, and Default has been made therein for the Space of Fourteen Days:

These are therefore to command you, in Her Majesty's Name, forthwith to make Distress of the Goods and Chattels of the said *C.B.*, and if within the Space of [Five] Days next after the making of such Distress the said last-mentioned Sum, together with the reasonable Charges of taking and keeping the said Distress, is not paid, that then you do sell the said Goods and Chattels so by you distrained, and do pay the Money arising from such Sale to the Clerk of the Justices of the Peace for the of that he may pay and apply the same as by Law directed, and may render the Overplus (if any), on Demand, to the said *C.B.*; and if no such Distress can be found, then that you certify the same to us, to the end that such Proceedings may be had therein as the Law requires.

Given under our Hands and Seals, this Day of at in the [County] aforesaid.

J.S. (L.S.)
L.M. (L.S.)

† Or in Dublin, "One of the Police Magistrates of the Dublin Metropolitan Police District."

(G.)

Commitment in default of Distress.

} To the Head or other Constable of and to the
to wit. } Keeper of the [*Prison*] at in the said
[County] of .

WHEREAS [*&c., as in the Form* (F.) *to the single Asterisk* (*), *and then thus*]: And whereas afterwards on the Day of last I, the undersigned, together with *L.M.*, Esquire, [*or J.S.* and *L.M.*, Esquires,] Two † of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the said [County] of , issued a Warrant to the Constable of aforesaid, commanding him to levy the Sum of due upon the said recited Order, being for [Three] Periods of [Fourteen] Days, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the said *C.B.*: And whereas a Return has this Day been made to me the said Justice [*or* the undersigned, One of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the said [County] of] that no sufficient Goods of the said *C.B.* can be found:

These are therefore to command you the said Head Constable of to take the said *C.B.*, and him safely to convey to the [Prison] at aforesaid, and there deliver him to the Keeper thereof, together with this Precept: And I do hereby command you the said Keeper of the said [Prison] to receive the said *C.D.* into your Custody in the said [Prison], there to imprison him for the Term of , unless the said Sum, and all Costs and Charges of the said Distress, and of the Commitment and conveying of the said *C.D.* to the said [Prison], amounting to the further Sum of , shall be sooner paid unto you the said Keeper, and for your so doing this shall be your sufficient Warrant.

Given under my Hand and Seal, this Day of in the Year of our Lord at in the [County] aforesaid.

J.S. (L.S.)

† Or in Dublin, "One of the Police Magistrates of the Dublin Metropolitan Police District."

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