the said period of five years, have given notice of its intention to terminate its operation, it shall remain in force for one year longer, and so on from year to year.

If the Convention of the Hague of the 6th May, 1882, respecting the police of the fisheries, should cease to be in force, Article XXVI. of the same Convention shall continue to operate as regards the object of the present arrangement.

ARTICLE XII.

The present Convention shall be ratified; the ratifications shall be exchanged at the Hague as soon as possible, and, if practicable, within a year.

In witness whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Convention, and have thereto affixed their seals.

Done at the Hague, in six copies, the 16th November, 1887.

(L.S.) W. STUART.
(L.S.) Baron SAURMA.
(L.S.) Baron A. D'ANETHAN.
(L.S.) LEOPOLD ORBAN.
(L.S.) C. M. VIRULY.
(L.S.) LOUIS LEGRAND.
(L.S.) v. KARNEBEEK.
(L.S.) E. N. RAHUSEN.

CHAPTER 19.

An Act to amend the Habitual Drunkards Act, 1879.

[24th July 1888.]

WHEREAS the Habitual Drunkards Act, 1879, is limited to expire at the termination of ten years from the passing thereof and the then next session of Parliament; and whereas it is expedient to provide for the continuance of the said Act, and for the amendment of the same: 42 & 43 Vict. c. 19.

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1. This Act may be cited for all purposes as the Inebriates Act, 1888. Short title.

2. So much of the second section of the Habitual Drunkards Act, 1879, as provides that the said Act shall be in force until the termination of ten years from the passing thereof and to the end of the then next session of Parliament, is hereby repealed; and be it enacted in lieu thereof that the aforesaid Act as amended by this Act shall be and remain in force until otherwise provided by Parliament. Repeal.

3. Subject to the approval of the Local Authority granting a licence for a retreat, the licensee of any retreat may from time to time appoint a deputy to act for him during his temporary absence, and such deputy shall during the absence of the licensee have and exercise all powers, and be subject to all the duties, disabilities, Licensee may appoint a deputy.

prohibitions, and penalties imposed upon the licensee of such retreat under the provisions of the Habitual Drunkards Act, 1879. Provided always that the appointment of such deputy shall not entitle him to act for such licensee during any period or periods exceeding in all six weeks in any one year.

Attestation of application for admission to a retreat.

4. So much of section three and of section ten of the Habitual Drunkards Act, 1879, as provides that the signature of an habitual drunkard applying to be admitted to a retreat shall be attested by two Justices of the Peace having jurisdiction under the Summary Jurisdiction Act, in the place where the matter requiring the cognizance of a justice arises, is hereby repealed, and such attestation may be that of any two Justices of the Peace.

Construction of Act.

5. The Habitual Drunkards Act, 1879, and this Act shall be read and construed together as one Act, and may be cited together as the Inebriates Acts, 1879 and 1888.

CHAPTER 20.

An Act to facilitate the sale of Glebe Lands.

[7th August 1888.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title and extent.

1. This Act may be cited as the Glebe Lands Act, 1888.

This Act shall not extend to Scotland or Ireland.

Application by incumbent to Land Commissioners for sale of glebe.

2. The incumbent of any benefice may from time to time, after the prescribed notice to the bishop of the diocese and the patron of the benefice, apply in the prescribed manner to the Land Commissioners to approve the sale of the glebe land of such benefice, or any part thereof, except the parsonage house and such land appurtenant thereto as herein-after mentioned.

Sale of glebe with approval of Land Commissioners.

3. (1.) If the Land Commissioners, on an application being made to them to approve the sale of any glebe land under this Act, think fit to entertain the application, and are satisfied that the application has been duly made by an incumbent authorised to apply, and that the prescribed notice has been given to the bishop of the diocese and the patron of the benefice, and that an objection to the sale either has not been made by the bishop or patron, or if made ought not to prevent the sale, and that the sale will be for the permanent benefit of the benefice, they may approve the sale of the said land, subject to the provisions of this Act, and the incumbent, with such approval, may sell the said land; but the Land Commissioners shall not approve the sale of any land occupied by the parsonage house, or the outbuildings, garden, or other appurtenances thereof, or such part of the glebe land as they consider to be necessary for the convenient enjoyment of such house, and the opinion of the said Commissioners in respect of such matters shall be conclusive.

(2.) If upon notice of a proposed sale under this Act the bishop of the diocese or patron objects to the sale, and the Land Commissioners are satisfied that such objection ought not to prevent the sale