Adjournment.

10. The Tribunal may adjourn any case or reserve its decision in any case to such time or times as it may think fit.

Record of Awards.

11. A Record Book containing the name and address of each claimant, the particulars of each claim and the award of the Tribunal in each claim shall be kept by the Secretary, and each award shall be signed by the Chairman or other member of the Tribunal. Any claimant shall be entitled to receive a copy of the entry in his case on payment of a fee of two shillings and sixpence, each such copy to be certified under the hand of two members of the Tribunal and the Secretary, and to be deemed to be valid evidence in any Court of Law.

Notice to Claimants

12. A list of claims showing the name and address of each claimant and the situation of the premises in respect of which the claim is made, shall be published in the Belfast Gazette on a date not less than seven days before the hearing of such claim and such publication shall be deemed to be notice to all parties interested in the premises, or in the amount to be awarded, and the Tribunal will make its award having regard only to such claims as may be brought before it. The Tribunal may, in any case in which it seems proper, alter or modify any such award before payment thereof has been made. Without prejudice to the foregoing provisions the Tribunal may direct that notice of any claim shall be served on any person or persons which the Tribunal may think fit, and the Tribunal may postpone payment of any award.

Repeal.

13. Article 14 of the Intoxicating Liquor (Finance) Rules, 1923, is hereby repealed.

The Official Seal of the Ministry of Finance was affixed hereto the 7th day of March, 1924, in the presence of

G. C. Duggan,
Assistant Secretary.

(L.S.)

IRISH LAND ACT.
List of Assessors.

MADE BY THE JUDICIAL COMMISSIONER WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE LORDS JUSTICES OF NORTHERN IRELAND AND THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE FOR NORTHERN IRELAND PURSUANT TO SECTION 89 OF THE IRISH LAND ACT, 1903.

1924. No. 52.

1. The Judge of the Supreme Court of Judicature of Northern Ireland nominated by the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland in accordance with the provisions of the Government of Ireland

(Adaptation of Enactments) (No. 4.) Order, 1922, to carry out the functions of a Judicial Commissioner in the said Order mentioned (in these Orders referred to as "the Judicial Commissioner") shall frame a list of persons of skill and experience in agriculture specially qualified to act as lay Assessors under Part III. of the Irish Land Act, 1903, for the purpose of appeals and rehearings under the Land Law (Ireland) Acts, and such list shall be published in the Belfast Gazette.

2. Such persons may be persons already holding office under the Land Purchase Commission for Northern Ireland or in any Ministry of Northern Ireland, and shall not be required to vacate such office on their appointment as assessors.

3. The said list may be revised from time to time as occasion shall require by the Judicial Commissioner with the approval of the Governor of Northern Ireland and the Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland by the framing of another list, and every such further list shall be published in the same manner as the original list, and shall supersede from the date of the publication thereof the last preceding list.

4. Each person named on the said original list, or on any revised list, shall be qualified to act as an Assessor for the purpose aforesaid, so long as his name remains on any such list for the time being in force, and shall (as he may from time to time be directed by the Judicial Commissioner) give his attendance and assistance upon such appeals and rehearings. He shall hear the evidence, and, for the purpose of aiding the Judicial Commissioner before whom a case is heard in hearing and determining the same, shall, to the best of his skill, experience, and ability, answer any question which may be put to him by the Judicial Commissioner relative to any question arising upon the facts of the case, and shall, upon application of either of the parties, or, if so directed by the Judicial Commissioner, inspect the holding and report thereon to the Judicial Commissioner in a Form similar to, or by reference, to the Form applicable in the case of a Sub-Commission or County Court with such variations as the circumstances of the case may require and the Judicial Commissioner may direct. Every such Assessor shall also give such attendance in Belfast or elsewhere as the Judicial Commissioner shall require for the purpose of preparing Reports, Maps, or other office work in connection with appeals and rehearings.

5. Each person named upon the original or upon any revised list of Assessors shall, so long as his name remains on any such list, receive as remuneration such fees and allowances as may be fixed by the Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland from time to time, regard being had to the amount of time occupied in his duties as assessor and, if the assessor is a person falling under the category referred to in No. 2 of these Orders, to the duties and remuneration attaching to the Office already held by him.

6. The Orders made by the Judicial Commissioners bearing date the 7th day of November, 1903, shall not apply with respect to assessors for the purpose of appeals and rehearings under the provisions of the said Government of Ireland (Adaptation of Enactments) (No. 4) Order, 1922.

Given under the hand of the Judicial Commissioner this 27th day of June, 1924.

Thomas W. Brown,

The Lords Justices of Northern Ireland hereby approve of the foregoing Orders.

Denis S. Henry,

The Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland hereby approves of the foregoing Orders.

E. Clark,
Secretary.

IRISH SAILORS AND SOLDIERS TRUST.
Transfer of Land.

MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS FOR NORTHERN IRELAND UNDER THE IRISH LAND (PROVISION FOR SAILORS AND SOLDIERS) ACT, 1919, AND THE LAND TRUST (POWERS) ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1923.

1924. No. 115.

Whereas in pursuance of the powers for that purpose conferred by the Irish Land (Provision for Sailors and Soldiers) Act, 1919 (hereinafter referred to as " the Act of 1919 ") the Local Government Board for Ireland acquired certain land, property or rights in Northern Ireland for the purposes of the said Act. And whereas by Section 3 of an Act passed by the Parliament of the United Kingdom entitled The Irish Free State (Consequential Provisions) Act, 1922 (Session 2) (hereinafter referred to as " the Act of 1922)" it is enacted that a body to be called the Irish Sailors and Soldiers Land Trust shall be established for the purposes set forth in the said section. And whereas by Section 1, Sub-section 1 of the Land Trust (Powers) Act (Northern Ireland), 1923 (hereinafter referred to as " the Act of 1923 ") it is enacted that the Irish Sailors and Soldiers Land Trust (hereinafter referred to as " the Trust ") shall have and may exercise all powers which are necessary to enable the Trust to carry out as respects Northern Ireland the purposes of Section 3 of the Act of 1922 before mentioned. And whereas pursuant to Section 3, Sub-section (7) of the Act of 1922 the Treasury of the United Kingdom has certified that such legislation as was necessary to enable the Trust to acquire and hold land in Northern Ireland has been passed by the Parliament of Northern Ireland.