(6) laundering, smoothing, folding, ornamenting, boxing, packing, warehousing or other operations incidental to or appertaining to the making, altering, repairing, renovating or remaking of any of the above-mentioned articles ;

But excluding—

(*a*) the making of knitted articles, the making of underclothing, socks and stockings from knitted fabrics, and the making from knitted fabrics of articles mentioned in paragraphs (1) and (2) above, where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of the knitted fabrics ;

(*b*) the making of gloves, spats, gaiters, boots, shoes and slippers ;

(*c*) the making of headgear, other than the articles mentioned in paragraph (2) above ;

(*d*) the branches of trade covered by the Trade Boards (Corset) Order, 1919 (**a**) ;

(*e*) the making of rubberised or oilskin garments ;

(*f*) the making of women's collars and cuffs and of nurses' stiff washing belts where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the making of men's or boys' shirts or collars ;

(*g*) warehousing, packing and other similar operations carried on in shops mainly engaged in the retail distribution of articles of any description that are not made on the premises ;

And excluding also—

Any processes or operations included in the Appendix to the Trade Boards (Shirtmaking) Order, 1920 (**b**).

CLASSES OF WORKERS FOR WHOM NO STATUTORY MINIMUM REMUNERATION HAS BEEN FIXED

PARAGRAPH 38.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Schedule, the statutory minimum remuneration aforesaid SHALL NOT APPLY to workers employed as clerks, salesmen, saleswomen, travellers, engineers, mechanics, enginemen, firemen, stokers, carpenters, watchmen, carmen, charwomen, time-keepers and outside messengers.

EXPLANATORY NOTE.

(*This note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport*)

1. This Order specifies the statutory minimum remuneration payable as from 23rd October, 1946, to certain workers in relation to whom the Dressmaking and Women's Light Clothing Wages Council (Northern Ireland) operates.

2. The provisions of Order N.I.W.D. (47) cease to have effect when the new provisions under this Order come into force.

N.I.L. (26)

The Laundry Wages Council (Northern Ireland) Wages

THE LAUNDRY WAGES COUNCIL (NORTHERN IRELAND) WAGES REGULATION ORDER, 1946, DATED 23RD JULY, 1946, MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND NATIONAL INSURANCE UNDER SECTION 10 OF THE WAGES COUNCILS ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1945 (9 & 10 GEO. 6. Ch. 21).

1946. No. 134

WHEREAS the Ministry of Labour and National Insurance (hereinafter referred to as " the Ministry ") has received from the Laundry Wages

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(**a**) S. R. & O. 1919, No. 570. (**b**) S. R. & O. 1920, No. 711.

Council (Northern Ireland) wages regulation proposals for fixing the minimum remuneration to be paid to the workers in relation to whom the Council operates in substitution for the minimum remuneration now payable to the said workers and for the amendment of the Order of the Ministry N.I.L. (12) dated the 11th day of August, 1939, confirming holidays provided for by a direction given, and holiday remuneration fixed, under the Holidays with Pay Act (Northern Ireland), 1938, in relation to the said workers (hereinafter referred to as "Order N.I.L. (12)");

2 Geo. 6. Ch. 24.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Ministry by virtue of section 10 of the Wages Councils Act (Northern Ireland), 1945, and of every other power in that behalf hereby makes the following Order :—

Statutory minimum remuneration.

1.—(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this Article the provisions relating to statutory minimum remuneration set out in the First Schedule hereto shall become effective as from the 29th day of July, 1946, (hereinafter referred to as "the specified date") and accordingly the Order of the Ministry N.I.L. (24) dated the 16th day of January, 1945, shall thereupon cease to have effect.

(2) Where as respects any worker who is paid wages at intervals not exceeding seven days the specified date does not correspond with the beginning of the period for which the wages are paid, the provisions relating to statutory minimum remuneration set out in the First Schedule hereto shall, as respects that worker, become effective as from the beginning of the next such period following the specified date and Order N.I.L. (24) shall cease to have effect in relation to that worker accordingly.

Holidays and holiday remuneration.

2. As from the specified date Order N.I.L. (12) shall have effect subject to the amendments set out in the Second Schedule to this Order.

Short title and interpretation.

3.—(1) This Order may be cited as the Laundry Wages Council (Northern Ireland) Wages Regulation Order, 1946.

12 Geo. 5. Ch. 4.

(2) The Interpretation Act, 1921, applies to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of the Parliament of Northern Ireland.

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Ministry of Labour and National Insurance for Northern Ireland this twenty-third day of July, nineteen hundred and forty-six, in the presence of

(L.S.)

J. W. McConnell,
Assistant Secretary to the Ministry of Labour and National Insurance for Northern Ireland.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

STATUTORY MINIMUM REMUNERATION.

GENERAL MINIMUM TIME RATES.

MALE WORKERS.

PARAGRAPH 1. Workers of :—	Per Hour. s. d.
21 years of age and over	1 7¾
20 and under 21 years of age	1 4
19 ,, 20 ,,	1 2
18 ,, 19 ,,	1 1
17 ,, 18 ,,	0 11
16 ,, 17 ,,	0 9¾
15 ,, 16 ,,	0 8½
under 15 years of age	0 8

FEMALE WORKERS.

PARAGRAPH 2. Workers of :—	During the first six months of employment in the trade. Per Hour. s. d.	After the first six months of employment in the trade. Per Hour. s. d.
20 years of age and over	1 0¼	1 0¾
19 and under 20 years of age	0 11¼	0 11¾
18 ,, 19 ,,	0 10	0 10½
17 ,, 18 ,,	0 8½	0 9
16 ,, 17 ,,	0 7¼	0 7¾
15 ,, 16 ,,	0 6	0 6½
under 15 years of age	0 5½	0 6

PIECE WORK BASIS TIME RATE.

PARAGRAPH 3.

FEMALE WORKERS ... ... 1s. 1¼d. per hour.

OVERTIME

PARAGRAPH 4.

Overtime rates shall be payable as follows :—

A. WORKERS EMPLOYED ON TIME WORK :

(i) On any day other than Saturday (or the weekly short day substituted therefor), Sunday and public holidays customarily observed in the establishment—

(*a*) For the first two hours worked in excess of 9 hours— TIME-AND-A-QUARTER ;

(*b*) Thereafter— TIME-AND-A-HALF.

(ii) On Sunday or a public holiday customarily observed in the establishment—

For all hours worked— DOUBLE TIME.

(iii) In any week—

(*a*) For the first two hours worked in excess of 48 hours— TIME-AND-A-QUARTER

(*b*) Thereafter— TIME-AND-A-HALF,

except in so far as higher overtime rates are payable under the provisions of (ii) above.

Provided that overtime rates shall be payable in respect of overtime worked on any day, notwithstanding that the number of hours worked in the week does not exceed 48.

B. Female Workers Employed on Piece Work :

Every female worker employed on piece work shall be entitled to receive in respect of each hour of overtime worked, in addition to piece rates each of which would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker, at least the same amount of money as the appropriate piece work basis time rate,

an amount equal to one-quarter, one-half or the whole of the appropriate piece work basis time rate,

according as the overtime rate which would have been payable under the provisions of sub-paragraph A. of this paragraph, if the worker had been employed on time work, would have been equivalent to time-and-a-quarter, time-and-a-half, or double time respectively.

Paragraph 5.

The expressions time-and-a-quarter, time-and-a-half, and double time mean, respectively, one-and-a-quarter times, one-and-a-half times and twice the amount of the appropriate minimum rate otherwise applicable.

The Hours of Work of Women and Young Persons are subject to the Provisions of the Factories Act (Northern Ireland), 1938 (a)

GENERAL.

Application of Statutory Minimum Remuneration to Piece Workers.

Paragraph 6.

In the case of female workers employed on piece work, each piece rate paid must be such as will yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker, at least the same amount of money as the appropriate piece work basis time rate set out in paragraph 3 of this Schedule. In determining whether any piece rate satisfies the foregoing condition, regard shall be had only to the earnings of ordinary workers, *i.e.*, workers of ordinary skill and experience in the class of work in question and not to the earnings of workers of less than ordinary skill and experience, *e.g.*, juvenile and infirm workers.

Employment of Juvenile Workers on Piece Work.

Paragraph 7.

An employer shall, in any case where a learner or other juvenile worker is employed on piece work during the first six months of his employment in the trade, be deemed to pay wages at less than the minimum rate unless he shows that such worker has received in respect of his employment on piece work in each week during that period at least the same amount of money as such worker would have been entitled to receive if employed on time work.

An employer shall, in any case where any such worker is so employed at any time subsequent to the first six months of his employment in the trade, be deemed to pay wages at less than the minimum rate unless he shows that such worker has, in respect of his employment on piece work, been paid at piece rates which would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker (not being a juvenile worker) at least the same amount of money as the appropriate piece work basis time rate.

Waiting Time.

Paragraph 8.

(1) A worker shall be entitled to payment of statutory minimum remuneration as aforesaid during all the time during which he is present on the premises of his employer unless he is so present either without his employer's consent, express or implied, or for some purpose unconnected with his work and other than that of waiting for work to be given to him to perform.

(2) A piece worker shall during any time during which he is present as aforesaid and is not doing piece work be entitled to payment of the general minimum time rate applicable to the workers of the class to which he belongs.

(a) 2 Geo. 6. Ch. 23.

Provisions (1) and (2) do not apply when—

(*a*) a worker is present on his employer's premises by reason only of the fact that he is resident thereon, or

(*b*) a worker is present on his employer's premises during normal meal times in a room or place in which no work is being done and is not waiting for work to be given to him to perform.

APPLICABILITY OF STATUTORY MINIMUM REMUNERATION.

PARAGRAPH 9.

The statutory minimum remuneration aforesaid shall apply, subject to the provisions of the Wages Councils Act (Northern Ireland), 1945, to workers in relation to whom the Laundry Wages Council (Northern Ireland) operates, that is to say, workers employed in Northern Ireland in the trade specified in the Schedule to the Trade Boards (Laundry Trade, Northern Ireland) (Constitution, Proceedings and Meetings) Regulations, 1924, (**b**) dated 26th May, 1924, namely :—

The laundering of articles of every description and all processes and operations incidental thereto, performed by way of trade or for the purpose of gain, but excluding

all processes of laundering and other similar operations incidental to or appertaining to the making of the articles specified in the Appendices to the Trade Boards (Women's Clothing) Order, 1919, the Trade Boards (Shirtmaking) Order, 1920, and the Trade Boards (Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods) Order, 1920.

PARAGRAPH 10.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Schedule, the statutory minimum remuneration shall not apply to female workers employed in Laundry Receiving Offices situate outside Laundry premises.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

HOLIDAYS AND HOLIDAY REMUNERATION.

The provisions of Order N.I.L. (12) dated 11th August, 1939, shall be amended as follows :—

(1) Any reference in Order N.I.L. (12) to the appropriate Trade Board rate for work to which the Trade Boards Acts apply and to work to which those Acts do not apply shall be read as including a reference to the appropriate statutory minimum remuneration fixed by a wages regulation order in respect of the worker and to work to which a wages regulation order does not apply ;

(2) Any reference in Order N.I.L. (12) to a minimum rate of wages fixed by the Trade Board shall be read as including a reference to statutory minimum remuneration fixed by a wages regulation order pursuant to proposals of the Laundry Wages Council (Northern Ireland) and the reference in paragraph 9 of Order N.I.L. (12) to the Holidays with Pay Act (Northern Ireland), 1938, shall be construed as including a reference to the Wages Councils Act (Northern Ireland), 1945 ;

(3) The amount of any holiday remuneration due to any worker under Order N.I.L. (12) shall be calculated in accordance with the provisions of Part II of the Wages Councils Act (Northern Ireland), 1945.

EXPLANATORY NOTE.

This note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.

1. The First Schedule to this Order sets out the statutory minimum remuneration payable as from 29th July, 1946, to the workers in relation to whom the Laundry Wages Council (Northern Ireland) operates.

(**b**) S. R. & O. 1924. No. 45.

2. The Second Schedule amends the Direction for Holidays with Pay confirmed by the Ministry's Order N.I.L. (12) dated 11th August, 1939, by a number of formal amendments necessitated by the enactment of the Wages Councils Act (Northern Ireland), 1945.

3. The provisions of Order N.I.L. (24) cease to have effect when the new provisions under this Order come into force.

N.I.E. (28)

The Linen and Cotton Embroidery Wages Council (Northern Ireland) Wages

THE LINEN AND COTTON EMBROIDERY WAGES COUNCIL (NORTHERN IRELAND) WAGES REGULATION ORDER, 1946, DATED 16TH SEPTEMBER, 1946, MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND NATIONAL INSURANCE UNDER SECTION 10 OF THE WAGES COUNCILS ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND), 1945 (9 & 10 GEO. 6, CH. 21).

1946. No. 211

WHEREAS the Ministry of Labour and National Insurance (hereinafter referred to as " the Ministry ") has received from the Linen and Cotton Embroidery Wages Council (Northern Ireland) wages regulation proposals for fixing the minimum remuneration to be paid to the workers in relation to whom the Council operates in substitution for the minimum remuneration now payable to the said workers ;

NOW, THEREFORE, the Ministry by virtue of section 10 of the Wages Councils Act (Northern Ireland), 1945, and of every other power in that behalf hereby makes the following Order :—

Statutory minimum remuneration.

1.—(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this Article the provisions relating to statutory minimum remuneration set out in the Schedule hereto shall become effective as from the 23rd day of September, 1946, (hereinafter referred to as " the specified date ") and accordingly the Orders of the Ministry N.I.E. (24) dated the 13th day of May, 1940, and N.I.E. (26) dated the 1st day of April, 1943, shall thereupon cease to have effect.

(2) Where as respects any worker who is paid wages at intervals not exceeding seven days the specified date does not correspond with the beginning of the period for which the wages are paid, the provisions relating to statutory minimum remuneration set out in the Schedule hereto shall, as respects that worker, become effective as from the beginning of the next such period following the specified date and Orders N.I.E. (24) and N.I.E. (26) shall cease to have effect in relation to that worker accordingly.

Short title and interpretation.

2.—(1) This Order may be cited as the Linen and Cotton Embroidery Wages Council (Northern Ireland) Wages Regulation Order, 1946.