STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

1964 No. 1728

FACTORIES

The Lead Processes (Medical Examinations) Regulations 1964

Made - - - -	*28th October* 1964
Laid before Parliament	*5th November* 1964
Coming into Operation	*26th November* 1964

The Minister of Labour—

(*a*) by virtue of the powers conferred on him by sections 76, 129(1) and 180(6) of the Factories Act 1961(**a**) and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf; and

(*b*) after publishing, pursuant to Schedule 4 to the said Act of 1961, notice of the proposal to make the Regulations and not having received any objection to the draft in regard to which he is required by the said Schedule to direct an inquiry to be held,

hereby makes the following special Regulations:—

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Lead Processes (Medical Examinations) Regulations 1964 and shall come into operation on 26th November 1964.

2. These Regulations shall not apply in the case of any person by reason only of his employment in a fume process within the meaning of the Indiarubber Regulations 1922(**b**).

3.—(1) The Interpretation Act 1889(**c**) shall apply to the interpretation of these Regulations as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

(2) In these Regulations—

"appointed doctor" means a doctor authorised to act for the purposes of any of the instruments specified in the Schedule to these Regulations;

"approved" means approved for the time being by certificate of the Chief Inspector;

"haemoglobin estimation" means an estimation of the haemoglobin in grammes per 100 millilitres of the whole blood; and

"health register" means any health register used for the purposes of any of the instruments specified in the Schedule to these Regulations.

4.—(1) Every medical examination required by virtue of the instruments specified in the Schedule to these Regulations shall include a haemoglobin estimation by an approved method:

Provided that, subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this Regulation, a haemoglobin estimation shall not be required in the case of any person more frequently than once in every period of three months.

(**a**) 9 & 10 Eliz. 2. c. 34. (**b**) S.R. & O. 1922/329 (Rev. VII, p. 358: 1922, p. 268).
(**c**) 52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.

(2) Where as a result of any haemoglobin estimation the haemoglobin content of the blood of any person is estimated to be less than 13 grammes per 100 millilitres of whole blood in the case of a male or less than 12 grammes per 100 millilitres of whole blood in the case of a female, the appointed doctor may at his discretion require a further haemoglobin estimation by an approved method after such interval as he may determine.

5. The occupier of a factory shall send to the inspector for the district within seven days after the end of the month in which the entry is made a copy of every entry made in the health register by the appointed doctor, together with particulars identifying the person to whom each entry relates.

Dated 28th October 1964.

R. J. Gunter,
Minister of Labour.

SCHEDULE Regulations 4 and 5

Description or title of instrument	Reference	Provision requiring medical examination
1. Regulations, dated 21st January 1907, with respect to the manufacture of paints and colours.	S.R. & O. 1907/17 (Rev. VII, p. 400: 1907, p. 139).	Regulation 4
2. Regulations, dated 6th August 1907, with respect to the process of the manipulation of yarn dyed by means of a lead compound.	S.R. & O. 1907/616 (Rev. VII, p. 472: 1907, p. 142).	Regulation 4
3. Regulations, dated 18th December 1908, with respect to the process of vitreous enamelling of metal or glass.	S.R. & O. 1908/1258 (Rev. VII, p. 312: 1908, p. 336).	Regulation 9
4. Regulations, dated 30th June 1909, with respect to the coating of metal articles with a mixture of tin and lead, or lead alone.	S.R. & O. 1909/720 (Rev. VII, p. 455: 1909, p. 301).	Regulation 6
5. Regulations, dated 12th August 1911, with respect to the smelting and manufacture of lead and flaked litharge.	S.R. & O. 1911/752 (Rev. VII, p. 369: 1911, p. 55).	Regulation 13
6. Regulations, dated 23rd August 1921, with respect to the manufacture of any carbonate, sulphate, nitrate or acetate of lead.	S.R. & O. 1921/1443 (Rev. VII, p. 374: 1921, p. 246).	Regulation 11
7. Order, dated 8th November 1921, with respect to the employment of women and young persons in certain processes involving the use of a lead compound.	S.R. & O. 1921/1714 (Rev. VII, p. 533: 1921, p. 252).	Article 1

SCHEDULE *continued*

Description or title of instrument	Reference	Provision requiring medical examination
8. The Indiarubber Regulations 1922.	S.R. & O. 1922/329 (Rev. VII, p. 358: 1922, p. 268).	Regulation 12
9. The Electric Accumulator Regulations 1925.	S.R. & O. 1925/28 (Rev. VII, p. 296: 1925, p. 337).	Regulation 13
10. The Vehicle Painting Regulations 1926.	S.R. & O. 1926/299 (Rev. VII, p. 397: 1926, p. 537).	Regulation 9
11. The Lead Paint Regulations 1927.	S.R. & O. 1927/847 (Rev. VII, p. 476: 1927, p. 441).	Regulation 6
12. The Pottery (Health and Welfare) Special Regulations 1950.	S.I. 1950/65 (1950 I, p. 657).	Regulation 7

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport.)

These Regulations provide that medical examinations required by virtue of the instruments specified in the Schedule thereto shall include an estimation of the haemoglobin content of the blood and empower the appointed doctor, where the haemoglobin content is found to be below a specified level, to require a further estimation after such interval as he may determine.

The Regulations further provide that the occupier of a factory shall send to the factory inspector for the district at specified intervals a copy of every entry made in the health register by the appointed doctor.