three, shall apply and be construed to and in relation to the Exchequer Bonds to be prepared under the Authority of this Act, in like Manner as if such several Sections had been repeated and re-enacted in this Act. 17 & 18 Vict. c. 23.

5. All such Sums of Money as shall be raised by Exchequer Bonds to be made out in pursuance of this Act shall be paid to the Account of Her Majesty's Exchequer at the Bank of *England*, and shall be carried to and form Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom. Money raised to be paid to the Consolidated Fund.

6. The Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury may direct the Comptroller General of the Exchequer from Time to Time to deliver such Amount of Exchequer Bonds made out in pursuance of this Act as the said Commissioners shall from Time to Time think fit, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of One million Pounds, to such Person or Officer as may be named in any Warrant to be issued by the said Commissioners for such Purpose, and such Person or Officer shall thereafter become chargeable and be charged with such Amount of Exchequer Bonds as may be delivered to him, subject to such Directions as may be issued to him by the said Commissioners for the Sale thereof, and such Person or Officer shall be discharged from all Account in respect of such Exchequer Bonds onproving to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts that he has duly obeyed the Directions of the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury: Provided always, that the said Commissioners shall not be authorized to direct the Issue of such Exchequer Bonds to such Person or Officer except for the Purpose of raising Money to be paid to the Account of Her Majesty's Exchequer at the Bank of *England* as aforesaid. Exchequer Bonds may be delivered to Persons authorized by the Treasury.

7. It shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* to advance or lend to Her Majesty, upon the Credit of the Exchequer Bonds to be made out in pursuance of this Act, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of One million Pounds (anything in an Act passed in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King *William* and Queen *Mary*, Chapter Twenty, or in any subsequent Act, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding); and also for the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to invest, in the Purchase of Exchequer Bonds issued under the Authority of this Act, any Money in their Hands on account of Savings Banks. Bank of England may advance 1,000,000*l.* on the Credit of Bonds, and Commissioners of National Debt may invest Money on account of Savings Banks in Purchase of Bonds.

CAP. XVII.

An Act for amending the Local Government Act (1858). [11th *May* 1863.]

'WHEREAS by the Local Government Act, 1858, after reciting "that it is expedient "to amend the Public Health Act, 1848, and to make further Provisions for the "Local Government of Towns and populous Districts in *England*," numerous Provisions are made for the Establishment of Local Government in Towns and populous Districts that may adopt the Act, for the Regulation of the Sewerage, Drainage, and Buildings therein, for the Maintenance of the Streets and Roads, and for Police and other Town Purposes: And whereas it is expedient to place some Restriction upon the Adoption of the Act by Places containing a small Population only, and otherwise to amend the said Act:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows: 21 & 22 Vict. c. 98.

1. This Act may be cited as "The Local Government Act Amendment Act, 1863." Short Title.

2. The Adoption of the Local Government Act, 1858, by any Place where that Act was not in force on the First Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and where the Population according to the then last Census is less than Three thousand, shall not be of any Validity unless it is approved by One of Her Majesty's Principal Restriction as to the Adoption of the Act by certain Places.

Secretaries of State, on Proof being given to his Satisfaction that by reason of special Circumstances it is expedient that such Place should be allowed to adopt the Act.

Before signifying his Approval or Disapproval the said Secretary may cause an Inquiry to be made in the Place as to the Circumstances alleged in support of the Expediency of the Adoption of the Act, of the Time and Place of which Inquiry Fourteen Days public Notice shall be given, and on the Determination of such Inquiry shall give or withhold, as he thinks just, his Approval of the Adoption of the Act.

The Approval or Disapproval of the said Secretary of State shall be published by the said Secretary in the *Gazette*, and such Publication shall be Evidence of the Fact of that Approval or Disapproval having been given.

Amendment of Sections 17 & 18 of 21 & 22 Vict. c. 98.

3. Petitions appealing against the Resolution of Adoption, and praying for Exclusion from the Operation of the Local Government Act, under the Seventeenth Section of that Act, and Appeals from Owners and Ratepayers who dispute the Validity of the Vote for Adoption under the Eighteenth Section of the same Act, may be presented and had at any Time before the Expiration of Six Weeks from the Date of any Resolution adopting the Act.

As to Abandonment of Local Government Act in certain Places.

4. When a Resolution adopting the Local Government Act has been passed in a Place in which the Population, according to the then last Census, is less than Three thousand, that Resolution may at any Time be rescinded by a subsequent Resolution passed in the same Manner in which Resolutions for the Adoption of the Act are required to be passed, but the rescinding Resolution shall not be of any Effect unless it is approved by One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and Notice is published by him in the *London Gazette* of the passing of the Resolution and of his Approval thereof.

An Appeal may be had from any such rescinding Resolution in the same Manner and subject to the same Conditions, as nearly as may be, in and subject to which an Appeal may be had against a Resolution adopting the Act; and the Provisions of the Local Government Act relating to an Appeal against the Adoption of the Act shall, with the requisite Variations, apply to an Appeal under this Section.

The Notice of the rescinding Resolution shall not be published until the Expiration of the Time limited for an Appeal, or until the Determination of the Appeal, but upon the Publication thereof the Adoption of the Local Government Act shall be deemed to be avoided as from the Date of that Publication, and from the same Date the Local Government Act shall cease to be in force within the District, and the District shall revert to the Position in which it was before the Adoption of the Local Government Act; so nevertheless that any Contracts that may have been entered into by or on behalf of the Local Board of any such District may be enforced in the same Manner in all respects as if the Local Government Act had continued in force in the District, and so far as may be necessary for the Enforcement of such Contracts the Local Board and all their Powers of levying Money shall be deemed to be continued.

Provision for Avoidance of Constitution of District.

5. In any District constituted under the Local Government Act, 1858, where by that Act the Local Board is required to be elected by the Ratepayers, and where the Population according to the then last Census is less than Three thousand, if no Election of a Local Board in pursuance of the said Act takes place within Three Months from the Date of the Constitution of the District, or if in any such District as last aforesaid the Local Board makes default in appointing fit and proper Persons to the following Offices or any of them, that is to say, to the Office of Surveyor, Inspector of Nuisances, Clerk, and Treasurer, within Two Months after the Election of the Local Board, then upon the happening of either of the above Events the Adoption of the Local Government Act in the said District shall be void, and the Local Government Act, 1858, shall cease to be in force within the District, and the District shall revert to the same Position as it was in before the Adoption of the Act; so nevertheless that any Contracts that may have been entered into by or on behalf of the Local Board of any such District may be enforced in the same Manner in all respects as if the Local Government Act had continued in force in the District, and so far as may be necessary for the Enforcement of such Contracts the Local Board and all their Powers of levying Money shall be deemed to be continued.

6. Where

6. Where any District under the Public Health Act, 1848, and the Local Government Act, 1858, or either of such Acts, or any other Place is surrounded by or adjoins a Highway District constituted under the Highway Acts, such first-mentioned District or other Place shall for the Purpose of any Meeting of the Highway Board be deemed to be within such Highway District. Local Government Act Districts to be within Highway Districts for Purpose of Highway Meetings.

7. The Power of adopting any Part or Parts of the Local Government Act, 1858, given by that Act and the Acts amending the same, shall not be exhausted by One Adoption, but may be exercised from Time to Time. Amendment of Sect. 15 of 21 & 22 Vict. c. 98.

8. The Public Health Act, 1848, and the Acts amending the same, and the Acts amending the Local Government Act, 1858, including this Act, are hereby declared to be One Act, and to be included under the Expression the Local Government Act, 1858, or any Words referring to that Act. Construction of Acts.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act to authorize the Inclosure of certain Lands in pursuance of a Report of the Inclosure Commissioners for *England* and *Wales*. [11th *May* 1863.]

'WHEREAS the Inclosure Commissioners for *England* and *Wales* have, in pursuance of "The Acts for the Inclosure, Exchange, and Improvement of Land," issued their Provisional Orders for and concerning the proposed Inclosures mentioned in the Schedule to this Act, and have in their Eighteenth Annual General Report certified their Opinion that such Inclosures would be expedient; but the same cannot be proceeded with without the previous Authority of Parliament:' Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

1. That the said several proposed Inclosures mentioned in the Schedule to this Act be proceeded with. Inclosures in Schedule may be proceeded with.

2. In citing this Act in other Acts of Parliament and in legal Instruments it shall be sufficient to use either the Expression "The Annual Inclosure Act, 1863," or "The Acts for the Inclosure, Exchange, and Improvement of Land." Short Title.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

Inclosure.	County.	Date of Provisional Order.
Meliden	Flint	13th March 1862.
Chelmarsh Common	Salop	1st September 1862.
Steeple Langford	Wilts	1st September 1862.
Bishops Waltham	Southampton	5th June 1862.
East Clandon	Surrey	1st September 1862.
Llysfaen	Carnarvon	12th December 1861.
Sandhill Heath	Southampton	20th November 1862.
Saint Davids	Pembroke	20th November 1862.
Corpustye	Norfolk	4th December 1862.
Grayrigg	Westmorland	23d December 1862.
Lambrigg and Docker	Westmorland	23d December 1862.
Ewerby Waith	Lincoln	15th December 1862.
Ockham	Surrey	23d December 1862.
Swaffham	Norfolk	15th January 1863.