The expression "model" includes design, pattern, and specimen;
The expression "sketch" includes any photograph or other mode of representation of any place or thing;
The expression "office under Her Majesty the Queen," includes any office or employment in or under any department of the Government of the United Kingdom, and so far as regards any document, sketch, plan, model, or information relating to the naval or military affairs of Her Majesty, includes any office or employment in or under any department of the Government of any of Her Majesty's possessions.

Saving.

9. This Act shall not exempt any person from any proceeding for an offence which is punishable at common law, or by military or naval law, or under any Act of Parliament other than this Act, so, however, that no person be punished twice for the same offence.

Short title.

10. This Act may be cited as the Official Secrets Act, 1889.

CHAPTER 53.

An Act to amend the Acts relating to the Office of Paymaster General, and to make better Provision for the Discharge of the Duties of that Office.

[30th August 1889.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Power for Treasury to make regulations.

1.—(1.) The Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury (in this Act referred to as the Treasury) may from time to time make regulations—

(*a.*) For transferring to the Bank of England or the Bank of Ireland any of the duties performed at the passing of this Act in the office of Her Majesty's Paymaster General; and

(*b.*) For otherwise altering or rescinding the regulations in force at the passing of this Act for the conduct of business in the said office; and

(*c.*) In the case of any funds or securities required by any enactment in force at the passing of this Act to stand in the name of or be held by the Paymaster General or Assistant Paymaster General jointly with any other person, for substituting for the Paymaster General or Assistant Paymaster General any officer of the Bank of England appointed in that behalf by the Treasury, with the concurrence of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or any officer of any public department.

(2.) All regulations made in pursuance of this section shall be laid before Parliament within three weeks after they are made if Parliament is then sitting, and if Parliament is not then sitting, within three weeks after the then next meeting of Parliament.

(3.) The validity of any power of attorney or other authority given by the Paymaster General or Assistant Paymaster General shall not be affected by anything done in pursuance of regulations made under this section.

(4.) Nothing in or done under this section shall affect any of the provisions of the Chancery Funds Act, 1872, or of the Supreme Court of Judicature (Funds, &c.) Act, 1883. 35 & 36 Vict. c. 44. 46 & 47 Vict. c. 29.

2. Section seventeen of the Exchequer and Audit Departments Act, 1866, is hereby repealed. Repeal of 29 & 30 Vict. c. 39. s. 17.

3. This Act may be cited as the Paymaster General Act, 1889. Short title.

CHAPTER 54.

An Act to regulate the Number and Duties of the Clerks of the Court of Session and Bill Chamber in Scotland, and for other purposes. [30th August 1889.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the number of clerks of the Court of Session should be reduced, and that provision should be made for the supervision and better distribution of the duties performed by the clerks and certain other officers of the Court of Session and of the Bill Chamber:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1. The vacancies presently existing in the offices of principal clerk of Session shall not be filled up, and the office of interim principal clerk of Session shall cease and determine, and there shall be only two principal clerks of the Court of Session, who shall, in addition to the duties which they at present discharge, be vested, subject to the orders of the Lord President of the Court, with a general supervision over the whole staff of clerks in the Inner and Outer House and Bill Chamber, and shall have power, with his approval,— Reduction in number of principal clerks, and duty of supervision.

(1.) To make arrangements, as often as it shall to them seem necessary, to provide temporary assistance in the performance of clerks duties in the court of one Lord Ordinary from that of another, subject to the approval of the Lords Ordinary whose courts are affected thereby; and, if it shall become necessary under the provisions of section two of this Act, to transfer an assistant clerk from one division to the other division of the Court:

(2.) To make such arrangements for carrying on the work during vacation as shall secure a reasonable holiday leave of absence in each year to each of the before-mentioned staff of clerks:

(3.) To make such alterations as may be necessary in the distribution and allocation of the duties performed by the before-mentioned staff of clerks: Provided always, that in adjusting such alterations the principal clerks shall have regard to the existing practice under which the primary duty of the depute