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The Poisons Rules, 1952

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In pursuance of section twenty-three of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933(a), I hereby make the following Rules:—

Citation and commencement

1. These Rules may be cited as the Poisons Rules, 1952, and shall come into operation on the first day of January, 1953.

Interpretation

2.—(1) In these Rules, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them, that is to say:—

" the Act " means the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933 ;

" animal " includes poultry ;

" antimonial poisons " means chlorides of antimony, oxides of antimony, sulphides of antimony, antimonates, antimonites and organic compounds of antimony ;

" arsenical poisons " means halides of arsenic, oxides of arsenic, sulphides of arsenic, arsenates, arsenites, copper acetoarsenites, sodium thioarsenates and organic compounds of arsenic ;

" British Pharmaceutical Codex " and " British Pharmacopoeia " include supplements ;

" food " includes a beverage ;

" listed seller of Part II poisons " means a person entitled, subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Rules, to sell poisons included in Part II of the Poisons List (b) by virtue of the entry of his name in a local authority's list kept in pursuance of section twenty-one of the Act ;

" medicine for the internal treatment of human ailments " includes any medicine to be administered by hypodermic injection, but does not include any mouth wash, eye drops, eye lotion, ear drops, douche or similar articles ;

" sale exempted by section twenty of the Act " means a sale made in such circumstances as to be entitled, except as provided by these Rules, to exemption under section twenty of the Act from the foregoing provisions of Part II of the Act ;

" transaction exempted by section nineteen of the Act " means the supply of a medicine in such circumstances as to be entitled to exemption under section nineteen of the Act from the provisions of section eighteen of the Act.

(2) In these Rules any reference to an alkaloid shall include a reference to any salt of that alkaloid, and, in a case where the esters of an alkaloid are included in the Poisons List by virtue of the words " its esters ", to any esters of that alkaloid.

(3) Any reference in the Schedules to these Rules to the percentage of a poison contained in any substance or preparation shall, unless otherwise expressly provided, be construed in the following manner, that is to say, a reference to a substance or preparation containing one per cent. of any poison means—

(*a*) in the case of a solid, that one gramme of the poison is contained in every hundred grammes of the substance or preparation ;

(*b*) in the case of a liquid, that one millilitre of the poison, or, if the poison itself is a solid, one gramme of the poison, is contained in every hundred millilitres of the substance or preparation ;

and so in proportion for any greater or lesser percentage.

(a) 23 & 24 Geo. 5. c. 25. (b) S.I. 1952/2085, p. 2437 above.

(4) The Interpretation Act, 1889(a), applies for the purpose of the construction of these Rules as it applies for the purpose of the construction of an Act of Parliament.

Application and Relaxation of Part II of the Act

Restriction of sales by shopkeepers

3. It shall not be lawful for any shopkeeper to sell poisons on any premises used for or in connection with his retail business, notwithstanding that the sale is exempted by section twenty of the Act, unless he complies with the provisions of paragraph (*a*) or paragraph (*b*), as the case may be, of subsection (1) of section eighteen of the Act.

Exemption of animal medicines

4. The provisions of paragraphs (*a*) and (*b*) of subsection (1) of section eighteen of the Act shall not apply with respect to any medicine for the treatment of animals sold by a person carrying on a business which comprises the manufacture of medicines for the treatment of animals, if the following requirements are complied with:—

(*a*) a statement in writing signed by the owner of the business, or, in the case of a corporate body, on behalf of that body, stating the name of the business, the principal place where it is carried on, the name of the person in charge of the sale of the medicines, and the premises on which the medicines are to be sold must be furnished prior to the sale to the registrar of the Pharmaceutical Society ; and

(*b*) the sale must be effected on the premises specified in the statement ; and

(*c*) an inspector appointed under section twenty-five of the Act must be permitted at all reasonable times to enter the premises and be given all reasonable facilities to make such examination and enquiry and to do such other things (including the taking, on payment therefor, of samples) as may be necessary for ascertaining whether the provisions of the Act and of these Rules are being complied with.

Extension of labelling provisions and relaxation with respect to poisons in the Second Schedule and consignments to Northern Ireland

5.—(1) Subject as hereinafter provided, the provisions of paragraph (*c*) of subsection (1) of section eighteen of the Act and of Rules 17 to 22 of these Rules (which provisions relate to the labelling of poisons) shall apply to sales exempted by section twenty of the Act, other than sales of poisons to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom ; and shall also apply to the supply of poisons (otherwise than on sale) in like manner as if references in the said provisions to the sale and the seller of poisons included references to the supply and the supplier of poisons respectively.

(2) The said provisions, except the provisions of Rule 21 of these Rules and of paragraph (*c*) (iv) of subsection (1) of section eighteen of the Act as modified by Rule 22 of these Rules, shall not apply to the sale or supply of any of the poisons included in the Second Schedule to these Rules to a person who—

(*a*) carries on a business in the course of which poisons are regularly sold by way of wholesale dealing or are regularly used in the manufacture of other articles, and

(*b*) requires the poison for the purpose of that business,

(a) 52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.

if the outside of the package in which the poison is sold or supplied is labelled conspicuously with words indicating the dangerous properties of the poison.

(3) The said provisions shall not apply to the sale or supply of poisons to be consigned to purchasers in Northern Ireland if the poisons are labelled in accordance with the corresponding provisions of the law in force in Northern Ireland relating to the labelling of poisons.

Substances to which section 18 (2) *of the Act applies*

6. The provisions of subsection (2) of section eighteen of the Act (which makes provision as to persons to whom poisons may be sold and to the keeping of records of sales) shall apply with respect to all substances included in the First Schedule to these Rules, whether or not the poison sold is a poison included in Part I of the Poisons List, and shall not apply with respect to any other substance:

Provided that—

(i) paragraph (*a*) of the said subsection (2) of section eighteen of the Act shall, in its application to sales by listed sellers of Part II poisons, be deemed to be satisfied if the person to whom the poison is sold is known by the person in charge of the premises on which the poison is sold or of the department of the business in which the sale is effected to be a person to whom the poison may properly be sold, and

(ii) the provisions of the said subsection (2) of section eighteen shall not apply, so far as the poison specified in the first column of the Fifteenth Schedule to these Rules is concerned, to sales of substances specified in the second column of that Schedule.

Extension of section 18 (2) *to sales wholesale, etc., and relaxation of the said subsection*

7.—(1) The provisions of subsection (2) of section eighteen of the Act as modified by the last foregoing Rule shall apply to sales exempted by section twenty of the Act, except sales of poisons to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom; and shall also apply to the supply in the form of commercial sample, otherwise than on sale, of any substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules in like manner as if references in the said provisions to the sale and seller of poisons respectively included references to the supply and the supplier of poisons in the form of commercial samples:

Provided that the said provisions shall not apply to the sale or supply of any article by the manufacturer thereof or by a person carrying on a business in the course of which poisons are regularly sold by way of wholesale dealing, if—

(*a*) the article is sold or supplied to a person carrying on a business in the course of which poisons are regularly sold or are regularly used in the manufacture of other articles, and

(*b*) the seller or supplier is reasonably satisfied that the purchaser requires the article for the purpose of that business.

(2) Paragraph (*a*) of the said subsection (2) of section eighteen shall, in its application to sales exempted by section twenty of the Act and to the supply in the form of commercial samples of substances included in the First Schedule to these Rules, be deemed to be satisfied if the person to whom the poison or sample is sold or supplied is known by the person in

charge of the department of the business through which the sale or supply is effected to be a person to whom the poison or sample may properly be sold or supplied.

(3) So much of paragraph (*b*) of the said subsection (2) of section eighteen as requires an entry in a book to be signed by the purchaser of a poison shall not, as respects the sale of a poison to a person for the purposes of his trade, business or profession, apply if the following requirements are satisfied:—

(*a*) the seller must obtain before the completion of the sale an order in writing signed by the purchaser stating his name and address, trade, business or profession, and the following particulars in regard to the article to be purchased, that is to say, the purpose for which it is required and the total quantity to be purchased, or, in the case of an article packed in ampoules, either the said total quantity or the total quantity intended to be administered or injected;

(*b*) the seller must be reasonably satisfied that the signature is that of the person purporting to have signed the order, and that that person carries on the trade, business or profession stated in the order, being one in which the poison to be purchased is used;

(*c*) if the article sold is sent by post, it must be sent by registered post;

(*d*) the seller must insert in the entry prescribed by Rule 33 of these Rules the words "signed order" and a reference number by which the order can be identified:

Provided that where a person represents that he urgently requires a poison for the purpose of his trade, business or profession, the seller may, if he is reasonably satisfied that the person so requires the poison and is, by reason of some emergency, unable before delivery either to furnish to the seller an order in writing duly signed or to attend and sign the entry in the book, deliver the poison to the purchaser on an undertaking by the purchaser to furnish such an order within the twenty-four hours next following.

If any purchaser by whom any such undertaking has been given fails to deliver to the seller a signed order in accordance with the undertaking, or if any person for the purpose of obtaining delivery of any poison under the foregoing proviso makes a statement which is to his knowledge false, he shall be deemed to have contravened the provisions of this Rule.

(4) Where the seller of a poison is reasonably satisfied that the poison is required for the purpose of medical, dental or veterinary treatment, there shall not apply—

(*a*) in the case of a sale to a hospital, infirmary, health centre, dispensary or clinic, such of the provisions of this Rule as require the purchaser to state his trade, business or profession and the seller to be satisfied with respect thereto;

(*b*) in the case of a sale of the poison not being a poison to which the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1951(**a**), applies to a duly qualified medical practitioner, registered dentist, registered veterinary surgeon or registered veterinary practitioner or to a hospital, infirmary, health centre, dispensary or clinic, such of the provisions of this Rule as require the purchaser to state the purpose for which the poison is required.

(**a**) 14 & 15 Geo. 6. c. 48.

Relaxation of section 19 (3) *in the case of certain medicines*

8. The requirements mentioned in subsection (3) of section nineteen of the Act (which requires particulars of medicines supplied or dispensed under that section to be entered in a book) need not be satisfied in the case of—

(*a*) any medicine, not being a substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules, which is supplied by—

(i) a duly qualified medical practitioner for the purposes of medical treatment, or

(ii) an authorised seller of poisons on and in accordance with a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner; or

(*b*) any medicine, notwithstanding that it is a substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules, which is supplied on and in accordance with a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner upon a form issued by a local authority (whether a local authority as defined in the Act or not) for use in connection with a health service of that authority, provided that the following requirements are complied with:—

(i) the prescription or a true copy thereof must be kept upon the premises upon which the medicine was dispensed for a period of at least two years in such a manner as to be readily available for inspection, and

(ii) the prescription or copy must bear on it particulars of the date of dispensing, the ingredients and quantity of the medicine supplied, and the name of the person by whom, the name and address of the person to whom, and the date on which the prescription was given.

General exemption of section 19 *transactions*

9. Nothing in these Rules shall apply, except as is expressly provided therein, to transactions exempted by section nineteen of the Act.

Exemption from the provisions relating solely to the First Schedule

10. Such of the provisions of these Rules and of Part II of the Act as modified by these Rules, as apply solely with respect to the substances included in the First Schedule to these Rules, shall not apply with respect to—

(*a*) machine-spread plasters; or

(*b*) surgical dressings; or

(*c*) articles containing barium carbonate and prepared for the destruction of rats and mice; or

(*d*) corn paints in which the only poison is a poison included in the Poisons List under the heading of "Cannabis"; or

(*e*) articles containing zinc phosphide and prepared for the destruction of rats and mice.

Complete exemption for articles and substances in the Third Schedule

11. Nothing in Part II of the Act or in these Rules shall apply—

(*a*) with respect to any article included in Group I of the Third Schedule to these Rules; or

(*b*) so far as any poison specified in the first column of Group II of that Schedule is concerned, with respect to any of the articles or substances specified in the second column opposite the description of the poison.

ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS ON THE SALE OF POISONS

Additional restriction of sale of poisons in the Fourth Schedule

12.—(1) It shall not be lawful to sell any poison included in the Fourth Schedule to these Rules, except on and in accordance with a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner, registered dentist, registered veterinary surgeon or registered veterinary practitioner in the form provided by this Rule:

Provided that where an authorised seller of poisons is reasonably satisfied that a person ordering any such poison is a duly qualified medical practitioner who is by reason of some emergency unable to furnish such a prescription immediately, he may, notwithstanding that no such prescription has been given, if the said person undertakes to furnish him within the twenty-four hours next following with such a prescription, deliver the poison ordered in accordance with the directions of the said person, so, however, that, notwithstanding anything in any such directions, the supply shall not be repeated unless such a prescription has been given.

If any person by whom any such undertaking has been given fails to deliver to the seller a prescription in accordance with the undertaking, or if any person for the purpose of obtaining delivery of any poison under the foregoing proviso makes a statement which is to his knowledge false, he shall be deemed to have contravened the provisions of this Rule.

(2) This Rule shall apply to the sale of any such poison, notwithstanding that it is a transaction exempted by section nineteen of the Act, but shall not apply to any sale exempted by section twenty of the Act.

(3) For the purposes of this Rule a prescription shall—

(*a*) be in writing and be signed by the person giving it with his usual signature and be dated by him;

(*b*) except in the case of a health prescription, specify the address of the person giving it;

(*c*) specify the name and address of the person for whose treatment it is given or, if the prescription is given by a veterinary surgeon or practitioner, of the person to whom the medicine is to be delivered;

(*d*) have written thereon, if given by a dentist, the words "For dental treatment only" or, if given by a veterinary surgeon or practitioner, the words "For animal treatment only";

(*e*) when the medicine is packed otherwise than in ampoules, indicate the total amount to be supplied, and, except in the case of a preparation which is to be used for external treatment only, the dose to be taken;

(*f*) when the medicine is packed in ampoules, indicate either the total amount to be supplied or the total amount intended to be administered or injected, and, in either case, the amount intended to be administered or injected in each dose.

(4) The person dispensing the prescription shall comply with the following requirements:—

(*a*) the prescription must not be dispensed more than once unless the prescriber has directed thereon either that it may be dispensed a stated number of times or that it may be dispensed at stated intervals;

(*b*) if the prescription contains a direction that it may be dispensed a stated number of times or at stated intervals it must not be dispensed otherwise than in accordance with the direction;

(*c*) a prescription which contains a direction that it may be dispensed a stated number of times but no direction as to the intervals at which it may be dispensed shall not be dispensed more often than once in three days, and a prescription which contains a direction that it is to be dispensed at stated intervals but no direction as to the number of times that it may be dispensed shall not be dispensed more often than three times;

(*d*) at the time of dispensing or, where a poison has been delivered under the proviso to paragraph (1) of this Rule, on the subsequent receipt of the prescription there must be noted on the prescription above the signature of the prescriber the name and address of the seller and the date on which the prescription is dispensed or, as the case may be, the poison was delivered;

(*e*) except in the case of a health prescription or a prescription which may be dispensed again, the prescription must, for a period of two years, be retained and kept on the premises on which it was dispensed in such manner as to be readily available for inspection.

(5) In this Rule "health prescription" means a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner or registered dentist under and in accordance with the National Health Service Act, 1946(**a**), or the National Health Service (Scotland) Act, 1947(**b**), or given by a duly qualified medical practitioner or registered dentist upon a form issued by a local authority (whether a local authority as defined in the Act or not) for use in connection with a health service of that authority.

Additional restriction of sales by authorised sellers of poisons

13. It shall not be lawful for any authorised seller of poisons to sell any substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules, notwithstanding that the substance is a poison included in Part II of the Poisons List, unless the sale is effected by, or under the supervision of, a registered pharmacist.

Restriction of sales by listed sellers of Part II poisons

14.—(1) No shopkeeper shall be entitled by virtue of being a listed seller of Part II poisons to sell—

(*a*) any poison other than ammonia, hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, potassium quadroxalate and sulphuric acid, except in a closed container as closed by the manufacturer or other person from whom the poison was obtained;

(*b*) any substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules unless the sale is effected by himself or by a responsible deputy.

In this paragraph the expression "responsible deputy" means a person nominated as a deputy on the seller's form of application, as hereinafter prescribed, for entry as a listed seller of Part II poisons, or any person substituted, by notice in writing to the local authority, for a person so nominated, and not more than two deputies shall be nominated at the same time in respect of one set of premises.

(2) No person shall be entitled by virtue of being a listed seller of Part II poisons to sell—

(*a*) any poison included in the first column of the Fifth Schedule to these Rules unless the article or substance sold is one of the articles or substances specified against the description of the poison in the second column of that Schedule, and the container of the substance is, in

(**a**) 9 & 10 Geo. 6. c. 81. (**b**) 10 & 11 Geo. 6. c. 27.

addition to any other direction of the Act or of these Rules with respect to labelling, labelled clearly with a notice of the special purpose for which the article or substance is intended, and a warning that it is only to be used for that purpose ;

(*b*) (i) any arsenical poison other than lead arsenates, calcium arsenates and copper acetoarsenites ;

(ii) dinitrocresols (DNC), their compounds with a metal or a base other than winter washes containing not more than the equivalent of five per cent. of dinitrocresols ;

(iii) dinosam, its compounds with a metal or a base ;

(iv) dinoseb, its compounds with a metal or a base ;

(v) any mercuric chloride, mercuric iodide or any organic compound of mercury ;

(vi) any of the following phosphorus compounds, that is to say, diethyl thiophosphate of ethyl-mercapto-ethanol, dimefox, ethyl-paranitrophenyl-benzene thiophosphonate, 4-methyl-hydroxy-coumarin-diethyl thiophosphate, mipafox, paranitrophenyl-diethyl phosphate, parathion, schradan, triphosphoric pentadimethylamide ;

unless the purchaser thereof is engaged in the trade or business of agriculture or horticulture and requires the poison for the purpose of that trade or business.

Requirement as to colouring in certain cases

15. It shall not be lawful to sell any poison included in the Sixteenth Schedule to these Rules which is intended for use as a weed killer or in the prevention or treatment of infestation by animals, plants or other living organisms unless there has been added to the poison a dye or other substance which renders it of a distinctive colour whether dry or wet or in solution :

Provided that this Rule shall not apply in the case of—

(*a*) poisons which are themselves of a distinctive colour,

(*b*) sheep dips which are already of a distinctive colour, or

(*c*) articles to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom.

Restriction of sale of strychnine

16. It shall not be lawful to sell or supply strychnine except as an ingredient in a medicine :

Provided that this Rule shall not apply to the sale of strychnine—

(*a*) by way of wholesale dealing ; or

(*b*) to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom ; or

(*c*) for the purpose of being compounded in medicines prescribed or administered by a duly qualified medical practitioner, registered veterinary surgeon or registered veterinary practitioner ; or

(*d*) to a person or institution concerned with scientific education or research or chemical analysis, for the purposes of that education or research or analysis ; or

(*e*) to a person producing a written authority in the form set out in the Thirteenth Schedule to these Rules issued within the preceding three months in England by the county agricultural officer or assistant county agricultural officer or secretary of a County Agricultural Executive Committee or in Scotland by the chairman or secretary of an Agricultural Executive Committee authorising the purchase of strychnine for the

purpose of killing moles, or to a person producing a written authority in the form set out in the Fourteenth Schedule to these Rules issued within the preceding three months by a person duly authorised by the Secretary of State authorising the purchase of strychnine for the purpose of killing seals at the place or places mentioned in the authority, so, however, that in either case the quantity sold shall not exceed the quantity, not being more than four ounces, specified in the authority, and the authority shall be retained by the seller.

SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS WITH RESPECT TO LABELLING AND CONTAINERS

Manner of labelling containers

17.—(1) Subject to the provisions of these Rules, the particulars with which the container of a poison is required to be labelled under paragraph (*c*) of subsection (1) of section eighteen of the Act and under these Rules, must appear in a conspicuous position on the container in which the poison is sold and on every box or other covering of whatever nature enclosing the container, and the particulars must be clearly and distinctly set out and not in any way obscured or obliterated.

(2) Where the poison is contained in an ampoule, cachet or similar article, it shall not be necessary to label the article itself, if every box or other covering in which the article is enclosed is duly labelled.

(3) Nothing in the said paragraph (*c*) or in Rules 17 to 22 of these Rules shall require the labelling of any transparent cover or any wrapper, hamper, packing case, crate or other covering used solely for the purposes of transport or delivery.

Labelling of name of poison

18.—(1) Subject as hereinafter provided, for the purposes of sub-paragraph (i) of paragraph (*c*) of subsection (1) of section eighteen of the Act and of sub-paragraph (*a*) of paragraph (3) of Rule 27 of these Rules the name of a poison shall be—

(*a*) where the term under which a poison is included in the Poisons List describes the poison specifically—

(i) the said term;

(ii) the name published by the General Medical Council as the approved name of the poison; or

(iii) if the poison is the subject of a monograph in the British Pharmacopoeia or the British Pharmaceutical Codex, one of the names or synonyms or abbreviated names set out at the head of the monograph;

(*b*) where the said term describes a group of poisons and not the poison specifically—

(i) if the poison is the subject of a monograph in the British Pharmacopoeia or the British Pharmaceutical Codex, one of the names or synonyms or abbreviated names set out at the head of the monograph; and

(ii) in any other case, the accepted scientific name, the name descriptive of the true nature and origin of the poison or the name published by the General Medical Council as the approved name of the poison.

(2) For the purposes aforesaid it shall, in the case of—

(*a*) a substance which is the subject of a monograph in the British Pharmacopoeia or the British Pharmaceutical Codex, or any dilution, concentration or admixture of such a substance;

(*b*) a preparation contained in the British Pharmacopoeia or the General Monographs or Formulary of the British Pharmaceutical Codex or any dilution, concentration or admixture of such a preparation; or

(*c*) a surgical dressing for which a standard is described in the British Pharmaceutical Codex,

be sufficient, notwithstanding anything in the foregoing paragraph of this Rule, to state the name, synonym or abbreviated name used to describe the substance, preparation or surgical dressing in the British Pharmacopoeia or the British Pharmaceutical Codex with the addition of the letters "B.P." or "B.P.C.", as the case may be.

(3) For the purposes aforesaid it shall, in the case of a preparation containing a poison specified in the first column of the Sixth Schedule to these Rules, be sufficient, notwithstanding anything in paragraph (1) of this Rule, to state the name of the poison or substance mentioned in the second column of the said Schedule in respect of which the proportion of the poison to the total ingredients of the preparation is in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (2) of Rule 19 of these Rules expressed.

(4) For the purposes aforesaid it shall, in the case of a preparation derived from nux vomica or from opium and containing one or more alkaloids of nux vomica or of opium named in the Poisons List, be sufficient, notwithstanding anything in paragraph (1) of this Rule, to state the name of strychnine or morphine, as the case may be, or one of the names or abbreviated names of strychnine or morphine, as the case may be, set out at the head of the monographs in the British Pharmacopoeia or the British Pharmaceutical Codex.

Labelling of particulars as to proportion of the poison

19.—(1) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (ii) of paragraph (*c*) of subsection (1) of section eighteen of the Act (which requires preparations containing poisons to be labelled with the prescribed particulars as to the proportion of poison therein) the label of the container of any preparation containing a poison as one of its ingredients shall, subject as hereinafter provided, include a statement of the proportion which the poison bears to the total ingredients of the preparation.

(2) In the case of a preparation containing a poison specified in the first column of the Sixth Schedule to these Rules, it shall be sufficient to state on the label the particulars specified in the second column of that Schedule against the description of the poison.

(3) In the case of a preparation derived from nux vomica or from opium and containing one or more alkaloids of nux vomica or of opium named in the Poisons List, it shall be sufficient, so far as those alkaloids are concerned, to state on the label the proportion of strychnine or of morphine, as the case may be, contained in the preparation.

(4) In the case of a substance, preparation or surgical dressing which is named in accordance with paragraph (2) of the last foregoing Rule, it shall not be necessary to state on the label the proportion of the poison contained in the substance, preparation or surgical dressing and, in the case of any dilution, concentration or admixture of such a substance or preparation, it shall be sufficient to state the proportion which the substance or preparation bears to the total ingredients of the dilution, concentration or admixture.

(5) Where the poison is in tablets, pills, cachets, capsules, lozenges or similar articles, or in ampoules, it shall be sufficient to state on the label of the box or other covering in which the articles are enclosed the number of the articles and the amount of the poison, or in the case of such a preparation as is mentioned in the last foregoing paragraph the amount of the preparation, contained in each article.

(6) Where any proportion is stated as a percentage, the statement shall indicate whether the percentage is calculated on the basis of weight in weight, weight in volume, or volume in volume.

Indication of character of the poison

20.—(1) In pursuance of sub-paragraph (iii) of paragraph (*c*) of subsection (1) of section eighteen of the Act (which requires the containers of poisons to be labelled with the word "Poison" or other prescribed indication of character), the container of any article specified in the Seventh Schedule to these Rules shall, instead of being labelled with the word "Poison", be labelled with the words specified in the said Schedule as applicable to that article.

(2) The said words specified as aforesaid or the word "Poison", as the case may be, must not be modified in meaning by the addition of any other words or marks, and—

(*a*) in the case of a substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules, must either be in red lettering or be set against a red background; and

(*b*) in all cases must either be on a separate label or be surrounded by a line within which there must be no other words except words with which the container of the poison is required to be labelled under the Act or these Rules.

Special cautions in the case of certain articles

21.—(1) It shall not be lawful to sell or supply any poison—

(*a*) in the case of a liquid other than a medicine, contained in a bottle of a capacity not more than one hundred and twenty fluid ounces, unless the bottle is labelled with the words "Not to be taken";

(*b*) in the case of an embrocation, liniment, lotion, liquid antiseptic or other liquid medicine for external application, unless the container is labelled with the name of the article and the words "For external use only".

(2) It shall not be lawful to sell or supply any compressed hydrocyanic acid unless the container is labelled with the words "Warning. This container holds poisonous gas and should only be opened and used by persons having expert knowledge of the precautions to be taken in its use".

(3) This Rule shall be in addition to the other requirements of the Act and of these Rules with respect to labelling and shall apply to transactions exempted by section nineteen of the Act, but shall not apply to the sale or supply of poisons to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom.

Name of seller and address of premises

22.—(1) The provisions of sub-paragraph (iv) of paragraph (*c*) of subsection (1) of section eighteen of the Act (which requires the container

of a poison to be labelled with the name of the seller and the address of the premises on which it was sold) shall not apply in the case of an article sold for the purpose of being sold again in the same container.

(2) The requirements of the said paragraph shall be deemed to be satisfied, in the case of a poison supplied from a warehouse or depot, if the container of the poison is labelled with the address of the supplier's principal place of business or, in the case of a limited company, of the registered office of the company.

(3) Where any poison (other than a substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules) is sold in a container and outer covering, being the container and covering in which it was obtained by the seller, it shall be sufficient if the name of the seller and the address of the premises on which it was sold appear only on the outer covering.

(4) Where the names of more than one person or more than one address appear on any label, there must also be words on the label indicating clearly which person is the seller and at which of the addresses the poison was sold.

Form of containers

23.—(1) It shall not be lawful to sell, whether wholesale or retail, or supply any poison unless—

(*a*) it is contained in a container impervious to the poison and sufficiently stout to prevent leakage arising from the ordinary risks of handling and transport; and

(*b*) in the case of a liquid contained in a glass bottle of a capacity of not more than one hundred and twenty fluid ounces, not being a medicine made up ready for the internal treatment of human or animal ailments, or a local anaesthetic for injection in the treatment of human or animal ailments, the outer surface of the bottle is fluted vertically with ribs or grooves recognisable by touch.

(2) Sub-paragraph (*a*) of the foregoing paragraph shall apply to transactions exempted by section nineteen of the Act, and sub-paragraph (*b*) shall not apply to the sale or supply of poisons to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom or the sale or supply of poisons to a person or institution concerned with scientific education or research or chemical analysis, for the purposes of that education or research or analysis.

Storage and Transport

Storage of poisons

24.—(1) It shall not be lawful to store any poison except in a container impervious to the poison and sufficiently stout to prevent leakage from the container arising from the ordinary risks of handling.

(2) It shall not be lawful to store any substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules in any retail shop or premises used in connection therewith unless the substance is stored—

(*a*) in a cupboard or drawer reserved solely for the storage of poisons; or

(*b*) in a part of the premises which is partitioned off or otherwise separated from the remainder of the premises and to which customers are not permitted to have access; or

(*c*) on a shelf reserved solely for the storage of poisons and—

(i) no food is kept directly under the shelf, and

(ii) the container of the substance is rendered distinguishable by touch from the containers of articles and substances other than poisons stored upon the same premises:

Provided that, in the case of any such substance to be used in agriculture or horticulture, it shall not be lawful to store the substance on any shelf, or in any such part of the premises as aforesaid if food is kept in that part, or in any cupboard or drawer unless the cupboard or drawer is reserved solely for the storage of poisons to be used as aforesaid.

Transport of poisons

25. It shall not be lawful to consign any poison for transport unless it is sufficiently stoutly packed to avoid leakage arising from the ordinary risks of handling and transport.

Special provisions with respect to the transport of poisons specified in the Eighth Schedule

26.—(1) It shall not be lawful to consign for transport by carrier any poison included in the Eighth Schedule to these Rules unless the outside of the package containing the article is labelled conspicuously with the name or description of the poison as set forth in the said Schedule and a notice indicating that it is to be kept separate from food and from empty containers in which food has been contained.

(2) It shall not be lawful for any person knowingly to transport any such poison as aforesaid, either on his own behalf or for another person, in any vehicle in which food is being transported, unless the food is carried in a part of the vehicle effectively separated from that containing the poison, or is otherwise adequately protected from the risk of contamination.

(3) This Rule shall not apply with respect to medicines.

Special Provisions with respect to Hospitals

Supply of medicines to out-patients from certain hospitals, etc.

27.—(1) The provisions of Part II of the Act and of these Rules, except the provisions of Rule 21, shall not apply with respect to—

(*a*) any medicine for the treatment of human ailments dispensed from a hospital, infirmary, health centre or dispensary maintained by any public authority, or out of public funds, or by a charity;

(*b*) any medicine for the treatment of animals supplied from a veterinary hospital which is under the superintendence of a registered veterinary surgeon or registered veterinary practitioner,

if the requirements contained in the following provisions of this Rule are satisfied in relation thereto.

(2) The medicine must not be supplied except by, or on and in accordance with a prescription of, a duly qualified medical practitioner for the purposes of medical treatment, or a registered dentist for the purposes of dental treatment, or a registered veterinary surgeon or registered veterinary practitioner for the purposes of animal treatment.

(3) In a case where a substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules is supplied, a record must be kept on the premises in such a way that there can readily be traced at any time during a period of two years after the date on which the substance was supplied the following particulars:—

(*a*) the name and quantity of the poison supplied; and

(*b*) the date on which the poison was supplied; and

(*c*) the name and address of the person to whom the poison was supplied; and

(*d*) the name of the person who supplied the poison or who gave the prescription upon which it was supplied:

Provided that this paragraph shall not apply to a medicine supplied on and in accordance with a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner or registered dentist under and in accordance with the National Health Service Act, 1946(**a**), or the National Health Service (Scotland) Act, 1947(**b**).

(4) The container of the medicine must be labelled—

(*a*) with a designation and address sufficient to identify the hospital, infirmary, health centre or dispensary from which it was supplied;

(*b*) except in the case of a medicine made up ready for treatment, with the word "Poison";

(*c*) in the case of a poison supplied from a veterinary hospital, with the words "For animal treatment only",

and in the case of a medicine to which Rule 21 of these Rules applies the requirements of that Rule shall be satisfied in addition to the requirements aforesaid.

Supply of medicines for use in hospitals, etc.

28.—(1) This and the next following Rule apply to any hospital, infirmary, health centre, dispensary, clinic, nursing home or other institution at which human ailments are treated (hereafter in this and the next following Rule referred to as "an institution").

(2) In any institution in which medicines are dispensed in a dispensing or pharmaceutical department in charge of a person appointed for that purpose, no medicine containing a poison shall be supplied from that department for use in the wards, operating theatres or other sections of the institution, except in accordance with the requirements contained in the following provisions of this Rule.

(3) The medicines must not be supplied except upon a written order signed by a duly qualified medical practitioner, registered dentist, or by a sister or nurse in charge of a ward, theatre or other section of the institution:

Provided that in a case of emergency a medicine containing a poison may be supplied, notwithstanding that no such said written order is produced, on an undertaking by the person ordering the medicine to furnish such a said written order within the twenty-four hours next following.

(4) The container of the medicine must be labelled—

(*a*) with words describing its contents;

(*b*) in the case of substances included in the First Schedule to these Rules, with a distinguishing mark or other indication indicating that the poison is to be stored in a cupboard reserved solely for the storage of poisons.

(**a**) 9 & 10 Geo. 6. c. 81. (**b**) 10 & 11 Geo. 6. c. 27.

Storage of poisons in institutions

29.—(1) In any institution in which medicines are dispensed in a dispensing or pharmaceutical department in charge of a person appointed for the purpose, all poisons other than those issued for use within the institution must be stored in that department.

(2) In any institution to which the foregoing paragraph does not apply all poisons other than those issued for use within the institution must be stored—

(*a*) in charge of a person appointed for the purpose by the governing body or person in control of the institution ; and

(*b*) in the case of substances which are included in the First Schedule to these Rules, either in a cupboard or drawer, or on a shelf, reserved solely for the storage of poisons.

In a case where a poison is stored on a shelf the container of the poison must be rendered distinguishable by touch from the containers of articles other than poisons stored on the same premises.

(3) In every institution every substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules which is stored in the wards must be stored in a cupboard reserved solely for the storage of poisons and poisonous substances.

(4) All places in which poisons are required by this Rule to be stored must be inspected at regular intervals of time not exceeding three months by a pharmacist or by some other person appointed for the purpose by the governing body or person in control of the institution.

MISCELLANEOUS

Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations

30. In all establishments in which pharmaceutical preparations containing any poison are manufactured for the purpose of the internal treatment of human ailments, the preparation must be manufactured by, or under the supervision of, a registered pharmacist or a person having one of the following qualifications in chemistry:—

(*a*) the Fellowship of the Royal Institute of Chemistry,

(*b*) the Associateship of the Royal Institute of Chemistry:

Provided that this Rule shall not apply to—

(i) the manufacture by, or under the supervision of, a duly qualified medical practitioner of preparations containing insulin, the active principles of pituitary, suprarenal or thyroid glands or the salts of the active principles of thyroid gland ;

(ii) the manufacture of any preparation by, or under the supervision of, a person who, for a period of at least three years before the first day of May, 1936, was continuously engaged in the manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations containing poisons and prepared for the internal treatment of human ailments, and has furnished to the registrar of the Pharmaceutical Society a statement in writing, verified by a statutory declaration, to that effect.

Form of application to a local authority, fees to be paid by listed sellers of Part II poisons and form of local authority's list

31.—(1) Every application made to a local authority for the entry of a name on the list kept by the authority in pursuance of subsection (1) of section twenty-one of the Act, being a list of persons entitled, subject to

the provisions of the Act and of these Rules, to sell poisons included in Part II of the Poisons List, shall be made in the form set out in the Ninth Schedule to these Rules.

(2) The following fees shall be paid to a local authority by every person whose name is entered in the list kept by that authority—

(*a*) in respect of the entry of his name in the list, a fee of seven shillings and sixpence;

(*b*) in respect of the making of any alteration in the list in relation to the premises on which he is entitled to sell, a fee of one shilling;

(*c*) in respect of the retention of his name on the list in any year subsequent to the year in which his name is first entered therein, a fee of five shillings:

Provided that, in the case of a person whose name is entered in or retained on the list as a person entitled to sell on more than one set of premises, the fees payable shall be increased—

(i) in the case of the entry of his name, by the sum of seven shillings and sixpence for each additional set of premises on which he is entitled to sell;

(ii) in the case of the retention of his name, by the sum of five shillings for each such additional set of premises.

(3) The said list shall be kept in the form set out in the Tenth Schedule to these Rules.

Certificates of persons to whom poisons may be sold

32.—(1) A certificate given for the purposes of paragraph (*a*) of subsection (2) of section eighteen of the Act, being a certificate certifying a person to be a person to whom a poison may properly be sold, shall be in the form, and shall contain the particulars, set out in the Eleventh Schedule to these Rules.

(2) All householders are hereby authorised to give such certificates as aforesaid:

Provided that a certificate given by a householder who is not known to the seller of the poison to be a responsible person of good character shall not be a sufficient certificate for the purposes of the said paragraph (*a*) unless it is endorsed in the manner specified in the said Eleventh Schedule by a police officer in charge of a police station.

(3) On any sale of a poison upon such a certificate as aforesaid, the certificate shall be retained by the seller.

Form of record of sales

33. The particulars of sales of poisons which are required by paragraph (*b*) of subsection (2) of section eighteen of the Act to be entered in a book shall be entered in the form set out in the Twelfth Schedule to these Rules.

Preservation of records

34. All books kept for the purposes of Part II of the Act shall be preserved on the premises on which the sales recorded therein were made for a period of two years from the date on which the last entry was made therein.

Revocation

35.—(1) The Poisons Rules, 1949(**a**), the Poisons Rules, 1950(**b**), and the Poisons Rules, 1951(**c**), are hereby revoked.

(2) Section thirty-eight of the Interpretation Act, 1889(**d**), shall apply as if these Rules were an Act of Parliament and as if the Rules revoked by these Rules were Acts of Parliament repealed by an Act of Parliament.

(3) Notwithstanding anything in paragraph (1) of this Rule—

(*a*) any authority issued before the coming into operation of these Rules by virtue of paragraph (*e*) of the proviso to Rule 16 of the Poisons Rules, 1949, and still in force shall continue in force for the same time as if these Rules had not been made and shall be deemed to have been issued under paragraph (*e*) of the proviso to Rule 16 of these Rules;

(*b*) any record required to be kept under paragraph (3) of Rule 27 of the Poisons Rules, 1949, shall be kept in the same manner and for the same period as if these Rules had not been made.

David Maxwell Fyfe,
One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Home Office,
Whitehall.
2nd December, 1952.

SCHEDULES

Rule 6.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Substances included in the Poisons List to which special restrictions apply

Alkaloids, the following; their salts, simple or complex; their quaternary compounds:—
Acetyldihydrocodeine
Acetyldihydrocodeinone; its esters
Aconite, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0·02 per cent. of the alkaloids of aconite
Apomorphine except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of apomorphine
Atropine except substances containing less than 0·15 per cent. of atropine or not more than one per cent. of atropine methonitrate
Belladonna, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0·15 per cent. of the alkaloids of belladonna calculated as hyoscyamine
Benzoylmorphine
Benzylmorphine
Brucine except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of brucine
Calabar bean, alkaloids of
Coca, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0·1 per cent. of the alkaloids of coca
Cocaine except substances containing less than 0·1 per cent. of cocaine
Codeine except substances containing less than 1·5 per cent. of codeine
Colchicine except substances containing less than 0·5 per cent. of colchicine
Coniine except substances containing less than 0·1 per cent. of coniine
Cotarnine except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of cotarnine
Curare, alkaloids of; curare bases
Diacetylmorphine
Dihydrocodeine

(a) S.I. 1949/539; 1949 I, p. 3278.
(b) S.I. 1950/1214; 1950 II, p. 328.
(c) S.I. 1951/722; 1951 II, p. 203.
(d) 52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.

Alkaloids:—*continued*—
- Dihydrocodeinone; its esters
- Dihydrodesoxymorphine
- Dihydrohydroxycodeinone; its esters
- Dihydromorphine; its esters
- Dihydromorphinone ; its esters
- Ecgonine; its esters, except substances containing less than the equivalent of 0·1 per cent. of ecgonine
- Emetine except substances containing less than one per cent. of emetine
- Ergot, alkaloids of
- Ethylmorphine except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of ethylmorphine
- Gelsemium, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0·1 per cent. of the alkaloids of gelsemium
- Homatropine except substances containing less than 0·15 per cent. of homatropine
- Hyoscine except substances containing less than 0·15 per cent. of hyoscine
- Hyoscyamine except substances containing less than 0·15 per cent. of hyoscyamine
- Jaborandi, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0·5 per cent. of the alkaloids of jaborandi
- Lobelia, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0·5 per cent. of the alkaloids of lobelia
- Morphine except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of morphine calculated as anhydrous morphine
- Nicotine
- Papaverine except substances containing less than one per cent. of papaverine
- Pomegranate, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0·5 per cent. of the alkaloids of pomegranate
- Quebracho, alkaloids of
- Sabadilla, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than one per cent. of the alkaloids of sabadilla
- Solanaceous alkaloids, not otherwise included in this Schedule, except substances containing less than 0·15 per cent. of solanaceous alkaloids calculated as hyoscyamine
- Stavesacre, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of the alkaloids of stavesacre
- Strychnine except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of strychnine
- Thebaine except substances containing less than one per cent. of thebaine
- Veratrum, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than one per cent. of the alkaloids of veratrum
- Yohimba, alkaloids of

Allylisopropylacetylurea

Alphameprodine; its salts

Alphaprodine; its salts

Amidopyrine; amidopyrine sulphonates; their salts

Amino-alcohols, esterified with benzoic acid, phenylacetic acid, phenylpropionic acid, cinnamic acid, or the derivatives of these acids, except in substances containing less than ten per cent. of esterified amino-alcohols and except procaine when contained in any preparation of which a substance to which the Penicillin Act, 1947(a), applies is an ingredient or part

Anti-histamine substances, the following ; their salts:—
- Antazoline
- Chlorcyclizine
- Diphenhydramine
- 3-Di-*n*-butylaminomethyl-4 : 5 : 6-trihydroxyphthalide
- Phenindamine
- Promethazine
- Substances being tetra-substituted N derivatives of ethylenediamine or propylenediamine

Antimonial poisons except substances containing less than the equivalent of one per cent. of antimony trioxide

(a) 10 & 11 Geo. 6. c. 29.

Arsenical poisons except substances containing less than the equivalent of 0·01 per cent. of arsenic trioxide and except dentifrices containing less than 0·5 per cent. of acetarsol

Barbituric acid; its salts; derivatives of barbituric acid; their salts; compounds of barbituric acid, its salts, its derivatives, their salts, with any other substance

Barium, salts of

Beta-aminopropylbenzene; its salts, its N-alkyl derivatives; their salts; beta-amino*iso*propylbenzene; its salts, its N-alkyl derivatives; their salts

Betameprodine; its salts

Betaprodine; its salts

Cannabis; the resin of cannabis; extracts of cannabis; tinctures of cannabis; cannabin tannate

Cantharidin except substances containing less than 0·01 per cent. of cantharidin

Cantharidates except substances containing less than the equivalent of 0·01 per cent. of cantharidin

Carbachol

Digitalis, glycosides and other active principles of, except substances containing less than one unit of activity (as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia) in two grammes of the substance

Di-isopropyl fluorophosphonate

Dinitrocresols (DNC); their compounds with a metal or a base, except winter washes containing not more than the equivalent of five per cent. of dinitrocresols

Dinosam; its compounds with a metal or a base

Dinoseb; its compounds with a metal or a base

Disulfiram

Ergot; extracts of ergot; tinctures of ergot

Gallamine; its salts; its quaternary compounds

Guanidines, the following:—

polymethylene diguanidines; dipara-anisylphenetyl guanidine

Hydrocyanic acid except substances containing less than 0·15 per cent., weight in weight, of hydrocyanic acid (HCN); cyanides except substances containing less than the equivalent of 0·1 per cent., weight in weight, of hydrocyanic acid (HCN); double cyanides of mercury and zinc

Hydroxypethidine; its salts

Isomethadone (isoamidone); its salts

Ketobemidone; its salts

Lead, compounds of, with acids from fixed oils

Mercuric chloride except substances containing less than one per cent. of mercuric chloride; mercuric iodide except substances containing less than two per cent. of mercuric iodide; nitrates of mercury except substances containing less than the equivalent of three per cent., weight in weight, of mercury (Hg); potassio-mercuric iodides except substances containing less than the equivalent of one per cent. of mercuric iodide; organic compounds of mercury except substances containing less than the equivalent of 0·2 per cent., weight in weight, of mercury (Hg)

Metanitrophenol; orthonitrophenol; paranitrophenol

Methadol; its salts

Methadone (amidone); its salts

Methadyl acetate; its salts

Methorphinan (dextrorphan, levorphan, racemorphan); its salts

Metopon; its salts

Nux Vomica except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of strychnine

Opium except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of morphine calculated as anhydrous morphine

Ouabain

Oxycinchoninic acid, derivatives of; their salts; their esters

Para-aminobenzenesulphonamide; its salts; derivatives of para-aminobenzenesulphonamide having any of the hydrogen atoms of the para-amino group or of the sulphonamide group substituted by another radical; their salts

Paramethadione

Pethidine; its salts

Phenadoxone; its salts

Phenetidylphenacetin
Phenylacetylurea
Phenylcinchoninic acid; salicylcinchoninic acid; their salts; their esters
Phenylethylhydantoin; its salts; its acyl derivatives; their salts
Phosphorus compounds, the following:—
  Diethyl thiophosphate of ethyl-mercapto-ethanol
  Dimefox
  Ethyl-paranitrophenyl-benzene thiophosphonate
  Hexaethyl tetraphosphate (HETP)
  4-Methyl-hydroxy-coumarin-diethyl thiophosphate
  Mipafox
  Paranitrophenyl-diethyl phosphate
  Parathion
  Schradan
  Tetraethyl pyrophosphate (TEPP)
  Triphosphoric pentadimethylamide
Picrotoxin
Polymethylenebistrimethylammonium salts
Savin, oil of
Sodium monofluoracetate
Strophanthus, glycosides of
Sulphonal; alkyl sulphonals
Thallium, salts of
Tribromethyl alcohol
Troxidone
Zinc phosphide

Rule 5 (2)

SECOND SCHEDULE

Poisons exempted from labelling provisions when sold or supplied in certain circumstances

Alkali fluorides
Ammonia
Antimony, chlorides of; oxides of antimony; sulphides of antimony; antimonates; antimonites
Chloroform
Dinitrocresols (DNC)
Dinitronaphthols; dinitrophenols
Formaldehyde
Glyceryl trinitrate
Hydrochloric acid
Hydrofluoric acid; sodium silicofluoride
Lead acetates; compounds of lead with acids from fixed oils
Mercuric chloride; mercuric iodide; organic compounds of mercury
Mercury, oxides of; nitrates of mercury
Metanitrophenol; orthonitrophenol; paranitrophenol
Nitric acid
Nitrobenzene
Oxalic acid; metallic oxalates
Phenols; compounds of phenol with a metal
Phosphorus, yellow
Picric acid
Potassium hydroxide
Sodium hydroxide
Sulphuric acid

THIRD SCHEDULE

Rule 11.

Articles exempted from the provisions of the Act and of these Rules

GROUP I

GENERAL EXEMPTIONS

Adhesives; anti-fouling compositions; builders' materials; ceramics; distempers; electrical valves; enamels; explosives; fillers; fireworks; fluorescent lamps; glazes; glue; inks; lacquer solvents; loading materials; matches; motor fuels and lubricants; paints other than pharmaceutical paints; photographic paper; pigments; plastics; propellants; rubber; varnishes.

GROUP II

SPECIAL EXEMPTIONS

Poison	*Substance or article in which exempted*
Acetanilide; alkyl acetanilides	Substances not being preparations for the treatment of human ailments
Alkaloids, the following:—	
Brucine	Surgical spirit containing not more than 0·015 per cent. of brucine
Emetine	Ipecacuanha; extracts and tinctures of ipecacuanha; substances containing less than 0·05 per cent. of emetine
Ephedra, alkaloids of	Substances containing less than one per cent. of the alkaloids of ephedra
Jaborandi, alkaloids of	Substances containing less than 0·025 per cent. of the alkaloids of jaborandi
Lobelia, alkaloids of	Preparations for the relief of asthma in the form of cigarettes, smoking mixtures or fumigants; substances containing less than 0·1 per cent. of the alkaloids of lobelia
Nicotine	Tobacco
Pomegranate, alkaloids of	Pomegranate bark
Solanaceous alkaloids	Stramonium contained in preparations for the relief of asthma in the form of cigarettes, smoking mixtures or fumigants
Stavesacre, alkaloids of	Soaps; ointments; lotions for external use
Ammonia	Substances not being solutions of ammonia or preparations containing solutions of ammonia; substances containing less than five per cent., weight in weight, of ammonia (NH_3); refrigerators; smelling bottles
Anti-histamine substances, the following; their salts:—	
Antazoline Chlorcyclizine Diphenhydramine 3-Di-*n*-butylaminomethyl-4 : 5 : 6-trihydroxyphthalide Phenindamine Promethazine Substances being tetra-substituted N derivatives of ethylenediamine or propylenediamine	Preparations intended for external application only

Poison	*Substance or article in which exempted*
Antimony, chlorides of	Polishes
Arsenical poisons	Pyrites ores or sulphuric acid containing arsenical poisons as natural impurities
Barium, salts of	Witherite other than finely ground witherite
Beta-aminopropylbenzene; its salts; its N-alkyl derivatives; their salts; beta-amino*iso*propylbenzene; its salts; its N-alkyl derivatives; their salts	Appliances for inhalation in which the poison is absorbed in inert solid material
Chloroform	Substances containing less than ten per cent. of chloroform
Creosote obtained from wood	Substances containing less than fifty per cent. of creosote obtained from wood
Dinitrocresols (DNC); their compounds with a metal or a base	Substances being neither preparations for the treatment of human ailments nor preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture
Dinitrophenols	Substances not being preparations for the treatment of human ailments
Dinosam; its compounds with a metal or a base	Substances not being preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture
Dinoseb; its compounds with a metal or a base	Substances not being preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture
Formaldehyde	Substances containing less than five per cent., weight in weight, of formaldehyde (H.CHO); photographic glazing or hardening solutions
Hydrochloric acid	Substances containing less than nine per cent., weight in weight, of hydrochloric acid (HCl)
Lead acetate	Substances containing less than four per cent. of lead acetate
Lead, compounds of	Machine-spread plasters
Mercuric chloride	Batteries
Mercuric chloride; mercuric iodide; organic compounds of mercury	Dressings on seeds or bulbs
Mercury, nitrates of	Ointments containing less than the equivalent of three per cent., weight in weight, of mercury (Hg)
Nitric acid	Substances containing less than nine per cent., weight in weight, of nitric acid (HNO_3)
Nitrobenzene	Substances containing less than 0·1 per cent. of nitrobenzene; soaps containing less than one per cent. of nitrobenzene; polishes
Oxalic acid; metallic oxalates	Laundry blue; polishes
Oxycinchoninic acid, derivatives of; their salts; their esters	Preparations for external application only, containing not more than the equivalent of three per cent. of oxycinchoninic acid
Paranitrobenzyl cyanide	Photographic solutions containing less than the equivalent of 0·1 per cent., weight in weight, of hydrocyanic acid (HCN)
Paranitrophenol	Preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture containing not more than 0·5 per cent. of paranitrophenol as a preservative

Poison	*Substance or article in which exempted*
Phenols	Carvacrol; creosote obtained from coal tar; essential oils in which phenols occur naturally; medicines containing less than one per cent. of phenols; nasal sprays, mouth washes, pastilles, lozenges, capsules, pessaries, ointments or suppositories containing less than 2·5 per cent. of phenols; paratertiary amyl phenol; smelling bottles; soaps for washing; solid substances, other than pastilles, lozenges, capsules, pessaries, ointments and suppositories, containing less than sixty per cent. of phenols; tar (coal or wood), crude or refined; tertiary butyl-cresol; thymol
Phenylene diamines; toluene diamines; other alkylated-benzene diamines; their salts	Substances other than preparations for the dyeing of hair
Phenyl mercuric salts	Toilet, cosmetic and therapeutic preparations containing not more than 0·01 per cent. of phenyl mercuric salts as a preservative
Phosphorus compounds, the following:— Diethyl thiophosphate of ethyl-mercapto-ethanol, dimefox, ethyl-paranitrophenyl-benzene thiophosphonate, hexaethyl tetraphosphate (HETP), 4-methyl-hydroxy-coumarin-diethyl thiophosphate, mipafox, paranitrophenyl-diethyl phosphate, parathion, schradan, tetraethyl pyrophosphate (TEPP), triphosphoric pentadimethylamide	Substances other than preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture
Picric acid	Substances containing less than five per cent. of picric acid
Potassium hydroxide	Substances containing less than twelve per cent. of potassium hydroxide, accumulators; batteries
Sodium ethyl mercurithiosalicylate	Therapeutic substances containing less than 0·1 per cent. of sodium ethyl mercurithiosalicylate as a preservative
Sodium fluoride	Substances containing less than three per cent. of sodium fluoride as a preservative
Sodium hydroxide	Substances containing less than twelve per cent. of sodium hydroxide
Sodium silicofluoride	Substances containing less than three per cent. of sodium silicofluoride as a preservative
Sulphuric acid	Substances containing less than nine per cent., weight in weight, of sulphuric acid (H_2SO_4); accumulators; batteries; fire extinguishers

Rule 12. FOURTH SCHEDULE

Substances required to be sold by retail only upon a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner, registered dentist, registered veterinary surgeon or registered veterinary practitioner

Allylisopropylacetylurea
Amidopyrine; amidopyrine sulphonates; their salts
Anti-histamine substances, the following; their salts:—
  Antazoline
  Chlorcyclizine
  Diphenhydramine
  3-Di-*n*-butylaminomethyl-4 : 5 : 6-trihydroxyphthalide
  Phenindamine
  Promethazine
  Substances being tetra-substituted N derivatives of ethylenediamine or propylenediamine
Barbituric acid; its salts; derivatives of barbituric acid; their salts; compounds of barbituric acid, its salts, its derivatives, their salts, with any other substance
Dinitrocresols (DNC); their compounds with a metal or a base, except preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture
Dinitronaphthols; dinitrophenols; dinitrothymols
Disulfiram
Gallamine; its salts; its quaternary compounds
Para-aminobenzenesulphonamide; its salts; derivatives of para-aminobenzenesulphonamide having any of the hydrogen atoms of the para-amino group or of the sulphonamide group substituted by another radical; their salts, except when contained in ointments and surgical dressings
Paramethadione
Phenylacetylurea
Phenylcinchoninic acid; salicylcinchoninic acid; their salts; their esters
Polymethylenebistrimethylammonium salts
Sulphonal; alkyl sulphonals
Troxidone

Rule 14 (2). FIFTH SCHEDULE

Form to which the substances specified are restricted when sold by listed sellers of Part II poisons

Poison	*Form to which sale is restricted*
Arsenical substances—	
Arsenious oxide	Sheep dips, sheep washes
Arsenic sulphides	,, ,, ,,
Calcium arsenates	Agricultural and horticultural insecticides or fungicides
Calcium arsenites	,, ,, ,, ,,
Copper acetoarsenite	,, ,, ,, ,,
Copper arsenates	,, ,, ,, ,,
Copper arsenites	,, ,, ,, ,,
Lead arsenates	,, ,, ,, ,,
Potassium arsenites	Sheep dips, sheep washes
Sodium arsenates	,, ,, ,,
Sodium arsenites	,, ,, ,,
Sodium thioarsenates	,, ,, ,,
Barium carbonate	Preparations for the destruction of rats and mice
Dinitrocresols (DNC); their compounds with a metal or a base	Preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture
Dinosam; its compounds with a metal or a base	,, ,, ,, ,,

Poison	*Form to which sale is restricted*
Dinoseb; its compounds with a metal or a base	Preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture
Mercurial substances—	
Mercuric chloride	Agricultural and horticultural fungicides, seed and bulb dressings, insecticides
Mercuric iodide	Agricultural and horticultural fungicides, seed and bulb dressings
Organic compounds of mercury	" " " "
Metallic oxalates other than potassium quadroxalate	Photographic solutions or materials
Nitrobenzene	Agricultural and horticultural insecticides; substances for the treatment of bee disease; ointments for the treatment of animals
Phosphorus compounds, the following:—	
Diethyl thiophosphate of ethylmercapto-ethanol, dimefox, ethylparanitrophenyl-benzene thiophosphonate, hexaethyl tetraphosphate (HETP), 4-methylhydroxy-coumarin-diethyl thiophosphate, mipafox, paranitrophenyl-diethyl phosphate, parathion, schradan, tetraethyl pyrophosphate (TEPP), triphosphoric pentadimethylamide	Preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture
Zinc phosphide	Preparations for the destruction of rats and mice

SIXTH SCHEDULE

Rules 18 (3) and 19 (2).

Statement of particulars permitted in certain cases as to proportion of poison

Name of Poison	*Particulars*
Alkaloids	
Aconite, alkaloids of	The proportion of any one alkaloid of aconite that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that all the alkaloids of aconite in the preparation were that alkaloid.
Belladonna, alkaloids of Calabar bean, alkaloids of Coca, alkaloids of Ephedra, alkaloids of Ergot, alkaloids of Gelsemium, alkaloids of Jaborandi, alkaloids of Lobelia, alkaloids of Pomegranate, alkaloids of Quebracho, alkaloids of, other than the alkaloids of red quebracho Sabadilla, alkaloids of Solanaceous alkaloids not otherwise included in the Poisons List Stavesacre, alkaloids of Veratrum, alkaloids of Yohimba, alkaloids of	The same as above, with the substitution for the reference to aconite of a reference to belladonna, calabar bean or such other of the said poisons as the case may require.

Name of Poison	*Particulars*
Antimonial poisons	The proportion of antimony trioxide (Sb_2O_3) or antimony pentoxide (Sb_2O_5) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the antimony (Sb) in the poison had been wholly converted into antimony trioxide or antimony pentoxide as the case may be.
Arsenical poisons	The proportion of arsenic trioxide (As_2O_3) or arsenic pentoxide (As_2O_5) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the arsenic (As) in the poison had been wholly converted into arsenic trioxide or arsenic pentoxide as the case may be.
Barium, salts of	The proportion of one particular barium salt which the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the barium (Ba) in the poison had been wholly converted into that salt.
Digitalis, glycosides of; other active principles of digitalis	The number of units of activity as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia contained in a specified quantity of the preparation.
Hydrocyanic acid; cyanides; double cyanides of mercury and zinc	The proportion of hydrocyanic acid (HCN) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the cyanides in the poison had been wholly converted into hydrocyanic acid.
Insulin	The number of units of activity as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia contained in a specified quantity of the preparation.
Lead, compounds of, with acids from fixed oils	The proportion of lead oxide (PbO) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the lead in the poison had been wholly converted into lead oxide.
Mercury, organic compounds of	The proportion of organically-combined mercury (Hg) contained in the preparation.
Nux Vomica	The proportion of strychnine contained in the preparation.
Opium	The proportion of morphine contained in the preparation.
Phenols	The proportion of phenols (added together) contained in the preparation.
Compounds of a phenol with a metal	The proportion of phenols (added together) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the compounds of phenols with a metal had been wholly converted into the corresponding phenols.

Name of Poison	*Particulars*
Pituitary gland, the active principles of	Either— (*a*) the number of units of activity as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia contained in a specified quantity of the preparation; or (*b*) the proportion of pituitary gland, or of anterior or of posterior lobe of the gland, as the case may be, contained in the preparation; or (*c*) the amount of pituitary gland, or of anterior or of posterior lobe of the gland, as the case may be, from which a specified quantity of the preparation was obtained, together with an indication whether the amount relates to fresh or to dried gland substance.
Potassium hydroxide	The proportion of potassium monoxide (K_2O) which the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the potassium hydroxide in the preparation had been wholly converted into potassium monoxide.
Sodium hydroxide	The proportion of sodium monoxide (Na_2O) which the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the sodium hydroxide in the preparation had been wholly converted into sodium monoxide.
Strophanthus, glycosides of	The amount of Standard Tincture of Strophanthus as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia which possesses the same activity as a specified quantity of the preparation when assayed by the method described in the said Pharmacopoeia.
Suprarenal gland, the active principles of; their salts	Either— (*a*) the proportion of suprarenal gland or of the cortex or of the medulla of the gland, as the case may be, contained in the preparation; or (*b*) the amount of suprarenal gland, or of the cortex or of the medulla of the gland, as the case may be, from which a specified quantity of the preparation was obtained, together with an indication whether the amount relates to fresh or to dried gland substance.
Thyroid gland, the ac ive principles of; their salts	Either— (*a*) the proportion of thyroid gland contained in the preparation; or (*b*) the amount of thyroid gland from which a specified quantity of the preparation was obtained, together with an indication whether the amount relates to fresh or to dried gland.

Rule 20 (1). SEVENTH SCHEDULE

Indication of character of article prescribed for the purposes of section 18 (1) (c) (iii) of the Act

1. To be labelled with the words " *Caution. It is dangerous to take this preparation except under medical supervision.*" :—

Medicines made up ready for the internal treatment of human ailments if the poison is one of the following:—

Beta-aminopropylbenzene; its salts; its N-alkyl derivatives; their salts; beta-amino*iso*propylbenzene; its salts; its N-alkyl derivatives; their salts.

Insulin

Phenylethylhydantoin; its salts; its acyl derivatives; their salts

Pituitary gland, the active principles of

Thyroid gland, the active principles of; their salts.

2. To be labelled with the words " *Caution. It is dangerous to exceed the stated dose.*":—

Medicines (other than medicines mentioned in paragraph 1 of this Schedule) made up ready for the internal treatment of human ailments except in the case of a substance included in the First Schedule.

3. To be labelled with the words " *Poison. For animal treatment only.*":—

Medicines made up ready for the treatment of animals.

4. To be labelled with the words " *Caution. This preparation may cause serious inflammation of the skin in certain persons and should be used only in accordance with expert advice.*":—

Preparations for the dyeing of hair containing phenylene diamines, toluene diamines or other alkylated-benzene diamines or their salts.

5. To be labelled with the words " *Caution. This substance is caustic.*":—

Potassium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide, and articles containing either of those substances.

6. To be labelled with the words " *Caution. This substance is poisonous. The inhalation of its vapour, mist, spray or dust may have harmful consequences. It may also be dangerous to let it come into contact with the skin or clothing.*":—

Dinitrocresols (DNC), their compounds with a metal or a base, except preparations for the treatment of human ailments and except winter washes containing not more than the equivalent of five per cent. of dinitrocresols.

Dinosam, its compounds with a metal or a base

Dinoseb, its compounds with a metal or a base

Phosphorus compounds, the following:—

Diethyl thiophosphate of ethyl-mercapto-ethanol, dimefox, ethyl-paranitrophenyl-benzene thiophosphonate, hexaethyl tetraphosphate (HETP), 4-methyl-hydroxy-coumarin-diethyl thiophosphate, mipafox, paranitrophenyl-diethyl phosphate, parathion, schradan, tetraethyl pyrophosphate (TEPP), triphosphoric pentadimethylamide.

7. To be labelled with the words " *Caution. This preparation should be administered only under medical supervision. The vapour is dangerous.*":—

Medicines made up ready for the internal or external treatment of human ailments and containing di-isopropyl fluorophosphonate.

EIGHTH SCHEDULE Rule 26.

Poisons required to be specially labelled for transport

Arsenical poisons

Barium, salts of

Dinitrocresols (DNC), their compounds with a metal or a base, when contained in preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture, except winter washes containing not more than the equivalent of five per cent. of dinitrocresols.

Dinosam, its compounds with a metal or a base, when contained in preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.

Dinoseb, its compounds with a metal or a base, when contained in preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.

Hydrocyanic acid; cyanides

Nicotine

Phosphorus compounds, the following:—

Diethyl thiophosphate of ethyl-mercapto-ethanol, dimefox, ethyl-paranitrophenyl-benzene thiophosphonate, hexaethyl tetraphosphate (HETP), 4-methyl-hydroxy-coumarin-diethyl thiophosphate, mipafox, paranitrophenyl-diethyl phosphate, parathion, schradan, tetraethyl pyrophosphate (TEPP), triphosphoric pentadimethylamide.

Strychnine

Thallium, salts of

NINTH SCHEDULE Rule 31 (1)

Form of application for entry in the list kept by a local authority under section 21 of the Act

PHARMACY AND POISONS ACT, 1933 (23 & 24 GEO. 5. c. 25)

Form of application by a person to have his name entered in a local authority's list of persons entitled to sell poisons included in Part II of the Poisons List

To the { Town Clerk / Clerk of the County Council } of .....

I, ...

being engaged in the business of.....

hereby apply to have my name entered in the list kept in pursuance of section 21 of the above Act in respect of the following premises, namely,.....

.....

.....

.....

as a person entitled to sell from those premises poisons included in Part II of the Poisons List.

I hereby nominate.....

.....

to act as my deputy (deputies) for the sale of poisons in accordance with Rule 14 (1) of the Poisons Rules, 1952.

Signature of applicant.....

Date.....

This space is for the use of the local authority.

.....

.....

.....

.....

NOTE

The entry of a person's name on a local authority's list does not entitle that person to retail poisons in Part I of the Poisons List which, by the provisions of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933, may only be retailed by authorised sellers of poisons (i.e. registered pharmacists).

A person whose name is entered in a local authority's list (a listed seller of Part II poisons) is permitted, *subject to certain conditions* (see below), to sell the poisons in Part II of the Poisons List, namely:—

Ammonia; the following arsenical substances—arsenic sulphides, arsenious oxide, calcium arsenates, calcium arsenites, copper acetoarsenite, copper arsenates, copper arsenites, lead arsenates, potassium arsenites, sodium arsenates, sodium arsenites and sodium thioarsenates; the following salts of barium—barium carbonate and barium silicofluoride; dinitrocresols (DNC), their compounds with a metal or a base; dinosam, its compounds with a metal or a base; dinoseb, its compounds with a metal or a base; formaldehyde; hydrochloric acid (spirits of salt) ; hydrofluoric acid, potassium fluoride, sodium fluoride and sodium silicofluoride; mercuric chloride, mercuric iodide and organic compounds of mercury except compounds which contain a methyl (CH_3) group directly linked to the mercury atom; metallic oxalates; nicotine and its salts; nitric acid; nitrobenzene; phenols (carbolic acid and its homologues) in substances containing less than sixty per cent., weight in weight, of phenols and compounds of phenol with a metal in substances containing less than the equivalent of 60 per cent., weight in weight, of phenols; phenylene diamines, toluene diamines, other alkylated-benzene diamines, and their salts; the following compounds of phosphorus — diethyl thiophosphate of ethyl-mercaptoethanol, dimefox, ethyl-paranitrophenyl-benzene thiophosphonate, hexaethyl tetraphosphate (HETP), 4-methyl-hydroxy-coumarin-diethyl thiophosphate, mipafox, paranitrophenyl-diethyl phosphate, parathion, schradan, tetraethyl pyrophosphate (TEPP) and triphosphoric pentadimethylamide; potassium hydroxide (caustic potash); sodium hydroxide (caustic soda); sulphuric acid; zinc phosphide.

The requirements which apply to the sale of poisons by a listed seller of Part II poisons are laid down in section eighteen of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933, and in the Poisons Rules, 1952.

The following is a summary of the requirements:—

A.—*Requirements applying to all listed sellers of Part II poisons*

1. The sale must be effected on the premises specified in the local authority's list.

2. The container of the poison must be labelled with the various particulars and in the manner required by paragraph (*c*) of subsection (1) of section 18 of the Act and Rules 17 to 22.

3. No poison may be sold except in containers which comply with the requirements of Rule 23.

4. In the case of any arsenical or mercurial substance (unless it contains no more than the small proportions of arsenic or mercury specified in the First Schedule to the Poisons Rules), and in the case of barium silicofluoride and nicotine (excepting agricultural and horticultural insecticides consisting of nicotine dusts containing not more than four per cent. of nicotine) the purchaser must either (*a*) be known to the seller, or to the person in charge of the premises on which the substance is sold or of the department of the business in which the sale is effected, to be a person to whom the poison may properly be sold, or (*b*) produce a valid certificate in the form prescribed in the Eleventh Schedule to the Rules. In addition, in the case of such poisons, the required particulars of the sale must be entered, before delivery, in the Poisons Book to be kept in the form prescribed in the Twelfth Schedule to the Rules and (subject to the exception next mentioned) the entry must be signed by the purchaser (Rule 6). In the case of a sale to a person for the purpose of his trade or business (farmer, horticulturist, etc.), paragraph (3) of Rule 7 permits the signature of the entry in the Poisons Book to be dispensed with upon certain conditions, one of which is that an order signed by the purchaser has previously been obtained.

5. Arsenical and mercurial substances, barium carbonate, dinitrocresols, dinosam, dinoseb, metallic oxalates other than potassium quadroxalate, nitrobenzene, the phosphorus compounds, and zinc phosphide may be sold only in particular types of preparation as specified in the Fifth Schedule to the Rules (e.g. sodium arsenates in sheep dips, calcium arsenates in insecticides), and in containers labelled clearly with a notice of the special purpose for which they are to be used and with a warning that they are to be used for that purpose only (Rule 14 (2) (*a*)).

6. The following poisons may be sold *only* to persons engaged in the trade or business of agriculture or horticulture and for the purpose of that trade or business; arsenical substances (other than lead arsenates, calcium arsenates and copper acetoarsenite), dinitrocresols (other than winter washes containing not more than the equivalent of 5 per cent. of dinitrocresols), dinosam, dinoseb and the phosphorus compounds (other than HETP and TEPP). (Rule 14 (2) (*b*)).

7. It is unlawful to store any poison except in a container impervious to the poison and sufficiently stout to prevent leakage from the container arising from the ordinary risks of handling (Rule 24 (1)).

8. Any poison consigned for transport must be sufficiently stoutly packed to avoid leakage arising from the ordinary risks of handling and transport. In the case of the following poisons, the outside of any package consigned for transport by a carrier must be labelled conspicuously with the name of the poison and a notice that it is to be kept separate from food and from empty food containers—any arsenical poison, salts of barium, nicotine, any of the phosphorus compounds and also (when contained in preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture) dinosam, dinoseb and dinitrocresols (other than winter washes containing not more than the equivalent of 5 per cent. of dinitrocresols). These poisons may not be knowingly carried in any vehicle in which food is being transported unless the food is in a part effectively separated from that containing the poison or is otherwise adequately protected from the risk of contamination (Rule 26).

B.—*Additional requirements applying solely to listed shopkeepers*

1. No poison, other than ammonia, hydrochloric acid (spirits of salt), nitric acid. potassium quadroxalate and sulphuric acid, may be sold by a listed shopkeeper except in closed containers as closed by the manufacturer or other person from whom the poison was obtained (Rule 14 (1) (*a*)).

2. Arsenical or mercurial substances (unless they contain no more than the small proportions of arsenic or mercury specified in the First Schedule to the Rules), salts of barium, dinitrocresols (other than winter washes containing not more than the equivalent of 5 per cent. of dinitrocresols), dinosam, dinoseb, nicotine and the phosphorus compounds may not be sold except by the listed shopkeeper himself or by a responsible deputy nominated by him to the local authority in accordance with Rule 14 (1) (*b*); and they must be stored either in a cupboard or drawer reserved solely for poisons or in a part of the premises which is partitioned off or otherwise separated from the rest of the premises and to which customers are not allowed to have access, or upon a shelf reserved solely for poisons, provided in the last case that no food is kept under the shelf and the container of the poison is distinguishable by touch from that of non-poisonous substances stored nearby; but if contained in substances for use in agriculture or horticulture, these poisons must be stored, either in a cupboard or drawer reserved solely for poisons intended for such use or in such a separate part of the premises as aforesaid where no food is kept (Rule 24 (2)).

Rule 31 (3). TENTH SCHEDULE

Form of the list to be kept by a local authority in pursuance of section 21 (1) *of the Act*

PHARMACY AND POISONS ACT, 1933

(23 & 24 Geo. 5. c. 25)

List of persons entitled to sell poisons in Part II of the Poisons List

Full Name	Address of premises	Description of business carried on at the premises	Name of deputy (or deputies) permitted to sell

Rule 32 (1). ELEVENTH SCHEDULE

Certificate for the purchase of a poison

For the purposes of subsection (2) (*a*) (i) of section 18 of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933, I, the undersigned, a householder occupying (*a*).....
hereby certify from my knowledge of (*b*).....of (a).....
that he is a person to whom (*c*).....may properly be supplied.

I further certify that (*d*).....is the signature of the said (*b*).....

.....
Signature of householder giving certificate.

Date.....

(*a*) Insert full postal address.
(*b*) Insert full name of intending purchaser.
(*c*) Insert name of poison.
(*d*) Intending purchaser to sign his name here.

Endorsement required by Rule 32 *of the Poisons Rules,* 1952, *to be made by a police officer in charge of a police station when, but only when, the householder giving the certificate is not known to the seller of the poison to be a responsible person of good character.*

I hereby certify that in so far as is known to the police of the district in which *.....resides he is a responsible person of good character.

Signature of Police Officer.....
Rank.....
In charge of Police Station at.....
Date.....

Office Stamp of Police Station.

* Insert full name of householder giving the certificate.

TWELFTH SCHEDULE

Rule 33.

Form of entry to be made in the book to be kept by sellers of poisons in accordance with section 18 (2) (*b*) *of the Act*

Date of Sale	Name and quantity of poison supplied	Purchaser's			Purpose for which stated to be required	Date of certificate (if any)	Name and address of person giving certificate (if any)	Signature of purchaser or, where a signed order is permitted by the Poisons Rules, 1952, the date of the signed order
		Name	Address	Business, trade or occupation				

Rule 16, para. (*e*) of proviso.

THIRTEENTH SCHEDULE

Form of authority for purchasing strychnine for killing moles

Authority for the purchase of strychnine for killing moles in pursuance of paragraph (e) of the proviso to Rule 16 of the Poisons Rules, 1952.

I hereby authorise (*a*).....to purchase within three months from the date hereof (*b*).....of strychnine for the purpose of killing moles.

.....

Signature of * Chairman / *[Assistant] County Agricultural Officer / * Secretary } of the.....

* County Agricultural Executive Committee.
* Agricultural Executive Committee.

Date .....

(*a*) Insert full name of intending purchaser.
(*b*) Insert amount authorised to be purchased which must not exceed four ounces.
* Delete words which do not apply.

Rule 16, para. (*e*) of proviso.

FOURTEENTH SCHEDULE

Form of authority for purchasing strychnine for killing seals

Authority for the purchase of strychnine for killing seals in pursuance of paragraph (e) of the proviso to Rule 16 of the Poisons Rules, 1952.

Authority No. .....

I, being a person duly authorised by the Secretary of State, hereby authorise (*a*) .....to purchase within three months of the date hereof (*b*).....of strychnine for the purpose of killing seals at (*c*).....

Signature .....

Department .....

Date .....

(*a*) Insert full name of intending purchaser.
(*b*) Insert amount authorised to be purchased which must not exceed four ounces.
(*c*) Insert name of place or places where the strychnine may be used.

FIFTEENTH SCHEDULE

Substances in which poison is exempted by Rule 6 from section 18 (2) of the Act

Poison	*Substances in which exempted*
Nicotine	Agricultural and horticultural insecticides consisting of nicotine dusts containing not more than four per cent. of nicotine.

SIXTEENTH SCHEDULE Rule 15.

Poisons required to be coloured in certain cases

Arsenates	Organic compounds of arsenic
Arsenites	Oxides of arsenic
Copper acetoarsenite	Sodium thioarsenates
Halides of arsenic	Sulphides of arsenic

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Rules, but is intended to indicate their general purport.)

These Rules consolidate with amendments the Rules set out in Rule 35 (1). The principal amendments of substance are in Rule 14 (2) (*b*), and in the First, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth Schedules and make appropriate provision for the substances newly added to the Poisons List by the Poisons List Order, 1952, and, as in that Order, the names given to certain substances already on the List have been revised to accord with current usage.

1952 No. 2268

The Poisons (No. 2) Rules, 1952

Made - - - -	23*rd December*, 1952
Laid before Parliament	29*th December*, 1952
Coming into Operation	1*st January*, 1953

In pursuance of section twenty-three of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933(**a**), I hereby make the following Rules:—

1. In the First Schedule to the Poisons Rules, 1952(**b**) (which specifies the poisons in respect of which special restrictions are imposed as to the persons to whom the poison may be sold and as to the keeping of records of sales), after the item beginning with the word " Dinitrocresols ", there shall be inserted the following item, that is to say:—

" Dinitronaphthols ; dinitrophenols ; dinitrothymols ".

2. These Rules may be cited as the Poisons (No. 2) Rules, 1952, and shall come into operation on the first day of January, 1953.

David Maxwell Fyfe,
One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Home Office,
Whitehall.
23rd December, 1952.

(**a**) 23 & 24 Geo. 5. c. 25. (**b**) S.I. 1952/2086, p. 2443 above.