ought to have been made, and to make such further or other order as the case may require. The powers aforesaid may be exercised by the said Court, notwithstanding that the notice of appeal may be that part only of the decision may be reversed or varied, and such powers may also be exercised in favour of all or any of the respondents or parties, although such respondents or parties may not have appealed from or complained of the decision. The Court of Appeal shall have power to make such order as to the whole or any part of the costs of the appeal as may seem just.

36. It shall not under any circumstances be necessary for a respondent to give notice of motion by way of cross appeal, but if a respondent intends upon the hearing of the appeal to contend that the decision of the court below should be varied, he shall, within such time as may be prescribed by rules, give notice of such intention to any parties who may be affected by such contention. The omission to give such notice shall not diminish the powers conferred by the Act upon the Court of Appeal, but may in the discretion of the Court be ground for an adjournment of the appeal, or for a special order as to costs.

37. The forms of writs and pleadings referred to in these rules are the forms prescribed in the several appendices to "The Supreme Court of Judicature Act, 1875."

Exceptions from the Rules.

38. Nothing in these rules shall affect the practice or procedure in any of the following causes or matters:

Criminal proceedings.
Proceedings on the Crown side of the Queen's Bench Division.
Proceedings on the Revenue side of the Exchequer Division.
Proceedings in the Probate and Matrimonial Division.
Proceedings before the Land Judges of the Chancery Division.

CHAPTER 58.

An Act to continue for one year the Police (Expenses) Act, 1875.

[14th August 1877.]

WHEREAS by the Police (Expenses) Act, 1875, it is enacted that so much of any Act as limits the amount authorised to be contributed by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury out of moneys provided by Parliament towards the expenses of any police force in Great Britain to a particular amount, or a particular proportion of any annual sum or charge specified in such Act, shall, during the continuance of that Act, be repealed, and it was further enacted that that Act should continue in force until the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six: 38 & 39 Vict. c. 48.

And whereas by the Police (Expenses) Continuance Act, 1876, the said Act was continued in force until the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven: 39 & 40 Vict. c. 64.

And whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be further continued for a period of one year:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows; (that is to say,)

1. This Act may be cited as The Police (Expenses) Continuance Act, 1877. Short title.

2. The Police (Expenses) Act, 1875, shall continue in force till the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight. Continuance of Act till 1st Sept. 1878.
