not paid, the said Penalty or Sum of Money may be recovered, or the Amount thereof levied, or the Payment thereof enforced by Execution or other proper Proceeding as Money due to Her Majesty; and any Plaintiff suing on behalf of Her Majesty upon obtaining Judgment shall be entitled to recover and have Execution for all the Costs of Suit, which shall include a full Indemnity for all Costs and Charges which he shall or may have expended or incurred in, about, or for the Purposes of the Action, unless the Court or a Judge thereof shall direct that Costs of the ordinary Amount only shall be allowed.

Plaintiff entitled to Costs.

How Penalties recovered by summary Proceedings disposed of.

16. One Moiety of any Penalty or Sum of Money recovered by summary Proceeding as aforesaid shall be deemed Money payable to Her Majesty, and the other Moiety shall be paid by the Justices to the Complainant.

Limitation of Action.

17. No Person shall commence any Action or Proceeding for the Recovery of any Penalty after the Expiration of Three Years next after the committing of the Offence, or should Discovery thereof not be made within the said Three Years, then no Person shall commence any Action or Proceeding for the Recovery of any Penalties after the Expiration of One Year next after the said Discovery of the Offence.

Vendor to be deemed to contract that Description, &c. is genuine.

18. Every Person who after the Twenty-first Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and sixty-six shall sell any Hops in any Bag or Pocket having marked thereon any Name, Description, Date, Trade Mark, or Symbol intended to indicate the Name of the Person by whom, or the Parish, County, or Place where, or the Year when the said Hops were grown, shall be deemed to contract that the said Description, Date, Trade Mark, and Symbol were genuine and true, and that such Description, Date, Trade Mark, and Symbol were in accordance with this and the said recited Acts.

Party aggrieved may recover Damages.

19. In every Case in which any Person shall do or cause to be done any Act contrary to this or the said recited Acts, every Person aggrieved by any such wrongful Act shall be entitled to maintain an Action or Suit for Damages in respect thereof against the Person who shall be guilty of having done such Act, or causing or procuring the same to be done.

Provisions of 25 & 26 Vict. c. 88. incorporated.

20. The Provisions of the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Sections of "The Merchandise Marks Act, 1862," shall be considered as incorporated in this Act as fully as if the same were here set forth and re-enacted at Length.

From 21st Aug. 1866, s. 2. of 54 G. 3. c. 123. repealed.

21. From and after the Twenty-first Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and sixty-six the Provisions of the Second Section of the Act passed in the Fifty-fourth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George* the Third, intituled *An Act to amend an Act of the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Years of His then present Majesty to prevent Frauds and Abuses in the Trade of Hops*, shall be and is hereby repealed.

Short Title.

22. The Expression "The Hop (Prevention of Frauds) Act, 1866," shall be a sufficient Description of this Act.

CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act to enable Boards of Guardians in *Ireland* to provide Coffins and Shrouds for the Burial of poor Persons who at the Time of their Death were not in receipt of Relief from the Poor Rates. [11th *June* 1866.]

'WHEREAS it is expedient that Provision shall be made for the decent Burial of poor Persons in *Ireland* whose Relatives may be unable to provide Means for such Purpose, although such deceased Persons may not at the Time of their Death have been

'been in receipt of Relief under the Acts in force for the Relief of the Poor in *Ireland*, 'or dependant for Support on any Person receiving such Relief:'

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

The Guardians of each Union shall provide Means for the decent Burial of poor Persons dying in such Union, in certain Cases.

1. From and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Guardians of any Union in *Ireland*, or in any Case of Urgency for the Relieving Officer, subject in both Cases to any Rule which the Commissioners for administrating the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in *Ireland* may make in that Behalf, to provide Coffins and Shrouds for the Interment of poor Persons dying within such Union, although such Persons may not at the Time of their Death have been in receipt of Relief under the Acts for the Relief of the Poor in *Ireland*, or dependant for Support on any Person receiving such Relief; and the Expense thereof shall be charged on the Rates of the Electoral Division, or of the Union, in like Manner as the said deceased Person would have been chargeable if he had been in receipt of Relief at the Time of his Death.

Former Acts and this Act to be construed as One.

2. The several Acts for the Relief of the Poor now in force in *Ireland* and this Act shall be construed as One Act, save so far as the same are inconsistent one with the other, and the Words herein used shall be interpreted in the Manner prescribed by the Acts now in force.

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act to consolidate the Duties of the Exchequer and Audit Departments, to regulate the Receipt, Custody, and Issue of Public Moneys, and to provide for the Audit of the Accounts thereof. [28th *June* 1866.]

'WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate the Powers and Duties of the Comptroller 'of Her Majesty's Exchequer and of the Commissioners for auditing the Public 'Accounts, and to unite in One Department the Business hitherto conducted by the 'separate Establishments under them; and to make other Provisions for the more complete 'Examination of the Public Accounts of the United Kingdom:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Short Title.

1. This Act may be cited for all Purposes as "The Exchequer and Audit Departments Act, 1866."

Definition of Terms.

2. In this Act "the Treasury" shall mean the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, or any Two or more of them; "the Bank of *England*" shall mean the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*; "the Bank of *Ireland*" shall mean the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*; "the National Debt Commissioners" shall mean the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt; "Principal Accountants" shall mean those who receive Issues directly from the Accounts of Her Majesty's Exchequer at the Banks of *England* and *Ireland* respectively; "Sub-Accountants" shall mean those who receive Advances, by way of Imprest, from Principal Accountants, or who receive Fees or other Public Moneys through other Channels; "the Secretaries of the Treasury" shall include the Assistant Secretary.

Power to Her Majesty to appoint "Comptroller and Auditor General" and "Assistant

3. At any Time within Twelve Months after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom to nominate and appoint the Person who shall at that Time hold the Office of Comptroller General of the Receipt and Issue of Her Majesty's Exchequer, and Chairman of the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, to be Comptroller