13 & 14 Vict. c. 104. [1850.]	An Act to extend and amend the Acts relating to the copyright of designs.
15 & 16 Vict. c. 83. [1852.]	The Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.
16 & 17 Vict. c. 5. [1853.]	An Act to substitute stamp duties for fees on passing letters patent for inventions, and to provide for the purchase for the public use of certain indexes of specifications.
16 & 17 Vict. c. 115. [1853.]	An Act to amend certain provisions of the Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852, in respect of the transmission of certified copies of letters patent and specifications to certain offices in Edinburgh and Dublin, and otherwise to amend the said Act.
21 & 22 Vict. c. 70. [1858.]	An Act to amend the Act of the fifth and sixth years of Her present Majesty, to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the copyright of designs for ornamenting articles of manufacture.
22 Vict. c. 13. [1859.]	An Act to amend the law concerning patents for inventions with respect to inventions for improvements in instruments and munitions of war.
24 & 25 Vict. c. 73. [1861.]	An Act to amend the law relating to the copyright of designs.
28 & 29 Vict. c. 3. [1865.]	The Industrial Exhibitions Act, 1865.
33 & 34 Vict. c. 27. [1870.]	The Protection of Inventions Act, 1870.
33 & 34 Vict. c. 97. [1870.]	The Stamp Act, 1870,— In part; namely,— Section sixty-five, and in the Schedule the words and figures. "Certificate of the registration of a design . . £5 0 0 And see section 65."
38 & 39 Vict. c. 91. [1875.]	The Trade Marks Registration Act, 1875.
38 & 39 Vict. c. 93. [1875.]	The Copyright of Designs Act, 1875.
39 & 40 Vict. c. 33. [1876.]	The Trade Marks Registration Amendment Act, 1876.
40 & 41 Vict. c. 37. [1877.]	The Trade Marks Registration Extension Act, 1877.
43 & 44 Vict. c. 10. [1880.]	The Great Seal Act, 1880. In part; namely,— Section five.
45 & 46 Vict. c. 72. [1882.]	The Revenue, Friendly Societies, and National Debt Act, 1882. In part; namely,— Section sixteen.

CHAPTER 58.

An Act to amend the Post Office (Money Orders) Acts, 1848 and 1880, and extend the same to Her Majesty's Dominions out of the United Kingdom.

[25th August 1883.]

43 & 44 Vict. c. 33.

WHEREAS by the Post Office (Money Orders) Act, 1880, it is provided that, subject to the Post Office regulations as defined by that Act, the Postmaster General, with the consent of the Treasury, may authorise his officers to issue orders in the form set forth in the schedule to that Act, subject to the proviso that the order

shall be for one of the amounts therein named, and in respect thereof the poundage therein named shall be taken for the use of Her Majesty:

And whereas it is expedient to make such further provision respecting the same as herein-after appears:

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Alteration of form of orders.

1. Notwithstanding anything in the Post Office (Money Orders) Act, 1880, any of the orders issued in pursuance of that Act shall, in lieu of the form specified in that Act, be in the form set forth in the schedule to this Act with such modifications as may be prescribed.

Alteration of amounts of orders.

2. An order issued in pursuance of the Post Office (Money Orders) Act, 1880, shall be for the prescribed amount not exceeding twenty shillings, and there shall be taken in respect thereof, for the use of Her Majesty, the prescribed poundage not exceeding twopence.

Issue of orders by officers of the Crown.

3. The Postmaster-General may, if the post office regulations so provide, authorise any person holding office under the Crown to issue an order in pursuance of the Post Office (Money Orders) Act, 1880, and a person so authorised shall be deemed for the purpose of the issue and payment of such order, to be an officer of the Postmaster General and of the Post Office within the meaning of the said Act.

Extension of 43 & 44 Vict. c. 33., respecting money orders to British possessions.

4.—(1.) Whereas by reason of the form of the order issued under the Post Office (Money Orders) Act, 1880, and of the provisions of that Act authorising the issue thereof by officers of the Postmaster General only, doubts have arisen with respect to the application of the Post Office (Money Orders) Act, 1880, to orders issued in pursuance of arrangements made with the governments of Her Majesty's dominions out of the United Kingdom, and it is expedient to remove such doubts: Be it therefore enacted as follows:

Where an arrangement is made with the Government of any British possession for the transmission of small sums through the post offices of the United Kingdom and such British possession by means of money orders, of a like character to those issued under the Post Office (Money Orders) Act, 1880, as amended by this Act, the said Act, as amended by this Act, shall, so far as is consistent with the tenour thereof, and subject to the prescribed modifications, apply in like manner as if an order issued in pursuance of such arrangement, whether by an officer of the Post Office or of such British possession, was an order under the said Act, as amended by this Act, and such portions of the said Act as enact punishments shall apply accordingly.

Provided that—

(*a.*) Any Post Office regulations in relation to any money orders issued in pursuance of any such arrangement as aforesaid may differ from the regulations respecting any other money orders; and

(*b.*) Any money orders issued in pursuance of any such arrangement as aforesaid may be of such amount not exceeding the maximum amount in this Act mentioned and in such form and subject to such conditions respecting poundage, commission, the periods during which they are payable and other matters, as the Treasury, on the recommendation of the Postmaster General, may direct.

(2.) In this section the expression "United Kingdom" includes the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man, and the expression "British possession" means any part of Her Majesty's dominions other than the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands, and the Isle of Man.

Commencement of Act.

5. This Act shall come into operation on the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

Construction of Act.

6. This Act shall be construed as one with the Post Office (Money Orders) Acts, 1848 and 1880.

Short title. 11 & 12 Vict. c. 88. 43 & 44 Vict. c. 33.

7. This Act may be cited as the Post Office (Money Orders) Act, 1883, and together with the Post Office Money Orders Acts, 1848 and 1880, may be cited as the Post Office (Money Orders) Acts, 1848 to 1883.

Partial repeal of 43 & 44 Vict. c. 33.

8. The Post Office (Money Orders) Act, 1880, is hereby repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column of the Second Schedule to this Act;

Provided that all money orders issued before the commencement of this Act shall have effect, and be paid in like manner in all respects as if this Act had not passed.

Section 1.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

FORM OF ORDER.

[No. of Order.]

Issuing Office Stamp, with date.

*5s.**

* Alter according to amount.

Postal Order for * [five shillings].

Inland Revenue Stamp.

Postal Order.
*[One Penny.]

To the postmaster in charge of the money order office at † , pay to†
at any time within three calendar months from the last day of the month of issue the sum of * [five shillings] on account of Her Majesty's Postmaster General.

_____ Postmaster.

Paying Office Stamp, with Date. Cancelling this Order.

† The person to whom this order is issued must, before parting with it, fill in the name of the person to whom the amount is to be paid, and may fill in the name of the money order office at which the amount is to be paid.

Except when the order is paid through a banker, the person so named must sign the receipt at the foot hereof, and must also fill in the name of the money order office if that has not already been done.

1. If this order be crossed "_____ & Co.," payment will only be made through a banker, and if the name of a banker is added payment will only be made through that banker.

2. After this order has once been paid,—to whomsoever it is paid,—the Postmaster General will not be liable for any further claim.

3. If any erasure or alteration be made, or if this order be cut, defaced, or mutilated, payment may be refused.

4. The regulations under which this order is issued allow the postmaster to refuse or delay the payment of this order, but he must at once report his reasons for so doing to the Postmaster General.

5. After the expiration of three months from the last day of the month of issue this Order will be payable only on payment of a commission equal to the amount of the original poundage, with the addition (if more than three months have elapsed since the said expiration) of the amount of the original poundage for every further period of three months which has so elapsed, and for every portion of any such period of three months over and above every complete period.

Received the above-named sum.

_____, Signature.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

Section 8.

ACT REPEALED.

Session and Chapter.	Title.	Extent of Repeal.
43 & 44 Vict. c. 33. -	The Post Office (Money Orders) Act, 1880.	In section one, the first proviso, namely, from "any such order" down to "twenty shillings twopence"; and the schedule.

CHAPTER 59.

An Act to make better provision for the Prevention of outbreaks of formidable epidemic, endemic, or infectious diseases, and to amend the Public Health Act, England, 1875, and the Public Health Act, Ireland, 1878.

[25th August 1883.]

Preamble.

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the Epidemic and other Diseases Prevention Act, 1883.

Extension of borrowing powers for preventing disease. 38 & 39 Vict. c. 55. 41 & 42 Vict. c. 52.

2. Whenever any part of England or of Ireland appears to be threatened with or affected by any formidable epidemic, endemic, or infectious disease, and the Local Government Board, England, under the provisions of the Public Health Act, England, 1875, or the Local Government Board, Ireland, under the provisions of the Public Health Act, Ireland, 1878, make regulations for all or any of the following purposes, namely:

(1.) For the speedy interment of the dead.

(2.) For house to house visitation.

(3.) For the provision of medical aid and hospital accommodation; and