Females Sentenced to Penal Servitude.

MADE BY THE LORDS JUSTICES OF NORTHERN IRELAND, UNDER THE CONVICT PRISONS IRELAND ACT 1854, 17 & 18 VICT., C. 76.

1927. No. 107.

Whereas by the Convict Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1854, it is amongst other things enacted that it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant to set apart and appoint places of confinement for prisoners under sentence of penal servitude, and all such places of confinement so set apart and appointed, and all yards, offices, grounds and premises thereunto pertaining shall be held to be and considered " Convict Prisons " :

And whereas by the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, the Orders made thereunder, and the Irish Free State (Consequential Provisions) Act, 1922, the powers of the Lord Lieutenant under the said Convict Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1854, are now exerciseable in Northern Ireland by the Governor of Northern Ireland :

Now We, the Lords Justices of Northern Ireland, in pursuance of the powers vested in Us by the said Acts, and of every other power enabling Us in this behalf, Do Hereby set apart and appoint the top ward of the left-hand wing, commonly called the B Wing, of Armagh Prison to be a place for the confinement of female prisoners under sentence or order of penal servitude.

Given at Belfast, this 18th day of November, 1924.
By their Excellencies' Command,

R. Dawson Bates.

Male Prisoners Sentenced to Penal Servitude.

MADE BY THE LORDS JUSTICES OF NORTHERN IRELAND, UNDER THE CONVICT PRISONS IRELAND ACT 1854, 17 & 18 VICT., C. 76.

1927. No. 108.

Whereas by the Convict Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1854, it is amongst other things enacted that it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant to set apart and appoint places of confinement for prisoners under sentence of penal servitude, and all such places of confinement so set apart and appointed, and all yards, offices, grounds and premises thereunto pertaining shall be held to be and considered " Convict Prisons " ;

And whereas by the Governemnt of Ireland Act, 1920, the Orders made thereunder, and the Irish Free State (Consequential Provisions) Act, 1922, the powers of the Lord Lieutenant under the said Convict Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1854, are now exerciseable in Northern Ireland by the Governor of Northern Ireland :

Now We, the Lords Justices of Northern Ireland, in pursuance of the powers vested in Us by the said Acts, and of every other power enabling Us in this behalf, Do Hereby set apart and appoint the whole of the west wing, commonly called the A Wing of Belfast Prison, to be a place for the confinement of male prisoners under sentence or order of penal servitude.

Given at Belfast, this 18th day of November, 1924.
By their Excellencies' Command,

R. Dawson Bates.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Preservatives, &c., in Food.

MADE BY THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS FOR NORTHERN IRELAND.

1927. No. 18.

The Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland, in the exercise of the powers conferred upon it by the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878 (a) the Public Health Act, 1896, (b) the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1896, (c) the Public Health (Regulations as to Food) Act, 1907, (d) and the Butter and Margarine Act, 1907, (e) and of every other power enabling it in that behalf, hereby makes the following Regulations, with the consent of the Commissioners of Customs and Excise, so far as they apply to the Officers of Customs and Excise, that is to say :—

PART I.

General.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Public Health (Preservatives, &c., in Food) (Northern Ireland) Regulations, 1927, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of July, 1927.

Provided that—

(1) So far as the Regulations relate to butter and cream they shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1928.

(2) So far as the Regulations prohibit the sale of an article of food containing any preservative which is necessarily

(a) 41–2 V. c. 52.
(b) 59–60 V. c. 19.
(c) 59-60 V. c. 54.
(d) 7 E. 7. c. 32.
(e) 7 E. 7. c. 21.