(2) SCOTLAND

The Public Health (Meat) Amendment (Scotland) Regulations, 1948

1948 No. 1433 (S. 115)

Made - - - -	*26th June*, 1948
Laid before Parliament	*29th June*, 1948
Coming into Operation	*5th July*, 1948

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by section 8 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938(a), and of all other powers enabling me in that behalf, I hereby make the following Regulations:—

1.—(i) These Regulations may be cited as the Public Health (Meat) Amendment (Scotland) Regulations, 1948, and these Regulations and the Public Health (Meat) Regulations (Scotland) 1932(b), (hereinafter referred to as "the principal Regulations") may be cited together as the Public Health (Meat) (Scotland) Regulations, 1932 and 1948.

(ii) These Regulations shall come into operation on the fifth day of July, 1948.

2. The principal Regulations shall be amended in the manner following:—

(*a*) In Article 6 (1), "IVa" shall be inserted after "IV".

(*b*) In the First Schedule the following shall be inserted after Part IV:—

PART IVA.—DETAILED INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE INSPECTION OF CARCASES OF SHEEP AND LAMBS SHOWING EVIDENCE OF HAVING BEEN INFECTED WITH CASEOUS LYMPHADENITIS AND ACTION TO BE TAKEN.

A.—*Method of Inspection*

1. All carcases and viscera shall be examined by visual examination and by palpation of the accessible lymphatic glands.

2. The prescapular, superficial-inguinal, supra-mammary and precrural lymphatic glands of sheep shall be incised and examined as a routine. These glands in lamb carcases need only be incised if evidence of disease is found or disease is suspected in the course of visual examination and palpation.

B.—*Action to be taken*

1. An organ shall be condemned when caseous lymphadenitis exists on its surface, or in its substance, or in the associated lymphatic glands.

2. The entire carcase and all the organs and viscera shall be condemned when the following conditions are present:—

(*a*) emaciation associated with caseous lymphadenitis,

(a) 1 & 2 Geo. 6. c. 56. (b) S.R. & O. 1932 (No. 362) p. 1508.

(*b*) generalised caseous lymphadenitis.

The following shall be regarded as evidence of generalisation:—

(i) The presence of multiple lesions which are acute and actively progressive; or

(ii) the presence of multiple lesions which are inactive, but widespread.

3. All infections not included in paragraphs 1 and 2 of B above shall be regarded as localised, and only the lesion and the surrounding part shall be condemned. The size of the part condemned should depend on the age and degree of activity of the lesion. Old lesions which are firmly encapsulated may be regarded as inactive.

(*c*) In Part V of the said schedule the words " (14 Lymphadenitis, caseous " shall be deleted.

Arthur Woodburn,
One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

St. Andrew's House,
Edinburgh, 1.
26th June, 1948.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(*This Note is not part of the Regulations but is intended to indicate their general purpose.*)

These amending Regulations provide detailed instructions for meat inspectors relating to the inspection of carcases of sheep or lambs showing evidence of infection with caseous lymphadenitis.

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4. MILK

[*See* also Index to Vol. II for Instruments made under the Defence Regulations.]

The Milk (Special Designations) (Amendment) Regulations, 1948

1948 No. 1117

Made - - - -	*25th May,* 1948
Laid before Parliament	*27th May,* 1948
Coming into Operation	*1st June,* 1948

In exercise of the powers conferred upon them by sections 20, 21 and 92 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938(a), and by the Transfer of Functions (Food

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(a) 1 & 2 Geo. 6. c. 56.