Session and Chapter.	Short Title.	Extent of Repeal.
48 & 49 Vict. c. 63.	The Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks (Amendment) Act, 1885.	The whole Act.
49 & 50 Vict. c. 37.	The Patents Act, 1886 -	The whole Act.
51 & 52 Vict. c. 50.	The Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks Act, 1888.	The whole Act.
1 Edw. 7. c. 18	The Patents Act, 1901 -	The whole Act.
2 Edw. 7. c. 34	The Patents Act, 1902 -	The whole Act.
7 Edw. 7. c. 28	The Patents and Designs (Amendment) Act, 1907.	The whole Act.

PART II.

Session and Chapter.	Short Title.	Extent of Repeal.
46 & 47 Vict. c. 57.	The Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks Act, 1883.	Subsections (5), (6) and (7) of section twenty-six, and section twenty-nine.

PART III.

Session and Chapter.	Short Title.	Extent of Repeal.
46 & 47 Vict. c. 57.	The Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks Act, 1883.	Subsections (2) and (3) of section forty-seven and section forty-eight.

CHAPTER 30.

An Act to amend sections fifty-seven, fifty-eight, and fifty-nine of the Public Health (Scotland) Act, 1897, relating to the prevention of infectious diseases.

[28th August 1907.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Substitution of precautionary for prohibitory provisions as to infection. 60 & 61 Vict. c. 38.

1.—(1) Section fifty-seven of the Public Health (Scotland) Act, 1897, shall be read as if the words "that proper precautions against spreading disease or infection have been taken, and that such child may attend school without the risk of infecting others" were substituted for the words "that such child has become free from disease and infection, and that the house

" and everything therein exposed to infection has been dis-
" infected to the satisfaction of such medical officer or medical
" practitioner."

(2) Section fifty-eight of the said Act shall be read as if the words " shall (*a*) without proper precautions against spreading " such disease or infection, milk any animal, or pick fruit, or " engage in any occupation connected with food, or shall (*b*) " were substituted for the words " shall milk any animal, or pick " fruit, or shall engage in any occupation connected with food, " or ; " and as if the words " or infection, and any person who " knowingly " were substituted for the words " and any person " who knowing himself to be suffering from any infectious " disease."

(3) Section fifty-nine of the said Act shall be read as if the words " unless in every such case as aforesaid proper precautions " have been taken against spreading such disease or infection ; " and any person contravening any of the foregoing provisions " shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds ; and if " without such precautions " were substituted for the words " and any person contravening any of the foregoing provisions " shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds ; and if."

Short title and extent.

2. This Act shall apply to Scotland only, and may be cited as the Public Health (Scotland) Amendment Act, 1907 ; and the Public Health (Scotland) Act, 1897, and this Act may be cited collectively as the Public Health (Scotland) Acts, 1897 to 1907.

CHAPTER 31.

An Act to substitute a Statutory Declaration for the Certificate required under section two of the Vaccination Act, 1898, of Conscientious Objection.

[28th August 1907.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :

Substitution of statutory declaration as to conscientious objection for certificate of justices. 61 & 62 Vict. c. 49. 30 & 31 Vict. c. 84.

1. The Vaccination Act, 1898, shall be read as if the following section were substituted for section two of that Act :—

(1) No parent or other person shall be liable to any penalty, under section twenty-nine or section thirty-one of the Vaccination Act of 1867, if within four months from the birth of the child he makes a statutory declaration that he conscientiously believes that vaccination would be prejudicial to the health of the child, and within seven days thereafter delivers or sends by post the declaration to the vaccination officer of the district.