" constable at the date of his retirement or death holds a rank to " which he has been promoted within the three years previous ").

7. This Act shall be read as one with the Police Act, 1890, and nothing in this Act shall interfere with or diminish the powers of the Secretary of State, under section seventeen of that Act. Construction of Act and saving.

8.—(1.) The words " any mischief by fire and " in section fourteen of the Town Police Clauses Act, 1847, are hereby repealed, and this Act shall have effect notwithstanding anything in any other Act, local or general, to the contrary. Partial repeal of 10 & 11 Vict. c. 89, and amendment of Local Acts.

(2.) Where any local Act or order contains provisions as to a fire brigade or fire police, the Secretary of State may frame and submit to Parliament a provisional order repealing or modifying such provisions so as to bring them into harmony with the provisions of this Act, and he may by such order unite any existing fire brigade pension fund with the police pension fund, and may make any other adjustments which may appear to him to be necessary in order to give effect to this Act.

9. This Act may be cited as the Police Act, 1893; and the Police Acts, 1839 to 1890, and this Act may be cited together as the Police Acts, 1839 to 1893. Short title.

CHAPTER 11.

An Act to amend the Public Libraries Act, 1892.

[9th June 1893.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as the Public Libraries (Amendment) Act, 1893, and shall be construed as one with the Public Libraries Act, 1892 (in this Act referred to as the principal Act), and these two Acts may be together cited as the Public Libraries Acts, 1892 and 1893. Short title. 55 & 56 Vict. c. 53.

2.—(1.) Where a library district is an urban district— Modification as to adoption, &c. in urban districts.

(i.) The principal Act may, subject to the conditions contained in the second section of that Act, be adopted, and the limitation of the maximum rate to be levied for the purposes of that Act may within the limits fixed by that Act be fixed, raised, or removed, by a resolution of the urban authority under this Act:

(ii.) The consent of the urban authority given by a resolution of that authority under this Act shall be substituted in an urban

district for the consent of the voters in any case when the consent of the voters is required under the principal Act.

(2.) Section three of the principal Act is hereby repealed, so far as it relates to an urban district.

Provision as to a resolution of an urban authority for the adoption, &c. of the principal Act.

3.—(1.) A resolution under this Act shall be passed at a meeting of the urban authority, and one month at least before the meeting special notice of the meeting and of the intention to propose the resolution shall be given to every member of the authority, and the notice shall be deemed to have been duly given to a member of it, if it is either—

(*a*) given in the mode in which notices to attend meetings of the authority are usually given; or

(*b*) where there is no such mode, then signed by the clerk of the authority, and delivered to the member or left at his usual or last-known place of abode in England, or forwarded by post in a prepaid letter, addressed to the member at his usual or last-known place of abode in England.

(2.) The resolution shall be published by advertisement in some one or more newspapers circulating within the district of the authority, and by causing notice thereof to be affixed to the principal doors of every church and chapel in the place to which notices are usually fixed, and otherwise in such manner as the authority think sufficient for giving notice thereof to all persons interested, and shall come into operation at a time not less than one month after the first publication of the advertisement of the resolution as the authority may by the resolution fix.

(3.) A copy of the resolution shall be sent to the Local Government Board.

(4.) A copy of the advertisement shall be conclusive evidence of the resolution having been passed, unless the contrary be shown; and no objection to the effect of the resolution, on the ground that notice of the intention to propose the same was not duly given, or on the ground that the resolution was not sufficiently published, shall be made after three months from the date of the first advertisement.

Power to two or more library authorities to combine.

4.—(1.) Where the principal Act is adopted for two or more neighbouring urban districts, the library authorities of those districts may by agreement combine for any period for carrying the Act into execution; and the expenses of carrying the Act into execution shall be defrayed by such authorities in such proportions as may be agreed on by them.

(2.) For the purposes of the Act a joint committee may be formed, the members whereof shall be appointed by the several combining authorities in such proportions as may be agreed on, but need not be members of any of the combining authorities. Any such committee shall have such of the powers of a library authority under the principal Act, except the power of borrowing money, as the combining authorities may agree to confer upon them.

(3.) Where any of the combining authorities are improvement commissioners or a local board the provisions of the principal Act with respect to accounts and audit shall apply to such committee as if they were a local board who were a library authority under the Act.

CHAPTER 12.

An Act to make provision for the establishment of Day Industrial Schools in Scotland and to amend the Education (Scotland) Acts, 1872 to 1883. [9th June 1893.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the education of poor and neglected children and for the establishment of day industrial schools in Scotland, and for that purpose to amend and extend the Education (Scotland) Acts, 1872 to 1883:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the Day Industrial Schools (Scotland) Act, 1893, and this Act and the Education (Scotland) Acts, 1872 to 1883, shall be construed together as one Act, and may be cited as the Education (Scotland) Acts, 1872 to 1893.

Application.

2. This Act shall apply to Scotland only.

Day Industrial Schools.

Establishment, &c. of day industrial schools.

3.—(1.) If a Secretary of State is satisfied that, owing to the circumstances of any class of population in any parish or burgh, a school in which industrial training, elementary education, and one or more meals a day, but not lodging, are provided for the children, is necessary or expedient for the proper training and control of the children of such class, he may, in like manner as under the Industrial Schools Act, 1866, certify any such school (in this Act referred to as a day industrial school) in the neighbourhood of the said population to be a certified day industrial school.

29 & 30 Vict. c. 118.

(2.) Any child authorised by the Industrial Schools Act, 1866, to be sent to a certified industrial school may, if the court before whom the child is brought think it expedient, be sent to a certified day industrial school; any child sent to a certified day industrial school by an order of a court (other than an attendance order) may during the period specified in the order be there detained during such hours as may be authorised by the rules of the school approved by the said Secretary of State.