comprised in such Lease or Underlease, shall continue and shall subsist upon and against and with regard to such Part so acquired and such Residue respectively in like Manner as if such Part or Residue only had been originally comprised in such Lease or Underlease; and in case such Lease or Underlease shall contain Provisions for Renewal upon Payment of a Fine certain, such Provisions for Renewal shall apply to the Part acquired and the Residue not acquired as aforesaid respectively of the Hereditaments comprised in such Lease or Underlease in the same Manner as if such Part or Residue only had been originally comprised in such Lease or Underlease, and the Fine certain to be paid on any Renewal had been the Fine certain which in the Exoneration or Apportionment shall be expressed to be payable in respect of the same Hereditaments.

How Sums secured by way of Insurance, &c. may be apportioned

V. Sums of Money to be secured by way of Insurance and all other Sums of Money or other Payments or Services may be apportioned or exclusively charged in the same Manner, and with the same Effects in all respects, as are herein provided with respect to the Apportionment or exclusive Charge of Rent.

Act to extend to Cases where Part of Hereditaments are included in Leases, &c.

VI. The Provisions of this Act extend to all Cases where a Part of the Hereditaments included in any Lease or Underlease is to be acquired for the Purposes of any of the Church Building Acts, although no Apportionment of or Exoneration from Rent may take place by reason that no Rent or a Rent only nominal is reserved by the Lease or Underlease.

Act to extend to Contracts for Leases.

VII. The Provisions of this Act relate to Contracts for Leases and Underleases as well as to Leases and Underleases.

Acts herein referred to.

VIII. The Acts herein referred to as the Church Building Acts are the Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of Queen *Victoria*, Chapter Ninety-seven, "to amend the Church Building Acts," and the Acts in that Act enumerated as the Church Building Acts, and also the Act of the Sixth and Seventh Years of Queen *Victoria*, Chapter Thirty-seven, "to make better Provision for the Spiritual Care of populous Parishes."

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act to place Public Statues within the Metropolitan Police District under the Control of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings. [10th *July* 1854.]

'WHEREAS it is expedient that such Public Statues as are herein-after mentioned 'should be under the Control and Superintendence of the Commissioners of Her 'Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, and that such Commissioners should have the 'Powers after mentioned:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Interpretation of Terms.

I. In the Construction of this Act the Words "Metropolitan Police District" shall be understood to describe the District defined under that Name by an Act of Parliament passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George* the Fourth, Chapter Forty-four; the Words "Public Statue" shall be taken to include all the Statues mentioned in the Schedule to this Act, or which may hereafter be erected, either wholly or in part, within any such public Place as after mentioned; the Words "public Place" shall be taken to include any Street, Square, Court, or other like Place within the Metropolitan Police District into or upon or over which there is any Public Right of Ingress, Egress, and Regress, or Thoroughfare.

Commissioners of Works may erect Statues in any public Place, and enclose &c. the same;

II. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or their Workmen or Agents by their Order, by and out of any Monies appropriated or to be appropriated for that Purpose by Parliament, to erect in any public Place any Statue, and to enclose the same and the Pedestal thereof and any surrounding Space with any Fence or Railing, in all respects as they may think fit.

III. It

and may also repair Public Statues, &c.

III. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to restore, amend, or repair any Public Statue, and the Pedestal thereof, and the Fence or Railing surrounding the same, by and with any Monies for that Purpose from Time to Time appropriated by Parliament.

Commissioners of Works may do all Acts necessary for the Erection or Reparation of Public Statues.

IV. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or their Agents or Workmen by their Orders, to do all Acts necessary for the erecting, repairing, restoring, or amending any Public Statue, and also to enter any public Place for the Purpose of erecting any Public Statue, or for restoring, amending, and repairing any Public Statue, and the Railings and other Fences surrounding the same, as the said Commissioners shall think fit, and generally to make, do, execute, and perform all such Acts, Works, Matters, and Things as shall be thought necessary by the said Commissioners or their Agents, for the Erection, Restoration, or Repair of any Public Statue.

No Statue to be erected without Assent of the Commissioners.

V. No Public Statue shall after the passing of this Act be erected in any public Place without the written Assent of the said Commissioners.

For the Punishment of Persons damaging any Public Statue.

VI. Any Person or Persons who shall after the passing of this Act unlawfully and maliciously destroy or damage any Public Statue, or the Ornaments, Railings, or Fences surrounding the same, shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor within the Meaning of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the Eighth and Ninth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Forty-four, and the Provisions of the said Act shall be held to be applicable to the Punishment of any such Offender.

Certain Statues may be transferred to Board of Works, and become Public Statues.

VII. It shall be lawful for the Owners of any Statue not mentioned in the Schedule to this Act, but which is or may be situated within the Metropolitan Police District, with the Assent in Writing of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, to transfer such Statue to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings; and upon the Completion of such Transfer, the Statue so transferred shall be deemed to be a Public Statue within the Intent and Meaning of this Act as fully and effectually as if such Statue had been expressly mentioned in the Schedule hereto.

The SCHEDULE referred to by the above Act.

City of Westminster, Saint Margaret and Saint John.

Statue of King James the Second in Whitehall Gardens, at the Rear of Whitehall Chapel.

Statue to the Right Honourable George Canning, erected in Parliament Square, facing New Palace Yard.

Saint Martin in the Fields and Saint Anne Soho.

Equestrian Statue of King Charles the First at Charing Cross.
Equestrian Statue of King George the Third in Pall Mall East.
Equestrian Statue of King George the Fourth in Trafalgar Square.
Column and Statue to Viscount Nelson, Trafalgar Square.
Equestrian Statue to the Duke of Wellington on the Arch at Hyde Park Corner.

Saint George Hanover Square.

Statue in Hyde Park in Commemoration of the Victories of the Duke of Wellington.

Saint James'.

Statue of King George the Second in Golden Square.

Tower Division.

Statue of the Duke of Wellington on "Tower Green."

Holborn Division. Saffron Hill Liberty. Saint Clements Danes.

Statue of George the Third, in the Quadrangle of Somerset House.

Saint

Saint Andrew's Holborn.

Statue of Queen Anne, situate in Queen Square, Saint George the Martyr.

Saint Marylebone.

Statue of the Duke of Kent, Park Crescent Gardens, Portland Place.

County of Kent, Greenwich.

Statue to His Majesty King George the Second in the Square of the Royal Hospital.

Chelsea.

Statue of King Charles the Second in the Grounds of Chelsea Hospital.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act to enable the Courts of Law in *England*, *Ireland*, and *Scotland* to issue Process to compel the Attendance of Witnesses out of their Jurisdiction, and to give Effect to the Service of such Process in any Part of the United Kingdom. [10th *July* 1854.]

'WHEREAS great Inconvenience arises in the Administration of Justice from the Want of a Power in the Superior Courts of Law to compel the Attendance of Witnesses resident in One Part of the United Kingdom at a Trial in another Part, and the Examination of such Witnesses by Commission is not in all Cases a sufficient Remedy for such Inconvenience:' Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:

Courts of Law in England, Ireland, and Scotland may issue Process to compel the Attendance of Witnesses although not within their Jurisdiction.

I. If, in any Action or Suit now or at any Time hereafter depending in any of Her Majesty's Superior Courts of Common Law at *Westminster* or *Dublin*, or the Court of Session or Exchequer in *Scotland*, it shall appear to the Court in which such Action is pending, or, if such Court is not sitting, to any Judge of any of the said Courts respectively, that it is proper to compel the personal Attendance at any Trial of any Witness who may not be within the Jurisdiction of the Court in which such Action is pending, it shall be lawful for such Court or Judge, if in his or their Discretion it shall so seem fit, to order that a Writ called a Writ of Subpœna ad testificandum or of Subpœna duces tecum or Warrant of Citation shall issue in special Form, commanding such Witness to attend such Trial wherever he shall be within the United Kingdom, and the service of any such Writ of or Process in any Part of the United Kingdom shall be as valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if same had been served within the Jurisdiction of the Court from which it issues.

Statement to be made at Foot of Writ that it is issued by special Order.

II. Every such Writ shall have at Foot thereof a Statement or Notice that the same is issued by the special Order of the Court or Judge, as the Case may be; and no such Writ shall issue without such special Order.

Witnesses making default to be punished by the Courts of the Country in which the Process was served.

III. In case any Person so served shall not appear according to the Exigency of such Writ or Process, it shall be lawful for the Court out of which the same issued, upon Proof made of the Service thereof, and of such Default, to the Satisfaction of the said Court, to transmit a Certificate of such Default under the Seal of the same Court, or under the Hand of One of the Judges or Justices of the same, to any of Her Majesty's Superior Courts of Common Law at *Westminster*, in case such Service was had in *England*, or in case such Service was had in *Scotland* to the Court of Session or Exchequer at *Edinburgh*, or in case such Service was had in *Ireland* to any of Her Majesty's Superior Courts of Common Law at *Dublin*; and the Court to which such Certificate is so sent shall and may thereupon proceed against and punish the Person so having made default in like Manner as they might have done if such Person had neglected or refused to appear in obedience to a Writ of Subpœna or other Process issued out of such last-mentioned Court.

IV. None