payable on admission to the degree of a barrister-at-law in Ireland of a person not previously admitted to that degree in England, and also ten pounds payable for duty on the like admission of a person who has been previously admitted to the said degree in England, shall be paid by the Receiver General of Inland Revenue to the Treasurer of the Society of King's Inn, Dublin, to be applied by him according to the directions of the said society, so that no more than fifty pounds is in any case paid to Exchequer by a person on admission to the said degree in England and afterwards in Ireland, or in Ireland and afterwards in England; and it is just that no more should be paid to Exchequer on admission as an advocate in Scotland, and afterwards to the degree aforesaid in England or Ireland, or on admission to the degree aforesaid in England or Ireland, and afterwards as an advocate in Scotland:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Stamp duties to be paid on admission of an advocate to be a barrister, and vice versâ.

1. No stamp duty shall be payable on admission in England to the degree of barrister-at-law of a person previously duly admitted as an advocate in Scotland, or on admission as an advocate in Scotland of a person previously duly admitted to the degree of barrister-at-law in England, and the stamp duty payable on admission as an advocate in Scotland of a person previously duly admitted to the degree of barrister-at-law in Ireland shall be ten pounds, and the stamp duty payable on admission in Ireland to the degree of barrister-at-law of a person previously duly admitted as an advocate in Scotland shall be ten pounds.

Distinct accounts to be kept of moneys payable to King's Inns, Dublin. 33 & 34 Vict. c. 97. s. 31.

2. A distinct account shall be kept of the moneys payable for duty on the admission to the degree of barrister-at-law in Ireland of persons previously duly admitted as advocates in Scotland, and such moneys shall be paid over by the Receiver General of Inland Revenue to the Treasurer of the Society of King's Inns, in Dublin, to be applied by him according to the directions of the said society.

CHAPTER 20.

An Act to provide for the Exemption of Churches and Chapels in Scotland from Local Rates and Assessment. [30th June 1874.]

WHEREAS by the Act of the twenty-eighth and twenty-ninth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter sixty-two, it is provided that no person shall be rated or be liable to be rated for or to pay any poor rates for or in respect of any church, chapel, meeting-house, or premises in Scotland exclusively appropriated to public religious worship; and that no person shall be liable to any such rates because such church, chapel, meeting-house, or other premises, or any room belonging thereto, or any part thereof, may be used for Sunday or infant schools, or for the charitable education of the poor:

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Churches, chapels, &c. not liable to local rates and assessments.

1. No assessment or rate under any general or local Act of Parliament for any county, burgh, parochial or other local purpose whatsoever, shall be assessed or levied upon or in respect of any church, chapel, meeting-house, or premises in Scotland exclusively appropriated to public religious worship, or upon or in respect of any ground exclusively appropriated as burial ground: Provided also, that such exemption shall continue although such church, chapel, meeting-house, or other premises, or any room belonging thereto, or any part thereof, may be used for Sunday or infant schools, or for the charitable education of the poor.