CHAPTER 14.

An Act to apply the sum of thirteen million three hundred and fifteen thousand three hundred and thirty-four pounds out of the Consolidated Fund to the service of the year ending on the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six.

[21st May 1885.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, towards making good the supply which we have cheerfully granted to Your Majesty in this session of Parliament, have resolved to grant unto Your Majesty the sum hereinafter mentioned; and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Issue of 13,315,334*l.* out of the Consolidated Fund for the service of the year ending 31st March 1886.

1. The Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury for the time being may issue out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and apply towards making good the supply granted to Her Majesty for the service of the year ending on the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, the sum of thirteen million three hundred and fifteen thousand three hundred and thirty-four pounds.

Power to the Treasury to borrow.

2. The Commissioners of the Treasury may borrow from time to time, on the credit of the said sum, any sum or sums not exceeding in the whole the sum of thirteen million three hundred and fifteen thousand three hundred and thirty-four pounds, and shall repay the moneys so borrowed, with interest not exceeding five pounds per centum per annum, out of the growing produce of the Consolidated Fund at any period not later than the next succeeding quarter to that in which the said moneys were borrowed.

Any sum so borrowed shall be placed to the credit of the account of Her Majesty's Exchequer, and shall form part of the said Consolidated Fund, and be available in any manner in which such fund is available.

Short title.

3. This Act may be cited as the Consolidated Fund (No. 3) Act, 1885.

CHAPTER 15.

An Act to assimilate the Law affecting the Registration of Occupation Voters in Counties and Boroughs, and for other purposes. [21st May 1885.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the assimilation of the county and borough occupation franchises should be followed by an assimilation of the registration law applicable to those franchises in counties and boroughs:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Extension to county voters of borough system of registration.

1.—(1.) Subject to the modifications in this Act mentioned, the registration of occupation voters in parliamentary counties shall be conducted in the like manner as the registration of occupation voters in parliamentary boroughs, and the Parliamentary Registration Acts shall apply to parliamentary counties in like manner as they apply to parliamentary boroughs.

(1.) Occupation voters.

(2.) Subject to the modifications in this Act mentioned, the following sections of the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, that is to say,—

(2.) Ownership voters. 41 & 42 Vict. c. 26.

Section nine (relating to the publication of notices at post offices, telegraph offices, and public, municipal, and parochial offices);

Section twenty-seven (relating to objections to the lists of voters);

Section twenty-eight (relating to the duties and powers of revising barristers); and

Section twenty-nine (relating to the power to fine overseers for neglect of duty),

shall apply to the registration of ownership voters in parliamentary counties in like manner as to the registration of occupation voters; but save as aforesaid, nothing in this section shall be deemed to extend to ownership voters any of the provisions of the Parliamentary Registration Acts which relate to boroughs.

(3.) Modifications.

(3.) In the construction of the above-mentioned Acts and sections for the purposes of their application by this section, there shall be made the variations following, and such other variations as are necessary for carrying into effect the said application; that is to say,—

(*a.*) "Parliamentary county" shall be substituted for "parliamentary borough."

(*b.*) "Clerk of the peace" shall, subject as in this Act mentioned, be substituted for "town clerk," save where the context requires a reference to the town clerk of a municipal borough.

(*c.*) Section nine of the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, shall apply only to the publication of notices within parishes situate wholly or partly in an urban sanitary district and not in a parliamentary borough. 41 & 42 Vict. c. 26.

(*d.*) Section sixteen of the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, shall not apply to parliamentary counties, except so far as relates to the registration of persons entitled to vote in respect of a lodger qualification.

(*e.*) Section twenty-one of the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, shall not apply to parliamentary counties.

(*f.*) Any notice required to be given to the town clerk by section twenty-seven of the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, relating to the withdrawal and revival of objections, shall be given in a parliamentary county to the overseers, and not to the clerk of the peace.

Adaptation of Acts as regards lists of county voters.

2.—(1.) For the purpose of the enactments relating to the registration of voters the lists of occupation voters in a parliamentary county shall be deemed to be part of the list of voters in that county, and any person whose name appears in the list of voters may object to the name of any other person therein, in like manner as if he were on the register of voters for the county.

(2.) In the list of voters and register of voters in a parliamentary county there shall be separate lists of—

(*a.*) ownership voters;

(*b.*) occupation voters other than lodgers; and

(*c.*) lodgers.

Alteration of dates.

3.—(1.) In both parliamentary counties and parliamentary boroughs notices of claims and objections shall be given on or before the twentieth day of August, and the twentieth day shall be substituted in the Parliamentary Registration Acts for the twenty-fifth day of August wherever the same occurs.

(2.) The overseers shall, in both parliamentary counties and parliamentary boroughs, on or before the twenty-fifth day of August publish the lists of claims and objections, and deliver to the clerk of the peace and town clerk respectively the papers mentioned in sections nine and nineteen of the Parliamentary Registration Act, 1843; and the twenty-fifth day of August shall be substituted in the Parliamentary Registration Acts for the twenty-ninth day of August and for the first day of September wherever those dates respectively occur, and the first fourteen days after the said twenty-fifth day of August shall be substituted for the first fourteen days of September.

6 & 7 Vict. c. 18.

Amendments as to revision.

4.—(1.) The court for the revision of the lists of voters in a parliamentary county may be held within the same period within which a court may be held for the revision of the lists of voters in a parliamentary borough, and seven days notice of each court shall be sufficient.

(2.) All declarations made in pursuance of section ten of the County Voters Registration Act, 1865, shall be transmitted to the clerk of the peace on or before the twelfth day of September, and such declarations shall be open to inspection, and copies thereof shall be sold, on any day prior to the first day on which a court for the revision of the lists of voters in a parliamentary county can be held.

28 & 29 Vict. c. 36.

(3.) Where a place in a parliamentary county at which a revising barrister for such county is required to hold a court, is an urban sanitary district containing, according to the last published census for the time being, more than ten thousand inhabitants, the revising barrister shall hold at least one evening sitting of his court in such place, and section four of the Revising Barristers Act, 1873, shall apply to such sitting with the substitution of clerk of the peace for town clerk.

36 & 37 Vict. c. 70.

(4.) When it appears to the local authority having power to assign polling places in a parliamentary county that, for the convenience of the voters in some polling district in such county, it is expedient to direct the holding of a revision court in a town near such polling district, although outside the boundary of the said

county, the said authority may direct the revising barrister for the county to hold a revision court in such town.

(5.) The revising barrister need not insert in any list of voters for a parish in a county or borough the names of persons claiming to be inserted in such list, but may revise the list of claimants in like manner as if it were a list of voters, and sign the same as so revised, and deliver it to the clerk of the peace or town clerk as the case requires, and such clerk shall insert in the proper place in the lists of voters the name of each person appearing from the revised list of claimants so signed to be entitled to vote.

(6.) The revising barrister shall, if practicable, complete the revision of the lists of voters for the parishes in one polling district in a parliamentary county, and transmit the same to the clerk of the peace of the county, before proceeding to revise the lists of voters for any parish in another polling district.

(7.) The clerk of the peace shall, as soon as possible, proceed to cause copies of such lists to be printed, and in numbering the names shall prefix the number one to the first name in each polling district, so that there may be a separate series of numbers for each polling district, and such distinctive letter shall be applied to each polling district as may be determined by the local authority creating the polling district, or in default of such determination by the clerk of the peace; and in the case of a poll such letter shall be deemed to be part of the number of the elector, to be marked in manner directed by the Ballot Act, 1872. 35 & 36 Vict. c. 33.

(8.) The clerk of the peace shall, as soon as possible after the receipt of all the revised lists of his county, cause to be made out and printed a separate supplemental list for each polling district, containing the names of all persons whose names do not appear in any list of voters for the parishes in such district, but who have been registered by the revising barrister as entitled to vote at the polling place of such district; and such supplemental list shall be placed at the end of the parish lists in each polling district; and the names therein shall be numbered consecutively after the rest of the lists in such polling district. The clerk of the peace shall add at the end of the register of voters a summary of the number of voters in each polling district.

(9.) Sub-section fourteen of section twenty-eight of the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, shall not apply to parliamentary counties, and in substitution for it the following provisions shall have effect:— 41 & 42 Vict. c. 26.

(*a.*) Where the name of a person appears to be entered more than once as a parliamentary voter on the lists of voters for the same parliamentary county, the revising barrister shall inquire whether such entries relate to the same person, and, on proof that such entries relate to the same person, shall retain one entry and erase the others.

(*b.*) The said person may select the entry to be retained by notice in writing delivered or sent by post to the revising barrister at or before the opening of the first court at which he revises any of the lists in which any of such entries appear, or by application made by such person or on his behalf at the time of the revision of the first of such lists.

(*c.*) If no selection is so made the entry to be retained shall be determined as follows:

(i) if one only of the entries is on the list of ownership voters, that entry shall be retained; and

(ii) if all or none of the entries are on the list of ownership voters, and one of the entries is the place of abode of the voter, the entry in respect of the place of abode shall be retained; and

(iii) in any other case the entry in that one of the lists which is first revised by the revising barrister shall be retained,

and if any such entry to be retained is objected to, the revising barrister shall not finally erase any other entry until the objection to the entry to be retained has been determined by him in favour of the voter.

Provision as to double entries in boroughs.

5.—(1.) Where a person is entered more than once as a parliamentary voter on the lists of voters for the same parliamentary borough, and the revising barrister proceeds in pursuance of subsection fourteen of section twenty-eight of the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, to retain one of such entries for voting, and places against the others a note to the effect that such person is not entitled to vote in respect of the qualification therein contained, and such person has not selected the entry to be retained, the entry to be retained shall be determined as follows:

(*a.*) If one of the entries is on the list of freemen that entry shall be retained;

(*b.*) If neither of the entries is on the list of freemen, and one of the entries is the place of abode of the voter, the entry in respect of the place of abode shall be retained; and

(*c.*) In any other case the entry in that one of the lists which is first revised by the revising barrister shall be retained;

and if any such entry to be retained is objected to, the revising barrister shall not finally place a note against any other entry until the objection to the entry to be retained has been determined by him in favour of the voter.

(2.) Where a parliamentary borough is divided into divisions, and notwithstanding the said provisions of the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, and this Act, the name of a person is entered in the register of parliamentary voters in more than one division in the said parliamentary borough without such note as above in this section mentioned, and one of those entries is his place of abode, he shall be entitled to vote only in that division in which he is registered as a voter in respect of his place of abode, and shall not vote in respect of any other entry.

Saving as to registration of burgesses and voters in parishes in municipal boroughs.

6.—(1.) Subject to the exception herein-after mentioned, where a parish is situate in a municipal borough and not in a parliamentary borough, the registration of occupation voters shall be conducted in manner provided by the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, as applied by this Act, respecting the registration of occupation voters in a parish which is not situate in a municipal borough; and the enrolment of burgesses in the said municipal borough shall be conducted in manner provided by the Municipal Corporations Act, 1882, with respect to municipal boroughs to which the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration

45 & 46 Vict. c. 50.

Act, 1878, does not apply; and revising assessors shall continue to be elected in accordance with the Municipal Corporations Act, 1882, as amended by any Act of the present session with respect to municipal elections.

(2.) But where any part of the area of the said municipal borough was immediately before the dissolution of this present Parliament included in the area of a parliamentary borough, and such parliamentary borough ceased after such dissolution to be a parliamentary borough, then the registration of occupation voters and the enrolment of burgesses in a parish in such municipal borough shall be conducted in like manner, so nearly as may be, as heretofore, and the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, shall apply to the said municipal borough in like manner as heretofore, subject nevertheless as follows:

(*a.*) "Parliamentary county" shall, for the purpose of such application, be substituted for "parliamentary borough."

(*b.*) The lists and register of voters shall be made out alphabetically in like manner as in the rest of the county, but the lists shall be framed in parts for polling districts and wards in such manner that the parts may be conveniently compiled or put together to serve as lists for polling districts or as ward lists.

(*c.*) The overseers of every parish in such municipal borough shall send to the clerk of the peace for the parliamentary county two copies of the lists of voters at the same time at which they send copies to the town clerk, and the lists of voters for a parish in such borough when revised shall be transmitted by the revising barrister to such clerk of the peace, and dealt with by him as with other lists in his county, but, save as aforesaid, the town clerk of the municipal borough shall, until such transmission, act as and be deemed to be the town clerk within the meaning of the Parliamentary Registration Acts and this Act in relation to such parish, and the clerk of the peace shall not act in relation to the registration of occupation voters in such parish.

(*d.*) The lists of occupation voters and burgesses shall be revised by the revising barrister for the parliamentary county in which the municipal borough is situate, and if that borough extends into more parliamentary counties than one, then by the revising barrister for the parliamentary county in which the greater part in extent of such municipal borough is situate, and such revising barrister shall hold a court in the municipal borough.

Clerks of the peace and town clerks.

7.—(1.) Clerks of the peace and town clerks shall send their precepts to the overseers in the present year within twelve days after the passing of this Act, and in any subsequent year on or within seven days before the fifteenth day of April.

(2.) Where a parliamentary county is co-extensive with or comprised in one county quarter sessional area, the clerk of the peace for that area shall, as regards such parliamentary county, be clerk of the peace for the county within the meaning of the Parliamentary Registration Acts and this Act, subject nevertheless to the provisions of section one hundred and one of the Parliamentary Registration Act, 1843, with respect to the town clerk of the borough of

6 & 7 Vict. c. 18.

Newport, Isle of Wight, being deemed and taken to be clerk of the peace for the parliamentary county of the Isle of Wight.

(3.) Where a parliamentary county extends into more county quarter sessional areas than one, the clerk of the peace of each county quarter sessional area shall, in respect of each parish in such parliamentary county which is within his jurisdiction, act as and be deemed to be the clerk of the peace of the county within the meaning of the Parliamentary Registration Acts and this Act, until the lists of voters for such parish have been revised; but the revising barrister shall transmit the revised lists of voters for such parish to the clerk of the peace of the county quarter sessional area which comprises the largest part in extent of the said parliamentary county, and save as aforesaid, such last-mentioned clerk shall, as respects the said parliamentary county, act as, and be deemed to be sole clerk of the peace of the county for the purposes of the Parliamentary Registration Acts and this Act.

Application of 30 & 31 Vict. c. 102. s. 31. as to remuneration of clerks of the peace.

8. Whereas by section thirty-one of the Representation of the People Act, 1867, it was provided that the word "expenses" in sections fifty-four and fifty-five of the Parliamentary Registration Act, 1843, should include and apply to all proper and reasonable fees and charges of any clerk of the peace of any county, or of any town clerk of any city or borough to be thereafter made or charged by him in any year for his trouble, care, and attention in the performance of the services and duties imposed on him by the above-mentioned Acts:

48 & 49 Vict. c. 3.

And whereas doubts may arise as to whether the said section would extend to services and duties imposed upon him by the Representation of the People Act, 1884, or this Act, and it is expedient to remove such doubts: Be it therefore enacted as follows:

Section thirty-one of the Representation of the People Act, 1867, with respect to the remuneration of clerks of the peace and town clerks, shall extend to their duties under the Representation of the People Act, 1884, and this Act.

Divided parishes.

41 & 42 Vict. c. 26.

9. Where a parish is situate partly within and partly without the boundary of a parliamentary county, or of a parliamentary borough, or of a municipal borough, the burgesses of which are enrolled in accordance with the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, the Parliamentary Registration Acts and this Act shall apply as if the several parts of the parish divided by such boundaries were respectively separate parishes, and the overseers of the whole undivided parish were also the overseers of each such separate parish.

Special provisions as to voters in 1885.

10. Any person deemed to be an inhabitant occupier under section three of the Representation of the People Act, 1884, shall be qualified to be registered as if the provisions of that Act had been in force throughout the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, and had been duly carried into effect.

Provision as to voters in respect of 50*l.* rental.

11. A man entitled to be registered as a fifty pounds rental voter shall be registered as an occupation voter and not as an ownership voter, and shall be included in the expression "occupation voter" in this Act, and it shall be the duty of the overseers to insert the name of every fifty pounds rental voter in the list of occupation

voters, and to add "objected" before the name of such voter in the portion of the register relating to ownership voters.

Extension to freeholders of 41 & 42 Vict. c. 26. s. 7. as to the period of qualification.

12. Whereas by section seven of the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, it is provided that every period of qualification for parliamentary voters in parliamentary boroughs which was then computed by reference to the last day of July should be computed by reference to the fifteenth day of July, and the said enactment extends to occupation voters in parliamentary counties, and it is expedient to extend the same enactment to all other voters in parliamentary counties: Be it therefore enacted as follows:

Every period of qualification as defined by the said Act for any voter in a parliamentary county which is now computed by reference to the last day of July shall, instead of being so computed, be computed by reference to the fifteenth day of July.

As to constitution of polling districts.

13.—(1.) Where a parliamentary county is coextensive with or is comprised within one county quarter sessional area, the court of county quarter sessions having jurisdiction in that area shall be the local authority having power to divide such parliamentary county into polling districts within the meaning of the enactments relating to polling districts.

(2.) Where a parliamentary county extends into more county quarter sessional areas than one, the court of county quarter sessions for the area which comprises the largest part in extent of such parliamentary county, shall be the local authority having power to divide such parliamentary county into polling districts.

(3.) Where a parliamentary county extends into more county quarter sessional areas than one, the local authority having power to divide the said county into polling districts shall have power to agree with any other court of quarter sessions having jurisdiction in that area for the constitution of a joint committee to take into consideration the division of such county into polling districts and assigning of polling places to such districts, and shall, after receiving the report of the said committee, make such order thereon as they may think fit.

(4.) The local authority having power to divide any parliamentary county or parliamentary borough into polling districts shall, not later than one month after the passing of this Act, take into consideration the division of such county or borough into polling districts, and, if necessary, in order to make the districts conform with the enactments relating to the division of counties and boroughs into polling districts, shall divide such county and borough, or any division of such borough, anew into polling districts, and (in a county) assign polling places to such districts, in such manner as shall make the districts so conform with the said enactments, measuring the distance therein mentioned along the nearest road, so as to meet the convenience of electors in recording their votes.

(5.) A court of general sessions shall, where necessary for the purposes of this section, be assembled forthwith after the passing of this Act.

As to expenses in case of

14.—(1.) Where any expenses have been incurred, either by the court of county quarter sessions of any county quarter sessional

divided county jurisdiction.

area in dividing a parliamentary county into polling districts, or by the clerk of the peace of any county quarter sessional area under the Parliamentary Registration Acts, or this Act, and such expenses were incurred partly in respect of a locality which does, and partly in respect of a locality (whether a division, liberty, county of a town, or other locality) which does not, contribute to the county rate levied by the court of county quarter sessions of such county quarter sessional area, that court shall apportion the expenses between the localities in the ratio, so nearly as may be, which the number of registered voters in each locality for the time being bear to each other, and the amount apportioned to any such non-contributing locality shall be defrayed out of the county rate or rate in the nature of a county rate levied in such locality; and an order of the said court of county quarter sessions, made on the treasurer or other officer receiving such rate, shall be obeyed by and may be enforced against such treasurer, as if he were the treasurer of the court of county quarter sessions making the order.

(2.) Where a parliamentary borough is situate within the jurisdiction of more than one court of county quarter sessions, and by reason of there being no town council in such borough, the expenses of the town clerk under the Parliamentary Registration Acts and this Act are required to be allowed by the quarter sessions for the county in which such parliamentary borough is situate, such expenses shall be allowed by the court of county quarter sessions within the jurisdiction of which the larger portion of such parliamentary borough in area is situate.

(3.) The receipts of any clerk of the peace under the Parliamentary Registration Acts shall be applied in aid of the rate which bears the expenses of such clerk, and if there is more than one such rate, then of each rate in the proportion in which the expenses are borne by such rates.

Repeal of 2 & 3 Will. 4. c. 45. s. 78.

15. From and after the passing of this Act section seventy-eight of the Act of Parliament passed in the second and third years of the reign of His Majesty King William the Fourth, chapter forty-five, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Provided that no person shall be prevented by any other Act from being registered as a parliamentary voter in respect of his occupation of any chambers or premises in any of the colleges or halls of the Universities of Oxford or Cambridge.

Informations as to persons disqualified by parochial relief.

16. Any person registered as a parliamentary voter in the register of voters for a parish may, by notice in writing delivered or sent to the clerk of the guardians for such parish, or for the union containing such parish, require such clerk to send to him a list giving the names and addresses, as appearing in the books of the guardians and their officers, either of all men of full age, or of all persons who have, during the period specified in the notice, received out of the rates administered by such guardians, either parochial relief or outdoor parochial relief, and at the time of receiving such relief were recorded as resident in the said parish or union, and the clerk of the guardians, on payment of fees after the rate allowed by the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, for returns by registrars of births and deaths, shall send the list with such of the said particulars as are specified in the notice, and the

41 & 42 Vict. c. 26.

relieving officers of the guardians shall give the clerk the information he requires for that purpose, and shall receive from the clerk a reasonable remuneration for so doing, and if any clerk or relieving officer refuses or fails to comply with this section he shall be deemed guilty of a wilful act of commission or omission within the meaning of section ninety-seven of the Parliamentary Registration Act, 1843. 6 & 7 Vict. c. 18.

17. The Acts mentioned in the First Schedule to this Act shall to the extent in the third column of that Schedule mentioned be repealed without prejudice to anything done in pursuance thereof before the passing of this Act. Repeal.

18. The forms and instructions contained in the second and third schedules to this Act shall be used and observed in all cases to which they apply, and shall be substituted in all such cases for the forms, instructions, and directions contained in the schedules to the Parliamentary Registration Act, 1843, the County Voters Registration Act, 1865, the Representation of the People Act, 1867, the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, and the Representation of the People Act, 1884, but a disregard of any form or instruction shall not of itself invalidate any list, notice, or other thing. Enactment of forms, &c. 6 & 7 Vict. c. 18. 28 & 29 Vict. c. 36. 30 & 31 Vict. c. 102. 41 & 42 Vict. c. 26. 48 & 49 Vict. c. 3.

19. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,— Definitions.

The expression "ownership voter" means a person entitled to vote in respect of the ownership of property, whether of freehold, leasehold, or copyhold tenure.

The expression "fifty pounds rental voter" means a person who on the sixth day of December one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four was registered as a voter for a county in pursuance of section twenty of the Reform Act, 1832, in respect of the occupation of any land or tenement for which he was bonâ fide liable to a yearly rent of not less than fifty pounds, and who continues by virtue of section ten of the Representation of the People Act, 1884, to be entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of such occupation. 2 & 3 Will. 4. c. 35.

The expression "occupation voter" means, as regards a parliamentary county, a person entitled to vote in respect of any qualification conferred by the Representation of the People Act, 1884, and as regards a parliamentary borough means a person entitled to vote in respect of any qualification conferred by section five of the Representation of the People Act, 1884, or in respect of a household qualification or a lodger qualification as defined by that Act.

The expression "Parliamentary Registration Acts" means the Parliamentary Registration Act, 1843, and the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, inclusive of any Acts and enactments amending the said Acts, or otherwise relating to revising barristers or to the registration of voters, and of any Acts and enactments relating to rating in so far as they are auxiliary to or deal with the registration of voters. 6 & 7 Vict. c. 18. 41 & 42 Vict. c. 26.

The expression "parliamentary county" means a county returning a member or members to serve in Parliament, and where a county is divided for the purpose of such return means a division of such county.

The expression "court of county quarter sessions" means the justices in general or quarter sessions assembled for any county at large, or riding, or parts of a county at large having a separate commission of the peace and a separate court of quarter sessions, and includes the justices in general or quarter sessions assembled for the Isle of Ely.

The expression "county quarter sessional area" means the area of the jurisdiction as extended by this Act of any court of county quarter sessions, and includes the Isle of Ely; and save as aforesaid, for the purposes of this Act every liberty, county of a city, or county of a town which for the purposes of parliamentary elections forms part of any county at large, riding, or parts shall be deemed to be within the jurisdiction of the court of county quarter sessions and clerk of the peace of such county at large, riding, or parts.

The expression "clerk of the peace for a county quarter sessional area" means the clerk of the peace for such county at large, riding, or parts as aforesaid, and includes the clerk of the peace for the Isle of Ely.

Other expressions in this Act have, unless the context otherwise requires, the same meaning as in the Parliamentary Registration Acts.

Extent and short title of Act.

20. This Act shall not apply to Scotland or Ireland, and may be cited for all purposes as the Registration Act, 1885.

SCHEDULES.

Section 17.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Enactments repealed.

Session and Chapter.	Title.	Part repealed.
6 Vict. c. 18.	The Parliamentary Registration Act, 1843.	Section forty. Schedule A.
28 & 29 Vict. c. 36.	The County Voters Registration Act, 1865.	Section four. Section five. Section twelve. Schedule A.
30 & 31 Vict. c. 102.	The Representation of the People Act, 1867.	So much of section thirty as relates to persons entitled to vote for a county in respect of the occupation of premises other than lodgings.
31 & 32 Vict. c. 58.	The Parliamentary Electors Registration Act, 1868.	Section seventeen. Section nineteen.

Section 18.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

INSTRUCTIONS AND FORMS FOR COUNTIES.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CLERKS OF THE PEACE.

1. Where a parish or township is wholly situate in a parliamentary borough which will at the next general election return a member or mem-

bers to serve in Parliament, or in a municipal borough the whole or part of the area of which was comprised in the area of a parliamentary borough which after the dissolution of the Parliament existing in January in one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five ceases to be a parliamentary borough, the clerk of the peace will omit from his precept and the forms sent to the overseers of such parish or township such parts of the following form of precept and other forms as relate to occupation voters, that is to say, in the precept, paragraphs 3 to 8, 13, 16, 17, 18, 23 to 25, 27 to 29, 34, 37, 41, 42, and so much of paragraphs 1, 33, 38, 39, 43, 44, 45, 46, and 47 as is between asterisks, and Part II. of the forms. Schedule 2.

In the year 1885 the clerk of the peace will omit so much of the precept as relates to the old lodgers list and the forms relating to that list.

If there is no corrupt and illegal practices list the clerk of the peace will omit from the precept and forms all parts relating to it.

2. Where a parish or township is situate partly within and partly without the boundary—

(*a.*) of a parliamentary borough which will at the next general election return a member or members to serve in Parliament; or

(*b.*) of a municipal borough, the whole or part of the area of which was comprised in the area of any such former parliamentary borough as above mentioned,

each such part of a parish is deemed to be a separate parish for the purpose of the precept and these forms, and the clerk of the peace must send to the overseers of such parish or township two precepts, as if that portion of the parish which is within the said boundary were a separate parish from the portion without the said boundary, and must inform the overseers that the lists of all the voters for each of the said portions must be made out separately, and that any reference in either precept to the parish or township means only that portion of the parish or township which is situate inside or outside the said boundary, as the case may be.

3. Where a parish or township is situate in more than one division of a county or in more than one polling district, the clerk of the peace must inform the overseers of such parish or township that the lists of voters for the portion of the parish or township within each division or polling district must be made out separately.

4. The clerk of the peace will send to the overseers of every parish or township such number of copies of the register of voters for the parish or township as are sufficient to comply with the provisions of the precept as to publication, and a copy of each of the following forms for ownership voters, namely, ownership Forms No. 2, No. 3, and No. 6; and a sufficient number of copies of the corrupt and illegal practices list, if any; and when forms relating to occupation voters are sent, a copy of each of the following forms for occupation voters, Form A., Form B., Form C., No. 1 and No. 2, Form D., No. 3, Form E., No. 1, Form K., No. 1 and No. 2, and Form L., No. 1 and No. 2.

5. Each entry for voting on the parliamentary register of every county or division is to be distinguished by a number, either alone or in combination with a letter distinguishing the polling district in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

6. Where the name of a person is entered on any list of voters for a parish, and such person is registered by the revising barrister as entitled to vote in a polling district, other than the polling district comprising such parish, such entry shall in the register be denoted by an asterisk, and no number is to be prefixed to the name of such person in such entry.

Schedule 2.

FORM NO. 1.

FORM OF PRECEPT OF THE CLERK OF THE PEACE TO THE OVERSEERS.

REGISTRATION OF COUNTY VOTERS.

County of } To the overseers of the poor of the parish of
to wit. } [*or* of the township of].

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Acts of Parliament in that behalf, I require your attention to the following instructions respecting the registration of county voters.

Part I. of this precept informs you generally of the persons entitled to be registered as voters, and of the meaning of the expressions used in this precept, and also as to the mode in which you are to make out and publish the lists.

Part II. gives you in order of time the several matters which you are required to do.

PART I.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS EXPLAINING THE PERSONS ENTITLED TO BE REGISTERED, THE MEANING OF THE EXPRESSIONS USED, AND THE MODE OF MAKING OUT AND PUBLISHING THE LISTS.

Definitions.

1. This precept relates to the registration of parliamentary voters for your county [*or* division].* There are two classes of persons entitled to be registered: first, ownership voters; and, secondly, occupation voters.*

Ownership voters.

2. In this precept—

(*a.*) The expression "ownership voters" means persons entitled to be registered as voters in respect of an ownership qualification; that is to say, of the ownership of property, whether of freehold, leasehold, or copyhold tenure, and does not include fifty pounds rental voters.

(*b.*) The expression "ownership portion of the register" means the portion of the register of voters which contains the names of persons entitled to vote in respect of an ownership qualification in your parish [*or* township].

(*c.*) The expression "list of ownership claimants" means the list to be made by you of persons who, on or before the twentieth day of July next shall have claimed to vote in respect of an ownership qualification in your parish [*or* township].

Occupation voters.

3. In this precept the expression "occupation voters" means persons entitled to be registered as voters in respect of,—

(*a.*) a fifty pounds rental qualification as hereafter defined in paragraph 5 of this precept;

(*b.*) a ten pounds occupation qualification as hereafter defined in paragraph 6 of this precept; or

(*c.*) a household qualification as hereafter defined in paragraph 7 of this precept; or

(*d.*) a lodger qualification as hereafter defined in paragraph 8 of this precept.

General qualifications.

4. Every person entitled to be registered as an ownership voter or an occupation voter must be a man of full age and not subject to any legal incapacity, and must not at any time during the twelve months immediately preceding the fifteenth day of July next have received any parochial relief.

Fifty pounds rental qualification.

5. A person entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of a fifty pounds rental qualification—

(*a*) must on the fifteenth day of July next be an occupier as tenant of some land or tenement for which he is bonâ fide liable to a yearly rent of not less than fifty pounds; and

(*b*) must have occupied such land or tenement for the whole of the twelve months immediately preceding the fifteenth day of July next; and Schedule 2.

(*c*) must have been registered as a voter in respect of the said occupation in the register of voters in force during the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

If two or more persons jointly are such occupiers as above mentioned, and the rent is such as to give fifty pounds or more for each occupier, each such occupier, if he was registered in respect of the said occupation aforesaid in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, is entitled to be registered as a voter.

6. A person entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of a ten pounds occupation qualification— Ten pounds occupation qualification.

(*a.*) must on the fifteenth day of July next be, and during the whole twelve months immediately preceding that day have been, an occupier, as owner or tenant, of some land or tenement in your parish [*or* township] of the clear yearly value of not less than ten pounds; and

(*b.*) such person, or some one else, must during those twelve months have been rated to all poor rates made in respect of such land or tenement; and

(*c.*) all sums due in respect of the said land or tenement on account of any poor rate made and allowed during the twelve months immediately preceding the fifth day of January last must have been paid on or before the twentieth day of July next.

If two or more persons, jointly, are such occupiers as above mentioned, and the clear yearly value of the land or tenement is such as to give ten pounds or more for each occupier, two of such occupiers are entitled to be registered as voters; but no more are so entitled (unless they derived the property by descent, succession, marriage, marriage settlement, or devise, or) unless they are bonâ fide engaged as partners carrying on trade or business thereon, in any of which cases all may be registered, if the clear yearly value is sufficient to give ten pounds for each occupier. See 30 & 31 Vict. c. 102. s. 27.

If a person has occupied different lands or tenements in your division [*or* county] of the requisite value in immediate succession during the said twelve months he is entitled in respect of the occupation thereof to be registered as a voter in the parish [*or* township] in which the last occupied land or tenement is situate.

7. A person entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of a household qualification— Household qualification.

(*a.*) must on the fifteenth day of July next be, and for the whole twelve months immediately preceding that day (except the time (if any) not exceeding four months during which he has permitted the house to be occupied as a furnished house), have been, an inhabitant occupier of some dwelling-house in your parish [*or* township], or of some part of a house separately occupied as a dwelling; and

(*b.*) such person or some one else must during those twelve months have been rated to all poor rates made in respect of the said dwelling-house; and

(*c.*) all sums due in respect of the said dwelling-house on account of any poor rate made and allowed during the twelve months immediately preceding the fifth day of January last must have been paid on or before the twentieth day of July next.

If two or more persons are joint occupiers of a dwelling-house no one of them is entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of a household qualification in respect thereof, though if the value is sufficient, one or more of them may be entitled under paragraph 6 above.

If a person has occupied different dwelling-houses in your division [*or* county] in immediate succession during the said twelve months he is entitled in respect of the occupation thereof to be registered as a voter in

Schedule 2.

the parish [*or* township] in which the last occupied dwelling-house is situate.

If a person inhabits a dwelling-house by virtue of any office, service, or employment, and the dwelling-house is not inhabited by any person under whom such man serves in such office, service, or employment, he is to be considered as an inhabitant occupier of that dwelling-house.

Lodgers qualification.

8. A person entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of a lodger qualification—

(*a.*) must have claimed to be registered; and

(*b.*) must have occupied separately as a lodger for the whole twelve months immediately preceding the fifteenth day of July next, lodgings, being part of one and the same dwelling-house in your parish [*or* township], and being of a clear yearly value, if let unfurnished, of ten pounds or upwards; and

(*c.*) must have resided in such lodgings during the said twelve months.

If two or more persons are joint lodgers, and the value of the lodgings is such as to give ten pounds or more for each lodger, two of such persons but no more are entitled to be registered as voters.

If a person has occupied different lodgings of the requisite value in the same house in immediate succession, he is entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of the occupation thereof.

Mode of making out Lists.

Alphabetical order.

9. Each list must be made out in alphabetical order.

Entry of names, &c.

10. In making out the lists of voters you are to state the surname and other name or names of each person at full length, the surname being placed first.

11. In making out the list of claimants the surname and other names of every claimant, with the place of his abode, the nature of his qualification, and either the locality or other description of the qualifying property, or the name of the occupying tenant, must be entered in the list according as the same is stated in the claim.

12. In every list the place of abode should be entered with the name (if any) of the street, lane, or other locality, and the number (if any) in such street, lane, or other locality, and such entry should be made in all cases in such a manner as will afford a full and sufficient address for a person entered, if a letter is addressed to him by post.

Entry of nature of qualification.

13. In the case of occupation voters the nature of the qualification should be entered as nearly as possible in the words of the statute conferring the franchise, for instance:—

(*a.*) The nature of the fifty pounds rental qualification or ten pounds occupation qualification of a person should be stated thus, "tenement" or "land," or "land and tenement," or, in the case of a joint occupation, "tenement (joint)" or "land (joint)," or, in the case of successive occupation, "tenement (successive)" or "land (successive)":

(*b.*) The nature of a household qualification should be stated thus, "dwelling-house," or in the case of successive occupation, "dwelling-house (successive)."

Where the same property constitutes both a ten pounds occupation qualification and a household qualification the nature of the qualification should be entered as "dwelling-house."

If the description indicates the nature of the qualification, as, for instance, if a ten pounds occupation qualification consists of a house and is entered as a dwelling-house, such description will be sufficient.

Any description of the nature of the qualification further than that above mentioned is superfluous and should not be given.

Entry of qualifying property.

14. The description of any qualifying property should specify the name and situation of that property, and for that purpose should state either the name (if any) of the street, lane, or other locality, and the number (if any)

in such street, lane, or other locality, or the name of the occupying tenant; and the description of the qualifying property should in all cases be such as will afford full and sufficient means of identifying such property. Schedule 2.

15. Where several qualifications are possessed by the same person, the particulars respecting each qualification should be stated in the list. Several qualifications.

16. You should omit from the occupiers list (mentioned in paragraph thirty-four, sub-paragraph (*a*), of this precept) the name of any person— Omissions of dead and disqualified.

(*a.*) whom from the returns furnished by the registrar of births and deaths or from your own knowledge you know to be dead; or

(*b.*) who is not qualified by reason of the nonpayment of rates; or

(*c.*) who is disqualified by reason of having received parochial relief; or

†(*d.*) whose name is entered in the corrupt and illegal practices list.† †Omit (*d.*) where there is no corrupt and illegal practices list.

17. In making out the old lodgers list (mentioned in paragraph thirty-four, sub-paragraph (*b*), of this precept), if you have reason to believe that any person whose name is entered on that list is dead, or is not entitled to be registered, you should make a note to that effect in the margin of the list. Objections in old lodgers list.

18. The registrars of births and deaths are required to send to you periodically returns of the names and residences of all male persons of full age dying within your parish [*or* township], and you must examine those returns to see whether any person who otherwise would appear in the list of voters is dead, and you are to pay the registrar, as part of your expenses connected with registration, a fee of twopence for each return, and a further fee of twopence for every death entered in such returns. Registrars returns.

Publication and Inspection.

19. The manner in which you are required to publish the ownership portion of the register and the lists, notices, and documents, directed by this precept to be published is as follows; (that is to say,) you are to fix a copy thereof (each copy being first signed by you)— Publication of lists, &c.

(*a.*) on or near the outside of the outer door or of the outer wall near the door of every church and public chapel in your parish [*or* township], including chapels which do not belong to the Established Church; or

(*b.*) if there is no such church or chapel, then in some public or conspicuous situation in your parish [*or* township]; and

(*c.*) if your parish [*or* township] is wholly or partly situate in an urban sanitary district and not in a parliamentary borough, then in or near every public or municipal or parochial office in your parish [*or* township], and (having first obtained the authority of the local postmaster, or if he refuses, of the Postmaster-General,) in some public and conspicuous position in or near every post office and telegraph office occupied by or on behalf of the Postmaster-General.

20. Everything so published must remain there during a period including two consecutive Sundays at least next after the first day of publication, and if you find any portion of a register, list, notice, or other document published by you in pursuance of this precept to be destroyed, mutilated, defaced, or removed, you are forthwith to place another to the same effect in its place.

21. Where this precept directs you during any period to allow any copy of a portion of a register, list, notice, or other document to be open to public inspection, and to deliver copies thereof, you will permit such copy, list, notice, or document to be perused by every person desirous of perusing it, at any time between the hours of ten of the clock in the forenoon and four of the clock in the afternoon of any day, except Sunday, during the said period, without payment or demand of any fee; and you are also to deliver a written or printed copy of it, signed by you, to every person applying for the same during the said period, on payment of a price for such copy after the following rate:— Inspection and delivery of copies.

Schedule 2.

For any list or copy of a list containing any number of persons names—

	s.	d.
Not exceeding 100 names - - - - -	0	6
Exceeding 100 and not exceeding 200 - -	1	0
Exceeding 200 and not exceeding 300 - -	1	6
Exceeding 300 and not exceeding 400 - -	2	0
Exceeding 400 - - - - -	2	6

22. You must allow any person who is registered as a parliamentary voter for your division [*or* county] to inspect at all reasonable times, free of charge,—

(*a*) the books containing the poor rates made for your parish [*or* township] within the last two years, and to make a copy of or take an extract from such books; and

(*b*) the returns of deaths sent to you by the registrars of births and deaths.

PART II.

THINGS TO BE DONE IN ORDER OF DATE.

Notices and Inquiries.

April and May. In 1885 paragraphs 23–25 may be omitted.

23. In the months of April and May, or one of them, you are to inquire or ascertain with respect to all property in your parish [*or* township] which comprises any dwelling-house (including under the term any part of a house separately occupied as a dwelling), whether any man, other than the owner or other person rated or liable to be rated in respect of such property is entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of a household qualification by reason of his being an inhabitant occupier of such dwelling-house, and you are to enter in the rate book in a separate column, added for the purpose, the name of every man so entitled and the situation or description of the dwelling-house in respect of which he is entitled.

If any property, whether by reason of belonging to the Crown or otherwise, is not rated, you must act under this paragraph in the same manner as if it were rated.

24. For the purpose of your inquiry you are at liberty to serve on any person who is the occupier or rated or liable to be rated in respect of any property, or on some agent of such person concerned in the management of such property, a requisition according to the form marked A. among the forms sent herewith. You may serve the requisition by giving it to the person by whom it is to be observed, or by leaving it at his last or usual place of abode or with some person on the property, and in case no such person can be found, then by affixing the requisition in some conspicuous part of the property; and where the property is occupied by a company or other body of persons you may serve the requisition on the secretary or agent of the company or body of persons; and if the property belongs to the Crown or is not rated, you may serve it on the chief local officer having the superintendence or control of the property. A person who fails to comply with the requisition is liable, on summary conviction, to a fine of forty shillings.

25. In making the inquiries directed by the last two paragraphs you will observe the following directions:—

(*a*) if you know that any man who is not rated has occupied a dwelling-house since the fifteenth day of July last you should enter the name of that man in the rate book as mentioned in paragraph twenty-three of this precept, without serving any requisition on the occupier or other person rated.

(*b*) you should not serve the requisition on the occupier or owner of any property unless you have reasonable ground to believe that there is some inhabitant occupier of such property, who is entitled to vote, besides the person on whom the requisition is served.

26. On or before the twentieth day of June next you are to publish in manner directed by paragraph 19 of this precept the ownership portion (but not any other portion) of the register for your parish [*or* township] a copy of which is sent herewith, together with a notice, signed by you, according to the form marked No. 2, among the printed forms sent herewith, but such copy and notice are not to remain published after the twenty-fifth day of July next. Schedule 2. 20th June.

27. On or before the twentieth day of June next you are to publish, in manner directed by paragraph 19 of this precept, a notice signed by you according to the form marked B. among the printed forms sent herewith. 20th June.

28. Where any sum on account of a poor rate made and allowed during the twelve months next before the fifth day of January last is on the first day of June next due in respect of any property in your parish [*or* township] capable of conferring the franchise for the said county in respect of a ten pounds occupation or household qualification, you are, on or before the twentieth day of June next, to give to every occupier of that property a notice (in the Form C. (No. 1) sent herewith), by delivering it to such occupier, or leaving it at his last or usual place of abode, or with some person on the property in respect of which the rate is payable, and in case no such person can be found, then by affixing the notice upon some conspicuous part of such property. 20th June.

You need not give this notice if the rate has been previously duly demanded of such occupier by a demand note served in the like manner as the last-mentioned notice, but you must serve the notice on every occupier of that property who will, if the rate is paid, be entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of the occupation thereof.

29. If the sum due on account of poor rate as above mentioned in respect of any property is not paid on or before the twentieth day of July next, all occupiers of that property are disqualified from being entered in any list of occupation voters; and on or before the twenty-second day of July next you are to make out (in the Form C. No. (2) sent herewith) a list containing the name of every person so disqualified; and you are to keep that list and, during the first fourteen days after the said twenty-second day of July, are to allow it to be open to public inspection, and to deliver copies thereof in accordance with paragraph 21 of this precept. 22nd July.

30. On or before the twenty-fifth day of July next you will remove the copy of the register published as directed by paragraph 26 of this precept. 25th July.

31. On or before the last day of July next you are to ascertain from the relieving officer acting for your parish [*or* township] the names of all persons who are disqualified from being inserted in the lists of voters for your parish [*or* township], by reason of having received parochial relief, and the relieving officer upon your application is bound to produce to you at such place in your parish [*or* township] and at such times as are required by you the books in his possession, containing the names of such persons. 31st July.

Lists of Voters.

32. On or before the last day of July next you are to make out, in manner directed by paragraphs 9 to 15 of this precept, the list of ownership claimants, that is to say, a list (in the form No. 3 sent herewith) of all persons who, on or before the twentieth day of July next, have delivered or sent to you or any one of you their claims to be registered as county voters in respect of an ownership qualification, situate wholly or in part within your parish [*or* township]. 31st July.

33. On or before the last day of July next you are to add on the margin of one copy of the ownership portion of the register for your parish [*or* township] sent herewith, and on the margin of the list of ownership claimants, the word "objected" before the name of every person therein whom you have reasonable cause to believe to be not entitled to be registered in the ownership portion of the new register about to be made, and 31st July.

Schedule 2.

the word "dead" before the name of every person therein whom you have reason from the returns sent by the registrars of births and deaths or from your own knowledge to believe to be dead.

If it appears to you that any person is entered in the ownership portion of the register for your parish [*or* township] in respect of a fifty pounds rental qualification you will add the word "objected" before the name of such person,* and will insert his name in the occupiers list.*

31st July.

34. On or before the last day of July next you are to make out in manner directed by paragraphs 9 to 17 of this precept the following lists of voters :—

(*a.*) The occupiers list, that is to say, a list (in the Form E. No. 1 sent herewith) of all persons entitled by reason of the occupation of property situate wholly or partly within your parish [*or* township] to be registered as voters in respect of a fifty pounds rental, a ten pounds occupation, or a household qualification as defined in paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 of this precept ; and

Sub.-Par. (*b.*) does not apply in 1885, and must be omitted, and the language of the previous part of the paragraph must be altered accordingly, and Form D. (No. 3) need not be sent.

(*b.*) The old lodgers list, that is to say, a list (in the Form D. (No. 3) sent herewith) of all persons who, being on the register of voters now in force for your division [*or* county] in respect of residence in lodgings within your parish [*or* township] have, on or before the twenty-fifth day of July next, given or caused to be given to you, or any one of you, claims to have their names inserted in the lists of voters in respect of residence in the same lodgings.

1st August.

35. On or before the first day of August next you are to sign one of the copies of the ownership portion of the register for your parish [*or* township] sent herewith, and the said list of ownership claimants, and to cause a sufficient number of copies of such list to be written or printed, and to publish the said portion of the register with your marginal additions and the said list signed by you in your parish [*or* township] in manner directed by paragraph 19 of this precept.

36. You are also to keep a copy signed by you of the said list, and a copy of the ownership portion of the register, with your marginal additions thereon signed by you, and during the first fourteen days after you have published them are to allow them to be open to public inspection, and to deliver copies thereof in accordance with paragraph 21 of this precept.

1st August.

* Omit in 1885.

37. On or before the first day of August next you are to sign the occupiers list *and old lodgers list* (if any) and to cause a sufficient number of copies of such lists to be written or printed, and to publish the said lists signed by you in your parish [*or* township] in manner directed by paragraph 19 of this precept.

† If there is no corrupt and illegal practices list, the paragraph and words relating to it must be omitted.

38. †You are also to publish the corrupt and illegal practices list which is sent herewith, at the same time and in the same manner as you publish the list of ownership claimants, *and also at the same time and in the same manner as you publish the occupiers and old lodgers lists.*

39. You are to keep a written or printed copy of* each of the occupiers and old lodgers lists (if any) which you have made, signed by you,† and also of* the corrupt and illegal practices list,† and during the first fourteen days after the publication thereof are to allow them to be open to public inspection, and to deliver copies thereof in accordance with paragraph 21 of this precept.

Claims and Objections.

25th August.

40. On or before the twenty-fifth day of August next you are to make out (in accordance with paragraphs 9 to 15 of this precept, and according to the Form No. 6 sent herewith) a list of ownership voters objected to that is to say, a list containing the name of every person whose name is entered in the ownership portion of the register or list of ownership claimants, against whom a notice of objection has been given to you or any one of you, on or before the twentieth day of August next.

41. On or before the twenty-fifth day of August next you are also to make out (in accordance with paragraphs 9 to 17 of this precept and according to the Form L. sent herewith) occupiers and lodgers objection lists, that is to say, lists containing the name of every person against whom a notice of objection has been given to you, or any one of you, on or before the twentieth day of August next, as not being entitled to have his name retained in the occupiers list or old lodgers list for your parish [*or* township], giving in separate lists the objections made to— Schedule 2. 25th August.

(*a.*) any person on the occupiers list; and

(*b.*) any person on the old lodgers list.

42. On or before the twenty-fifth day of August next you are to make out (in accordance with paragraphs 9 to 17 of this precept and according to the Form K. sent herewith) occupiers and lodgers claim lists, that is to say, lists containing the name of every person who has given or caused to be given to you, or any one of you, on or before the twentieth day of August next, notice of his claim to be registered in any list of voters for your parish [*or* township] in respect of a fifty pounds rental, ten pounds occupation, household, or lodger qualification, making separate lists of— 25th August.

(*a.*) persons claiming to be registered in the occupiers list; and

(*b.*) persons claiming to be registered as lodgers but not comprised in the old lodgers list.

43. On or before the twenty-fifth day of August next you are to sign and publish in the manner directed by paragraph 19 of this precept a copy of the list made by you in pursuance of paragraph 40 of this precept,* and of every list made by you in pursuance of paragraphs 41 and 42 of this precept.* 25th August.

44. You are to keep a copy of *each* such list signed by you, and during the fourteen days next after the twenty-fifth day of August next are to allow the same, and also the original notices of claims and objections, to be open to public inspection, and to deliver copies thereof, in accordance with paragraph 21 of this precept.

45. On or before the twenty-fifth day of August next you are to deliver to me— 25th August.

(*a.*) the list of ownership claimants signed by you;

(*b.*) the copy of the ownership portion of the register (sent herewith), with your marginal additions signed by you;

(*c.*) a copy of the list of ownership voters objected to, signed by you;

*(*d.*) two copies of the occupiers and old lodgers lists; and

(*e.*) a copy of each of the occupiers and lodgers claim and objection lists so made out and signed by you as aforesaid.*

46. You are also to make lists of persons claiming to be omitted from the corrupt and illegal practices list (sent herewith), and of persons objected to on the ground that they are omitted from the corrupt and illegal practices list, and you will deal with such lists, claims, and objections in the same manner in all respects— Omit this paragraph if there is no corrupt or illegal practices list.

(*a.*) if the person is on the ownership portion of the register, or on the list of ownership claimants, as is directed by paragraphs 32, 33, 40, 43, 44, and 45 of this precept, respecting claims and objections in relation to an ownership qualification*; and

(*b.*) in any other case as is directed by paragraphs 41 to 45 of this precept respecting claims and objections in relation to the lists of occupation voters,*

but any list made under this paragraph must be kept separate from any other list.

Attendance upon Revising Barrister.

47. You are to attend the court to be holden by the revising barrister for the revision of the lists of voters for your parish [*or* township]; and notice will be sent you of the time and place of holding such court. September.

Schedule 2.

You are, at such court, to deliver to the revising barrister holding it the following documents,—

(*a.*) all the original notices of claims and objections received by you;

(*b.*)* the occupiers and old lodgers lists;

(*c.*) the occupiers and lodgers claim and objection lists made out and signed by you; and *

(*d.*) all notices of the withdrawal or revival of objections received by you,

* and you are there to produce the rate books of your parish [*or* township] containing the poor rates made and allowed during the period between the 5th day of January in last year and the 15th day of July next.*

If you fail to comply with this precept you will be liable to the penalties in that case provided.

Given under my hand this day of .

(Signed) *A.B.*

Clerk of the peace for the county of

GENERAL FORMS.

PART I.

FORMS FOR OWNERSHIP VOTERS.

Note.—The following forms No. 2 to No. 7 refer only to ownership voters.

FORM NO. 2.

NOTICE as to OWNERSHIP CLAIMS to be given by the OVERSEERS.

WE hereby give notice, that all persons entitled to be registered as parliamentary voters for the [division of the] county of in respect of the ownership (whether freehold, copyhold, or leasehold) of any property situate wholly or in part within this parish [*or* township], who are not upon the register of voters now in force, or who, being upon the register, do not retain the same qualification or continue in the same place of abode as described in such register, and who are desirous to have their names inserted in the register of voters about to be made for the said county [*or* division], are hereby required to give or send to us or any of us, on or before the twentieth day of July in this year, a notice in writing signed by them, in which their name and surname at full length, their place of abode, and the particulars of their qualification, must be legibly written, according to the form hereunder set forth.

Any person who is upon the present register in respect of such ownership of property as above mentioned may also make his claim, if he thinks fit; but it is not necessary that he should do so if he has the same qualification and place of abode now described in the register.

Dated this day of June in the year .

(Signed) *A.B.* } Overseers of the parish
C.D. } [*or* township] of .

FORM of NOTICE OF CLAIM to be given to OVERSEERS by CLAIMANTS in respect of OWNERSHIP.

To the overseers of the parish [*or* township] of .

I hereby give you notice, that I claim to be inserted in the list of parliamentary voters for the [division of the] county of

and that the particulars of my place of abode and qualification are stated in the columns below. Schedule 2.

Dated the day of in the year .

(Signed) *G.H.*

Name of the Claimant at full Length, the Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property.

Note.—The description should specify the street, lane, or other like place in the parish [*or* township] (if any), and number of house (if any), where the property is situate, or name of the property, if known by any, or name of the occupying tenant; or if the qualification consists of a tithe rentcharge, of the name of the rectory, vicarage, chapelry, or benefice to which the rentcharge belongs, and if it consists of any other rentcharge, then the names of the owners of the property out of which such rent is issuing, or some of them, and the situation of the property, and a statement of the registration of the claimant in respect of such rentcharge in the register in force in the year 1884.

FORM NO. 3.

FORM OF LIST OF OWNERSHIP CLAIMANTS.

County of to wit } The list of persons claiming to be entitled to be registered as parliamentary voters for the [division of the] county of , in respect of the ownership of property situate in whole or in part within the parish [*or* township] of .

Margin for entering Overseers Objections.	Name of each Voter at full Length, the Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property.

(Signed) *A.B.* } Overseers of the said parish
C.D. } [*or* township].

Note.—In this form the particulars are to be copied from the claim sent in.

Overseers must insert in the foregoing list the name of the Parliamentary Division in which their parish is situate.

Schedule 2.

FORM NO. 4.

NOTICE of OBJECTION to OWNERSHIP VOTERS to be given to the OVERSEERS.

To the overseers of the parish [*or* township] of .

I hereby give you notice that I object to the name of the person mentioned and described below being retained in the list of ownership voters for the [division of the] county of .

Name of the Voter objected to as described in the Register or List of Ownership Claimants.	Place of Abode as described.	Nature of Qualification as described.	Description of Qualifying Property as given in the Register or List of Ownership Claimants.

Dated the day of in the year .

(Signed) *A.B.*
[*Place of Abode.*]

FORM NO. 5.

Form (a).

NOTICE of OBJECTION to be given to Persons whose Names are in the Ownership portion of the Register when objected to by any Person other than Overseers, and to the occupying Tenant of the qualifying Property, where notice is required to be given to the occupying Tenant.

To Mr. of [*here insert the name and place of abode of the person objected to as described in the register, and in the case of notice to the tenant of the qualifying property insert his name and place of abode as described in the register*].

Take notice that I object to your name [*in the notice to the tenant instead of the words* "your name," *insert the name of the person objected to*] being retained in the [*here insert the name of the parish or township*] list of ownership voters for the [division of the] county of .

And I ground my objection,
on the 1st column of the register,
or on the 2nd column,
or on the 3rd column,
and the objection relates
to the nature of your interest [*in the notice to the tenant instead of the words* "your interest," *insert* "the interest of," *here insert the name of the person objected to,*] in the qualifying property;
or to the value of the qualifying property
or on the 4th column.

Dated this day of one thousand eight hundred and .

Signed *A.B.* of [*place of abode*],
on the register [*or* list]
of voters for the parish [*or* township]
of .

Schedule 2.

Form (*b*).

NOTICE of OBJECTION to be given to Persons whose names are on the list of ownership claimants objected to by any Person other than Overseers, and to the occupying Tenant of the qualifying Property, where notice is required to be given to the occupying Tenant.

To Mr. of [*here insert the name and place of abode of the person objected to as described in the list, and in the case of notice to the tenant of the qualifying property insert his name and place of abode as described in the list*].

Take notice that I object to your name [*in the notice to the tenant instead of the words* "your name," *insert the name of the person objected to*] being retained in the [*here insert the name of the parish or township*] list of ownership voters for the [division of the] county of .

Dated this day of one thousand eight hundred and .

(Signed) *A.B.* of [*place of abode*], on the register [*or* list] of voters for the parish [*or* township] of .

FORM No. 6.

LIST of PERSONS objected to as OWNERSHIP VOTERS to be published by the OVERSEERS.

The following persons have been objected to as not being entitled to have their names retained in the [*name of parish or township*] list of ownership voters for the [division of the] county of .

Name of each Person objected to at full Length, the Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of the supposed Qualification.	Description of qualifying Property as given in the Register or List of Ownership Claimants.

(Signed) *A.B.* } Overseers of the parish [*or* township] of .
C.D. }

Note.—In this form copy particulars from Register of Voters or ownership list of claimants.

FORM No. 7.

FORM OF DECLARATION by VOTER as to his Place of Abode.

I, *A. B.*, of [*place of abode*] on the list of ownership voters for the parish [*or* township] of , in the [division of the] county of , do solemnly and sincerely declare that I possessed on the last day of June now last past the same qualification in respect of which my name has been inserted in such list, and that my true place of abode is now .

(Signed) *A.B.*
[*Place of abode.*]

Made and subscribed before me, the day of in the year . *C.D.*
[*Signature of justice, &c.*]
[*Statement of his quality as justice, &c.*]

Schedule 2.

PART II.

FORMS FOR OCCUPATION VOTERS.

Note,—The following forms (A.) to (O.) refer only to occupation voters.

This Form should be omitted in 1885.

FORM (A.)

FORM OF REQUISITION by OVERSEERS requiring NAMES of INHABITANT OCCUPIERS.

To *E.F.*

You are hereby required to fill up accurately the under-written form.

If this form is not returned to us [*or* me], accurately filled up, within twenty-one days after the service hereof, you will be liable, under the Representation of the People Act, 1884, to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings.

Dated this day of 18 .

A.B.
C.D.

Overseers [*or* assistant overseer] for the parish [*or* township] of .

Form of Return.

1.	2.	3.
Property in respect of which the Person making the Return is rated [*or* liable to be rated, *or* Occupier].	Situation or Description of every Dwelling-house, as defined by the Representation of the People Acts, forming part of the Property in the First Column.	Surname and other Name of every Man who was on the fifteenth day of July last, and has been up to the date of the Return, an Inhabitant Occupier of any Dwelling-house in the Second Column.

I declare that the above is a true and complete return.

(Signed) *E.F.*

Dated the day of 18 .

Note.—The description of the property in the first column should be a copy from the rate book, and should be filled in by the overseers, and if it is a house numbered in a street should specify the street and number.

Such of the following instructions as are suitable should be annexed to the form, with such alterations, if any, as the overseers think necessary for adapting them to the circumstances of the parish or of the property to which the notice refers.

INSTRUCTIONS for filling up a FORM.

Instructions where Property consists of several Buildings; for instance, Cottages let by the Owner.

In the second column insert "cottage in Lane," or otherwise describe its locality.

In the third column insert, opposite to the description of the cottage in the second column, the name of the man who now inhabits it, and has inhabited it since the fifteenth day of July last.

If it has not been so inhabited state so, or omit the cottage from the second column.

The head of the family alone is considered to be the occupier.

Instructions in case of what is commonly called the Service Franchise. Schedule 2.

The dwelling-house in the second column may be either—

(*a.*) A separate house—for example, a schoolmaster's house ; or

(*b.*) A part of a dwelling-house separately occupied as a dwelling—for example, a room or rooms over a stable, or caretaker's rooms in an office.

If it is a separate house, insert in the second column, "house in Road," or otherwise describe its locality.

If it is a part of a dwelling-house, insert in the second column "rooms over stable," "basement of office," "rooms over shop," or otherwise specify the locality of the room or rooms.

In the third column insert, opposite to the description of the dwelling-house in the second column, the name of the man who now inhabits it, and has inhabited it since the fifteenth day of July last.

If it has not been so inhabited state so, or omit the dwelling-house from the second column.

In filling up the return it must be recollected that, under the Representation of the People Acts,—

(*a.*) In the case of a man who inhabits by reason of any office, service, or employment, if the same house is inhabited by any person under whom such man serves in his office, service, or employment, such man is not considered a separate inhabitant occupier ; for example, a butler occupying rooms in his master's house is not such an occupier, although, if he occupied rooms over a detached building, such as a laundry, he might be such an occupier ;

(*b.*) The head of the family alone is considered to be the occupier.

Instructions in the case of a House let in separate Tenements.

The dwelling-house in the second column may be any room or rooms in the house which are separately occupied as a dwelling.

Insert in the second column the position of the room or rooms occupied ; for example, "first floor, front room."

In the third column insert, opposite to the description of the room or rooms in the second column, the name of the man who now inhabits it or them, and has so inhabited since the fifteenth day of July last.

If any room or rooms have not been so inhabited state so, or omit the room or rooms from the second column.

In filling up the return it must be recollected that, under the Representation of the People Acts,—

(*a.*) A man who occupies separately any room or rooms in a house must be entered, although he is entitled to the joint use of some other part of the house ; for example, a man occupying separately the first floor front rooms, and having joint use of a wash-house, must be entered :

(*b.*) The head of the family alone is considered to be the occupier.

If the landlord of a house let out in separate tenements lives in the house, he must not return the names of the occupiers of tenements in that house.

FORM (B.)

NOTICE as to RATES to be Published by the OVERSEERS.

[division of the] county of
to wit.

We hereby give notice that no person will be entitled to have his name inserted on any list of parliamentary voters for the said division [*or* county], now about to be made in respect of the occupation as a ten pounds occupier or inhabitant occupier of any premises situate wholly or partly within this parish [*or* township], unless all sums which have become due in respect of those

Schedule 2.

premises on account of any poor rate made and allowed during the twelve calendar months next preceding the fifth day of January last past have been duly paid on or before the twentieth day of July next.

Dated the day of June 18 .

(Signed) *A.B.* } Overseers of the parish [*or* township]
C.D. } of .

FORM (C.)

No. 1.

NOTICE as to RATES to be SERVED by OVERSEERS.

To *A.B.*

[division of the] county of .

Take notice that you will not be entitled to have your name inserted in the list of parliamentary voters for the said division [*or* county] now about to be made in respect of the occupation as a ten pounds occupier or inhabitant occupier of the premises in your occupation in [*street or place*], unless on or before the twentieth day of July next all sums due in respect of those premises on account of any poor rate made and allowed during the twelve calendar months next preceding the fifth day of January last, amounting to £ are duly paid.

Dated the day of June 18 .

(Signed) *C.D.* } Overseers
E.F. }

of the parish [*or* township] of .

No. 2.

FORM of LIST of NAMES of PERSONS

Disqualified for being registered in respect of a ten pounds occupation or household qualification by nonpayment of the rates due in respect of the premises named herein.

Names of Persons in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Premises.	Person actually Rated in respect of Premises.

FORM (D.)

No. 3.—OLD LODGERS LIST.

In 1885 Form D. No. does not apply and should not be sent.

The persons who being on the register of parliamentary voters now in force for the [division of the] county of in respect of residence in lodgings within the parish [*or* township] of claim, in respect of residence in the same lodgings, to have

their names inserted in the list of parliamentary voters for the said [division *or*] county. Schedule 2.

Names of Claimants in full, Surname being first.	Description of Rooms occupied, and whether Furnished or not.	Street, Lane, or other Place, and Number, if any, of House in which Lodgings are situate.	Name and Address of Landlord or other Person to whom Rent is paid.	Margin for Objections by Overseers.

(Signed) *A.B.* } Overseers of the parish [*or*
C.D. } township] of .

FORM (E.)

FORM OF OCCUPIERS LIST.

List of the persons entitled to be registered as parliamentary voters for the [division of the] county of in respect of the inhabitant occupation of a dwelling-house, or of the occupation of any land or tenement of a clear yearly value of ten pounds, or of any right reserved by section ten of the Representation of the People Act, 1884, when such dwelling-house, land, or tenement is situate wholly or partly within this parish [*or* township].

N.B.—This list (No. 1.) does not contain the names of any parliamentary voters except those entitled in respect of a household or 10*l.* occupation qualification, or of 50*l.* rental qualification reserved by section 10 of the Representation of the People Act, 1884.

1. Names of Voters in full, Surname being first.	2. Place of Abode.	3. Nature of Qualification.	4. Description of Qualifying Property.
Brown, Thomas -	*Give address of voter as directed in paragraph 12 of this precept.*	Dwelling-house -	Elm Villa, Green Lane.
Hodge, John -		Dwelling-house -	Cottage in Lewes Road [*or* Green Lane, *or* on Church Farm, *or as case may be*].
Jackson, William -		Land and tenement	Horton Farm.
Masters, Abel -		Land and tenement (joint).	2, Queen Street.
South, William -		Dwelling - house (successive).	Oak Villa, Green Lane, 5, Queen Street.

(Signed) *A.B.* } Overseers of the parish [*or*
C.D. } township] of .

NOTE.—Any person registered in respect of a fifty pounds rental qualification must be included in the foregoing list.

FORM (H.)

FORMS OF NOTICE OF CLAIM IN RESPECT OF THE OCCUPATION FRANCHISE.

No. 1.—GENERAL.

To the overseers of the parish [*or* township] of .

I claim to have my name inserted in the list made by you of parliamentary voters for the [division of the] county of

Schedule 2.

in respect of the qualification named below [and to have my name omitted from the corrupt and illegal practices list].

Dated the day of 18 .

Name of Claimant in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property.

(Signed) *A.B.*

No. 2.—LODGERS.

To the overseers of the parish [*or* township] of .

I claim to have my name inserted in the list of parliamentary voters for the [division of the] county of in respect of the qualification named below.

Name of Claimant in full, Surname being first.	Description of Rooms occupied, and whether Furnished or not.	Street, Lane, or other Place, and Number (if any) of House in which Lodgings situate.	Amount of Rent paid.	Name and Address of Landlord or other Person to whom Rent is paid.
Stevens, John William.	Two rooms, first floor, furnished.	51, Brick Street -	16*s.* a week.	William Johnson, 51, Brick Street.

I hereby declare that I have during the twelve calendar months immediately preceding the fifteenth day of July in this year occupied as sole tenant [*or* as joint tenant with], and resided in, the above-mentioned lodgings, and that those lodgings are of a clear yearly value, if let unfurnished, of ten [*or* twenty] pounds or upwards† and I hereby declare that I am on the register of parliamentary voters for the said division [*or* county] in respect of the same lodgings as above mentioned, and I desire to have my name inserted in the old lodgers list.†

Omit the words between crosses if they are not applicable.

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed) *A.B.* (the Claimant).

I, the undersigned, hereby declare that I have witnessed the above signature of the above-named claimant at the date stated above, and that I believe the above claim to be correct.

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed) *C.D.*, of

[*state residence and calling of witness.*]

Note.—If the claim is in respect of different rooms successively occupied as lodgings in the same house, the notice of claim must specify each room, or set of rooms, so occupied.

If the claimant is on the register in respect of the same lodgings, and desires to have his name inserted in the old lodgers list published on or before the first day of August, he must send in his claim on or before the twenty-fifth day of July.

In any other case he must send it in after the last day of July, and on or before the twentieth day of August.

If there are two joint lodgers, the yearly value of the lodgings must be twenty pounds or upwards.

Schedule 2.

FORM (I.)

FORM of NOTICE of OBJECTION in respect of the OCCUPATION FRANCHISE.

No. 1.

NOTICE of OBJECTION to be given to Overseers.

To the overseers of the parish [*or* township] of .

I hereby give you notice that I object to the name of being retained on the list of parliamentary voters for the [division of the] county of [and to the omission of the said name from the corrupt and illegal practices list].

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed) *A.B.* [*place of abode*]
on the list of parliamentary voters for the parish [*or* township] of .

No. 2.

NOTICE of OBJECTION to be given to PERSON objected to.

To Mr.

I hereby give you notice that I object to your name being retained on the list of parliamentary voters for the [division of the] county of [and to the omission of your name from the corrupt and illegal practices list] on the following grounds, viz. :—

1. That, e.g., *you have not occupied for twelve months to July 15th:*
2. That *you have been convicted* [or *reported guilty*] *of a corrupt practice:*
3.

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed) *A.B.*, of [*place of abode*], on the list of parliamentary voters for the parish [*or* township] of .

Note.—The notice of objection in each of the above two cases, Nos. 1 and 2, should, if there is more than one list, specify the list to which the objection refers; and if the list contains two or more persons of the same name, should distinguish the person intended to be objected to.

FORM (K.)

FORM of LIST of CLAIMANTS in respect of the OCCUPATION FRANCHISE to be published by the Overseers.

No. 1.—GENERAL LIST of OCCUPIER CLAIMS.

The following persons claim to have their names inserted in the lists of parliamentary voters for the [division of the] county of in respect of the occupation of property in this parish [*or* township] other than lodgings.

Name of Claimant in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property.

(Signed) *A.B.* } Overseers of the parish [*or*
C.D. } township] of .

Note.—A copy of the claim must be entered in this form.

Any claim to be omitted from the corrupt and illegal practices list shall be added to the foregoing list of claimants.

Schedule 2.

No. 2.—LIST OF LODGER CLAIMANTS.

The following persons claim as lodgers to have their names inserted in the lists of parliamentary voters for the [division of the] county of .

Name of Claimant in full, Surname being first..	Description of Rooms occupied, and whether Furnished or not.	Street, Lane, or other Place, and number (if any) of House in which Lodgings are situate.	Amount of Rent paid.	Name and Address of Landlord or other Person to whom Rent is paid.

(Signed) *A.B.*, *C.D.* } Overseers of the parish [*or* township] of .

Note.—A copy of the claim must be entered in this form.

FORM (L.)

FORMS of OBJECTION LISTS to be published by the Overseers, *i.e.*, of LISTS of PERSONS objected to when on List of Occupation Voters.

No. 1.—LIST of PERSONS on Occupiers List who have been objected to.

The following persons have been objected to as not being entitled to have their names retained on the lists of parliamentary voters for the [division of the] county of , in respect of the occupation of property in the parish [*or* township] of other than lodgings.

Name of Person objected to in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of the supposed Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property.

(Signed) *A.B.*, *C.D.* } Overseers of the parish [*or* township] of .

Note.—In this form copy particulars from the list of voters.

Any objection to the omission of a person from the corrupt and illegal practices list shall be added to the foregoing list.

Schedule 2.

No. 2.—List of LODGERS objected to.

The following persons have been objected to as not being entitled to have their names retained on the old lodgers list among the parliamentary voters for the [division of the] county of .

Name of Person objected to in full, Surname being first.	Description of Rooms occupied, and whether Furnished or not.	Street, Lane, or other Place, and Number (if any) of House in which Lodgings are situate.	Name and Address of Landlord or other Person to whom Rent is paid.

(Signed) *A.B.* } Overseers of the parish [*or*
C.D. } township] of .

Note.—This form applies only to lodgers on the old lodgers list who are objected to.

The list of lodgers so objected to should form a separate list from that of other persons objected to.

In this form copy particulars from the old lodgers list.

FORM (M.)

DECLARATION for correcting misdescription in Occupiers or Old Lodgers List.

I, of in the parish of in the [division of the] county of , do solemnly and sincerely declare as follows :—

1. I am the person referred to in the list of (*specifying the particular list*) made out for the parish [*or* township] of by an entry as follows :—

Name as described in List.	Place of Abode as described in List.	Nature of Qualification as described in List.	Description of Qualifying Property.
Giles, John -	High Street -	Tenement -	Hill Farm, Green Lane.

2. My correct name and place of abode and the correct particulars respecting my qualification are, and ought to be, stated in the register about to be made up of parliamentary voters for the [division of the] county of , as follows :—

Correct Name.	Correct place of Abode.	Correct nature of Qualification.	Correct Description of Qualifying Property.
Giles, Joseph -	15, High Street	Land and tenement	Church Farm, Green Lane.

Dated this day of 18 .

(Signed)

Made and subscribed before me this day of 18 ,

A.B.

Justice of the peace for .

The person before whom the declaration is made should affix his official description.

Note.—In the case of a declaration by a person on the old lodgers list this form must be adapted so as to suit that list.

Schedule 2.

FORM (N.)

NOTICE OF WITHDRAWAL OF OBJECTION.

No. 1.—NOTICE to the PERSON objected to.

The list should be referred to in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

To Mr.

I hereby give you notice that I withdraw my objection to your name being retained on the list of

Omit the words between crosses if the objection is wholly withdrawn.

† so far as regards the ground of objection numbered in my notice to you of such objection.†

The notice should be signed in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed)

No. 2.—NOTICE to the OVERSEERS.

The list should be referred to in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

To the Overseers of

I hereby give you notice that I withdraw my objection to the name of being retained on the list of

Omit the words between crosses if the objection is wholly withdrawn.

† so far as regards the ground of objection numbered in my notice to him of such objection.†

The notice should be signed in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

Dated the day of 18

(Signed)

FORM (O.)

NOTICE REVIVING AN OBJECTION.

No. 1.—NOTICE to the PERSON objected to.

The list should be referred to in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

To Mr.

I hereby give you notice that I revive the objection which was made by , since deceased, to your name being retained on the list of

Omit the words between crosses if the objection is wholly revived.

† so far as regards the ground of objection numbered in the notice to you of such objection.†

The notice should be signed in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed)

No. 2.—NOTICE to the OVERSEERS.

The list should be referred to in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

To the Overseers of

I hereby give you notice that I revive the objection which was made by , since deceased, to the name of being retained on the list of

Omit the words between crosses if the objection is wholly revived.

† so far as regards the ground of objection numbered in the notice to the person objected to of such objection.†

The notice should be signed in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed)

THIRD SCHEDULE.

Section 18.

INSTRUCTIONS AND FORMS FOR BOROUGHS.

INSTRUCTIONS TO TOWN CLERKS.

1. This precept is to be issued to the overseers of a parish or township—

(*a.*) where the parish or township is situate both in a municipal and also in a parliamentary borough by the town clerk of the municipal borough; and

(*b.*) where the parish or township is situate in a municipal borough, wholly or partly comprised in the area of a parliamentary borough which after the dissolution of the Parliament existing in January one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five ceases to be a parliamentary borough, by the town clerk of such municipal borough; and

(*c.*) where a parish or township is situate in a parliamentary but not in a municipal borough, then by the person acting under the Parliamentary Registration Acts as town clerk of such parliamentary borough.

2. Where a parish or township is situate partly within and partly without the boundary of a parliamentary borough, or any such municipal borough wholly or partly comprised in the area of a former parliamentary borough as above mentioned, each such part of a parish is deemed to be a separate parish for the purposes of these instructions and the following forms; and the town clerk must add to his precept to the overseers of such parish or township a note to the effect that his precept applies only to that portion of the parish or township which is situate within the said boundary, and that the lists of all the voters for that portion must be made out separately, and that any reference in the precept to the parish or township means only that portion of the parish or township which is situate within the said boundary.

3. Where a parish or township is situate within a parliamentary but not within a municipal borough, the town clerk will omit from his precept, and from the forms sent to the overseers of such parish or township, so much as relates to burgesses; that is to say, in the precept paragraphs two, eight, and fifteen, and so much of the heading and of paragraphs twelve, fourteen, sixteen, twenty-two, twenty-seven, thirty, thirty-five, and thirty-six as is placed between asterisks.

If there is no corrupt and illegal practices list, the town clerk will omit from the precept and Forms all parts relating to it.

In the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, the town clerk will inform the overseers that any corrupt and illegal practices list made with reference to any voters disqualified by any Act passed during the present Session does not apply to burgess lists, and will omit so much of the precept as relates to the old lodgers list, and the Forms relating to that list, in every case where the parish was not, in one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, in a Parliamentary borough.

4. Where a parish or township is not situate within a parliamentary borough, the town clerk must substitute in his precept for the expression "parliamentary borough," the expression "[division of the] county of ," and make the necessary consequential substitution in the precept and forms of "division" or "county" for "borough," and must make the alterations mentioned in the marginal notes to this precept, and must add the following paragraphs (i. to v.):—

NOTE.—This is to meet the case of the merged boroughs.

(i.) This precept does not apply to any person entitled to vote in respect of the ownership of property whether of freehold, leasehold, or copyhold tenure.

(ii.) The expression "parliamentary voter," besides the voters mentioned in paragraph one of this precept, includes a person entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of a fifty pounds rental qualification.

Schedule 3.

(iii.) A person entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of a fifty pounds rental qualification—

(*a*) must on the fifteenth day of July next be an occupier as tenant of some land or tenement for which he is bonâ fide liable to a yearly rent of not less than fifty pounds; and

(*b*) must have occupied such land or tenement for the whole of the twelve months immediately preceding the fifteenth day of July next; and

(*c*) must have been registered as a voter in respect of the said occupation in the register of voters in force during the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(iv.) If two or more persons jointly are such occupiers as above mentioned, and the rent is such as to give fifty pounds or more for each occupier, each such occupier, if he was registered in respect of the said occupation as aforesaid in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, is entitled to be registered as a voter.

(v.) A person entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of a fifty pounds rental qualification must be entered in the list of voters in the same manner as if he were entitled to a ten pounds occupation qualification, and you must consider that the directions in this precept respecting that qualification apply to a fifty pounds rental qualification.

5. The town clerk must send, with the precept, to the overseers copies of the following forms in this schedule, namely,—

Form A.
Form B., No. 1, and if the parish is in a municipal borough, No. 2.
Form C., No. 1 and No. 2.
Form D., No. 1, or Form E., as the case requires.
Form D., No. 2, where the case requires it.
Form D., No. 3.
Form F., if required for the parish.
Form G., if the parish is in a municipal borough.
Form K., No. 2 and No. 3, and if the parish is in a municipal borough, No. 1 and No. 4.
Form L., No. 2 and No. 3, and if the parish is in a municipal borough, No. 1 and No. 4.

Also, if there is any corrupt or illegal practices list, a copy of that list.

6. In copying and printing for the parliamentary register the revised lists of any parish or township in a parliamentary borough, such lists may, and if and so far as the local authority, under the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, so direct, shall, be arranged according to convenience for use in parts for polling districts or, if the parish is situate in a municipal borough, wards, and where the polling districts and wards do not coincide, then in such manner that the parts may be conveniently compiled or put together to serve either as lists for polling districts or as ward lists; and where the list has been made out in divisions, divisions one and two for the parliamentary register, and divisions one and three for the burgess roll, may, and if and so far as the local authority under the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, so direct, shall, be combined or kept separate according to convenience for use; and any arrangement may, and if and so far as the said local authority so direct, shall, be adopted according to convenience, so that one print or edition of division one may be available for both sets.

7. In a parliamentary borough each part of the parliamentary register which corresponds with a polling district or ward shall be divided into four lists—

(*a.*) A list of voters in respect of a ten pounds occupation or household qualification;

(*b.*) A list of lodgers;

(*c.*) A list of the freemen (if any) entitled to vote in the said polling district or ward; and

(*d.*) A list of persons having any rights of voting in the said polling district or ward otherwise than as above mentioned. Schedule 3.

8. Each entry for voting on the parliamentary register of every parliamentary borough, and on the burgess roll of every municipal borough, is, save as mentioned in paragraph nine, to be distinguished by a number, either alone or in combination with such letter or distinguishing mark as the local authority under the Parliamentary and Municipal Registration Act, 1878, from time to time fixes, and there shall be one series of numbers for the whole of each parliamentary borough, or if it is divided into divisions for each division of such borough, and for the whole of each municipal borough, or if it is divided into wards for each ward, save that if the local authority so direct there may be a separate series of numbers for each polling district, whether parliamentary or municipal.

9. Any entry of a person against which the revising barrister has placed a note to the effect that such person is not entitled to vote in respect of the qualification therein contained, he being on the list for voting in respect of another qualification, is to be denoted by an asterisk, and no number is to be prefixed to his name.

10. The officer having the custody of any revised lists of voters in a parliamentary borough or municipal borough under the Parliamentary Registration Acts shall permit access thereto for the purpose of the same being copied for any public purpose relating to parliamentary registration or the enrolment of burgesses.

FORM OF PRECEPT OF THE TOWN CLERK TO THE OVERSEERS.

REGISTRATION OF PARLIAMENTARY VOTERS* AND BURGESSES.*

Parliamentary borough of / *Municipal borough of* to wit. } To the overseers of the poor of the parish [*or* township] of

Omit part between asterisks if no part of parish is in a municipal borough.

In pursuance of the provisions of the Acts of Parliament in that behalf I require your attention to the following :—

INSTRUCTIONS.

Part I. of this precept informs you generally of the persons entitled to be registered, and of the meaning of the expressions used in this precept, and also as to the mode in which you are to make out and publish the lists.

Part II. gives you, in order of time, the several matters which you are required to do.

PART I.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS, EXPLAINING THE PERSONS ENTITLED TO BE REGISTERED, THE MEANING OF THE EXPRESSIONS USED, AND THE MODE OF MAKING OUT AND PUBLISHING THE LISTS.

Definitions.

This precept relates to the registration of parliamentary voters for the said parliamentary borough *and the enrolment of burgesses for the said municipal borough.*

1. In this precept the expression "parliamentary voters" means persons entitled to be registered as voters at parliamentary elections for the said parliamentary borough or any division thereof in respect of— Parliamentary voters.

(*a*) a ten pounds occupation qualification as hereafter defined in paragraph four of this precept;

(*b*) a household qualification as hereafter defined in paragraph five of this precept; or

Schedule 3.

(*c*) a lodger qualification as hereafter defined in paragraph six of this precept; or

Omit (*d*) where any reserved right does not exist.

(*d*) any right reserved by sections thirty-one and thirty-three of the Reform Act, 1832.

Burgesses.

2. In this precept the expression "burgesses" means persons entitled to be enrolled as burgesses under the Municipal Corporations Act, 1882.

General qualification.

3. Every parliamentary voter must be a man of full age, and not subject to any legal incapacity, and must not at any time during the twelve months immediately preceding the fifteenth day of July next have received any parochial relief.

Ten pounds occupation qualification.

4. A person entitled to be registered as a parliamentary voter in respect of a ten pounds occupation qualification—

† If parish is not in a parliamentary borough, after "must" insert "on the fifteenth day of July next be," and". If parish is not in a parliamentary borough omit (*b*).

(*a*) must† during the whole twelve months immediately preceding the fifteenth day of July next have been an occupier as owner or tenant of some land or tenement in your parish [*or* township] of the clear yearly value of not less than ten pounds; and

(*b*) must have resided in or within seven miles of the said parliamentary borough during six months immediately preceding the fifteenth day of July next; and

(*c*) such person, or some one else must during the said twelve months have been rated to all poor rates made in respect of such land or tenement; and

In a parish in the City of London substitute twenty-five for seven miles.

(*d*) all sums due in respect of the said land or tenement on account of any poor rate made and allowed during the twelve months immediately preceding the fifth day of January last, or on account of any assessed taxes due before the fifth day of January last, must have been paid on or before the twentieth day of July next.

If the parish is not in a parliamentary borough substitute for the part between crosses "two of such occupiers are entitled to be registered as voters, but no more are so entitled unless they derived the property by descent, succession, marriage, marriage settlement, or devise, or unless they are bona fide engaged as partners carrying on trade or business thereon, in any of which cases all may be registered, if the value is sufficient to give ten pounds for each occupier."

If two or more persons jointly are such occupiers as above mentioned, and the value of the land or tenement is such as to give ten pounds or more for each occupier, †each of such occupiers is entitled to be registered as a voter.†

If a person has occupied in the said parliamentary borough different lands or tenements of the requisite value in immediate succession during the said twelve months, he is entitled in respect of the occupation thereof to be registered as a voter in the parish [*or* township] in which the last occupied land or tenement is situate.

Household qualification.

5. A person entitled to be registered as a parliamentary voter in respect of a household qualification—

(*a*) must on the fifteenth day of July next be and for the whole of the twelve months immediately preceding that day (except the time (if any) not exceeding four months during which he has permitted the house to be occupied as a furnished house), have been an inhabitant occupier of some dwelling-house in your parish [*or* township], or of some part of a house separately occupied as a dwelling; and

(*b*) such person or some one else must during those twelve months have been rated to all poor rates made in respect of the said dwelling-house; and

(*c*) all sums due in respect of the said dwelling-house on account of any poor rate made and allowed during the twelve months immediately preceding the fifth day of January last must have been paid on or before the twentieth day of July next.

If two or more persons are joint occupiers of a dwelling-house, no one of them is entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of a household qualification in respect thereof, though if the value is sufficient, one or more of them may be so entitled under paragraph four above.

If a person has occupied different dwelling-houses in the said parliamentary borough in immediate succession during the said twelve months, he is entitled in respect of the occupation thereof to be registered as a voter in the parish [*or* township] in which the last occupied dwelling-house is situate.

If a person inhabits a dwelling-house by virtue of any office, service, or employment, and the dwelling-house is not inhabited by any person under whom such man serves in such office, service, or employment, he is considered to be an inhabitant occupier of that dwelling-house. Schedule 3.

6. A person entitled to be registered as a parliamentary voter in respect of a lodger qualification— Lodger qualification.

(*a*) must have claimed to be registered; and

(*b*) must have occupied separately as a lodger for the whole twelve months immediately preceding the fifteenth day of July next lodgings, being part of one and the same dwelling-house in your parish [*or* township], and being of a clearly yearly value, if let unfurnished, of ten pounds or upwards; and

(*c*) must have resided in such lodgings during the said twelve months.

If two or more persons are joint lodgers, and the value of the lodgings is such as to give ten pounds or more for each lodger, two of such persons, but no more, are entitled to be registered as voters.

If a person has occupied different lodgings of the requisite value in the same house, in immediate succession, he is entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of the occupation thereof.

Reserved rights.

7. A person entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of any right reserved by sections thirty-one and thirty-three of the Reform Act, 1832, must †either— †Omit part between crosses except in counties of cities or towns where these rights exist, and omit para. 7 where no reserved rights exist.

(*a*) be a freeholder or burgage tenant; or,†

(*b*) be possessed of a right to vote, possessed by him on the seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two.

Burgesses.

8. A person entitled to be enrolled as a burgess may be a man or woman, but must be of full age and not subject to any legal incapacity, and must not at any time within the twelve months next before the fifteenth day of July next have received any parochial relief; and—

(*a*) must during the whole of the twelve months immediately preceding the fifteenth day of July next have been an occupier of a house, warehouse, counting-house, shop, or other building in your parish [*or* township]; and

(*b*) have resided during those twelve months in the said municipal borough or within seven miles thereof; and

(*c*) such person or some one else must during the said twelve months have been rated to all poor rates made in respect of the qualifying property; and

(*d*) all sums due in respect of the qualifying property on account of any poor rate made and allowed, or any borough rate made during the twelve months immediately preceding the fifth day of January last, must have been paid on or before the twentieth day of July next.

A person is entitled to be enrolled as a burgess notwithstanding that he has permitted his dwelling-house to be occupied as a furnished house for a time not exceeding four months, and during that time has not resided as above-mentioned.

If two or more persons are joint occupiers, each such occupier is entitled to be enrolled as a burgess.

If a person has occupied in immediate succession during the said twelve months different premises in the municipal borough which would qualify him for enrolment as a burgess, he is entitled, in respect of the occupation thereof, to be enrolled as a burgess in the parish [*or* township] in which the last occupied premises are situate.

A person who is entitled to be enrolled as a burgess in all respects except that of residence, and is resident beyond seven miles, but within fifteen miles, of the said municipal borough, is entitled to be on the list of persons entitled to be elected councillors or aldermen though not entitled to be on the burgess roll.

Schedule 3.

Mode of making out Lists.

Note.—If the local authority has given any special directions as to the mode of making out the list according to streets or otherwise, the town clerk, or other officer issuing the precepts, must modify paragraph (9) accordingly.

9. Each list and, where the list is made out in divisions, each division of each list must be made out in alphabetical order.

If your parish [*or* township] is divided into, or forms part of, more than one polling district or ward, you must make out a list for each part which is in a separate polling district or separate ward as if it were a separate parish.

10. In making out the lists you are to state the surname and other name or names of each person at full length, the surname being placed first.

Entry of names.

11. The place of abode should be entered with the name, if any, of the street, lane, or other locality, and the number, if any, in such street, lane, or other locality, and such entry should be made in all cases in such a manner as will afford a full and sufficient address for a person entered if a letter is addressed to him by post.

Entry of nature of qualification.

12. The nature of the qualification should be entered as nearly as possible in accordance with the words of the statute conferring the franchise; for instance:—

(*a.*) The nature of the ten pounds occupation qualification of a person should be stated thus:—"tenement" or "land," or "land and tenement," or in the case of a joint occupation "tenement (joint)," or "land (joint)," or in the case of a successive occupation "tenement (successive)" or "land (successive)."

(*b.*) Where a parish is situate in a municipal borough and the ten pounds qualification is also a qualification for a burgess, the nature of the qualification should be stated by a description of the tenement thus:—"house," "shop," "warehouse," or "building," or "chambers," or as the case may be, or in the case of a joint occupation "house (joint)," "shop (joint)," "warehouse, joint," or as the case may be, or in the case of a successive occupation "shop (successive)," or as the case may be.

(*c.*) The nature of a household qualification should be stated thus, "dwelling-house," or in the case of successive occupation "dwelling-house (successive)."

(*d.*) *The nature of a qualification for a burgess only should be stated thus, "house," "warehouse," "counting-house," "chambers," or as the case may be, with the addition of "joint" or "successive" if necessary.*

Where the same property constitutes both a ten pounds occupation qualification and a household qualification, the nature of the qualification should be entered as "dwelling-house,"* and that statement will suffice although the property also qualifies for a burgess.*

If the description indicates the nature of the qualification, as, for instance, if a ten pounds occupation qualification consists of a house and is entered as a dwelling-house, such description will be sufficient.

Any description of the nature of the qualification further than that above mentioned is superfluous and should not be given.

Entry of qualifying property.

13. The description of any qualifying property should specify the name and situation of that property, and for that purpose should either state the name (if any) of the street, lane, or other locality, and the number (if any) in such street, lane, or other locality of such property, or the name of the occupying tenant, and the description of the qualifying property should in all cases be such as will afford full and sufficient means of identifying such property.

General qualifications.

14. Where several qualifications are possessed by the same person, the particulars respecting each qualification should be stated in the list; *and in the case of a list made out in divisions, where a person is entered in division one in respect of one qualification for parliamentary purposes, and

in respect of another qualification for municipal purposes, each such qualification should be distinguished in the list by a note to the effect that the qualification is for parliamentary purposes only, or for municipal purposes only, as the case may be.* Schedule 3.

15. If your parish [*or* township] is situate in a municipal borough the occupiers list (mentioned hereafter in paragraph thirty sub-paragraph (*a*)) is to be made out in three divisions: Divisions of list.

Division one is to comprise the names of the persons entitled both to be registered as parliamentary voters in respect of a ten pounds occupation or household qualification, and to be enrolled as burgesses.

Division two is to comprise the names of the persons entitled to be registered as parliamentary voters in respect of a ten pounds occupation or household qualification, but not to be enrolled as burgesses.

Division three is to comprise the names of the persons entitled to be enrolled as burgesses, but not to be registered as parliamentary voters in respect of a ten pounds occupation or household qualification.

16. You should omit from any list of parliamentary voters (other than the old lodgers list) *and from any list of burgesses* the name of any person— Omission of dead and disqualified.

(*a*) whom from the returns furnished by the registrar of births and deaths, or from your own knowledge, you know to be dead; or

(*b*) who is not qualified by reason of the nonpayment of rates; or

(*c*) who is disqualified by reason of having received parochial relief; or

(*d*) †whose name is entered in the corrupt and illegal practices list.† Omit (*d*) where there is no corrupt and illegal practices list.

17. In making out the old lodgers list (mentioned hereafter in paragraph thirty, sub-paragraph (*c*)), if you have reason to believe that any person whose name is entered on that list is dead, or is not entitled to be registered, you should make a note to that effect in the margin of the list. Objection in old lodgers list.

18. The registrars of births and deaths are required to send to you, periodically, returns of the names and residences of all male persons of full age dying within your parish [*or* township], and you must examine those returns to see whether any person who otherwise would appear in the list of voters is dead, and you are to pay the registrars, as part of your expenses connected with registration, a fee of twopence for each return, and a further fee of twopence for every death entered in such returns. Registrars returns of deaths.

Publication and Inspection.

19. The manner in which you are required to publish the notices, lists, and documents directed by this precept to be published is as follows; that is to say— Publication of lists, &c.

You are to fix a copy of such notice, list, or document (each copy being first signed by you)—

(*a*) on or near the outside of the outer door or of the outer wall near the door of every church and public chapel in your parish [*or* township], including chapels which do not belong to the Established Church; and

(*b*) also, having first obtained the authority of the local postmaster, or if he refuses, of the Postmaster General, in some public and conspicuous position in or near every post office and telegraph office occupied by or on behalf of the Postmaster General; and

(*c*) also in or near every public or municipal or parochial office in your parish [*or* township]; or

(*d*) if there is no such church, chapel, or office, then in some public or conspicuous situation in your parish [*or* township].

20. Everything so published must remain there during a period including two consecutive Sundays at least next after the first day of publication, and if you find any notice, list, or other document published by you in

Schedule 3.

pursuance of this precept to be destroyed, mutilated, defaced, or removed, you are forthwith to place another to the same effect in its place.

Inspection and delivery of copies.

21. Where this precept directs you during any period to allow any Copy of a portion of a register, list, notice, or other document to be open to public inspection, and to deliver copies thereof, you will permit such copy, list, notice, or document to be perused by every person desirous of perusing it, at any time between the hours of ten of the clock in the forenoon and four of the clock in the afternoon of any day, except Sunday, during the said period, without payment or demand of any fee; and you are also to deliver a written or printed copy of it, signed by you, to every person applying for the same during the said period, on payment of a price for such copy after the following rate:—

For any list or copy of a list containing any number of persons names—

	s.	*d.*
Not exceeding 100 names - - - -	0	6
Exceeding 100 and not exceeding 200 - -	1	0
Exceeding 200 and not exceeding 300 - -	1	6
Exceeding 300 and not exceeding 400 - -	2	0
Exceeding 400 - - - - -	2	6

22. You must allow any person who is registered as a parliamentary voter in the said parliamentary borough, *or enrolled as a burgess in the said municipal borough,* to inspect at all reasonable times, free of charge,—

(*a*) the books containing the poor rates made for your parish [*or* township] within the last two years, and to make a copy of, or take an extract from, such books, and

(*b*) the returns of deaths sent to you by the registrars of births and deaths.

PART II.

THINGS TO BE DONE IN ORDER OF DATE.

Notices and Inquiries.

April and May. [In 1885 pars. 23–25 may be omitted.]

23. In the months of April and May, or one of them, you are to inquire or ascertain with respect to all property in your parish [*or* township] which comprises any dwelling-house (including under the term any part of a house separately occupied as a dwelling), whether any man, other than the owner or other person rated or liable, to be rated in respect of such property, is entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of a household qualification by reason of his being an inhabitant occupier of such dwelling-house, and you are to enter in the rate book, in a separate column added for the purpose, the name of every man so entitled and the situation or description of the dwelling-house in respect of which he is entitled.

If any property, whether by reason of belonging to the Crown or otherwise, is not rated, you must act under this paragraph in the same manner as if it were rated.

24. For the purpose of your inquiry you are at liberty to serve on any person who is the occupier, or rated or liable to be rated in respect of any property, or on some agent of such person concerned in the management of such property, a requisition according to the Form A. among the forms sent herewith. You may serve the requisition by giving it to the person by whom it is to be observed, or by leaving it at his last or usual place of abode, or with some person on the property, and in case no such person can be found, then by affixing the requisition in some conspicuous part of the property; and where the property is occupied by a company or other body of persons, you may serve the requisition on the secretary or agent of the company or body of persons, and if the property belongs to the Crown or is not rated, you may serve it on the chief local officer having the superintendence or control of the property. A person who fails to comply with the requisition is liable on summary conviction to a penalty of forty shillings.

25. In making the inquiries directed by the two last paragraphs you will observe the following directions:— Schedule 3.

(*a*) if you know that any man who is not rated has inhabited a dwelling-house since the fifteenth day of July last you should enter the name of that man in the rate book as mentioned in paragraph twenty-three of this precept, without serving any requisition on the occupier or other person rated.

(*b*) you should not serve the requisition on the occupier or owner of any property, unless you have reasonable ground to believe that there is some inhabitant occupier of such property, who is entitled to vote, besides the person on whom the requisition is served.

26. On or before the 20th day of June next you are to publish in manner directed by paragraph nineteen of this precept a notice [*or* notices] signed by you according to the Form B. among the printed forms sent herewith. 20th June.

27. Where any sum on account of a poor rate made and allowed during the twelve months next before the fifth day of January last is on the first day of June next due in respect of any property in your parish [*or* township] capable of conferring the franchise in respect of a ten pounds occupation or household qualification for the said parliamentary borough *or the franchise for the said municipal borough,* you are on or before the twentieth day of June next to give to every occupier of that property a notice (in the Form C. (No. 1) sent herewith), by delivering it to such occupier, or leaving it at his last or usual place of abode, or with some person on the property in respect of which the rate is payable, and in case no such person can be found, then by affixing the notice upon some conspicuous part of such property. 20th June. When a borough rate is levied as a separate rate and not as part of the poor rate, the precept should be altered accordingly so as to contain a reference to the borough rate.

You need not give this notice if the rate has been previously duly demanded of such occupier by a demand note served in the like manner as the last-mentioned notice, but you must serve the notice on every occupier of that property who will, if the rate is paid, be entitled to be registered as a voter in respect of the occupation thereof.

28. If the sum due on account of poor rate as above mentioned in respect of any property is not paid on or before the twentieth day of July next, all occupiers of that property are disqualified from being entered in any list of occupation voters; and on or before the twenty-second day of July next you are to make out (in the Form C. (No. 2) sent herewith) a list containing the name of every person so disqualified; and you are to keep that list, and during the first fourteen days after the said twenty-second day of July are to allow it to be open to public inspection, and to deliver copies thereof in accordance with paragraph 21 of this precept. 22nd July.

29. On or before the last day of July next you are to ascertain from the relieving officer acting for your parish [*or* township] the names of all persons who are disqualified from being inserted in the lists of voters for your parish [*or* township] by reason of having received parochial relief, and the relieving officer upon your application is bound to produce to you at such place in your parish [*or* township] and at such times as are required by you the books in his possession containing the names of such persons. 31st July.

Lists of Voters.

30. On or before the last day of July next you are to make out in manner directed by paragraphs nine to seventeen of this precept the following lists of voters:— 31st July.

(*a.*) The occupiers list, that is to say, a list (in the Form (D.) [*or* (E.)] No. 1 sent herewith) of all persons who by reason of the occupation of property situate wholly or partly within your parish [*or* township] are entitled to be registered as parliamentary voters in respect of a ten pounds occupation or a household qualification as defined in paragraphs four and five of this precept *or to be enrolled as burgesses of the said municipal borough.*

Schedule 3.

If parish is not in a parliamentary borough existing before 1832 omit (*b*).

In 1885 if the parish was not in 1884 in a parliamentary borough omit (*c*), and if the parish was in 1884 in a parliamentary borough since merged in the county, substitute "parliamentary borough of " for "the said parliamentary borough."

† Paragraph (*c*) is to be sent in lieu of (*a*), (*b*), and (*c*) where the parish is situate in a municipal, but not in a parliamentary borough, and was not included in a parliamentary borough merged in the county by the Redistribution of Seats Act, 1885.

(*b*.) The reserved rights list, that is to say, a list (in the Form (D.) No. 2, sent herewith) of all persons who are entitled within your parish [*or* township] to be registered as parliamentary voters in respect of any right reserved by section thirty-one or thirty-three of the Reform Act, 1832.

(*c*.) The old lodgers list, that is to say, a list (in the Form (D.) No. 3, sent herewith), of all persons who being on the register of voters now in force for the said parliamentary borough in respect of residence in lodgings within your parish [*or* township] have, on or before the twenty-fifth day of July next, given or caused to be given to you or any one of you claims to have their names inserted in the lists of parliamentary voters in respect of residence in the same lodgings.

(*d*.) *A list (in the Form G. sent herewith) of all persons who are entitled, in respect of the occupation of property within your parish [*or* township], to be elected councillors or aldermen of the said municipal borough, but are not entitled to be on the burgess roll thereof.

†(*e*.) The burgess list, that is to say, a list, in the Form F. sent herewith, of all persons who by reason of the occupation of property situate wholly or partly within your parish [*or* township] are entitled to be enrolled as burgesses for the said municipal borough.†*

1st August.

31. On or before the first day of August next you are to sign the above-mentioned lists, and to cause a sufficient number of copies of such lists to be written or printed, and to publish the lists signed by you in your parish [*or* township] in manner directed by paragraph nineteen of this precept.

If there is no corrupt and illegal practices list, the paragraph relating to it must be omitted.

32. You are also to publish at the same time and in the same manner the corrupt and illegal practices list which is sent herewith.

33. You are also to keep a written or printed copy of each of the above lists, and during the first fourteen days after the publication of them are to allow them to be open to public inspection, and to deliver copies thereof in accordance with paragraph twenty-one of this precept.

If parish is not in a parliamentary borough, omit paragraph as to assessed taxes.

34. You are also to keep the list of defaulters in the payment of assessed taxes sent to you by the collector of taxes, and allow it during the first fourteen days after the first publication of the lists of voters to be open for public inspection in manner directed by paragraph twenty-one of this precept.

Claims and Objections.

25th August.

35. On or before the twenty-fifth day of August next you are to make out (in accordance with paragraphs nine to seventeen of this precept, and according to the Form K. sent herewith) claim lists, that is to say, lists containing the name of every person who has given or caused to be given to you, or any one of you, on or before the twentieth day of August next, notice of his claim to have his name inserted in any list of voters for your parish [*or* township], making separate lists of—

*(*a*.) persons claiming to have their names inserted both among the parliamentary voters for the said parliamentary borough and the burgesses for the said municipal borough ;*

(*b*.) persons claiming to be inserted in a list of parliamentary voters* only,* but otherwise than as freemen or lodgers ;

(*c*.) persons claiming to be inserted in a list of parliamentary voters as lodgers, but not comprised in the old lodgers list ;

*(*d*.) persons claiming to be inserted in the list of burgesses only ;

(*e.*) persons claiming to be entered in the list of persons entitled to be elected councillors or aldermen but not entitled to be on the burgess roll ; *†and

(*f.*) persons claiming to be omitted from the corrupt and illegal practices list.†

Schedule 3.

† Omit (*f*) if there is no corrupt and illegal practices list.

36. On or before the twenty-fifth day of August next you are also to make out (in accordance with paragraphs nine to seventeen of this precept, and according to the Form L. sent herewith) objection lists, that is to say, lists containing the name of every person against whom a notice of objection has been given to you, or any of you, on or before the twentieth day of August next, as not being entitled to have his name retained in a list of voters for your parish [*or* township], giving in separate lists the objections made to—

25th August.

(*a*) any person who is on the occupiers list* both as a parliamentary voter and a burgess ;*

(*b*) Any person who is* on the occupiers list as a parliamentary voter only, or is* on the reserved rights list ;

(*c*) any person on the old lodgers list ;

*(*d*) any person on any list as a burgess only ;

(*e*) any person on the said list of persons entitled to be elected councillors or aldermen ; *† and

(*f*) any person on the ground that he is omitted from the corrupt and illegal practices list.†

Omit "or is "on the re- "served right "list," where no reserved rights exist.

† Omit (*f*) if there is no corrupt and illegal practices list.

37. On or before the twenty-fifth day of August next you are to sign each of the claim and objection lists, and to publish it in the manner directed by paragraph nineteen of the precept.

25th August.

38. You are to keep a copy of each of the claim and objection lists signed by you, and during the fourteen days next after the [twenty-fifth day of August are to allow such copies and also the original notices of claims and objections to be open to public inspection, and to deliver copies thereof in accordance with paragraph twenty-one of this precept.

25th August.

39. On or before the twenty-fifth day of August next you are to deliver to me [and to the clerk of the peace of the county]—

(*a*) two copies of the occupiers reserved rights and old lodgers lists ; and

(*b*) a copy of each of the claim and objection lists so made out and signed by you as aforesaid.

Add part in brackets if the parish is not in a parliamentary borough.

40. You are to attend the court to be holden by the revising barrister for the revision of the lists of voters for your parish [*or* township] ; and notice will be sent you of the time and place of holding such court.

Omit "reserved "rights," where no reserved rights exist.

41. You are at such court to deliver to the barrister holding it the following documents :—

(*a*) the several lists made out and signed by you ;

(*b*) the original notices of claims and of objections given to you ; and

(*c*) all notices of the withdrawal or revival of objections received by you, and you are there to produce the rate books of your parish [*or* township] containing the poor rates made and allowed during the period between the fifth day of January in last year and the fifteenth day of July next.

If you fail to comply with this precept you will be liable to the penalties in that case provided.

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed) *A.B.*,

Town clerk of the municipal borough of .

If the officer issuing the precept is not the town clerk of a municipal borough, he should append to his signature his proper official description.

Schedule 3.

GENERAL FORMS.

FORM (A.)

FORM OF REQUISITION by OVERSEERS requiring NAMES of INHABITANT OCCUPIERS.

To *E.F.*

You are hereby required to fill up accurately the under-written form.

If this form is not returned to us [*or* me], accurately filled up, within twenty-one days after the service hereof, you will be liable under the Representation of the People Act, 1884, to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings.

Dated this day of 18 .

A.B.
C.D.

Overseers [*or* assistant overseer] for the parish [*or* township] of .

Form of Return.

1. Property in respect of which the Person making the Return is rated [*or* liable to be rated, *or* occupier].	2. Situation or Description of every Dwelling-house, as defined by the Representation of the People Acts, forming part of the Property in First Column.	3. Surname and other Name of every Man who was on the fifteenth day of July last, and has been up to the date of the Return, an Inhabitant Occupier of any Dwelling-house in the Second Column.

I declare that the above is a true and complete return.

(Signed) *E.F.*

Dated the day of 18 .

Note.—The description of the property in the first column should be a copy from the rate book, and should be filled in by the overseers, and if it is a house numbered in a street should specify the street and number.

Such of the following instructions as are suitable should be annexed to the form, with such alterations, if any, as the overseers think necessary for adapting them to the circumstances of the parish or of the property to which the notice refers.

INSTRUCTIONS for filling up FORM.

Instructions where property consists of several buildings; for instance, cottages let by the owner.

In second column insert "cottage in Lane," or otherwise describe its locality.

In the third column insert, opposite to the description of the cottage in the second column, the name of the man who now inhabits it, and has inhabited it since the fifteenth day of July last.

If it has not been so inhabited, state so, or omit the cottage from the second column.

The head of the family alone is considered to be the occupier.

Instructions in case of what is commonly called the Service Franchise.

The dwelling-house in the second column may be either—

(*a.*) A separate house—for example, a schoolmaster's house; or

(*b.*) A part of a dwelling-house separately occupied as a dwelling— for example, a room or rooms over a stable, or caretaker's rooms in an office. Schedule 3.

If it is a separate house, insert in the second column "house in Road," or otherwise describe its locality.

If it is a part of a dwelling-house, insert in the second column "rooms over stable," "basement of office," "rooms over shop," or otherwise specify the locality of the room or rooms.

In the third column insert, opposite to the description of the dwelling-house in the second column, the name of the man who now inhabits it, and has inhabited it since the fifteenth day of July last.

If it has not been so inhabited, state so, or omit the dwelling-house from the second column.

In filling up the return it must be recollected that, under the Representation of the People Acts,—

(*a.*) In the case of a man who inhabits by reason of any office, service, or employment, if the same house is inhabited by any person under whom such man serves in his office, service, or employment, such man is not considered a separate inhabitant occupier; for example, a butler occupying rooms in his master's house is not such an occupier, although if he occupied rooms over a detached building, such as a laundry, he might be such an occupier:

(*b.*) The head of the family alone is considered to be the occupier.

Instructions in the case of a house let in separate tenements.

The dwelling-house in the second column may be any room or rooms in the house which are separately occupied as a dwelling.

Insert in the second column the position of the room or rooms occupied; for example, "first floor, front room."

In the third column insert, opposite to the description of the room or rooms in the second column, the name of the man who now inhabits it or them, and has so inhabited since the fifteenth day of July last.

If any room or rooms have not been so inhabited, state so, or omit the room or rooms from the second column.

In filling up the return, it must be recollected that, under the Representation of the People Acts,—

(*a.*) A man who occupies separately any room or rooms in a house must be entered, although he is entitled to the joint use of some other part of the house; for example, a man occupying separately the first floor front rooms, and having joint use of a wash-house, must be entered:

(*b.*) The head of the family alone is considered to be the occupier.

If the landlord of a house let out in separate tenements lives in the house, he must not return the names of the occupiers of tenements in that house.

FORM (B.)

No. 1.

NOTICE as to Rates to be Published by the OVERSEERS.

(PARLIAMENTARY.)

Parliamentary borough [*or* [division of the] county] of , to wit, } We hereby give notice that no person will be entitled to have his name inserted in any list of parliamentary voters for the said parliamentary borough [*or* division *or* county], now about to be made in respect of the occupation as a ten pounds occupier or inhabitant occupier of any premises situate wholly or partly within this parish [*or* township], unless all sums which have become due in respect of those premises on account of any poor rate made and allowed during the twelve calendar months next preceding the fifth day of January last past have been duly paid on or before the twentieth day of July next; *or to have his name inserted in any such list in respect

*If the parish is not in a parlia-

Schedule 3.

mentary borough omit the part between asterisks.

of the occupation as a ten pounds occupier of any premises situate as aforesaid, unless he pays on or before the twentieth day of July next all assessed taxes which have become due from him in respect of those premises previously to the fifth day of January last past.*

Dated the day of June 18 .

(Signed) *A.B.* } Overseers of the parish [*or* township]
C.D. } of .

No. 2.

NOTICE as to RATES to be published by the OVERSEERS.

(MUNICIPAL.)

Municipal borough of } We hereby give notice that no
, } person will be entitled to have
to wit. } his name inserted in any list

of burgesses of the said municipal borough now about to be made in respect of the occupation of any premises situate wholly or partly within this parish [*or* township], unless all poor rates and borough rates (if any) which have become due in respect of those premises on account of a poor rate made and allowed or a borough rate made during the twelve calendar months next preceding the fifth day of January last past have been duly paid on or before the twentieth day of July next.

Dated the day of June 18 .

(Signed) *A.B.* } Overseers of the parish [*or* township]
C.D. } of .

Note.—Where a parish is situate within both a parliamentary borough and a municipal borough, both the above notices must be issued.

FORM (C.)

No. 1.

NOTICE as to RATES to be served by OVERSEERS.

To *A.B.*

Parliamentary borough [*or* [division of the] county] of .

* Municipal borough of *

If the parish is not in a municipal borough the parts between asterisks are to be omitted.

Take notice that you will not be entitled to have your name inserted in the list of parliamentary voters for the said borough [*or* division *or* county]* or in the burgess lists for the municipal borough of * now about to be made in respect of the occupation as a ten pounds occupier or inhabitant occupier of the premises in your occupation in [*street or place*], unless on or before the twentieth day of July next all sums due in respect of those premises on account of any poor rate made and allowed *or borough rate made* during the twelve calendar months next preceding the fifth day of January last, amounting to £ , are duly paid.

Where a borough rate is levied as a separate rate and not as part of the poor rate, the form should be altered accordingly, so as to distinguish the borough rate from the poor rate, and to state that omission to pay the borough rate will disqualify for enrolment as a burgess.

Dated the day of June 18 .

(Signed) *C.D.* } Overseers of the parish [*or* township]
E.F. } of .

No. 2.

FORM of LIST of NAMES of PERSONS disqualified for being registered in respect of a ten pounds occupation or household qualification by non-payment of the rates due in respect of the premises named herein.

Name of Person in full, Surname being placed first.	Place of Abode.	Premises.	Person actually rated in respect of Premises.

Schedule 3.

FORM (D.)

FORM of LISTS of PARLIAMENTARY VOTERS and BURGESSES for a PARISH in a MUNICIPAL BOROUGH.

No. 1.

FORM of OCCUPIERS LIST, including ten pounds occupiers, householders, and burgesses.

No. 1.—LIST OF

N.B.—This list (No. 1) does not contain the names of any parliamentary voters except those entitled in respect of a ten pounds or household qualification. If the parish is not in a municipal borough, omit the part between asterisks.

The persons entitled to be registered as parliamentary voters for the parliamentary borough [*or* [division of the] county] of in respect of the occupation of any dwelling-house, or of any land or tenement of a clear yearly value of ten pounds, situate wholly or partly within this parish [*or* township], *and the persons entitled to be enrolled as burgesses for the municipal borough of in respect of the occupation of property situate wholly or partly within this parish [*or* township]*.

Division One. Persons entitled both to be Registered as Parliamentary Voters in respect of the occupation aforesaid and to be enrolled as Burgesses.

1. Names of Voters in full, Surname being first.	2. Place of Abode.	3. Nature of Qualification.	4. Description of Qualifying Property.
Abrahams, Samuel	12, High Street	House (joint)	12, High Street.
Brown, Thomas	Wood Villa, Gainsborough.	Shop	4, Brick Street.
Masters, Abel	1, Brick Street	Dwelling-house	1, Brick Street.
Smith, William	10, High Street	Dwelling-house (successive).	2, Brick Street. 10, High Street.

Division Two. Persons entitled to be Registered as Parliamentary Voters in respect of the occupation aforesaid, but not to be enrolled as Burgesses.

Names of Voters in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property.
Adams, John	24, Duke Street	Land	Garden adjoining No. 7, Brick Street.
Stubbs, Thomas	20, High Street	Dwelling-house (service).	20, High Street.

Division Three. Persons entitled to be enrolled as Burgesses, but not to be Registered as Parliamentary Voters in respect of the occupation aforesaid.

Names of Voters in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property.
Gardener, Mary	10, Brick Street	Warehouse	6, High Street.
Thompson, Henry	14, John Street	Shop	3, Brick Street.

(Signed) *A.B.* } Overseers of the parish [*or*
C.D. } township] of .

Schedule 3.

No. 2.—LIST OF

The persons entitled to be registered as parliamentary voters for the parliamentary borough of in respect of any right reserved by sections 31 and 33 of the Reform Act, 1832.

Names of Voters in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property (if any).
Smith, John -	15, Brick Street	Inhabitant householder paying scot and lot.	

(Signed) *A.B.* } Overseers of the parish [*or*
C.D. } township] of .

No. 3.—OLD LODGERS LIST.

LIST OF

If the parish is not situate in a parliamentary borough, the form must be adapted to the division of a county or county.

The persons who being on the register of voters now in force for the parliamentary borough [*or* division of the county] of in respect of residence in lodgings within the parish [*or* township] of claim, in respect of residence in the same lodgings, to have their names inserted in the list of persons entitled to vote in the election of a member [*or* members] to serve in Parliament for the said borough [*or* the borough *or* division *or* county of].

Names of Claimants in full, Surname being first.	Description of Rooms occupied, and whether Furnished or not.	Street, Lane, or other Place, and Number, if any, of House in which Lodgings are situate.	Name and Address of Landlord or other Person to whom Rent is paid.	Margin for Objections by Overseers.

(Signed) *A.B.* } Overseers of the parish [*or*
C.D. } township] of

FORM (E.)

FORM of LIST of Parliamentary Voters for a Parish situate in a PARLIAMENTARY BOROUGH, but not in a MUNICIPAL BOROUGH.

This form is to be the same as Form D., omitting from List No. 1 the parts between asterisks, and omitting the words "*Division One. Persons entitled, &c.*" forming the heading of division one, and omitting divisions two and three.

Schedule 3.

FORM (F.)

FORM of LIST of BURGESSES for a PARISH wholly or partly situate in a MUNICIPAL but not in a PARLIAMENTARY Borough, and which was not included in a parliamentary borough merged in a county by the Redistribution of Seats Act, 1885.

This Form is to be the same as Form D., No. 1, omitting the words "Division one" and "persons entitled, &c." forming the heading of Division one, and omitting all reference to parliamentary voters, and omitting Divisions two and three.

FORM (G.)

FORM of LIST of Occupiers in any Parish entitled to be elected Councillors or Aldermen of a Municipal Borough, though not entitled to be on the Burgess Roll of that Borough.

Lists of the persons who are entitled to be elected councillors or aldermen of the municipal borough of in respect of the occupation within the parish [*or* township] of of any property, but who are not entitled to be on the burgess roll of that borough.

1. Names of Persons in full, Surname being first.	2. Place of Abode.	3. Nature of Qualification.	4. Description of Qualifying Property.

(Signed) *A.B.* } Overseers of the parish [*or*
C.D. } township] of .

FORM (H.)

FORM OF NOTICE OF CLAIM.

No. 1.—(PARLIAMENTARY AND MUNICIPAL) (General).

To the overseers of the parish [*or* township] of .

I claim to have my name inserted among the parliamentary voters for the parliamentary borough of [and burgesses for the municipal borough of] in respect of the qualification named below [and to have my name omitted from the corrupt and illegal practices list].

Dated the day of 18 .

If the parish is not in a parliamentary borough substitute "division of the county" *or* "county" for "parliamentary borough."

Name of Claimant in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property.

(Signed) *A.B.*

Note.—If the claim is to be registered both as a parliamentary voter and a burgess in respect of the same property this notice is sufficient and No. 3 need not be served.

Schedule 3.

No. 2.—(PARLIAMENTARY) (Lodgers).

If the parish is not situate in a parliamentary borough substitute " division of the county " *or* " county " for " borough."

To the overseers of the parish [*or* township of].

I claim to have my name inserted as a lodger among the parliamentary voters for the borough of in respect of the qualification named below.

Name of Claimant in full, Surname being first.	Description of Rooms occupied, and whether Furnished or not.	Street, Lane, or other Place, and Number (if any) of House in which Lodgings situate.	Amount of Rent paid.	Name and Address of Landlord or other Person to whom Rent is paid.
Stevens, John William.	Two rooms, first floor, furnished.	51, Brick Street	16*s.* a week	William Johnson, 51, Brick Street.

I hereby declare that ‖I have during the twelve calendar months immediately preceding the fifteenth day of July in this year occupied as sole tenant [*or* as joint tenant with], and resided in the above-mentioned lodgings, and that those lodgings are of a clear yearly value, if let unfurnished, of ten [*or* twenty] pounds or upwards †and I hereby declare that I am on the register of parliamentary voters for the said parliamentary borough in respect of the same lodgings as above mentioned, and I desire to have my name inserted in the old lodgers list.†

Omit the words between crosses if they are not applicable.

If the parliamentary borough on the register of which the claimant is entered is merged or altered by the Redistribution Act, substitute in 1885 " the parliamentary borough of —— " for " the said parliamentary borough."

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed) *A.B.* (the claimant)

I, the undersigned, hereby declare that I have witnessed the above signature of the above-named [*here state name of claimant*], at the date stated above, and that I believe the above claim to be correct.

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed) *C.D.*, of

[*state residence and calling of witness.*]

Note.—If the claim is in respect of different rooms successively occupied as lodgings in the same house, the notice of claim must specify each room, or set of rooms, so occupied.

If the claimant is on the register in respect of the same lodgings, and desires to have his name inserted in the old lodgers list published on or before the first day of August, he must send in his claim on or before the twenty-fifth day of July.

In any other case he must send it in after the last day of July, and on or before the twentieth day of August.

If there are two joint lodgers, the yearly value of the lodgings must be twenty pounds or upwards.

No. 3.—(MUNICIPAL).

To the overseers of the parish [*or* township] of .

I claim to have my name inserted in the list of burgesses of the municipal borough of in respect of the qualification

named below [and I claim to have my name omitted from the corrupt and illegal practices list]. Schedule 3.

Dated the day of 18 .

Name of Claimant in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property.

(Signed) *A.B.*

FORM (I.)

FORM OF NOTICE OF OBJECTION.

No. 1 (PARLIAMENTARY AND MUNICIPAL).

NOTICE OF OBJECTION to be given to OVERSEERS.

To the overseers of the parish [*or* township] of

I hereby give you notice that I object to the name of being retained on the list as a parliamentary voter for the parliamentary borough of [and as a burgess for the municipal borough of] [and to the omission of the said name from the corrupt and illegal practices list].

If the parish is not in a parliamentary borough substitute "division of the county" *or* "county" for "parliamentary borough."

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed) *A.B.* [*place of abode*]

on the list of parliamentary voters and burgesses for the parish [*or* township] of .

No. 2 (PARLIAMENTARY AND MUNICIPAL).

NOTICE of OBJECTION to be given to PERSON objected to.

To Mr.

I hereby give you notice that I object to your name being retained on the list as a parliamentary voter for the parliamentary borough of [and as a burgess for the municipal borough of] [and to the omission of the said name from the corrupt and illegal practices list] on the following grounds, viz.:—

1. That [*e.g.*, you have not occupied for twelve months to July 15th]
2. That
3.

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed) *A.B.*, of [*place of abode*], on the list of parliamentary voters [and burgesses] for the parish [*or* township] of .

Note.—The notice of objection in each of the above two cases, Nos. 1 and 2, should, if there is more than one list, specify the list, and if the list referred to is made out in divisions, should specify the division, to which the objection refers; and if the list contains two or more persons of the same name, should distinguish the person intended to be objected to.

If the notice refers to Division one the reference to a burgess may be inserted, and in such case these notices are sufficient, and Nos. 3 and 4 need not be served.

Schedule 3.

No. 3 (MUNICIPAL).

NOTICE of OBJECTION to be given to OVERSEERS.

To the overseers of the parish [*or* township] of .

I hereby give you notice that I object to the name of being retained on the list of burgesses of the municipal borough of [and to the omission of the said name from the corrupt and illegal practices list].

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed) *A.B.*, of [*place of abode*], on the list of burgesses for the parish [*or* township] of .

No. 4 (MUNICIPAL).

NOTICE of OBJECTION to be given to PERSON objected to.

To Mr.

I hereby give you notice that I object to your name being retained on the list of burgesses of the municipal borough of on the following grounds, viz. :—

1. That [*e.g.*, you have not occupied for twelve months to July 15th].
2. That
3.

Dated the day of .

(Signed) *A.B.*, of [*place of abode*], on the list of burgesses for the parish [*or* township] of

Note.—The notice of objection in each of the above two cases, Nos. 3 and 4, should, if there is more than one list, specify the list, and if the list is made out in divisions, should specify the division to which the objection refers; and if the list contains two or more persons of the same name, should distinguish the person intended to be objected to.

FORM (K.)

FORM of LIST of CLAIMANTS to be Published by the Overseers.

No. 1.—GENERAL LIST OF CLAIMANTS (PARLIAMENTARY AND MUNICIPAL).

List of claimants (parliamentary and municipal).

The following persons claim to have their names inserted in division one of the occupiers list for the parish [*or* township] of as parliamentary voters for the parliamentary borough of , [and burgesses for the municipal borough of].

If the parish is not in a parliamentary borough substitute "division of the county" *or* "county" for "parliamentary borough."

Name of Claimant in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property.

(Signed) *A.B.* } Overseers for the parish [*or*
C.D. } township] of .

Note.—Form No. 1 applies where the occupiers list is made out in divisions, and to persons who claim to be entered in division one of that list, both as parliamentary voters and as burgesses.

Schedule 3.

No. 2.—GENERAL LIST OF CLAIMANTS (PARLIAMENTARY).

List of claimants (general).

The following persons claim otherwise than as lodgers to have their names inserted in the lists of parliamentary voters for the parliamentary borough of .

If the parish is not in a parliamentary borough substitute "division of the county" *or* "county" for "parliamentary borough."

Name of Claimant in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property.

(Signed) *A.B.*, *C.D.* } Overseers for the parish [*or* township] of .

Note.—This form applies to claims—

(*a*) where the occupiers list is not made out in divisions; and

(*b*) if the occupiers list is made out in divisions to claims by persons to be inserted in division two of that list, or in the reserved rights list.

Any claim to be omitted from the corrupt and illegal practices list shall be added to the foregoing list of claimants.

No. 3.—LIST OF LODGER CLAIMANTS (PARLIAMENTARY).

List of lodger claimants.

The following persons claim as lodgers to have their names inserted in the lists of parliamentary voters for the parliamentary borough of .

If the parish is not in a parliamentary borough substitute "division of the county" *or* "county" for "parliamentary borough."

Name of Claimant in full, Surname being first.	Description of Rooms occupied, and whether Furnished or not.	Street, Lane, or other Place, and Number (if any) of House in which Lodgings are situate.	Amount of Rent paid.	Name and Address of Landlord or other Person to whom Rent is paid.

(Signed) *A.B.*, *C.D.* } Overseers for the parish [*or* township] of .

In this Form the particulars should be copied from the claims sent in.

No. 4.—LIST OF CLAIMANTS (MUNICIPAL).

List of claimants (burgesses).

The following persons claim to have their names inserted in the burgess roll for the municipal borough of .

Name of Claimant in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property.

(Signed) *A.B.*, *C.D.* } Overseers of the parish [*or* township] of .

Schedule 3.

Any claim to be omitted from the corrupt and illegal practices list must be added to the above list.

This list need not include the names of persons who claim, where the occupiers list is made out in divisions, to be entered in division one of that list.

FORM (L.)

FORM of LIST of Persons objected to to be Published by the Overseers.

No. 1.—LIST of PERSONS objected to (PARLIAMENTARY and MUNICIPAL).

List of persons objected to (general).
If the parish is not in a parliamentary borough substitute "—— division of the county" *or* "county" for "parliamentary borough."

The following persons have been objected to as not being entitled to have their names retained on division one of the occupiers list of parliamentary voters for the parliamentary borough of and of burgesses for the municipal borough of .

Name of Person objected to in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of the supposed Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property.

(Signed) *A.B.*, *C.D.* } Overseers of the parish [*or* township] of .

Note.—This Form applies only where the occupiers list is made out in divisions, and to persons objected to who appear in division one of that list.

No. 2.—LIST of PERSONS objected to (PARLIAMENTARY).

List of persons objected to (general).
If the parish is not in a parliamentary borough substitute "—— division of the county" *or* "county" for "parliamentary borough."

The following persons have been objected to as not being entitled to have their names retained on the lists of parliamentary voters for the parliamentary borough of .

Name of Person objected to in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of the supposed Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property.

(Signed) *A.B.*, *C.D.* } Overseers of the parish [*or* township] of

Note.—This list applies to objections to persons whose names—

(*a*) where the occupiers list is not made out in divisions appear in that list or in the reserved rights list; and

(*b*) where the occupiers list is made out in divisions appear in division two of that list, or in the reserved rights list.

Any objection to the omission of a person from the corrupt and illegal practices list shall be added to the foregoing list.

Schedule 3.

No. 3.—List of LODGERS objected to (PARLIAMENTARY).

List of persons objected to (lodgers).

The following persons have been objected to as not being entitled to have their names retained on the list of persons entitled in respect of residence in lodgings to be parliamentary voters for the parliamentary borough of .

If the parish is not in a parliamentary borough substitute "—— division of the county" *or* "county" for "parliamentary borough."

Name of Person objected to in full, Surname being first.	Description of Rooms occupied, and whether Furnished or not.	Street, Lane, or other Place, and Number (if any) of House in which Lodgings are situate.	Name and Address of Landlord or other Person to whom Rent is paid.

(Signed) *A.B.*, *C.D.* } Overseers of the parish [*or* township] of .

Note.—This form applies only to lodgers on the old lodgers list who are objected to. The list of lodgers so objected to should form a separate list from that of other persons objected to.

No. 4.—LIST of PERSONS objected to (MUNICIPAL).

List of persons objected to (burgesses).

The following persons have been objected to as not being entitled to have their names retained on the burgess lists for the municipal borough of .

Name of Person objected to in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of the supposed Qualification.	Description of Qualifying Property.

(Signed) *A.B.*, *C.D.* } Overseers of the parish [*or* township] of .

This Form applies only to objections to persons whose names—

(*a*) where the occupiers list is made out in divisions, appear in the third division of that list; and

(*b*) where there is a list of burgesses made in Form F., appear in that list.

Any objection to the omission of a person from the corrupt and illegal practices list shall be added to the foregoing list.

FORM (M.)

DECLARATION for correcting misdescription in List.

I, of No. in the parish of in the parliamentary borough of in the [division of the] county of and

Schedule 3.

in the municipal borough of [*as the case may be*], do solemnly and sincerely declare as follows:—

1. I am the person referred to in division of the list of parliamentary voters and burgesses made out in divisions [or in the list of (*specifying the particular list*)] made out for the parish [*or* township] of , by an entry as follows:—

Name as described in List.	Place of Abode as described in List.	Nature of Qualification as described in List.	Description of Qualifying Property.
Brown, John	High Street	Shop - - -	2, Shire Lane.

2. My correct name and place of abode and the correct particulars respecting my qualification are, and ought to be, stated for the purposes of the register of parliamentary voters for the parliamentary borough [*or* [division of the] county] of [and the burgess roll about to be made up of burgesses for the municipal borough of (*as the case may be*)], as follows:—

Correct Name.	Correct place of Abode.	Correct nature of Qualification.	Correct Description of Qualifying Property.
Brown, Joseph -	15, High Street -	House - -	24, Shire Lane.

Dated this day of 18 .

(Signed)

Made and subscribed before me this day of 18 .

A.B.

Justice of the peace for

The person before whom the declaration is made should affix his official description.

Note.—This form must be adapted to suit the various lists.

FORM (N.)

NOTICE OF WITHDRAWAL OF OBJECTION.

No. 1.—NOTICE to the PERSON objected to.

To Mr.

I hereby give you notice that I withdraw my objection to your name being retained on the list of

†so far as regards the ground of objection numbered in my notice to you of such objection.†

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed)

The list should be referred to in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

Omit the words between crosses if the objection is wholly withdrawn.

The notice should be signed in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

No. 2.—NOTICE to the TOWN CLERK.

Schedule 3.

To the Town Clerk of

I hereby give you notice that I withdraw my objection to the name of being retained on the list of †so far as regards the ground of objection numbered in my notice to him of such objection.†

The list should be referred to in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

Omit the words between crosses if the objection is wholly withdrawn.

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed)

The notice should be signed in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

FORM (O.)

NOTICE REVIVING an OBJECTION.

No. 1.—NOTICE to the PERSON objected to.

To Mr.

I hereby give you notice that I revive the objection which was made by , since deceased, to your name being retained on the list of †so far as regards the ground of objection numbered in the notice to you of such objection.†

The list should be referred to in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

Omit the words between crosses if the objection is wholly revived.

The notice should be signed in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed)

No. 2.—NOTICE to the TOWN CLERK.

To the Town Clerk of

I hereby give you notice that I revive the objection which was made by , since deceased, to the name of being retained on the list of †so far as regards the ground of objection numbered in the notice to the person objected to of such objection.†

The list should be referred to in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

Omit the words between crosses if the objection is wholly revived

The notice should be signed in the manner prescribed for the notice of objection.

Dated the day of 18 .

(Signed)

FORM (P.)

FORM OF VOTER'S NOTICE OF SELECTION IN THE CASE OF DUPLICATE ENTRIES.

To the Revising Barrister for the parliamentary borough of

I hereby elect to vote in respect of the following entry in the list of voters for the parish [*or* township] of .

Name of Voter in full, Surname being first.	Place of Abode.	Nature of Qualification.	Description of qualifying Property.

(Signed) *A.B.*

NOTE.—The foregoing form should be filled up with a copy of the entry in the list of voters which the voter wishes to have retained for voting.

The notice should specify the list, and, if the list is made out in divisions, the division in which the entry referred to appears.