Session and Chapter.	Short Title.	Extent of Repeal.
63 & 64 Vict. c. 7.	Finance Act, 1900 -	In section two, the words "as from "the sixth day of March nineteen "hundred until the first day of "August nineteen hundred and "one." In section three, the words "as from "the sixth day of March nineteen "hundred until the first day of "August nineteen hundred and "one." In section four, the words "as from "the sixth day of March nineteen "hundred until the first day of "August nineteen hundred and "one," and the words "in and for "the same period." In section five the words "as from "the sixth day of March nineteen "hundred until the first day of "August nineteen hundred and "one," wherever they occur, and the words "This section shall "not affect the continuance after "the first day of August nineteen "hundred and one of the duties "existing prior to this section taking "effect." In section six the words "as from the "sixth day of March nineteen "hundred until the first day of "August nineteen hundred and "one," and the words "between "the fifth day of March nineteen "hundred and the first day of "August nineteen hundred and "one." In section seven the words "as from "the sixth day of March nineteen "hundred until the first day of "August nineteen hundred and "one."

CHAPTER 14.

An Act to make better provision as to the Relief of Persons released from detention in Prisons, Reformatory and Industrial Schools, and Inebriate Reformatories.

[21st August 1907.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Relief of released prisoner.

1.—(1) Where it appears to a justice of the peace having jurisdiction in the place where a prison is situate, or being a

member of the visiting committee or board of visitors of the prison, by notice in writing given by the governor of the prison, that a person detained in the prison is about to be released therefrom, and that on his release the person will, by reason of infirmity of mind or body, require immediate poor law relief, the justice may make an order for the removal of that person, on his release, to and his reception in the workhouse of the poor law union consisting of or comprising the parish in which he appears to the justice to be settled, or, if the justice cannot ascertain in what parish he is settled, then the workhouse of the poor law union to which he is deemed to be primâ facie chargeable for the purposes of this section.

(2) Such person shall, for the purposes of this section, be deemed to be primâ facie chargeable to the poor law union in which the ordinary residence of the person appears to the justice making the order to have been at the time when the offence for or in respect of which he is detained was alleged to have been committed, or, if the justice cannot ascertain such residence, then—

(*a*) to the poor law union in which such offence was alleged to have been committed; or

(*b*) if that offence was alleged to have been committed out of the United Kingdom, to the poor law union in which the court of summary jurisdiction by which the person was convicted or committed for trial, or ordered to be detained, sat.

(3) The order of the justice shall be in such form as may be prescribed by the Secretary of State, and shall authorise the conveyance of the person in respect of whom it is made to the workhouse named in the order, and shall be served and be enforceable in like manner as an order of removal under the Acts relating to the relief of the poor.

(4) Where it appears to the justice making the order that the person will on his release be too ill to be removed to the workhouse named in the order, he may suspend the operation of the order, and in that case the person on his release may be conveyed to and shall be received in the workhouse of the poor law union in which the prison is situate, but the expenses of his maintenance in that workhouse shall be repaid by the guardians of the poor law union named in the order.

(5) Where an order under this Act has been made with respect to any person, an order under the Acts relating to the relief of the poor for his removal to the poor law union consisting of or comprising the parish where he is actually settled may be obtained on the application of the guardians of the poor law union named in the first-mentioned order, either before or after the execution of that order, and on such last-mentioned order being obtained the order under this Act shall cease to have effect, and the provisions of this Act shall cease to apply,

but all expenses entailed by this Act or an order made thereunder on the guardians of the poor law union named in that order shall be repaid to them by the guardians of the poor law union consisting of or comprising the parish where the said person is actually settled.

Application of Act to reformatory and industrial schools.

2. This Act shall apply to persons detained in industrial and reformatory schools, subject to the following modifications:—

(*a*) For references to prisons and governors thereof there shall be substituted references to reformatory and industrial schools and superintendents thereof:

(*b*) For the reference to members of the visiting committee or board of visitors there shall be substituted a reference to managers:

(*c*) References to offences and the time and place where offences were committed shall include references to the circumstances in consequence of which the order of detention was made and the time and place where such circumstances occurred.

Application of Act to inebriate reformatories.

3. This Act shall apply to persons detained in inebriate reformatories subject, in the case of certified inebriate reformatories, to the following modifications:—

(*a*) For references to prisons and governors thereof there shall be substituted references to inebriate reformatories and superintendents thereof:

(*b*) For references to members of the visiting committee or board of visitors there shall be substituted references to managers.

Short title and extent.

4.—(1) This Act may be cited as the Released Persons (Poor Law Relief) Act, 1907.

(2) This Act shall extend only to England and Wales, and where a person has not a place of settlement or residence in England or Wales his place of settlement or residence shall be deemed for the purposes of this Act to be unascertainable.

CHAPTER 15.

An Act to enable Provisional Orders to be made for regulating Salmon and Freshwater Fisheries.

[21st August 1907.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Power of Board of Agriculture and Fisheries to make orders.

1. With a view to the improvement and development of the salmon fisheries or freshwater fisheries, or either of them, within any area, the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries may, upon such application as is herein-after mentioned, make a