which same shall be so entitled, or in such other court as the Lord Chancellor of Ireland may direct.

Petition must aver that cause of action arose in Ireland.

3. Provided always, that every petition so entitled shall contain an averment that the subject matter of the said petition, or a material part thereof, arose within that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland, and such averment shall be deemed to be a material and necessary statement in the case of the suppliant, and a traverse of such averment shall be deemed to be a sufficient pleading in bar of the suppliant's right to relief.

Provisions of Petitions of Right Act to apply.

4. The provisions of "The Petitions of Right Act, 1860," shall extend to and be applicable to proceedings under this Act, and shall in relation to such proceedings be construed as if the courts of law and equity in Ireland had been named in such Act instead of the courts of law and equity in England, and for such purposes the words "Lord High Chancellor" and "Lord Chancellor" shall be construed to mean and include the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, and Lords Commissioners for the custody of the Great Seal of Ireland for the time being; the words "Her Majesty's Attorney General" or "the Attorney General" shall be construed to mean Her Majesty's Attorney General for Ireland; the words "Solicitor to the Treasury" shall be construed to mean Crown and Treasury Solicitor for Ireland; and the word "court" shall be construed to mean any one of the superior courts of common law at Dublin in which any such petition is presented, and all judgments and decrees pronounced by any court of law or equity in Ireland under this Act shall have the same force and effect to all intents and purposes as judgments and decrees pronounced under "The Petitions of Right Act, 1860," by any court of law or equity in England: Provided always, that unless within twenty-eight days after Her Majesty's fiat to any petition has been obtained a copy of such petition and fiat shall be left at the office of the Crown and Treasury Solicitor for Ireland, endorsed in manner by the said Petitions of Right Act, 1860, prescribed, no further proceedings shall be taken or had upon such petition.

Irish courts to make rules.

5. The power of making rules and orders conferred upon the judges of the Court of Chancery and common law in England by the fifteenth section of the said Act shall and may, in relation to the proceedings under this Act, be exercised by the judges of the Courts of Chancery and common law in Ireland respectively, in the same manner in all respects and subject to the same provisoes and restrictions as in such section provided and contained.

Forms prescribed in Petitions of Right Act to be used.

6. The forms contained in the schedule annexed to the said Act shall be applicable to proceedings under this Act, with such alterations and additions as may show that such petition is entitled and such proceedings had in one of Her Majesty's superior courts of common law or equity in Ireland.

CHAPTER 70.

An Act to amend the Law relating to the appointment of Revising Barristers and the holding of Revision Courts. [5th August 1873.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to the appointment of revising barristers and the holding of revision courts:

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as "The Revising Barristers Act, 1873."

Repeal of Acts in schedule.

2. The Acts specified in the schedule to this Act are hereby repealed from and after the passing of this Act to the extent specified in the third column of the schedule, without

prejudice to anything done or suffered before the passing of this Act under the enactments hereby repealed.

Power to Queen in Council to alter number of revising barristers.

3. Her Majesty by Order in Council may vary from time to time, either by way of increase or decrease, the number of revising barristers to be appointed for any counties, cities, boroughs, or places in pursuance of section twenty-eight of the Parliamentary Electors Registration Act, 1843, and the number fixed by such Order shall be substituted for the number fixed by the said section, or by any previous Order in Council made under this or any other Act.

Evening sittings of revision court.

4. Every barrister appointed to revise the lists for a parliamentary borough containing, according to the last census for the time being, more than ten thousand inhabitants, shall hold at least one evening sitting of his court in such borough.

An evening sitting shall commence not earlier than six nor later than seven o'clock in the evening, and shall be of such duration as, in the opinion of the revising barrister, shall be reasonable.

Special notice or notices of an evening sitting or of evening sittings to be held in a borough shall be published by the town clerk in such manner as the revising barrister may direct.

Adjournment of court by revising barrister.

5. If a revising barrister is prevented by illness from holding a court at any place in a county or borough at the appointed time, he may, by notice in writing addressed to the clerk of the peace of such county, or town clerk of such borough, adjourn such court to some other day named in the notice, and the court shall be adjourned accordingly; and the clerk of the peace or town clerk on the receipt of such notice shall forthwith give public notice of such adjournment, in like manner as he gives notice of the time at which the revising barrister will hold his court.

A formal adjournment of the court of a revising barrister from day to day shall not be necessary, but the revision shall be deemed to be adjourned, and may be continued from day to day until concluded: Provided that no court shall be adjourned under this section to any day later than the thirty-first day of October in any year.

Interpretation.

6. In this Act—

The term "The Parliamentary Electors Registration Act, 1843," means the Act of the session of the sixth and seventh years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter eighteen, intituled "An Act to amend the law for the registration of persons entitled "to vote and to define certain rights of voting, and to regulate certain proceedings in "the election of members to serve in Parliament for England and Wales:"

The terms "parliamentary borough" and "borough" mean a city or borough as defined by the Parliamentary Electors Registration Act, 1843:

The other terms used in this Act have the same meaning as in the Parliamentary Electors Registration Act, 1843, and the enactments amending the same.

Extent of Act.

7. This Act shall not extend to Scotland or Ireland.

SCHEDULE.

26 & 27 Vict. c. 122. -	An Act to enable Her Majesty in Council to make alterations in the circuits of the Judges.	Section four.
35 & 36 Vict. c. 84. -	An Act to amend the Law relating to the appointment of Revising Barristers.	Section three.