## CHAPTER 15.

An Act to apply the sum of twenty-six million four hundred and seventy-three thousand nine hundred and forty-four pounds out of the Consolidated Fund to the service of the year ending on the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety.

[5th July 1889.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, towards making good the supply which we have cheerfully granted to Your Majesty in this session of Parliament, have resolved to grant unto Your Majesty the sum hereinafter mentioned; and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Issue of 26,473,944*l.* out of the Consolidated Fund for the service of the year ending 31st March 1890.

**1.** The Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury for the time being may issue out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and apply towards making good the supply granted to Her Majesty for the service of the year ending on the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety the sum of twenty-six million four hundred and seventy-three thousand nine hundred and forty-four pounds.

Power to the Treasury to borrow.

**2.** The Commissioners of the Treasury may borrow from time to time on the credit of the said sum any sum or sums not exceeding in the whole the sum of twenty-six million four hundred and seventy-three thousand nine hundred and forty-four pounds, and shall repay the moneys so borrowed with interest not exceeding five pounds per centum per annum out of the growing produce of the Consolidated Fund at any period not later than the next succeeding quarter to that in which the said moneys were borrowed.

Any sums so borrowed shall be placed to the credit of the account of Her Majesty's Exchequer, and shall form part of the said Consolidated Fund, and be available in any manner in which such fund is available.

Short title.

**3.** This Act may be cited as the Consolidated Fund (No. 3) Act, 1889.

## CHAPTER 16.

An Act to explain the Secretary for Scotland Act, 1887.

[5th July 1889.]

WHEREAS doubts have been entertained as to whether the functions of the Secretary of State for the War Department have been transferred to the Secretary for Scotland by virtue of

50 & 51 Vict. c. 52.

the Secretary for Scotland Act, 1887, and it is expedient to remove those doubts:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Secretary of State for War not affected by 50 & 51 Vict. c. 52.

**1.** Nothing in the Secretary for Scotland Act, 1887, shall affect or be deemed to have affected any powers, duties, or functions of any of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as Secretary of State for the War Department.

Short title.

**2.** This Act may be cited as the Secretary for Scotland Act, 1889, and this Act and the Secretary for Scotland Acts, 1885 and 1887, may be cited collectively as the Secretary for Scotland Acts, 1885 to 1889.

## CHAPTER 17.

### An Act to abolish any Duties on Coals leviable by the Corporation of London. [9th July 1889.]

Charter, 3rd James 1.

WHEREAS by a charter of His Majesty King James the First, dated the twentieth day of August, in the third year of his reign, after reciting that the mayor and commonalty and citizens of the City of London (herein-after referred to as the Corporation) from time immemorial had had and exercised the office of bailiff and the conservancy of the River Thames, and had received all the profits belonging to the office of bailiff, and also reciting that the Corporation had from time immemorial exercised the office of measurer of, amongst other things, all coals brought into the Port of London by the River Thames in any ship or vessel, or on every shore or wharf of the Thames, by deputies for the time being, and that the Corporation had received to their own use all profits belonging to the office of measurer, and reciting that the Corporation had for a short time previously been disturbed in their measurings and the office of measurer; His Majesty, in order to put an end to all controversy, by the now reciting charter confirmed all the fees and measurings aforesaid, and the profits belonging to them, and the uses and customs aforesaid, to the Corporation and their successors; and by the same charter His said Majesty granted to the Corporation the office of bailiff and the conservancy of the Thames; and further granted to the Corporation and their successors the office of measurer of, amongst other things, all coals which might be brought into the Port of London on the Thames in any ship or vessel, or which might be brought into any shore or wharf of the Thames from Staines Bridge to a place called Yentleete, otherwise Yantleet, near the sea, together with the right to receive all profits belonging to the said office of measurer:

Charter, 12th James 1.

And whereas by another charter of His said Majesty King James the First, dated the twelfth day of December, in the twelfth year of his reign, after reciting that it was manifest to His Majesty that