(35) SHIRTMAKING (G.B.)

The Shirtmaking Wages Council (Great Britain) Wages Regulation (Holidays) Order, 1949

1949 No. 1401

Made - - - - *25th July,* 1949
Coming into Operation *15th August,* 1949

S. (37)

Whereas the Minister of Labour and National Service (hereinafter referred to as "the Minister") has received from the Shirtmaking Wages Council (Great Britain) (hereinafter referred to as "the Council") the wages regulation proposals set out in the Schedule hereto being proposals for requiring workers in relation to whom the Council operates to be allowed holidays by their employers and for fixing holiday remuneration to be paid by their employers to those workers in substitution for the holidays provided for and the holiday remuneration fixed, by the Shirtmaking Wages Council (Great Britain) Wages Regulation (Holidays) Order, 1946(a) (hereinafter referred to as "Order S. (31)");

Now, therefore, the Minister by virtue of the powers conferred on him by section 10 of the Wages Councils Act, 1945(b), and of all other powers in that behalf, hereby makes the following Order:—

Short title and interpretation

1.—(1) This Order may be cited as the Shirtmaking Wages Council (Great Britain) Wages Regulation (Holidays) Order, 1949.

(2) In this Order the expression "the specified date" means the 15th day of August, 1949, provided that where as respects any worker who is paid wages at intervals not exceeding seven days that date does not correspond with the beginning of the period for which the wages are paid, the expression "the specified date" means, as respects that worker, the beginning of the next such period following that date.

(3) The Interpretation Act, 1889(c), applies to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

Fixing of holidays and holiday remuneration and revocation of Order S. (31)

2.—(1) Effect is hereby given to the said wages regulation proposals set out in the Schedule hereto.

(2) The provisions of the Schedule hereto shall have effect as from the specified date and as from that date Order S. (31)(a) shall cease to have effect.

Signed by order of the Minister of Labour and National Service this 25th day of July, 1949.

Godfrey H. Ince,
Secretary of the
Ministry of Labour and National Service.

(a) S.R. & O. 1946 (No. 600) I, p. 2166. (b) 8 & 9 Geo. 6. c. 17.
(c) 52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.

SCHEDULE

The following provisions as to holidays and holiday remuneration shall be substituted for the provisions as to holidays and holiday remuneration set out in Order S. (31).

PART I

APPLICATION

Paragraph 1

(1) This Schedule applies to every worker (other than a homeworker) for whom statutory minimum remuneration has been fixed.

(2) For the purposes of this Schedule a homeworker is a worker who works in his own home or in any other place not under the control or management of the employer.

PART II

CUSTOMARY HOLIDAYS

Paragraph 2

(1) An employer shall allow to every worker in his employment to whom this Schedule applies a holiday (hereinafter referred to as a "customary holiday") in each year on the days specified in the following sub-paragraph provided that the worker has been in his employment for a period of not less than eight weeks immediately preceding the customary holiday and has worked for the employer during the whole or part of that period and is in his employment on the day of the customary holiday.

(2) The said customary holidays are:—

(*a*) (i) In England and Wales—

Christmas Day (or, if Christmas Day falls on a Sunday, such other week-day as may be appointed by national proclamation, or, if none is so appointed, the next following Tuesday), Boxing Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Whit Monday and August Bank Holiday.

(ii) In Scotland—

New Year's Day (or, if New Year's Day falls on a Sunday, the following Monday);

the local Spring holiday;

the local Autumn holiday; and

three other days (being days on which the worker normally works) in the course of a calendar year to be fixed by the employer and notified to the worker not less than three weeks before the holiday;

or (*b*) in the case of each of the said days a day substituted by the employer therefor, being a day recognised by local custom as a day of holiday in substitution for the said day.

(3) Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this paragraph, an employer may (except where in the case of a woman or young person such a requirement would be unlawful) require a worker who is otherwise entitled to any customary holiday under the foregoing provisions of this Schedule to work thereon, and, in lieu of any such holiday on which he so works the worker shall be entitled to be allowed a day's holiday (hereinafter referred to as a "holiday in lieu of a customary holiday") on a week-day within the period of four weeks next ensuing.

(4) A worker who is required to work on a customary holiday shall be paid:—

(*a*) for all time worked thereon at the minimum rate then appropriate to the worker for work on a customary holiday; and

(*b*) in respect of the holiday in lieu of the customary holiday, holiday remuneration in accordance with paragraph 6 of this Schedule.

PART III

ANNUAL HOLIDAY

Paragraph 3

(1) In addition to the holidays specified in Part II of this Schedule an employer shall before the 30th day of September, 1949, and between the 1st day of May and the 30th day of September in each subsequent year, allow a holiday (hereinafter referred to as an " annual holiday ") to every worker in his employment to whom this Schedule applies, who has been employed by him during the twelve months immediately preceding the commencement of the holiday season for any one of the periods of employment (calculated in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 11 of this Schedule) set out in the appropriate column of the table below and the duration of the annual holiday shall in the case of each such worker be related to that period as follows:—

Workers with a normal working week of 6 days		*Workers with a normal working week of 5 days or less*	
Period of employment	*Duration of annual holiday*	*Period of employment*	*Duration of annual holiday*
Not less than 48 weeks	*12 days*	*Not less than 48 weeks*	*10 days*
,, ,, ,, *44* ,, *but less than 48 weeks* ...	*11* ,,	,, ,, ,, *43* ,, *but less than 48 weeks* ...	*9* ,,
,, ,, ,, *40* ,, ,, ,, ,, *44* ,, ...	*10* ,,	,, ,, ,, *38* ,, ,, ,, ,, *43* ,, ...	*8* ,,
,, ,, ,, *36* ,, ,, ,, ,, *40* ,, ...	*9* ,,	,, ,, ,, *33* ,, ,, ,, ,, *38* ,, ...	*7* ,,
,, ,, ,, *32* ,, ,, ,, ,, *36* ,, ...	*8* ,,	,, ,, ,, *28* ,, ,, ,, ,, *33* ,, ...	*6* ,,
,, ,, ,, *28* ,, ,, ,, ,, *32* ,, ...	*7* ,,	,, ,, ,, *24* ,, ,, ,, ,, *28* ,, ...	*5* ,,
,, ,, ,, *24* ,, ,, ,, ,, *28* ,, ...	*6* ,,	,, ,, ,, *19* ,, ,, ,, ,, *24* ,, ...	*4* ,,
,, ,, ,, *20* ,, ,, ,, ,, *24* ,, ...	*5* ,,	,, ,, ,, *14* ,, ,, ,, ,, *19* ,, ...	*3* ,,
,, ,, ,, *16* ,, ,, ,, ,, *20* ,, ...	*4* ,,	,, ,, ,, *9* ,, ,, ,, ,, *14* ,, ...	*2* ,,
,, ,, ,, *12* ,, ,, ,, ,, *16* ,, ...	*3* ,,	,, ,, ,, *4* ,, ,, ,, ,, *9* ,, ...	*1 day*
,, ,, ,, *8* ,, ,, ,, ,, *12* ,, ...	*2* ,,		
,, ,, ,, *4* ,, ,, ,, ,, *8* ,, ...	*1 day*		

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of the last foregoing sub-paragraph

(*a*) the number of days of annual holiday to which a worker is entitled in any holiday season shall not exceed in the aggregate *twice* the period constituting the worker's normal working week;

(*b*) *the duration of the worker's annual holiday during the holiday season ending on the 30th day of September, 1949, shall be reduced by any days of annual holiday duly allowed to him by the employer under the provisions of Order S. (31) between the 1st day of May, 1949, and the 15th day of August, 1949;*

(*c*) *where in any year a worker does not wish to take his annual holiday or part thereof during the current holiday season and, before the expiration of such holiday season, enters into an agreement in writing with his employer that the annual holiday or part thereof shall be allowed after the expiration of the current holiday season but before the commencement of the next following holiday season, then any day or days of annual holiday so allowed shall be treated as having been allowed during the current holiday season.*

(3) In this Schedule the expression "holiday season" means in relation to an annual holiday during the year 1949 the period commencing on the 1st day of May, 1949, and ending on the 30th day of September, 1949, and in relation to each subsequent year, the period commencing on the 1st day of May and ending on the 30th day of September in that year.

Paragraph 4

Annual holidays under this Schedule shall be allowed on consecutive working days and days of holiday shall be treated as consecutive notwithstanding that a Sunday or a customary holiday or a holiday in lieu of a customary holiday intervenes.

Provided that—

(1) where the duration of an annual holiday to which a worker is entitled exceeds the period constituting the worker's normal working week the said holiday may be allowed in two separate periods of such consecutive working days one of which shall be not less than the period of his normal working week;

(2) one day of the annual holiday may be allowed on a non-consecutive working day (other than the worker's weekly short day) falling within the holiday season (or after the holiday season in the circumstances specified in sub-paragraph (2) (c) of paragraph 3 of this Schedule) where the said annual holiday or, as the case may be, such separate period, is allowed immediately after a customary holiday or so that such a holiday intervenes.

Paragraph 5

An employer shall give to a worker reasonable notice of the commencing date or dates and of the duration of his annual holiday. Such notice may be given individually to the worker or by the posting of a notice in the place where the worker is employed.

PART IV

HOLIDAY REMUNERATION

A—CUSTOMARY HOLIDAYS

Paragraph 6

(1) For each day of holiday (including a holiday falling on a Saturday) to which a worker is entitled under Part II of this Schedule he shall be paid by the employer holiday remuneration equal to the appropriate statutory minimum remuneration to which he would have been entitled as a time worker if the day had not been a day of holiday and he had been employed on work to which statutory minimum remuneration applies:—

(*a*) in the case of a worker normally employed for more than 30 hours a week, for 8¼ hours; or

(*b*) in the case of a worker normally employed for 30 hours a week or less, for 4½ hours.

(2) Where a worker normally works in the week on every week-day except Saturday, he shall be paid in respect of any Saturday on which he would have been entitled to a holiday under Part II of this Schedule if it had been a day on which he normally worked, a sum equivalent to the holiday remuneration he would have been entitled to receive had he been allowed a holiday on that day.

(3) Holiday remuneration in respect of any customary holiday shall be paid by the employer to the worker on the pay-day on which the wages for the pay-week including the holiday are paid.

(4) Holiday remuneration in respect of any holiday in lieu of a customary holiday shall be paid on the pay-day on which the wages for the week including that holiday in lieu are paid. Provided that the said payment shall be made immediately upon the termination of the worker's employment in the case where he ceases to be employed before being allowed such holiday in lieu of a customary holiday.

B—ANNUAL HOLIDAYS

Paragraph 7

(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Schedule, a worker entitled to be allowed an annual holiday under this Schedule shall be paid by his employer in respect thereof, on the last pay-day preceding such annual holiday, remuneration in accordance with the following table :—

TABLE OF HOLIDAY REMUNERATION

Column 1 *Period of annual holiday*	*Column 2* *Holiday remuneration for workers with a normal working week of:—*			Column 3 Holiday remuneration for full normal working week
	Six days	*Five days*	*Four days or less*	
12 days ...	*Twice the amount in Col. 3*	—	—	The amount which the worker would be entitled to receive from his employer, at the date of the holiday, for a week's work, if working his normal working week, and the number of daily hours usually worked by him (exclusive of overtime) and if paid at the appropriate rate of statutory minimum remuneration for time work, fixed by a wages regulation order in respect of the worker, for work to which that order applies and at the same rate for work (if any) to which that order does not apply.
11 „ ...	*One and five-sixths times the amount in Col. 3*	—	—	
10 „ ...	*One and two-thirds times the amount in Col. 3*	*Twice the amount in Col. 3*	—	
9 „ ...	*One and one-half times the amount in Col. 3*	*One and four-fifths times the amount in Col. 3*	—	
8 „ ...	*One and one-third times the amount in Col. 3*	*One and three-fifths times the amount in Col. 3*	*Twice the amount in Col. 3*	
7 „ ...	*One and one-sixth times the amount in Col. 3*	*One and two-fifths times the amount in Col. 3*	*One and three-quarters times the amount in Col. 3*	
6 „ ...	*The amount in Col. 3*	*One and one-fifth times the amount in Col. 3*	*One and one-half times the amount in Col. 3*	
5 „ ...	*Five-sixths of the amount in Col. 3*	*The amount in Col. 3*	*One and one-quarter times the amount in Col. 3*	
4 „ ...	*Two-thirds of the amount in Col. 3*	*Four-fifths of the amount in Col. 3*	*The amount in Col. 3*	
3 „ ...	*One-half of the amount in Col. 3*	*Three-fifths of the amount in Col. 3*	*Three-quarters of the amount in Col. 3*	
2 „ ...	*One-third of the amount in Col. 3*	*Two-fifths of the amount in Col. 3*	*One-half of the amount in Col. 3*	
1 day ...	*One-sixth of the amount in Col. 3*	*One-fifth of the amount in Col. 3*	*One-quarter of the amount in Col. 3*	

(2) In the application of the provisions of the foregoing table to the case of a piece worker the appropriate rate of statutory minimum remuneration for time work is the appropriate minimum rate that would have been applicable to him if he had been employed as a time worker.

(3) Where under the provisions of paragraph 4 of this Schedule an annual holiday is taken in more than one period, the holiday remuneration shall be apportioned accordingly.

Paragraph 8

When a worker ceases to be employed after the provisions of this Schedule become effective, accrued holiday remuneration shall, immediately on the termination of the employment, be paid to him by his employer in accordance with the next following paragraph for periods of employment in respect of which he has not been allowed or has not become entitled to be allowed an annual holiday under this Schedule.

Provided that where a worker ceases to be employed after being allowed (whether before or after the date on which the provisions of this Schedule become effective) a part of the annual holiday for which he has qualified by reason of his employment during any of the periods of twelve months referred to in the next following paragraph, but before being allowed the rest of the annual holiday for which he has so qualified, the accrued holiday remuneration payable to him in respect of his employment during the said period of twelve months shall be reduced by the amount of holiday remuneration received by him in respect of the part of the annual holiday he has been allowed.

Paragraph 9

(1) Subject to the provisions of this paragraph, holiday remuneration shall accrue to a worker during a period of twelve months commencing on the 1st day of May 1948, and thereafter in each successive period of twelve months commencing on the 1st day of May and such holiday remuneration shall accrue in accordance with the provisions of the following table :—

TABLE OF ACCRUED HOLIDAY REMUNERATION

Column 1 *Workers with a normal working week of 6 days*		*Column 2* *Workers with a normal working week of 5 days or less*		Column 3 Accrued holiday remuneration for full normal working week
Period of employment	*Accrued holiday remuneration*	*Period of employment*	*Accrued holiday remuneration*	
After 48 weeks' employment calculated in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 11 of this Schedule	*Twice the amount in Col. 3*	*After 48 weeks' employment calculated in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 11 of this Schedule*	*Twice the amount in Col. 3*	The amount which the worker would be entitled to receive from his employer, at the date of the termination of his employment, for a week's work, if working his normal working week, and the number of daily hours usually worked by him (exclusive of overtime) and if paid at the appropriate rate of statutory minimum remuneration for time work, fixed by a wages regulation order in respect of the worker, for work to which that order applies and at the same rate for work (if any) to which that order does not apply.
After 44 weeks' such employment	*One and five-sixths times the amount in Col. 3*	*After 43 weeks' such employment*	*One and four-fifths times the amount in Col. 3*	
After 40 weeks' such employment	*One and two-thirds times the amount in Col. 3*	*After 38 weeks' such employment*	*One and three-fifths times the amount in Col. 3*	
After 36 weeks' such employment	*One and one-half times the amount in Col. 3*	*After 33 weeks' such employment*	*One and two-fifths times the amount in Col. 3*	
After 32 weeks' such employment	*One and one-third times the amount in Col. 3*	*After 28 weeks' such employment*	*One and one-fifth times the amount in Col. 3*	
After 28 weeks' such employment	*One and one-sixth times the amount in Col. 3*	*After 24 weeks' such employment*	*The amount in Col. 3*	
After 24 weeks' such employment	*The amount in Col. 3*	*After 19 weeks' such employment*	*Four-fifths of the amount in Col. 3*	
After 20 weeks' such employment	*Five-sixths of the amount in Col. 3*	*After 14 weeks' such employment*	*Three-fifths of the amount in Col. 3*	
After 16 weeks' such employment	*Two-thirds of the amount in Col. 3*	*After 9 weeks' such employment*	*Two-fifths of the amount in Col. 3*	
After 12 weeks' such employment	*One-half of the amount in Col. 3*	*After 4 weeks' such employment*	*One-fifth of the amount in Col. 3*	
After 8 weeks' such employment	*One-third of the amount in Col. 3*	—	—	
After 4 weeks' such employment	*One-sixth of the amount in Col. 3*	—	—	

(2) In the application of the provisions of the foregoing table to the case of a piece worker the appropriate rate of statutory minimum remuneration for time-work is the appropriate minimum rate that would have been applicable to him if he had been employed as a time worker.

(3) The amount of any accrued holiday remuneration payable on the termination of the worker's employment in respect of any of the periods of twelve months mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of any previous payment of accrued holiday remuneration made by the employer to the worker in respect of the period for which the accrued holiday remuneration is payable.

Paragraph 10

Where any accrued holiday remuneration has been paid by the employer to the worker in respect of employment during any of the periods of twelve months referred to in sub-paragraph (1) of the last preceding paragraph, the amount of holiday remuneration payable by the employer in respect of any annual holiday for which the worker has qualified by reason of employment during the said period of twelve months shall be reduced by the amount of the accrued holiday remuneration so paid *unless that remuneration has been deducted from a previous payment of holiday remuneration made under the provisions of this Schedule or of the Schedule to Order S. (31).*

PART V

GENERAL

Paragraph 11

For the purposes of calculating any period of employment entitling a worker to an annual holiday or to any accrued holiday remuneration under this Schedule, the worker shall be treated—

(*a*) as if he were employed for a week in respect of any week in which—

(i) he has worked for the employer for not less than twenty hours and has performed some work to which statutory minimum remuneration applies; or

(ii) he has been absent throughout the week by reason of proved illness or accident (provided that the number of weeks which may be treated as weeks of employment for such reason shall not exceed 4 in the aggregate in any such period); or

(iii) he has been suspended throughout the week owing to shortage of work (provided that the number of weeks which may be treated as weeks of employment for such reason shall not exceed 6 in the aggregate in any such period);

and (*b*) as if he were employed on any day of holiday allowed under the provisions of this Schedule, and for the purposes of sub-paragraph (*a*) of this paragraph, a worker who is absent on such a holiday shall be treated as having worked thereon for the employer on work to which statutory minimum remuneration applies, (i) where the holiday is a customary holiday, or a holiday in lieu of a customary holiday, for eight and a quarter hours if the worker is normally employed for more than 30 hours a week or for four and a quarter hours if he is normally employed for 30 hours a week or less, or (ii) where the holiday is a day of annual holiday, for the number of hours ordinarily worked by him on that day of the week.

Paragraph 12

Where any day of holiday allowed to any worker under this Schedule falls upon a day of holiday or half-holiday to which the worker may be entitled under any enactment other than the Wages Councils Act, 1945, that holiday or half-holiday shall be treated as part of the holiday allowed under this Schedule.

Paragraph 13

In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them, that is to say:—

"NORMAL WORKING WEEK" means the number of days on which it has been usual for the worker to work in a week in the employment of the employer in the twelve months immediately preceding the commencement of the holiday season, or where under paragraphs 8 and 9 of this Schedule accrued holiday remuneration is payable on the termination of the employment, in the twelve months immediately preceding the date of the termination of the employment.

Provided that—

(i) part of a day shall count as a day;

(ii) no account shall be taken of any week in which the worker did not perform any work for which statutory minimum remuneration has been fixed.

"STATUTORY MINIMUM REMUNERATION" means minimum remuneration (other than holiday remuneration) fixed by a wages regulation order made by the Minister to give effect to proposals submitted to him by the Council.

"WEEK" means "pay week."

Paragraph 14

The provisions of this Schedule are without prejudice to any agreement for the allowance of any further holidays with pay or for the payment of additional holiday remuneration.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.)

The Schedule to this Order, which has effect from the 15th August, 1949, sets out the annual holidays and certain other days of holiday (referred to as "customary holidays") which an employer is required to allow to workers (other than homeworkers) in relation to whom the Shirtmaking Wages Council (Great Britain) operates and the holiday remuneration payable to such workers. It supersedes the Schedule to Order S. (31)(a).

New provisions are printed in italics.

(a) S.R. & O. 1946 (No. 600) I, p. 2166.