EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.)

The order brings into operation on the thirty-first day of December, 1956, in Scotland certain provisions of the Clean Air Act, 1956, including provisions relating to smoke from furnaces, smoke control areas, the extension of the Alkali, etc. Works Regulation (Scotland) Act, 1951, to cover the emission of smoke, grit and dust from premises controlled or to be controlled under that Act, colliery spoilbanks and the constitution of the Clean Air Council.

1956 No. 2023

The Smoke Control Areas (Authorised Fuels) Regulations, 1956

Made - - - -	18*th December*, 1956
Laid before Parliament	21*st December*, 1956
Coming into Operation	31*st December*, 1956

The Minister of Housing and Local Government, in exercise of his powers under subsection (1) of section 34 of the Clean Air Act, 1956(**a**), and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, hereby makes the following regulations :—

1.—(1) These regulations may be cited as the Smoke Control Areas (Authorised Fuels) Regulations, 1956, and shall come into operation on the thirty-first day of December, 1956.

(2) The Interpretation Act, 1889(**b**), applies to the interpretation of these regulations as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

2. In England and Wales the following fuels are declared to be authorised fuels for the purposes of the Clean Air Act, 1956 :—

anthracite ;
briquetted fuels carbonised in the process of manufacture ;
coke ;
electricity ;
gas ;
low temperature carbonisation fuels ;
low volatile steam coals.

Given under the official seal of the Minister of Housing and Local Government this eighteenth day of December, nineteen hundred and fifty-six.

(L.S.)

Duncan Sandys,
Minister of Housing and Local Government.

(**a**) 4 & 5 Eliz. 2. c. 52. (**b**) 52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport.)

Section 11 of the Clean Air Act, 1956, makes it an offence to emit smoke from any building in a smoke control area unless it can be shown that the emission of smoke was not caused by the use of any fuel other than an authorised fuel. These Regulations declare certain fuels to be authorised fuels for the purposes of the Act in England and Wales.

1956 No. 2027 (S. 98)

The Smoke Control Areas (Authorised Fuels) (Scotland) Regulations, 1956

Made - - - -	*17th December,* 1956
Laid before Parliament	*21st December,* 1956
Coming into Operation	*31st December,* 1956

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by subsection (1) of section 34 of the Clean Air Act, 1956(a), and of all other powers enabling me in that behalf I hereby make the following regulations:—

1.—(1) These regulations may be cited as the Smoke Control Areas (Authorised Fuels) (Scotland) Regulations, 1956, and shall come into operation on the 31st day of December, 1956.

(2) The Interpretation Act, 1889(b), applies to the interpretation of these regulations as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

2. In Scotland the following fuels are declared to be authorised fuels for the purposes of the Clean Air Act, 1956:—

anthracite including semi-anthracite
briquetted fuels carbonised in the process of manufacture
coke
electricity
gas
low temperature carbonisation fuels
low volatile steam coals

Dated this 17th day of December, 1956.

James Stuart,
One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

St. Andrew's House,
Edinburgh, 1.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport.)

Section 11 of the Clean Air Act, 1956, makes it an offence to emit smoke from any building in a Smoke Control Area unless it can be shown that the emission of smoke was not caused by the use of a fuel other than an authorised fuel. These Regulations declare certain fuels to be authorised fuels for the purposes of the Act in Scotland.

(a) 4 & 5 Eliz. 2. c. 52. (b) 52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.