ANNO PRIMO & SECUNDO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

****

Cap. lxvi.

An Act for building a Bridge from the Parish of *Saint Philip and Jacob* over the Floating Harbour to the Parish of *Temple* in the City and County of *Bristol*. [4th *July* 1838.]

WHEREAS the Population of the Parish of *Saint Philip and Jacob* in the City and County of *Bristol*, and of the Parts adjacent thereto, is rapidly increasing, and many Manufactories and Buildings have been and are now in the course of being erected therein, but very great Inconvenience is felt from the Want of a direct Means of Communication therefrom to the central and commercial Parts of the said City of *Bristol*: And whereas the Construction of a Bridge, with Approaches thereto, from the said Parish of *Saint Philip and Jacob*, over the Floating Harbour, to the Parish of *Temple* otherwise *Holy Cross*, will be of great Advantage to the Inhabitants of the said City of *Bristol*, and in particular to the Manufacturers, Traders, and other Inhabitants of the said Parish of *Saint Philip and Jacob* and its Neighbourhood: And whereas the several Persons herein-after mentioned are willing, at their own Expence, to carry into execution the beforementioned Undertaking; but the same cannot be effected without the Aid and Authority of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be

 enacted;

enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That *George Henry Ames*, *William Adams*, *Fulke Tovey Barnard*, *Richard Bryant*, *Alfred Tovey Barnard*, *John Bright*, *Joseph Plura Bartrum*, *Thomas Capenhurst*, *John Cox*, *Thomas Carlile*, *Thomas Cross*, *John Cave*, *Joseph Clark*, *Michael Hinton Castle*, *Samuel Clapper*, *James Cunningham*, *Thomas Daniel Doddrell*, *Aurelius John Drewe*, *William Weaver Davies*, *Preston Edgar*, *Nathaniel Edgecumbe*, *Edward Bowles Fripp*, *Charles Bowles Fripp*, *Robert Fletcher*, *William Gregory*, *Henry Glascodine*, *William Orchard Guyer*, *William Hopkin*, *Thomas Harris*, *Eden Thomas Jones*, *Richard Poole King*, *Samuel King*, *Robert Leonard*, *Philip John Miles*, *John Matthews*, *Henry* and *Arthur Palmer*, *William Powell*, *Thomas Hooper Riddle*, *Isaac Rouch*, *Charles Reeves*, *John George Shaw*, *Edward Thomas*, *George Thomas*, *William Watson*, *Walter Williams*, together with all such other Persons as have subscribed or shall hereafter subscribe towards or as shall at any Time hereafter be possessed of any Share in the Undertaking hereby authorized to be carried into execution, and their several and respective Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, shall be and they are hereby united into and declared to be a Company for constructing and maintaining the said Bridge, and the Approaches and Works by this Act authorized, according to the Provisions and Restrictions herein-after contained, and for that Purpose shall be one Body Corporate by the Name and Style of "The *Saint Philip's Bridge* Company," and by that Name shall have perpetual Succession and shall have a Common Seal, and by that Name shall and may sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, at Law or in Equity, and shall and may prefer and prosecute any Bill of Indictment against any Person who shall commit any Felony, Misdemeanor, or other Offence indictable by the Laws of this Realm, and by that Name and Description shall have full Power and Authority to purchase and hold Lands to them, and their Successors and Assigns, without incurring any Penalties or Forfeitures, and shall also have Power to sell and dispose of the said Lands in manner by this Act directed.

Company incorporated.

II. And be it further enacted, That in the Construction of this Act every Word importing the Singular Number only shall extend to several Persons or Things as well as one Person or Thing, and every Word importing the Plural Number shall comprise one Person or Thing as well as several Persons or Things; and every Word importing the Masculine Gender only shall extend and be applied to a Female as well as a Male; and the Word "Lands" shall extend to Messuages, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments of any Tenure; and the Word "Corporation" shall be understood to mean any Body Politic, Corporate, or Collegiate, Civil or Ecclesiastical, Aggregate or Sole; and where the Word "Company" is used the same shall be understood to mean the said *Saint Philip's Bridge* Company; unless in any of the Cases aforesaid it be otherwise specially provided, or there be something in the Subject or Context repugnant to such Construction.

Construction of certain Words in the Act.

III. And

Company empowered to construct the Bridge.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company and they are hereby empowered to make, construct, and maintain a Bridge over the said Floating Harbour from the Parish of *Saint Philip and Jacob* to the Parish of *Temple* otherwise *Holy Cross* in the City and County of *Bristol*, with Approaches thereto in the said Parishes, together with all the necessary Works and Conveniences connected therewith and adjoining to the same, in the Line or Situation described in the Plan deposited as herein-after mentioned with the Clerk of the Peace for the County of the City of *Bristol*; and for the Purposes aforesaid the said Company, their Agents and Workmen, are hereby empowered to enter into and upon the Lands of any Person or Corporation whatsoever authorized to be taken by the said Company according to the Provisions of this Act, and to survey the same or any Part thereof, and to set out and appropriate such Parts thereof, and do, execute, and perform all such other Acts, Matters, and Things as they shall think necessary and proper for making and maintaining the said Bridge, Approaches, and other Works, and also from Time to Time to alter and repair the before-mentioned Works or any of them; and to place, lay, work, or manufacture the Materials necessary for making and maintaining the said Bridge, Approaches, and other Works on the Lands adjoining to the Place where the said Works or any of them shall be or are intended to be made or executed, and to erect and make all other Works and Buildings which they shall think convenient or necessary for the making, improving, and using of the said Bridge, Approaches, and other Works; they the said Company, their Agents and Workmen, doing as little Damage as may be in the Execution of the several Powers to them hereby granted, and making full Satisfaction in manner herein-after mentioned to the Owners and Proprietors of and all Persons interested in any Lands which shall be taken, used, or injured for all Damages to be by them sustained in or by the Execution of all or any of the Powers hereby granted; and this Act shall be sufficient to indemnify the said Company, their Agents, Workmen, and all other Persons whomsoever, for what they or any of them shall do by virtue of the Powers hereby granted, subject nevertheless to such Provisoes and Restrictions as are herein-after contained.

Plan, &c. to remain with the Clerk of the Peace;

IV. And whereas a Map or Plan describing the Situation of the said Bridge, Approaches, and Works, together with a Book of Reference thereto containing the Names of the Owners or reputed Owners, Lessees or reputed Lessees and Occupiers of the Property in, upon, or through which the same are intended to be made, has been deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the County of the City of *Bristol*; be it therefore enacted, That the said Map or Plan and Book of Reference shall remain with and be kept by the said Clerk of the Peace, which Map or Plan and Book of Reference all Persons shall have Liberty to examine and make Extracts therefrom or Copies thereof, paying to the said Clerk of the Peace for every Inspection the Sum of One Shilling, and for Copies of or Extracts from the said Book of Reference after the Rate of Sixpence for every One hundred Words; and the said Map or Plan and Book of Reference, or true Copies thereof, shall be and are hereby declared to be good Evidence in all Courts of Law or elsewhere.

and may be made Evidence.

V. And

Company not to deviate more than Ten Yards from Plan without Consent.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Company, in making or improving the said Bridge, Approaches, and other Works, shall have full Power and Authority to deviate to any Extent not exceeding Ten Yards from the Situation delineated on the said Map or Plan, provided such Deviation do not extend into any Lands not described on the said Map or Plan and included in the said Book of Reference, without the Consent in Writing of the Owners or reputed Owners of the Land or Ground through which such Deviation is to be made first had and obtained.

Certain Property not to to taken without Consent.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall authorize the said Company, or any Person acting under their Authority, to take, injure, or damage, for the Purposes of this Act, any House or other Building which was erected on or before the First Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, or any Land then set apart and used as and for a Garden, Orchard, Yard, Park, Paddock, Plantation, or Avenue to a House, or any inclosed Ground planted as an Ornament or Shelter to any Dwelling House, or planted and set apart as a Nursery for Trees, other than and except such as are mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, without the previous Consent in Writing of the Owner and Occupier thereof respectively.

Mistake in describing Premises not to prevent Execution of Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Lands which are described on the said Plan or are mentioned in the said Book of Reference, or in the Schedule to this Act, or any of the Owners, Lessees, or Occupiers thereof, shall happen to be omitted, misnamed or inaccurately described, such Omission, Misnomer, or inaccurate, Description shall not prevent the Execution of this Act, but the same and every Part thereof shall and may be purchased and conveyed and applied for the Purposes of this Act, provided it shall appear to Two or more Justices of the Peace for the said City, and be certified by Writing under their Hands, that such Omission, Misnomer, or inaccurate Description proceeded from Mistake only.

Provision for Deficiencies in the Land Tax.

VIII. And whereas by reason of the Exercise of the Powers by this Act granted there may be Deficiencies in the Assessment for Land Tax in the Parishes herein-before mentioned; be it therefore enacted, That the said Company shall, from and after the said Company shall become seised and possessed of any Premises charged with the Land Tax, and until the Work hereby authorized to be made shall be completed and assessed to such Land Tax (unless the said Company shall think fit to redeem the same under the Powers of the Acts for the Redemption of the Land Tax), be subject and liable from Time to Time to pay and make good to or in aid of the said Parishes, out of the Monies to arise by virtue of this Act, all such Sums of Money as shall be deficient in the several Assessments for Land Tax within such Parishes by reason or means of taking down or using for the Purposes of this Act any Houses, Buildings, or Premises liable to such Assessments, according to the Rental at which the same were valued or rated at the Time of passing this Act; and the Treasurer or Collector to be appointed under this Act shall be and is hereby authorized and required to pay all such

Assessments, on Demand thereof, to the Collector or Collectors of the Land Tax Assessments.

Power to purchase Buildings, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company from Time to Time to contract and agree with any Corporation, Tenant in Fee Simple, or for Life or Years, or in Fee Tail, General or Special, or with any Feoffees in Trust for charitable or other Purposes, Husbands, Guardians, Committees for Idiots or Lunatics, Executors or Administrators, or other Trustees whomsoever, not only for or on behalf of themselves and their respective Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Successors, but also for and on behalf of their respective Cestuique Trusts, whether Infants or Issue unborn, Idiots, Lunatics, Femes Covert, or other Persons under any Disability of acting for themselves, or with any Femes Covert seised, possessed of, or interested in their own Right or entitled to Dower or other Interest, or with any other Persons the Owners or Proprietors for the Time being of all or any the Lands to be taken by virtue of this Act, or any Part thereof, or of any Estate, Right, or Interest therein, for the absolute Purchase of such several Premises, or any of them or any Part thereof, or of any Estate, Right, or Interest therein, which shall be necessary to be purchased for the Purposes herein-before mentioned; and all Sales, Conveyances, and Assurances of any Lands, or any Estate or Interest therein, to be made to the said Company, may be made in the Form or to the Effect following; (that is to say,)

Conveyances to be made in the following Form.

'I in consideration of the Sum of
'Pounds to be paid by "The *Saint Philip's Bridge* Company"
'under or by virtue of an Act passed in the Year of
'the Reign of Her Majesty Queen *Victoria*, intituled [*here insert*
'*the Title of this Act*], do hereby grant and convey to the said Com-
'pany all [*here describe the Premises to be conveyed*], and all my
'Estate, Right, Title, Term, and Interest to and in the same and
'every Part thereof, to hold to the said Company, and their Successors
'and Assigns, for ever. In witness whereof I have hereunto set
'my Hand and Seal this Day of in the Year
'of our Lord .'

And every such Sale, Conveyance, Assignment, and Assurance so made shall be good, valid, and effectual, any Law, Statute, Usage, or Custom to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Corporate Bodies, Lords of Manors, &c. may sell.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Corporations, and all Lords of Manors, Tenants in Fee Simple or for Life or for Years, or in Fee Tail, General or Special, and all Feoffees in Trust for charitable and other Purposes, Husbands, Guardians, Committees for Lunatics and Idiots, Executors and Administrators, and all Trustees and Persons whomsoever, not only for and on behalf of themselves and their respective Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Successors, but also for and on behalf of tneir respective Cestuique Trusts, whether Infants, Issue unborn, Lunatics, Idiots, Femes Covert, or other Persons under any Disability of acting for themselves, and for all Femes Covert who are or shall be seised, possessed of, or interested in their own Right or entitled to Dower or other Interest, and for every other Person whomsoever, who is, are, or shall

be seised, possessed of, or interested in any of the said Lands, or entitled to any Estate, Right, Title, Lien, Charge, or Interest therein whatsoever, to contract and agree with the said Company for the absolute Sale thereof, or of any Part thereof and of all and every Estates, Rights, Titles, Terms, and Interests whatsoever of, in, and to the same, and to convey and assign the same respectively unto the said Company for the Purposes of this Act; and all such Contracts, Bargains, Sales, Conveyances, and other Assurances shall be good, valid, and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, not only to convey the Estate and Interest of the Party so conveying, but also to convey all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Trust, Use, Property, Possession, Claim, and Demand whatsoever of their several Cestuique Trusts, and all Persons whomsoever claiming or having Title to claim by, from, through, or under them or any of them, and all Persons entitled in Remainder or Reversion expectant in any particular Estates; and the same shall be deemed and considered to bar all Dower of the Wife of such Party, and all Estates Tail, and other Estates in Possession, Reversion, Remainder, or Expectancy, and of the Issue of the same Party claiming under them, any Law, Statute, or Usage, or any other Matter or Thing whatsoever, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Consideration Money for Lands bought of any Corporation or Person under Disability to be determined by a Jury or a Surveyor.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Consideration Money to be paid for any Land to be purchased from or conveyed by any Person or Corporation under any Disability or Incapacity, and not having Power to sell except under the Provisions herein contained, and the Compensation Money to be paid for any permanent Damage or Injury to such Lands, shall not be less than shall be determined by the Verdict of a Jury, or by such able practical Surveyor as any Two Justices of the Peace for the said City and County shall for that Purpose nominate; and such Surveyor shall annex to his Survey, Estimate, or Valuation, when completed, a Declaration of the Correctness thereof in the Form (or as near thereto as the Circumstances of the Case will admit) prescribed in the Schedule of an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *William* the Fourth, for the Suppression of voluntary and extra-judicial Oaths and Affidavits.

Mortgagees not in Possession to assign Mortgages.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Person or Corporation who shall have any Mortgage on the said Lands which may be required for the Purposes of this Act (not being in possession of the said Premises by virtue of such Mortgage) shall, on Payment or legal Tender of the said Mortgage Money and Interest due thereon, together with the Amount of Six Calendar Months Interest on the Principal Money, by the said Company, immediately convey, assign, and transfer such Mortgage to the said Company; or in case such Mortgagee shall have Notice in Writing from the said Company that they will pay off and discharge the Principal Money and Interest which shall be due on the said Mortgage at the End or Expiration of Six Calendar Months, then, on Payment of the Principal and Interest so due on such Mortgage, such Mortgagee shall convey, assign, and transfer the said Mortgage and his Interest in the Premises to the said Company; but in case such Mortgagee shall refuse to convey or assign on such Tender or Payment as aforesaid, then, upon Pay-

ment of the Principal Money and the Amount of Six Calendar Months Interest into the Bank of *England* in manner herein-after mentioned, all Interest on every such Mortgage shall, from the Time of such Tender or Expiration of such Notice, cease and determine: Provided always, that in case the Sum due upon any such Mortgage, with all Interest due thereon, shall amount to more than the real Value of such Lands, or any Part thereof which shall be taken for the Purposes of this Act, then the Company shall not be liable to pay the Mortgagee any more than the real Value of such Premises, which Value, in case the Parties cannot agree upon the same, shall be ascertained and settled by a Jury in like Manner as the Value of any Property wanted for the Purposes of this Act is herein-after directed to be ascertained and settled.

On Persons refusing to treat or to sell, Jury to be summoned to assess Value, &c.

XIII. And for settling all Differences which may arise between the said Company and the several Owners, Lessees, and Occupiers of or Persons interested in any Lands or Premises which shall or may be taken, used, damaged, or injuriously affected by the Execution of any of the Powers hereby granted; be it further enacted, That if any Corporation, Tenant in Fee Simple or for Life or for Years, or in Fee Tail, General or Special, Feoffee, Husband, Guardian, Committee, Executor, Administrator, or Trustee, or any Person whomsoever, in any ways interested in such Lands hereby authorized to be purchased, or shall, (upon Notice to him given or left in Writing at his Dwelling House, or of the principal or head Officer of such Corporation,) for the Space of One Calendar Month next after such Notice given or left as aforesaid, neglect or refuse to treat and agree or shall not agree for the Sale of the said Premises, or as to the Amount of any Satisfaction, Recompence, or Compensation for any Loss, Damage, or Injury whatsoever as aforesaid, or by reason of Absence or Disability shall be prevented from treating and agreeing, or cannot be found or known, or shall not produce a clear Title to the Hereditaments they are in possession of, or the Interest they claim therein, to the Satisfaction of the said Company, then and in every such Case it shall be lawful for the said Company to issue a Warrant under their Common Seal to the Sheriff of the said City and County of *Bristol*, or in case the said Sheriff or his Under Sheriff shall be in anywise interested in the Matter in question, then to any of the Coroners of the said City and County not interested as aforesaid, or if all the Coroners shall be so interested, then to some Person then living in the said City and County who shall have filled the Office of Sheriff or Coroner therein, and be free from personal Disability and disinterested as aforesaid (a Person having more recently served either Office being always preferred), commanding such Sheriff, Coroner, or other Person to impannel, summon, and return, and the said Sheriff, Coroner, or other Person is hereby accordingly empowered and required to impannel, summon, and return, a Jury of at least Twenty-four sufficient and indifferent Men, qualified according to the Laws of this Realm to be returned for Trials of Issues in Her Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, to appear before the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or other Person at such Time and Place as in such Warrant shall be appointed; and out of the Persons so impannelled, summoned, and returned, or out of such of them as shall appear upon such Summons,

a Jury

a Jury of Twelve Men shall be drawn by the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or other Person, or by some Person to be by them respectively appointed, in such Manner as Juries for Trials of Issues joined in Her Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster* are by Law directed to be drawn; and in default of a sufficient Number of Jurymen the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or other Person shall return other honest and indifferent Men of the Standers-by, or that can be speedily procured to attend that Service, to make up such Jury to the Number of Twelve; and all Persons concerned shall have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurymen when they come to be sworn, but shall not challenge the Array; and the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or other Person is hereby also required and empowered, from Time to Time as Occasion shall be and require, to summon and call before the said Jury and examine upon Oath every Person who shall be thought necessary and proper to be examined as a Witness touching or concerning the Premises; and the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or, other Person shall order, and cause the said Jury to view the Places in question if there be Occasion, and use all lawful Ways and Means as well for his own as for the said Jury's better Information in the Premises, as the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or other Person shall think fit; and the said Jury upon their Oaths, or, being Quakers, solemn Affirmation, (which Oaths or Affirmations, as well as the Oaths or Affirmations of all Persons called upon to give Evidence, the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or other Person is hereby empowered and required to administer,) shall assess and give a Verdict for the Purchase Money for such Lands, and also the Sum of Money to be paid by way of Satisfaction, Recompence, or Compensation for any Loss, Injury, or Damage, according to the respective Interests therein, which Satisfaction, Recompence, or Compensation for such Damage or Loss shall be inquired into and assessed separately and distinctly from the Value of the Lands so to be taken or used as aforesaid; and the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or other Person shall accordingly give Judgment for such Purchase Money or Recompence as shall be assessed by such Jury: Provided always, that not less than Seven Days Notice in Writing of the Time and Place at which such Jury are so required to be returned shall be given by the said Company to the Party with whom any such Controversy shall arise, by serving such Notice personally, or leaving such Notice at the Dwelling House of the Person or the Clerk or Agent or principal Officer of any such Corporation interested in the Premises intended to be valued, or respecting which or any Damage to which any such Question shall arise: Provided also, that in all such Cases the Party claiming such Compensation shall be treated as the Plaintiff, and shall be entitled to all such Advantages and Privileges as Plaintiffs are in Actions tried in any of Her Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster* by Law entitled.

Verdicts to be recorded by the Clerk of the Peace.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Verdict and Judgment, being first signed by the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or other Person presiding at the taking of such Verdict and pronouncing of such Judgment respectively, shall be kept by the Clerk of the Peace for the said City and County of *Bristol* amongst the Records of the Quarter Sessions for the said City and County, and shall be deemed Records

Records to all Intents and Purposes, and the same or true Copies thereof shall be allowed to be good Evidence in all Courts whatsoever; and all Persons shall have Liberty to inspect the same, paying to such Clerk of the Peace for such Inspection the Sum of One Shilling, and shall be entitled to be furnished with Copies thereof, paying to the said Clerk of the Peace for every Copy after the Rate of Sixpence for every One hundred Words.

Penalty on Sheriff or his Substitute, or Jurors or Witnesses, making default.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any such Sheriff or his Under Sheriff, or any Coroner or other Person herein-before authorized and directed to act in the Stead of such Sheriff, shall make default in the Premises, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt or on the Case in any of Her Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*; and if any Person so summoned and returned upon any such Jury as aforesaid shall not appear, or appearing shall refuse to be sworn, or, being a Quaker, to make his solemn Affirmation, or to give his Verdict, or shall in any other Manner wilfully neglect his Duty, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or if any Person so summoned to give Evidence as aforesaid shall not appear on being paid or tendered a reasonable Sum for his Costs and Expences, or appearing shall refuse to be sworn, or being a Quaker affirmed, or to give Evidence, every Person so offending, having no reasonable Excuse (such Excuse to be judged of and determined by the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or other Person), shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence, for the Benefit of the Party for whom or on whose Account such Jury or Witness shall have been summoned, any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, which said last-mentioned Penalty shall and may be levied, by virtue of a Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any such Justice of the Peace for the said City and County of *Bristol*, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person so offending, rendering to him, on Demand, the Overplus of the Money thereby produced (if any), after such Penalty, and the Charges and Expences of such Distress and Sale, shall have been deducted.

Jurors to be under the same Regulations as those of the Superior Courts.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every such Jury and Juryman as aforesaid shall, in addition to the Penalty hereby inflicted, also be subject to the same Regulations, Pains, and Penalties as if such Jury or Juryman had been returned for the Trial of any Issue joined in any of Her Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*; and all Persons who, in any Examination to be taken by virtue of this Act upon their Oaths, or, being Quakers, upon their solemn Affirmations, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence before any such Jury, Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or other Person, shall and may be prosecuted for the same, and upon Conviction thereof shall be liable to the Pains and Penalties to which Persons guilty of wilful Perjury shall or may by Law be subject or liable.

Expences of Jury and Witnesses how to be paid.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in every Case in which the Verdict of a Jury shall be given for the same or a greater Sum than shall have been previously offered by the said Company for the Purchase of any Lands to be used or taken by them for the Purposes

of this Act, or as Compensation for any Damage occasioned by the Execution of any of the Powers of this Act, all the Costs, Charges, and Expences of summoning such Jury, and the Expences of Witnesses, and the Costs, Charges, and Expences of Solicitors, and the Expences of instructing and Fees to Counsel upon such Inquiry, and of the Bond to be given by the Party requiring such Jury to be summoned, and all the reasonable Costs, Charges, and Expences of One Surveyor who may be employed in estimating such Recompence, Value, and Compensation, shall be borne by the said Company, and such Costs, Charges, and Expences shall be settled and determined by the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or other Person as aforesaid; and in case such Costs, Charges, and Expences shall not be paid to the Party entitled to receive the same within Seven Days after the same shall have been demanded, the same shall and may be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of any Goods or Chattels of the said Company under a Warrant to be issued for that Purpose by any Justice of the Peace acting within his Jurisdiction, and not interested in the Matter in question, which Warrant such Justice is hereby authorized and required to issue under his Hand and Seal on Application made to him for that Purpose by any Party entitled to receive such Costs, Charges, and Expences; but if the Verdict of the Jury shall be given for a less Sum than shall have been previously offered by or on the Behalf of the said Company, one Moiety of the said Costs, Charges, and Expences, to be settled and determined as aforesaid, shall be defrayed by the Party with whom the said Company shall have such Controversy or Dispute, and the remaining Moiety shall be defrayed by the said Company; and the former Moiety of such Costs, Charges, and Expences, having been ascertained and settled in manner herein-before mentioned, shall and may be deducted out of the Money awarded to be paid to such Party as aforesaid as so much Money advanced to and for his Use, and the Payment or Tender of the Remainder of such Money shall be deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes to be a good Payment or Tender and Satisfaction of the whole thereof.

Persons requesting Juries to enter into Bond to prosecute their Complaint and pay Expences.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Parties with whom the said Company shall have any Dispute respecting Damages, and who shall require a Jury to be summoned as aforesaid, shall, before the said Company shall be obliged to issue their Warrant for summoning such Jury, enter into a Bond to the said Company in a Penalty of One hundred Pounds to prosecute their Complaint, and to bear and pay their Proportion of the Costs and Expences of summoning, impannelling and returning such Jury, taking such Inquisition, and of the Attendance of Witnesses, and recording the Verdict or Judgment thereon, and otherwise incidental to such Inquisition, in case any of such Costs and Expences shall fall upon them.

Damages under 20*l.* may be settled by Justices.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Difference shall arise between the said Company and any of the Owners, Lessees, or Occupiers of the Lands to be taken or used for the Purposes of this Act as to the Amount or Value of the Damages done in the Execution of any of the Powers of this Act, and such Difference cannot

cannot be adjusted and settled between the said Parties, the same shall, in case the Amount of Damages claimed does not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, be ascertained and determined by some Two or more Justices of the Peace for the said City and County of *Bristol*, who, upon Application made to them by both or either of the said Parties, shall examine into the Matter in dispute, and shall determine and settle the Amount of Compensation which shall be payable by the said Company.

On Payment of Money the Property to vest in the Company.

XX. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment or legal Tender of such Sum of Money as shall have been contracted or agreed for between the Parties, or assessed by such Justices or Jury in manner aforesaid, for the Purchase of any such Lands as herein mentioned, to the Proprietor of such Lands, or to such other Person as shall be interested therein or entitled to receive such Money, within One Calendar Month next after the same shall be so agreed for or assessed, or upon Payment of the said Sum of Money within the said One Calendar Month into the Bank of *England*, as hereinafter directed and required, for the Use of the Person entitled thereto, it shall be lawful for the said Company, and their Attornies and their Agents, Workmen, and Servants, to enter upon such Lands, and then and thereupon such Lands, together with the yearly Profits thereof, and all the Estate, Use, Trust, and Interest of any Person therein, purchased by such Payment as aforesaid, shall thenceforth be vested in and become the sole Property of the said Company for the Purposes of this Act; and such Payment shall not only bar all Right, Claim, Interest, and Demand of the Person to whom the same shall or ought to have been made, but also shall extend to and be deemed and construed to bar the Dower of the Wife of every such Person, and all Estates Tail and other Estates in Reversion and Remainder of his Issue, and of every other Person whomsoever therein so purchased as aforesaid.

Application of Compensation Money whenamounting to 200*l.*

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed or awarded to be paid for the Purchase of any Lands to be taken or used by virtue of this Act, or of any Interest therein, or for any Compensation under this Act, which any Corporation, Tenant for Life or in Tail, or Feoffee in Trust, Executor, Administrator, Husband, Guardian, Committee, or other Trustee for or on behalf of any Infant, Idiot, Lunatic, Feme Covert, or other Cestuique Trust, or any Person whose Lands are limited in strict or other Settlement, or any Person under any other Disability or Incapacity, shall be entitled unto, interested in, or hereby capacitated to convey, such Money shall, in case the same shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of *England* in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Exchequer, to be placed to his Account there *ex parte* "The *Saint Philip's Bridge* Company," pursuant to the Method prescribed by an Act passed in the First Year of the Reign of His Majesty King *George* the Fourth, intituled *An Act for the better securing Monies and Effects paid into the Court of Exchequer at* Westminster *on account of the Suitors of the said Court, and for the Appointment of an Accountant General and Two Masters* 1 G. 4. c. 35.

of

of the said Court, and for other Purposes, and the General Orders of the said Court, without Fee or Reward, and shall when so paid in there remain until the same shall, by Order of the said Court made in a summary Way upon Petition to be presented to the said Court by the Party who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands in respect whereof such Money shall be paid, be applied either in the Purchase or Redemption of the Land Tax, or in or towards the Discharge of any Debt or other Incumbrance affecting such Lands, or affecting other Lands standing settled therewith to the same or the like Uses, Trusts, Intents, or Purposes, as the said Court of Exchequer shall authorize to be purchased or paid, or such Part thereof as shall be necessary; or until the same shall, upon the like Application, be laid out, by Order of the said Court made in a summary Way, in the Purchase of other Lands, which shall be conveyed, limited, and settled to, for, and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Intents, and Purposes, and in the same Manner as the Lands which shall be so purchased, taken, or used as aforesaid, or in respect of which such Compensation shall be paid, stood settled or limited, or such of them as at the Time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing undetermined or capable of taking effect; and in the meantime and until such Purchase can be made the said Money may, by Order of the said Court, upon Application thereto, be invested by the said Accountant General in his Name in the Purchase of Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated or Three Pounds *per Centum* Reduced Bank Annuities, or in Government or Real Securities; and in the meantime and until such Annuities or Securities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, or shall be called in or cancelled, the Dividends or Interest and annual Produce thereof shall from Time to Time, by Order of the said Court, be paid to the Party who would for the Time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of such Lands so to be purchased and settled in case the same had been so purchased and settled.

When less than 200*l.* and not less than 20*l.*

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Money so agreed or awarded to be paid as last herein-before is mentioned shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds and shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then the same shall, at the Option of the respective Parties for the Time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands in respect whereof such Money shall be so awarded or agreed to be paid, or of their respective Husbands, Guardians, or Committees, in case of Coverture, Infancy, Idiotcy, Lunacy, or other Incapacity, with the Approbation of the said Company signified in Writing under their Common Seal, to be paid into the Bank of *England* in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the said Court of Exchequer, and be placed to his Account as last aforesaid, to be applied in manner last herein-before directed; or otherwise the same may be paid, at the like Option and with the like Approbation, to Two Trustees, to be nominated by the respective Parties exercising such Option (such Nomination to be approved of by the said Company), and such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating Parties, and under such Common Seal of

the said Company; and the Money so paid to such Trustees, and the Dividends and Produce so arising thereon and therefrom, shall be by such Trustees applied in like Manner as herein-before directed with respect to the Money so to be paid into the Bank of *England* in the Name of the Accountant General of the Court of Exchequer, but without being required to obtain any Order of the said Court touching the Application thereof.

When less than 20*l.*

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Money so agreed or awarded to be paid as last herein-before mentioned shall be less than the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then the same shall be paid to the respective Parties who would for the Time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands in respect whereof such Money or Compensation shall be paid, for their own Use and Benefit; or in case of Coverture, Infancy, Idiotcy, Lunacy, or other Incapacity, then such Money shall be paid, for their Use, to their respective Husbands, Guardians, Committees, or Trustees.

In case of not making out Titles, or of Absence or Refusal to convey, the Money to be paid into the Bank.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Party to whom any Sum of Money shall be agreed or awarded to be paid for the Purchase of any Lands to be taken under the Powers of this Act, or for any Right or Interest to, in, or affecting the same, or otherwise for Compensation as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to accept the same, or shall refuse, neglect, or be unable to make a Title to the Satisfaction of the said Company, or shall be absent from *England*, or cannot be conveniently found, or if any Party entitled unto or by this Act capacitated to convey such Premises, Right, or Interest be not known or discovered, or be absent from *England*, or shall refuse to convey the same, then and in every such Case, where not otherwise provided by this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Company to order the Money so agreed or awarded as aforesaid to be paid into the Bank of *England* in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the said Court of Exchequer, to be placed to his Account to the Credit of the Parties interested in the said Premises, (describing them, so far as the said Company can do,) subject to the Control and Disposition of the said Court; which said Court, on the Application of any Party making claim to such Money, or any Part thereof, by Petition, is hereby empowered, in a summary Way of proceeding, or otherwise as to such Court shall seem meet, to order the same to be laid out and invested in the Public Funds, and to order Distribution thereof, or Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respective Estates, Titles, or Interests of the Parties making claim thereunto, and to make such other Order in the Premises as to the said Court shall seem proper; and the Cashier of the Bank of *England* who shall receive such Money is hereby required to give to the said Company, or to the Party so paying any Money into the Bank of *England* under or pursuant to this Act, a Receipt for such Money, mentioning and specifying therein for what and for whose Use (described as aforesaid) the same is received, and in respect of what Purchase the same has been so paid in.

In case of disputed Title, the

XXV. And be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise in reference to the Provisions aforesaid, or otherwise upon this Act,

Persons in Possession to be deemed presumptively entitled.

Act, touching the Title of any Party to any Lands or to any Interest in the same, or to any Compensation in respect of any Damage done thereunto, or to any Money to be paid into the Bank of *England* in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the said Court of Exchequer in pursuance of this Act, or to any Annuities or Securities to be purchased with any such Money, or to the Dividends or Interest of any such Annuities or Securities, the Parties respectively who shall have been in Possession or Receipt of the Rents or Profits of such Lands at the Time of taking or using the same, and all Corporations or Persons claiming under such Parties or under or consistently with the Possession of such Parties, shall be deemed to have been lawfully entitled to such Lands, or to such Interest therein, or to such Money as aforesaid, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said Court, and the Dividend or Interest of the Annuities or Securities to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Annuities or Securities, shall be paid, applied, and disposed of accordingly.

Court of Exchequer may order reasonable Expences of Purchases and Costs to be paid by the Company.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That where by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of any Person or Corporation entitled to any Lands to be purchased, taken, or used under the Authority of this Act, or from any other Cause except the wilful Refusal of such Person or Corporation to convey the said Lands and Hereditaments, or to accept the Purchase or Compensation Money herein-after mentioned, the Purchase Money for the same, or any Money to be paid by way of Recompence or Compensation for any Damage or Injury done to the same, shall be required to be paid into the Bank of *England*, it shall be lawful for the said Court of Exchequer to order the reasonable Costs, Charges, and Expences attending any such Purchase or which may be incurred in consequence thereof, and also all the Costs, Charges, and Expences of the Investment of such Purchase or Compensation Money in Government or Real Securities, and of the Re-investment of the same, or the Government or Real Securities purchased therewith, in the Purchase of other Lands, together with the necessary Costs, Charges, and Expences of obtaining the proper Orders and of all other Proceedings for such Purposes, except such as may be occasioned by Litigation between Claimants, and for the Payment of the Dividend and Interest of the Government or Real Securities upon which such Purchase or Compensation Money may be invested, and for the Payment out of Court of the Principal of such Purchase or Compensation Money, or of the Government or Real Securities as aforesaid, to be paid by the said Company, and the said Company shall from Time to Time pay such Sums of Money for the Costs, Charges, and Expences herein-before mentioned as the said Court shall direct.

Expences of Titles to be paid by the Company.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all the Costs, Charges, and Expences, on the Part as well of the Seller as the Purchaser, of all Conveyances and Assurances of any Lands which shall be purchased or taken by the said Company for the Purposes of this Act, and of deducing Evidence and verifying such Title as the said Company may require, and of making out and furnishing such Abstract and such attested Copies as the said Company may require, and all Expences

whatsoever incident to the Investigation, Deduction, and Verification of such Title, shall be exclusively borne and paid by the said Company; and the said Company, before entering into possession of the Premises so purchased or taken, shall pay the Amount of such Costs, Charges, and Expences, or, in case there shall be any Dispute about the same, shall obtain such Order as herein-after mentioned, and shall deposit, for the Purpose of paying the same, in such Manner as herein-after mentioned, the Amount of the Costs, Charges, and Expences obtained by the Party from whom the Premises shall be purchased or taken: Provided always, that the said Company shall not be prevented from entering into possession of the said Premises so purchased by reason of the Nonpayment of the said Costs, Charges, and Expences, or by reason of the Order herein-before mentioned not having been obtained, or the Deposit herein mentioned not having been made, unless the Party from whom such Lands shall have been purchased shall, within Seven Days after Notice in Writing for that Purpose shall have been given to them by the said Company, deliver a Bill of their said Costs, Charges, and Expences to the said Company: Provided also, that in case the said Company shall not require the making out or furnishing such Abstract of Title as aforesaid, but shall be satisfied with an Inspection of the Title Deeds of the Seller of the Property purchased or taken, such Seller shall be bound, at the Expence of the said Company, to produce or cause the Production of the Title Deeds relating to the said Messuages, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments when required by the said Company so to do, without furnishing any Abstract of his Title.

How such Expences are to be ascertained.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if the said Company and the Party aforesaid cannot agree as to the Amount of such Costs, Charges, and Expences, the same shall be ascertained by the said Court of Exchequer; and it shall be lawful for the said Court, on Petition to be presented by the said Company, to order and direct that such Costs, Charges, and Expences shall be referred to one of the Masters of the said Court to be taxed in the usual Manner, and such Order shall be served on the Party aforesaid, who shall be at liberty to proceed under the same; and after Taxation thereof it shall be lawful for the said Court to order and direct the Amount of such Costs, Chargēs, and Expences so taxed, together with the Costs, Charges, and Expences attending the Taxation thereof, or so much of the same as shall be payable by the said Company to the Party from whom the Premises shall have been purchased or taken, shall be paid to the Party aforesaid: Provided always, that the said Company shall not be at liberty to enter into possession of the Premises so purchased or taken until an Order shall have been made for the Taxation of the said Costs, Charges, and Expences, and the said Company shall have deposited the Sum claimed in respect of the same in the Bank of *England* in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the said Court of Exchequer, to be placed to his Account there *ex parte* "The *Saint Philip's Bridge* Company," pursuant to the Method prescribed by the herein-before mentioned Act passed in the First Year of the Reign of His Majesty King *George* the Fourth, which Sum shall be applied, under the Order of the said Court, in payment of the said Costs, Charges, and Expences:

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Provided always, that the Expence of determining such Costs, Charges, and Expences as aforesaid, and of obtaining the Order or Orders referring the same to be taxed, shall be paid and borne by the said Company, unless the Sixth of the said Costs, Charges, and Expences shall be disallowed, in which Case the said Expence shall be paid and borne by the Party from whom the said Premises were purchased and taken, and the Amount thereof may then be paid to the said Company out of the said Sum so deposited by them as aforesaid.

Lessees and Tenants for Years or at Will to deliver Possession on Six Months Notice.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That every Tenant at Will, and every other Person in possession of any Lands which shall be purchased or taken by virtue and for the Purposes of this Act, who shall have a less Interest than as Tenant from Year to Year, shall deliver up the Possession of such Premises to the said Company, or to such Person as they shall appoint to take possession of the same, upon having Six Calendar Months Notice from the said Company to quit the same, at such Time or Times as shall be required by such Notice, the said Company making just and reasonable Compensation for any Damage thereby sustained; and in case any Dispute or Difference shall arise touching or concerning the same, such Compensation shall be ascertained and settled in such and the like Manner as the Compensation to be made by the said Company for the Purchase of any Lands; and if such Tenant or other Person aforesaid shall, after Payment or legal Tender of such Compensation, refuse or neglect to deliver up Possession, then and in every such Case it shall be lawful for the said Company to issue their Precept to the said Sheriff to deliver Possession of the said Premises to such Person as shall in such Precept be nominated to receive the same; and the said Sheriff is hereby required to deliver Possession of the said Premises accordingly, and to levy such Costs and Charges as shall accrue from the Issuing or Execution of such Precept on the Person refusing to deliver up Possession as aforesaid by Distress and Sale of his Goods and Chattels.

No more Land to be purchased from the Feoffees of Temple Church Lands than the Quantity marked as the Width of the Approach.

XXX. And whereas the Line of one of the intended Approaches to the said Bridge has been laid down through certain Lands and Buildings in the said Parish of *Temple* otherwise *Holy Cross* belonging to the Feoffees of *Temple* Church Lands, and held by them upon Trust for the Maintenance and repairing of the Parish Church of *Temple*, and to and for the Relief of the Poor of the same Parish, and for other Purposes within the said Parish, and it is desirable that the said Company should not be allowed to purchase the Interest of the said Feoffees in more of the said Lands and Buildings than may be absolutely requisite for the Formation of the said Approach; be it therefore enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to empower the said Company to purchase or take from the said Feoffees or appropriate or make use of for any temporary or other Purpose any greater Quantity of Land or Buildings belonging to them than may be absolutely requisite for the Purpose of the said Approach as the same is laid down and defined on the Plan thereof deposited as aforesaid: Provided always, that in making the said Approach through the Property vested in the said Feoffees it shall

shall not be lawful for the said Company, notwithstanding any thing in this Act contained to the contrary, to deviate from the said Line to a greater Extent than Ten Feet on either Side thereof, nor to take a greater Quantity of Land from the said Feoffees than the Quantity laid down on the said Plan as the Width of the said Approach, without the Consent in Writing of the said Feoffees for that Purpose first had and obtained.

Feoffees to leave an unobstructed Frontage towards the Approach.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall and they are hereby required, from and after the Formation of the said Approach, to leave and for ever thereafter to allow to the said Feoffees and their Assigns in respect of any adjoining Lands belonging to them, when the same shall be vested in them in Possession, an unobstructed Frontage towards the said Approach, on both Sides thereof, where the same passes through their Lands, so as to allow of a free Access thereto from all Parts thereof, and the said Feoffees, and their Lessees, Tenants, and Assigns, and all other Persons whomsoever, shall at all Times have a free Right of Way, either on Foot, or with Horses, Carts, and Carriages, over and along the said Approach and every Part thereof.

If Part of a House belonging to the Feoffees is wanted, Company to purchase the Interests in the Remainder.

XXXII. And whereas the Line of the said intended Approach traverses the Lands of the said Feoffees diagonally, and the same being now covered with Houses and Buildings, it may be necessary for the Construction of the said Approach to pull down Parts only of some of such Houses and Buildings, and so as to render the Remainder thereof inconvenient for the Purposes of Occupation; and it is therefore expedient that the said Company should in all such Cases be compelled to purchase the Interests of the several Tenants and Lessees of such Houses and Buildings, if required by them so to do, and that the said Company should also pay to the said Feoffees the Rents reserved to them in respect of all such Premises of which a Part only may be taken by the said Company during the Continuance of any Leases or Agreements for Lease of such Premises; be it therefore enacted, That the said Company shall and they are hereby required, in all Cases where they may have Occasion to pull down a Part only of any House or Building standing on the Lands of the said Feoffees, so as to render the Remainder thereof inconvenient for the Purposes of Occupation, or unfit for the Purposes to which the same may have been hitherto applied, to purchase and pay for, in like Manner as they are hereby required to purchase and pay for any other Lands to be taken for the Purposes of this Act, the Interest of the several Tenants and Lessees of and in the whole of such Houses and Buildings, if required so to do by them, before they shall enter or take possession thereof, and also to make full Compensation to the said Feoffees for and in respect of all Loss which their reversionary Interest in the said Property may sustain by reason of the pulling down or otherwise interfering with any Houses or Buildings, or any Portion thereof, now standing upon their Lands; and the said Company shall and they are hereby required, during the Continuance of any Lease or Agreement for Lease of any Premises the Lessee's or Tenant's Interest wherein or in any Part whereof shall be purchased or appropriated by the said Company, to pay the said Feoffees

the whole of the Rents reserved to them by any such Leases or Agreements for Lease as aforesaid in respect of the whole of the Property comprised in such Leases and Agreements for Lease, although Part only of the said Property may have been taken by the said Company.

Power to the Court of Exchequer to apply the Compensation Money received by the Feoffees in the Purchase of Leasehold Interests.

XXXIII. And whereas the Lands belonging to the said Feoffees are suitable for building Purposes alone, and the same have heretofore been appropriated to such Purpose, and the Rents and Profits arising from the Houses and Buildings erected on the said Lands have been applied to the charatible and other Purposes for which the same are vested in the said Feoffees; and it is therefore expedient that the said Feoffees should be enabled, by and with the Authority of the Court of Exchequer as hereafter mentioned, to purchase the Interests of the several Tenants and Lessees of and in such of the Lands belonging to the said Feoffees as may be necessary for the Erection of Houses and Buildings thereon fronting the said Approach; be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Feoffees, by and with the Consent of the Court of Exchequer upon Petition to be presented by them for that Purpose, which Consent the said Court are hereby authorized to grant, to lay out and dispose of all or any Part of the Compensation Money to be received by them from the said Company for or in respect of the taking of any of their Lands for the Purposes of this Act in the Purchase of any Leasehold or other Terms, Estates, or Interests of and in or affecting the Lands belonging to the said Feoffees, and requisite for the Erection of Houses and Buildings fronting the said Approach.

Company to sell Lands not wanted for the Purposes of the Act.

XXXIV. And whereas by means of the Purchases which the said Company are empowered to make by virtue of this Act they may happen to be seised or possessed of more Land, either in Fee or for any less Interest, than will be necessary for effecting the Purposes of this Act; be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company and they are hereby required, within Ten Years after the passing of this Act, to sell and dispose of any such Land, or of such Interest as they may have therein, either together or in Parcels, by public Auction or private Contract, as they shall find most convenient and advantageous, to such Person as shall be willing to contract for and purchase the same, and to convey the same accordingly; and such Conveyances from the said Company shall be valid and effectual, any thing in this Act contained, or any other Law, Statute, or Custom, to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that the said Company shall first offer to resell the same to the Person from whom such Land or such Interest therein was purchased by the said Company, in case he shall be the Owner, either in Fee or for such less Interest therein as aforesaid, of any Land adjoining thereto; and in case such Person shall have died, or cannot be found, or shall refuse or neglect to repurchase such Land, then the Offer to sell the same shall be made to the Owner of any adjoining Land; and a Declaration, pursuant to an Act passed in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King *William* the Fourth, intituled *An Act to repeal*

5 & 6 W. 4. c. 62. *an Act of the present Session of Parliament, intituled 'An Act for the more 'effectual Abolition of Oaths and Affirmations taken and made in various 'Departments*

'*Departments of the State, and to substitute Declarations in lieu thereof,* '*and for the more entire Suppression of voluntary and extra-judicial* '*Oaths and Affidavits,*' *and to make other Provisions for the Abolition of unnecessary Oaths*, made before a Master or Master Extraordinary in the High Court of Chancery, or before a Justice of the Peace for the said City or County, by some Person not interested in the said Land, stating that such Offer was made by or on behalf of the said Company, and that such Offer was then and thereupon not agreed to, or was refused by the Person to whom the same was so offered, shall in all Courts whatever be sufficient Evidence and Proof that such Offer was made and was not agreed to, or was refused by the Person to whom such Offer was made (as the Case may be); and in case such Person shall be desirous of purchasing or repurchasing the same, and he and the said Company shall differ and shall not agree with respect to the Price thereof, then the same shall be ascertained by a Jury in manner herein-before directed with respect to the disputed Value of Premises to be purchased by the said Company in pursuance of this Act; and the Expences of hearing and determining such Difference shall be borne and paid in like Manner as is herein-before directed with respect to Purchases made by the said Company, *mutatis mutandis*; and the Money produced by the Sale which may be made by the said Company of such Land as aforesaid shall be applied to the Purposes of this Act, but the Purchaser thereof shall not be answerable or accountable for any Misapplication or Nonapplication of such Money: Provided also, that if such Land, or such Interest therein as aforesaid, shall not be sold within the Time herein-before limited, the same shall vest in and become the Property of the Owners of the adjoining Lands, not being the said Company.

The Word "grant" in Conveyances from the Company to amount to certain Covenants.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That in all Conveyances to be made by the said Company under or in pursuance of this Act the Word "grant" shall amount to and be construed and adjudged in all Courts of Judicature to be express Covenants to Grantees or other Purchasers, their Heirs, Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, from the said Company, for themselves and their Successors, that the said Company, notwithstanding any Act done by them, were at the Time of the Execution of such Conveyance seised of the Hereditaments and Premises thereby granted for an indefeasible Estate of Inheritance in Fee Simple, freed from all Incumbrances done or occasioned by them, for quiet Enjoyment thereof, against the said Company, and all claiming under them, unless the same shall be restrained and limited by express particular Words contained in such Conveyances or any of them; and such Purchasers or Grantees, their several Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Assigns respectively, shall and may, in any Action to be brought, assign a Breach or Breaches thereupon, as they might do in case such Covenants were expressly inserted in such Conveyances.

If Land not contracted for within Three Years, Power of purchasing to cease.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That unless the said Company shall within the Space of Three Years, to be computed from the passing of this Act, agree for or cause to be valued, and pay or cause to be paid for, as in this Act is mentioned, the Lands which they are by this Act empowered to take or use, or otherwise so much thereof as

as shall be by them deemed necessary and proper for the Purpose of making and maintaining the said Bridge, Approaches, and other Works hereby authorized, then and from thenceforth the Powers which are hereby granted to them for taking or using such Lands shall cease and be utterly void, save and except with the Consent of the Owners and Occupiers thereof respectively.

If Works not completed in Seven Years the Powers to cease, except as to such Part as shall be completed.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Bridge and Works shall not have been made and completed (unless prevented by inevitable Accident) within the Space of Seven Years, to be computed from the passing of this Act, then and from and after the Expiration of the said Term of Seven Years all the Powers, Authorities, and Privileges given by this Act shall cease and determine, save only and except as to so much (if any) of the said Bridge and other Works as shall be declared and certified to have been completed within the said Term by the Justices of the Peace for the said City and County of *Bristol* at any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the said City and County of *Bristol* at any Time before the Expiration of the said Term of Seven Years, or within Six Calendar Months next after the Expiration thereof, upon the Evidence of Two or more Witnesses upon Oath (or, in the Case of Quakers, Affirmation) to be produced before such Justices for that Purpose.

Compulsory Powers of Act not to be put in force until the whole Capital is subscribed.

XXXVIII. And whereas the probable Expence of making and completing the said Bridge and other Works and the Approaches hereby authorized to be made and provided will, according to an Estimate thereof, amount to the Sum of Twenty-two thousand one hundred and twenty Pounds, more than Four Fifth Parts whereof have been already subscribed for by several Persons under a Contract binding themselves, their Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, for the Payment of the several Sums by them subscribed respectively; be it therefore enacted, That the whole of the said Sum of Twenty-two thousand one hundred and twenty Pounds shall be subscribed for in like Manner before any of the Powers given by this Act in relation to the compulsory taking of Land for the Purposes of the said Bridge, Approaches, and other Works shall be put in force.

Capital to be 25,000*l.*, to be divided into 500 Shares of 50*l.* each.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company to raise and contribute among themselves any Sum of Money for making and constructing the Bridge, Approaches, and other Works herein-before mentioned not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Twenty-five thousand Pounds; and the same shall be divided into Five hundred Shares of Fifty Pounds each, and such Shares shall be numbered in regular Progression, and every such Share shall always be distinguished by the Number to be applied to the same; and the said Shares shall be and are hereby vested in the several Persons so raising and contributing the same, and their several and respective Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, to their and every of their proper Use and Benefit, proportionably to the Sum they shall severally raise and contribute; and all Persons, their several and respective Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, who have subscribed or shall severally subscribe for One or more

Share or Shares or such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be demanded in lieu thereof, shall be Proprietors of the said Undertaking, and shall be entitled to and shall receive an equal proportionate Part according to the Money so by them respectively paid of the net Profits and Advantages that shall and may arise and accrue by the Tolls or other Sums of Money to be raised, recovered, or received by the said Company by the Authority of this Act; and every Person having Property in the said Undertaking as aforesaid shall bear and pay a proportionate Sum towards carrying on the same in manner herein directed and appointed.

Shares to be Personal Estate.

XL. And be it further enacted, That all Shares and Proportions of and in the said Undertaking, or the Joint Stock or Fund of the said Company, shall to all Intents and Purposes be deemed Personal Estate, and be transmissible as such, and shall not be deemed to be of the Nature of Real Property.

Names of Proprietors to be entered in a Book, and Tickets delivered to them.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the Directors of the said Company herein-after appointed shall and they are hereby required from Time to Time to cause the Names and proper Additions of the several Persons who shall from Time to Time become entitled to Shares in the said Undertaking, with the Number of the Shares of which they are respectively possessed, and also the proper Number by which every Share shall be distinguished, and the Amount of the Subscription paid thereon, to be fairly and distinctly entered in a Book; and the said Directors shall also from Time to Time cause a Ticket or Instrument, with the Common Seal of the Company affixed thereto, to be delivered to every such Proprietor, on Demand, specifying the Number of the Share or Shares to which he is entitled in the said Undertaking, every such Proprietor paying to the said Company such Sum as the said Directors shall think proper, not exceeding Two Shillings and Sixpence; and such Ticket or Instrument shall be admited in all Courts whatsoever as Evidence of the Title of such Proprietor, his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, to the Share therein specified, but the Want of such Ticket or Instrument shall not hinder or prevent the Owner of any of the said Shares from selling or disposing thereof; and which said Ticket or Instrument may be in the Words or to the Effect following; (that is to say,)

Form of Ticket.

'THESE are to certify, That *A. B.* of is a Proprietor of the Share or Shares Number in the *Saint Philip's Bridge* Company, subject to the Rules, Regulations, and Orders of the said Company, and that the said *A. B.*, his [*or* her] Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, is and are entitled to the Profits and Advantages of such Share or Shares. Given under the Common Seal of the said Company the Day of in the Year .'

And in case any such Ticket or Instrument shall become defaced, worn out, or damaged, or shall be ascertained to have been lost or destroyed, then, upon Proof given thereof to the Satisfaction of the Directors of the said Company, another Ticket or Instrument shall be

be made out and entered on the same Terms and Conditions as aforesaid.

For compelling Payment of Subscriptions.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That the several Persons who have subscribed or who shall hereafter subscribe or advance any Money for or towards the said Undertaking shall and they are hereby required to pay the Sums by them respectively subscribed, or such Parts or Proportions thereof as shall from Time to Time be called for by the said Directors under and by virtue of the Powers and Directions of this Act, at such Times and Places as shall be ordered by the said Directors in manner herein-after mentioned; and in case any Person shall refuse or neglect to pay the same at the Time and in the Manner required for that Purpose, it shall and may be lawful for the said Company to sue for and recover the same in any Court of Law or Equity, together with Interest on such Sum or Sums of Money at the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum* from the Time when the same was directed to be paid as aforesaid.

Power to make Calls.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Directors shall have Power from Time to Time to make such Calls for Money from the Subscribers to and Proprietors for the Time being of the said Undertaking, to defray the Expence of or to carry on the same, as they from Time to Time shall think necessary for those Purposes, so that no such Call shall exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds upon each Share, and so that such Calls shall not be made but at the Distance of Three Calendar Months at the least from each other; and Twenty-one Days Notice at the least shall be given of all such Calls as aforesaid by Advertisement in some One Newspaper usually circulated in the said City and County of *Bristol*, or by Notice in Writing delivered to each Proprietor in the said Undertaking, or left at or sent by Post to his last known or usual Place of Residence; which Money so called for shall be paid to such Person at such Time and Place and in such Manner as the said Directors shall from Time to Time appoint; and if any Person shall neglect or refuse to pay his rateable or proportionable Part or Share of the Money so called for as aforesaid at the Time and Place to be appointed as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Company to sue for and recover the same in any of Her Majesty's Courts of Record by Action of Debt or on the Case, or by Bill, Suit, or Information, or to declare the Shares belonging to any Person or Corporation neglecting or refusing to pay any Calls in manner aforesaid to be forfeited; and all Shares so forfeited shall be sold for the most Money that can be gotten for the same, and shall be assigned by Writing under the Common Seal of the said Company unto the Purchaser thereof, and the Produce thereof shall be applied and disposed of for the Purposes of this Act; but no Advantage shall be taken of any Forfeiture of any Share in the said Undertaking until Notice in Writing under the Hand of the Clerk or Treasurer of the said Company shall have been given to or left at or sent by Post to the usual Place of Abode of the Owner of such Share, nor until such Share shall have been declared to be forfeited at some General or Special Meeting of the said Company which shall be held after Two Calendar Months from the Day on

which such Notice of Forfeiture shall have been given: Provided always, that every such Forfeiture, after the same shall be declared as aforesaid, shall be an absolute Indemnification and Discharge to and for the Proprietor so forfeiting against all Actions, Suits, and Prosecutions for any Breach of Contract or other Agreement between the said Proprietor so forfeiting and the said Company with regard to any Call for Money subsequent to the Declaration of such Forfeiture or the future carrying on and Management of the said Undertaking; but no such Share shall be forfeited if the Owner thereof, at or before such General or Special Meeting, pay or tender to the Treasurer or Clerk to the said Company what shall be due thereon, together with legal Interest for the same from the Time when the same ought to have been paid, and all Expences for the Recovery thereof: Provided also, that in case the Money produced by the Sale of any such Share shall be more than sufficient to pay such Arrears as aforesaid and legal Interest thereon, together with the Penalties incurred by Non-payment, and the Expences attending the Sale thereof, the Surplus arising from such Sale shall be paid to the Person or Corporation to whom such Share shall have belonged: Provided also, that the said Company shall not by virtue of this Act at any Time sell or transfer, or direct to be sold or transferred, any more of such Shares of such Defaulter than shall be sufficient, as near as may be at the Time of such Sale, to pay the Arrears due from such Defaulter for or on account of such Calls, and the Interest, Penalties, and Expences attending the same; and from and after the Payment of all Calls to be made by virtue of this Act, and the Interest, Penalties, and Expences as aforesaid, all Shares vested in the said Company as aforesaid which shall remain in their Hands unsold shall revert to and again become the Property of the Person to whom such Share shall have before belonged in such Manner as if such Calls had been duly paid.

Proceedings and Evidence in Actions for Calls.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That in any Action to be brought by the said Company against the Proprietor of any Share in the said Undertaking, to recover any Sum of Money due and payable to the said Company for or by reason of any Call made by virtue of this Act, it shall be sufficient for the said Company to declare and allege that the Defendant, being the Proprietor of a Share in the said Undertaking, is indebted to the said Company in such a Sum of Money as the Calls in arrear shall amount to, or for so many Calls of so many Sums of Money upon so many Shares belonging to the said Defendant (as the Case shall happen to be), whereby an Action hath accrued to the said Company by virtue of this Act, without setting forth the special Matter; and on the Trial of such Action it shall only be necessary to prove that the Defendant at the Time of making such Call was a Proprietor of a Share in the said Undertaking, and that such Call was in fact made, and that such Notice thereof was given as is directed by this Act, without proving any other Matter whatsoever, and the said Company shall thereupon be entitled to recover what shall appear due, unless it shall appear that any such Call exceeded Ten Pounds for every Share, or was made within the of Distance Three Calendar Months from the last preceding

preceding Call, or without Notice given in any Newspaper and by Letter as aforesaid; and in order to prove that the Defendant was a Proprietor of such Share or Shares in the said Undertaking as alleged the Production of the Book in which the said Company is by this Act directed to enter and keep the Names of the several Proprietors of Shares in the said Undertaking, with the Number of Shares they are respectively entitled to, shall be *primâ facie* Evidence that such Defendant is a Proprietor, and of the Number and Amount of his Shares therein.

After a Call made no Share to be sold until the Call is paid.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That after any such Call of Money shall have been made no Person shall sell or transfer any Share which he shall possess in the said Undertaking, unless at the Time of such Sale or Transfer he shall have paid or discharged to the Treasurer of the said Company the whole and entire Sum of Money which shall have been called for in respect of each Share so sold or transferred, nor shall any Proprietor in arrear for any Call be allowed to vote or give his Voice in the Agitation of any Question at any Meeting, either personally or by Proxy, until such Time as he shall have paid to the Treasurer all such Arrears as may be due from him in respect of such Calls.

Mode of voting at Meetings.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That every Person entitled to and being in the actual Possession of One or more Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, shall have One Vote for every such Share at all Meetings of the said Company, which Vote may be given by the Parties entitled thereto, or by their Guardians in case of a Minor, or by their Committee in case of Lunatics or Idiots, or by their Proxies constituted under the Hands of any Person, every such Proxy being a Proprietor of the said Undertaking; and every such Vote by Proxy shall be as good and sufficient to all Intents and Purposes as if such Principal had voted in Person; and every Question, Matter, or Thing which shall be proposed, discussed, or considered at any Meeting of the said Company shall be determined by the Majority of Votes and Proxies then present; and the Appointment of which Proxies may be made according to the following Form, with such Variations as the Circumstances of each Case may render necessary; (that is to say,)

Form of Proxy.

'I *A.B.* of one of the Proprietors of the *Saint* '*Philip's Bridge* Company, do hereby appoint *C.D.* of '
'to be my Proxy, in my Name and in my Absence to vote or give
'my Assent to or Dissent from any Business, Matter, or Thing
'relating to the said Undertaking that shall be mentioned or proposed
'at any Meeting of the said Company in such Manner as the said
'*C.D.* shall think proper. In witness whereof I have hereunto set
'my Hand the Day of .'

Shares may be transferred.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Proprietor of any Share in the said Undertaking, his Executors or Administrators, to sell and dispose of any Share to which he shall be entitled

entitled therein, subject to the Rules and Conditions in this Act mentioned and provided; and the Conveyance of every such Share shall be in Writing, and shall be by Deed duly stamped, in which the Consideration for the same shall be truly stated, and may be in the Words or to the Effect following; (that is to say,)

Form of Transfer.

'I *A.B.* of in consideration of the Sum of paid to me by *C.D.* of do hereby bargain, sell, assign, and transfer to the said *C.D.* Share [*or* Shares] numbered of and in the Undertaking called the *Saint Philip's Bridge* Company, to hold unto the said *C.D.*, his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, on the same Conditions that I held the same immediately before the Execution hereof; and I the said *C.D.* do hereby agree to take and accept of the said Share [*or* Shares] subject to the same Conditions. As witness our Hands and Seals the Day of .'

Memorial of Transfer to be made.

And on every such Sale the said Deed or Conveyance (being executed by the Seller and Purchaser of such Share) shall be kept by the Purchaser for his Security, after the said Company shall have entered in a proper Book to be kept for that Purpose a Memorial of such Transfer and Sale, and have testified and endorsed the Entry of such Memorial on the said Deed of Sale or Transfer, for which no more than Two Shillings and Sixpence shall be paid for each Share so transferred; and the said Company are hereby required to make such Entry or Memorial accordingly; and until such Memorial shall have been made and entered as above directed such Purchaser shall have no Part or Share of the Profits of the said Undertaking, nor any Vote in respect thereof as Proprietor in the said Undertaking.

Power to raise Money by Mortgage.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That after One Half of the said Sum of Twenty-five thousand Pounds herein-before authorized to be raised by Subscription shall have been actually paid up it shall be lawful for the said Company to borrow and take up at Interest any further or additional Sum of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Five thousand Pounds, on the Credit of the said Undertaking; and the said Company are hereby empowered to mortgage, assign, and charge the Tolls hereby granted, and the Property of the said Undertaking, or any Part thereof, (the Costs and Charges of assigning the same to be paid by the said Company,) as a Security for any such further Sum of Money to be borrowed as aforesaid, with Interest to or for the Benefit of the Party, or to his Trustee, who shall advance the same; and such Mortgages, Assignments, and Charges shall be by Deed in Writing duly stamped, in which the Consideration for the same shall be truly stated, and shall be made under the Common Seal of the said Company in the Words or to the Effect following, with such Variations therein as the Circumstances of the Case may render necessary; (that is to say,)

'Number

Form of Mortgage.

'BY virtue of an Act passed in the Year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen *Victoria*, intituled [*here set forth the Title of this Act*], We the *Saint Philip's Bridge* Company, 'incorporated

'incorporated by and under the said Act, in consideration of the 'Sum of to us in hand paid by *A.B.* of 'do assign unto the said *A.B.*, his Executors, Administrators, and 'Assigns, the Tolls hereby granted, and the Property of the said 'Undertaking, and all the Estate, Right, Title, and Interest of the 'said Company of, in, and to the same, to hold unto the said *A.B.*, 'his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, until the said Sum 'of together with Interest for the same after the 'Rate of for every One hundred Pounds for a 'Year, shall be fully paid and satisfied. Given under our Common 'Seal this Day of in the Year of 'our Lord .'

Mortgagees not entitled to Preference by reason of Priority in Date of the Mortgage.

And the respective Parties to whom such Mortgages or Assignments shall be made shall be entitled one with the other to their Proportions of the said Tolls and Premises according to the respective Sums in such Mortgages or Assignments mentioned to be advanced, without any Preference by reason of Priority in the Date of any such Mortgage or Assignment, or on any other Account whatsoever; and an Entry or Memorial of every such Mortgage or Assignment, containing the Number and Date thereof, and the Names of the Parties (with their proper Addition) to whom the same shall have been made, and of the Sums borrowed, together with the Rate of Interest to be paid thereon, shall within Fourteen Days next after the Date thereof be entered in some Book to be kept by the Clerk of the said Company, which said Book may be perused at all reasonable Times by any of the Proprietors or Creditors of the said Undertaking, or other Persons interested therein, without Fee or Reward; and all Parties to whom any such Mortgages or Assignments shall have been made as aforesaid, or who shall be entitled to the Money due thereon, may from Time to Time transfer their respective Rights or Interests therein to any other Persons; and every Transfer thereof shall be by Writing duly stamped, in which the Consideration for the same shall be truly stated, and may be in the Words or to the Effect following; (that is to say,)

Form of Transfer of Mortgage.

'I *A.B.* of in consideration of the Sum of 'paid to me by *C.D.* of do hereby transfer a Mort-'gage or Assignment Number made by the *Saint Philip's* '*Bridge* Company to bearing Date the Day 'of for securing the Sum of and Interest, 'and all my Right, Estate, and Interest in and to the Money thereby 'secured, and in and to the Tolls and Property thereby assigned, to 'the said *C.D.*, his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns. Dated 'the Day of in the Year of our Lord .'

Transfers to be registered.

And every such Transfer shall, within Twenty Days next after the Date thereof if executed in *England*, or otherwise within Twenty-eight Days next after the Arrival thereof in *England* if executed elsewhere, (the Time of such Arrival to be verified by a Declaration made by some respectable Person before any of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, or before any Master or Master Extraordinary in the High Court of Chancery, which Declaration shall be delivered to and left with the Clerk of the said Company,) be produced to the Clerk

of the said Company, who shall cause an Entry or Memorial to be made thereof in the same Manner as of the original Mortgage or Assignment, for which the said Clerk shall be paid the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence, and no more; and after such Entry or Memorial made every such Transfer shall entitle such Assignee, or his or her Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, to the full Benefit thereof and Payment thereon, and it shall not be in the Power of any Person who shall have made such Transfer to make void, release, or discharge the same, or any Sum of Money thereon due or thereby secured, or any Part thereof.

Interest of Money borrowed to be paid in preference to Dividends.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That the Interest of the Money which shall be raised by Mortgage, Assignment, or Charge as aforesaid shall be paid half-yearly to the several Parties entitled thereto, and in preference to any Dividends payable by virtue of this Act to the Proprietors of the said Company or any of them; and in case such Interest, or any Part thereof, shall be unpaid by the Space of Twenty-one Days next after the same shall have become due and payable as aforesaid, and the same shall not be within Twenty Days after Demand thereof in Writing shall have been made to the said Company, or left at the Office of the said Company, such Demand being made upon or at any Time after the Expiration of such Twenty-one Days, it shall be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace acting for the said City or County, not being interested in the Matter in question, and they are hereby required, on Request to them made by or on behalf of any Mortgagee whose Interest shall be so in arrear, by an Order under their Hands, to appoint some Person to receive the Whole or such Parts of the said Tolls as are liable to pay such Interest so due and unpaid as aforesaid; and the Money so to be received by such Receiver is hereby declared to be so much Money received by or to the Use of the Person or Persons to whom such Interest shall be then due, until the same, together with the Costs and Charges of recovering and receiving the said Tolls, shall be fully paid and satisfied; and after such Interest and Costs shall have been paid and satisfied the Power or Authority of such Receiver for the Purposes aforesaid shall cease and determine, or otherwise the Interest so due and unpaid as aforesaid may be sued for and recovered, with Costs, by Action of Debt in any of Her Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*.

Creditors not to be deemed Proprietors.

L. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person to whom any such Mortgage or Assignment shall be made or transferred as aforesaid shall be deemed a Proprietor of the said Company by reason or on account of his or her having advanced any Money on such Mortgage or Assignment.

Application of the Money to be raised.

LI. And be it further enacted, That all the Money to be raised by the said Company by Subscription or by Mortgage as aforesaid by virtue of this Act, and also the Sum to be received from the Railway Companies as herein-after mentioned, shall be applied, in the first place, in paying and discharging all Costs, Charges and Expences incurred in applying for, obtaining, and passing this Act, and all other Expences preparatory or relating thereto, and the Remainder of such Money shall be applied in and towards purchasing Land, and making and

and maintaining the said Bridge, Approaches, and other Works, and otherwise in carrying this Act into execution.

First and other Meetings of the Company.

LII. And be it further enacted, That the First General Meeting of the said Company shall be held at some convenient Place in the said City of *Bristol* in the Month of *August* One thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, and from and after such First General Meeting One annual General Meeting shall be holden in the Month of *August* in every Year in the said City of *Bristol*, of which Meeting not less than Fourteen Days Notice shall be given by public Advertisement as herein-after mentioned; and the said Company shall and may meet and adjourn from Time to Time in such Manner as they shall deem expedient and proper; and the said Company shall at such Meetings proceed to put the several Powers and Authorities hereby given and granted into execution, and do all Things hereby authorized to be done and executed by the said Company.

Company at Meetings may audit and settle Accounts.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company at every such Meeting shall have Power to call for, audit, and settle all Accounts for Money received, laid out, and disbursed on account of the said Undertaking by the Treasurer or Collector of the Tolls and other Officers appointed, or by any Person employed by or concerned for or under them in and about the said Bridge, Approaches, and other Works thereto belonging.

Meetings to consist of not less than 20 Persons holding One hundred Shares at least.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That if at any Meeting held under this Act, whether Special or General, there shall not be Twenty Persons present who together shall be possessed of or entitled to or hold at least One hundred Shares in the said Undertaking, either as Principals or Proxies, no Proceedings shall take place at such Meeting, but in such case the said Meeting shall stand adjourned to that Day Fortnight, and so on until a Number of Proprietors entitled to or holding a sufficient Number of Shares as Principals or Proxies in the said Undertaking shall attend.

Special Meetings may be called.

LV. And be it further enacted, That if it shall at any Time be thought expedient to call a Special Meeting of the said Company it shall be lawful for any Number of the said Proprietors, not less than Five, who together shall be possessed of or entitled to Twenty-five Shares at least in the said Undertaking, to give Notice in Writing to the Clerk of the said Company, who shall without Delay cause Notices to be given in manner directed by this Act, specifying in such Notice the Reason of requesting such Special Meeting, and the Time when and the Place where the same shall be held; and the said Company are hereby authorized to meet in pursuance of such Notice, and such of them as shall be present shall proceed in the Execution of the Power by this Act given to the said Company with respect to the Matters which shall be specified in such Notice, and to those only; and all such Acts of the Proprietors or the major Part of them met together at every such Special Meeting shall be as valid with respect to the Matter specified in such Notice as if the same had been done at a Meeting at the Time by this Act appointed for holding the same.

LVI. And

Notices of Meetings.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That all Notices by this Act directed to be given of any General or Special Meeting of the said Company shall be given by Advertisement in One or more Newspapers published in the said City of *Bristol*.

First Directors of the Company.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That *Henry Bush*, *Michael Hinton Castle*, *Samuel Capper*, *William Weaver Davies*, *Aurelius John Drewe*, *Edward Bowles Fripp*, *Thomas Harris*, *John Decimus Pountney*, and *William Powell*, or the Survivors of them, or of such of them as shall continue to act, shall be and they are hereby appointed the First Directors of the said Company, and shall continue in Office until the Second General Meeting of the said Company which will be in the Year One thousand eight hundred and forty, or until others shall be elected in their Stead; and such Directors shall proceed to put the several Powers and Provisions of this Act into execution, and shall have Power to appoint a Clerk and Treasurer, who shall continue in Office till the First General Meeting of the said Company; and the said Directors shall also in all respects have and exercise all the Powers and Authorities by this Act given to the Directors appointed by the said Company.

Directors to go out of Office annually.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That at the General Meeting to be held in the Month of *August* in the Year One thousand eight hundred and forty Three of the Directors herein-before appointed (to be determined by Ballot amongst themselves) shall go out of Office and cease to be Directors of the said Company, and an equal Number of Persons, who shall be Proprietors and respectively possessed in their own Right of Three or more Shares in the said Undertaking, shall be elected by the said Company to be Directors in their Place and Stead; and at the General Meeting to be held in the Month of *August* which will be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and forty-one Three of the remaining Directors hereby appointed (to be determined as aforesaid) shall go out of Office and cease to be Directors of the said Company, and their Places be supplied in like Manner; and at a General Meeting to be held in the Month of *August* which will be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and forty-two the remaining Directors hereby appointed shall go out of Office and cease to be Directors of the said Company, and their Places be supplied in like Manner; and at the General Meeting to be held in the Month of *August* in every subsequent Year Three of the Directors who shall have been longest in Office shall go out of Office and cease to be Directors of the said Company, and their Places be supplied in like Manner: Provided always, that at every annual Election of Directors any of the former Directors shall be eligible to be re-elected to the Office again immediately or at any Time afterwards, notwithstanding his Term of Service shall have expired, or notwithstanding his having forfeited his Office by reason of Disqualification, in case he shall have again become duly qualified.

Directors going out of Office eligible to be re-elected.

Directors not to enter into Contracts.

LIX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be elected a Director shall take or shall contract to take or shall participate in any Manner in any Work to be done for the said

said Company, or in any Profit to be obtained by any such Work, every such Person so offending shall forfeit and pay to the said Company the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and shall thereupon cease to be a Director, and shall be disqualified from being a Director, and thereupon another Proprietor shall be elected in the Stead of such Person so ceasing and being disqualified as aforesaid to be a Director.

For filling up Vacancies in the Direction.

LX. And be it further enacted, That every Vacancy in the Direction by Death, Resignation, or Disqualification shall be filled up by the surviving Directors; and the Person who shall be chosen to fill such Vacancy (being duly qualified) shall continue in Office upon the same Terms and for the same Period only as the Person whose Place he shall supply would have continued if his Office had not been vacated.

First Meeting of Directors.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Directors shall hold their First Meeting as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act at such Time and Place in the City of *Bristol* as they shall think proper, and shall have full Power and Authority to adjourn such First Meeting, and again to meet and adjourn from Time to Time and from Place to Place, as they shall think fit; and the said Directors, at one of their first Meetings, shall appoint one of the Directors to preside as Chairman; and all Questions, Matters, and Things which shall be proposed, discussed, or considered by the said Directors at any of their Meetings shall be decided and determined by a Majority in Number of the Directors present (the Number present not being less than Three, and each Director having One Vote); and in case of an equal Number of Votes upon any Question, including the Vote of the Chairman, such Chairman shall have the decisive or casting Vote; and if on the Day appointed for any Meeting of the said Directors Three Directors qualified to vote shall not attend, then and in every such Case the Meeting shall be adjourned till such Time as the Director or Directors then present, or if none be present as the Clerk of the said Company, or such other Person as shall attend in his Place, shall appoint; and any Two or more Directors may at any Time when they shall think fit call a Meeting of the Directors by Notice in Writing signed by such Two or more Directors, or by the Clerk to the said Company, to be sent by the Post or otherwise to the Residence or Address of every Director: Provided always, that the Person appointed Chairman of the said Directors shall preside at all Meetings of the said Company and of the said Directors, and in his Absence one of the other Directors present at any such Meeting shall be appointed and act as Chairman.

Powers and Duties of Directors.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That the Directors for the Time being shall have the Custody of the Common Seal of the said Company, and shall have full Power to meet and adjourn from Time to Time and from Place to Place, and also at any Time to call Special Meetings of the said Company for any Purpose they may think proper, and to appoint the Times and Places of holding General and Special Meetings, and to direct the Affairs and Business of the said Company, as well in issuing, receiving, and laying out and disposing of all Sums

of Money to be issued and received, laid out and disposed of for the Purposes of the said Company, as in contracting for and purchasing Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, Materials, Goods, and Chattels, for the Use of the said Undertaking, and in nominating, electing, appointing, placing, or displacing any Officer, Agent, or Servant of the said Company, except the Treasurer and Clerk of the said Company, or in paying or rewarding any such Officers, Agents, or Servants with Salaries, Gratuities, or other Recompences, as to the said Directors shall seem proper, and in ordering, directing, and employing the Works and Workmen, and in making, enforcing, rescinding, compounding, and compromising all Contracts and Bargains touching or in anywise concerning the same, subject to such Rules, Orders, Bye Laws, and Regulations as shall at any Time be duly made by the said Company in Restraint, Control, or Regulation of the Powers and Authorities by this Act granted.

Directors not to be personally liable for any Act done as Directors.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That none of the Directors hereby appointed or hereafter to be appointed under the Authority of this Act shall, by reason or means or on account of his or their being Parties or Party to or making, signing, or executing in their or his Capacity of Directors or Director of the said Company, pursuant to this Act, any Contract, Covenant, Agreement, Assignment, Conveyance, or Security for and on behalf of the said Company, or otherwise lawfully executing any of the Powers and Authorities given to them or any of them by this Act, be subject or liable to be sued, prosecuted, or impleaded, either collectively or individually, by any Person or Persons whomsoever, and the Body or Bodies, Goods, Chattels, Lands, or Tenements of the said Directors or any of them shall not, by reason or on account or in consequence of any such Contract, Covenant, Agreement, Conveyance, Assignment, or Security so entered into or made, signed or executed by them or any of them as aforesaid, or any other lawful Act which shall be done by them or any of them in the Execution of any of the Powers and Authorities given to them or any of them by this Act, be liable to be arrested, seized, and detained or taken in Execution, but that in every such Case any Person or Persons making any Claim or Demand upon the said Company, or upon any Director or Directors thereof, under or by virtue of any such Contract, Covenant, Assignment, Conveyance, or Security or other lawful Act or Acts, may sue and implead the said Company in like Manner as if such Contract, Covenant, Agreement, Conveyance, Assignment, or Security had been entered into and executed by the said Company, or such other Act or Acts had been done by the said Company; and the Party or Parties so suing or impleading shall be entitled to Remedies by suing and impleading the said Company, but not to any further or other Remedy whatsoever.

Company empowered to appoint Officers.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company, at some General or Special General Meeting, to nominate and appoint a Treasurer and Clerk to the said Company, and from Time to Time to remove any such Treasurer or Clerk; and in case any such Treasurer or Clerk shall die, or quit the Service of the said Company, or be removed, it shall be lawful for the said Company to appoint any other fit Person to execute such Office; and the said Company

Company shall fix the Salaries or Allowances to be given to such Treasurer and Clerk: Provided always, that the Directors of the said Company shall take such Security from such Treasurer, and also from any Collector or Officer having the Care or Custody of any Monies to be raised or received by virtue of this Act, for the due Execution of his Office, as the said Directors shall think proper.

Clerk and Treasurer not to be the same Person.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the said Directors to appoint any Person who may be appointed the Clerk to the said Company, or the Partner of any such Clerk, or the Clerk or other Person in the Service or Employ of any such Clerk or of his Partner, to be the Treasurer for the Purposes of this Act, or to appoint any Person who may be appointed Treasurer, or the Partner of any such Treasurer or of his Partner, to be the Clerk to the said Company; and if any Person shall accept the Offices of Clerk and Treasurer for the Purposes of this Act, or if any Person being the Partner of any such Clerk, or the Clerk or other Person in the Service or Employ of any such Clerk or of his Partner, shall accept the Office of Treasurer, or shall act as Deputy of the Treasurer, or in any Manner officiate for the Treasurer, or being the Partner of any such Treasurer, or the Clerk or other Person in the Service or Employ of any such Treasurer or of his Partner, shall accept the Office of Clerk, or shall act as Deputy of the Clerk, or in any Manner officiate for the Clerk in the Execution of this Act, or if any such Treasurer shall hold or accept any Place or Office of Trust or Profit under the said Company other than that of the Treasurer, every such Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Person who shall sue for the same, to be recovered, with full Costs of Suit, in any of Her Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, by Action of Debt or on the Case, or by Bill, Suit, or Information.

Officers to account.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Officer or Person to be appointed by virtue of this Act shall, under his respective Hand, and at such Time or Times and in such Manner as the said Directors shall direct, deliver to the said Directors, or to such Person as they shall appoint, true and perfect Accounts in Writing of all Matters and Things committed to his Charge, and also of all Monies which shall have been by such Officer or Person received by virtue of or for the Purposes of this Act, and of how much thereof shall have been expended and disbursed, and for what Purposes, together with proper Vouchers for such Payments; and every such Officer or Person shall, if required, pay all such Monies as shall remain due from him to the Treasurer for the Time being, or to such Person as the said Directors shall appoint to receive the same; and if any such Officer or other Person shall refuse or wilfully neglect to make and render such Accounts, or to produce and deliver up the Vouchers in his Possession or Power relating to the same, or to make Payment as aforesaid, or shall refuse or wilfully neglect to produce to the said Directors, or to such Person as they shall appoint, within Seven Days after being thereunto required by the said Directors by Notice in Writing under the Hands of any Two or more of them given to or left at the last or usual Place of Abode of such Officer or Person, all Books,

Books, Papers, and Writings in his Custody or Power relating to the Execution of this Act, or to give Information and Satisfaction to the said Directors or such other Person as aforesaid respecting the same, then and in every such Case, upon Complaint being made by the said Directors, or by any Person whom they the said Directors shall appoint for that Purpose, of any such Refusal or wilful Neglect as aforesaid, to any Justice of the Peace for the County, City, or Place wherein such Officer or Person so refusing or neglecting shall be or reside, such Justice may and he is hereby authorized and required to issue a Summons under his Hand and Seal for the Officer or Person so refusing or neglecting to appear before such Justice; and upon the said Officer or Person appearing, or having been so summoned and not appearing without some sufficient or reasonable Excuse, or not being found, it shall be lawful for the Justice to hear and determine the Matter in a summary Way; and if upon the Confession of the Party, or by the Testimony of any credible Witness or Witnesses upon Oath or Affirmation (which Oath or Affirmation such Justice is hereby empowered to administer), it shall appear to such Justice that any Monies remain due from such Officer or Person, such Justice may and he is hereby authorized and required, upon Non-payment thereof, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cause such Money to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Officer or Person; and if sufficient Goods and Chattels of such Officer or Person shall not be found to answer and satisfy the said Money, and the Charge of distraining and selling the said Goods and Chattels, or if it shall appear to such Justice that such Officer or Person had refused or wilfully neglected to render and give such Account, or to produce the Vouchers relating thereto in his Possession or Power or that any Books, Papers, or Writings in his Possession or Power relating to the Execution of this Act remained in the Hands or in the Custody or Power of such Officer or Person, and he shall have refuse or wilfully neglected to produce or give Satisfaction respecting the same as aforesaid, or to give up the same on the Expiration of his Office, then and in every such Case such Justice may commit such Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the County, City, or Place where such Offender shall be or reside, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize until he shall have given a true and perfect Account as aforesaid, or until he shall have paid such Monies as aforesaid, or compounded with the said Directors for such Money, and shall have paid such Composition in such Manner as they shall appoint (which Composition the said Directors are hereby empowered to make and receive), and until he shall have delivered up such Books, Papers, and Writings; but no such Offender shall be kept or detained in such Common Gaol or House of Correction for Want of sufficient Distress by virtue of this Act for any longer Space of Time than Three Calendar Months.

No Prosecution or Commitment of any Officer to acquit his Sureties.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Prosecution or Commitment under the Provisions of this Act of any Treasurer, Clerk, Collector, or other Officer or Person to be appointed under the Powers of this Act shall acquit or discharge any Security or Securities that shall or may have been taken or given to the said Company or Directors for the due and faithful Execution of his Office,

Office, or the Payment of the Monies received or to be received by him.

Accounts to be entered in a Book.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Directors shall enter or cause to be entered in a Book or Books to be provided for that Purpose, and to be kept by the Clerk or other Officer of the said Company, a full and true Account of all Monies received and also of all Monies disbursed and Payments made by them, and of the several Articles, Matters, and Things for which such Monies shall have been disbursed and paid, and also a full and true Account and proper Notes and Minutes of every Contract, Bargain, and Agreement which shall have been entered into by them respectively for or on behalf of the said Company, and of every Order, Transaction, and Proceeding of the said Company and Directors; and every such Book, and all other Books, Papers, and Writings belonging to the said Company, shall at all seasonable Times be open to the Inspection of all the said Proprietors, who may take Copies thereof or Extracts therefrom without Fee or Reward; and if any such Clerk or other Officer shall refuse to permit or shall not permit any Proprietor to inspect and peruse such Book at all seasonable Times, or take Copies thereof or Extracts from the same, every such Clerk or other Officer shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds: Provided always, that the Accounts of Monies received and paid by the said Directors shall be laid before each General Meeting of the said Company, and if the same shall not be considered satisfactory by such Meeting the said Meeting shall have Power to appoint a Committee of Inspection, consisting of Three Proprietors, each of whom shall be possessed of Three Shares at the least in the said Undertaking; and the said Directors shall, on Demand, at all convenient Times, cause to be produced to the said Committee all Books of Account, Vouchers, and Documents in the Possession or Power of the said Directors or other Officers of the said Company relating to the Affairs of the said Company.

Power to take Tolls.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company and they are hereby empowered to erect at, near, upon, or across the said Bridge, and upon or across the said Approaches, or any or either of them, or any Part thereof respectively, or near or upon the Sides of such Approaches, or of either of them or any Part thereof respectively, when and where and as they shall judge necessary, any Toll Gates or Toll Bars and Toll Houses and other Houses, Outhouses, and Conveniences thereto, and from Time to Time to alter or take down and rebuild or to discontinue and remove the same or any of them as they the said Company shall think proper; and it shall be lawful for the said Company, or any Person authorized by them for that Purpose, after the said Bridge shall have been certified to have been completed by Three of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said City and County, and be open to the Use of the Public, to demand and take, or cause to be demanded and taken, at some One Toll Gate or Toll Bar to be erected as aforesaid, before any Person, Horse, Beast, or other Cattle or any Carriage shall be permitted to pass over the said Bridge and through the Toll Gate thereof, the Tolls herein-after mentioned; (that is to say,)

For

For every Horse, Mule, or Beast drawing any Coach, Stage Coach, Chariot, Landau, Barouche, Sociable, Hearse, Litter, Break, Chaise, Curricle, Car, or other such Carriage, any Sum not exceeding Two-pence: Tolls.

For One Horse or other Beast drawing any Cart, Drag, or other such Carriage, any Sum not exceeding Two-pence; but if the same shall be drawn by more than One Horse or other Beast, then for the second and every additional Horse or other Beast, any Sum not exceeding One Halfpenny:

For One Horse, Mule, or other Beast drawing any Waggon, Wain, Van, Caravan, or other such Carriage, any Sum not exceeding Two-pence; but if the same shall be drawn by more than One Horse, Mule, or other Beast, then for the second Horse, Mule, or other Beast, One Penny, and every additional Horse, Mule, or other Beast, any Sum not exceeding One Halfpenny:

For every Horse or other such Beast, laden or unladen, and not drawing any Carriage, any Sum not exceeding One Penny:

For every Truck drawn or wheeled by a Man, any Sum not exceeding One Penny:

For every Score of Cattle (Calves excepted), any Sum not exceeding Five-pence, and so in proportion for any less Number:

For every Score of Calves, Pigs, or Sheep, any Sum not exceeding Two-pence Halfpenny, and so in proportion for any less Number:

For every Foot Passenger or Person passing over the said Bridge or through the said Toll Gate or Toll Bar (other than such Person as shall *bonâ fide* belong to any Carriage, Beast, or Cattle chargeable with any Toll or Tolls hereby made payable), any Sum not exceeding One Halfpenny:

For every Carriage, of whatever Description, moved or propelled by Steam or Machinery, or by any other Power than Animal Power, any Sum not exceeding Eight-pence:

Which said several and respective Tolls hereby granted, and all Tolls authorized to be taken under or by virtue of this Act, shall be and are hereby vested in the said Company. Tolls vested in the Company.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where there shall be a fractional Part of a Halfpenny in the Amount of any of the Tolls by this Act authorized to be taken the Sum of One Halfpenny may be demanded and taken in lieu of such fractional Part. Fractional Parts of a Halfpenny in Tolls.

LXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the aforesaid Tolls to be taken by virtue of this Act shall at all Times be charged equally upon all Persons, and no Reduction, Exemption, or Advance in the said Tolls shall, either directly or indirectly, be made partially or in favour of or against any particular Person, but every such Reduction, Exemption, or Advance of Tolls shall extend to all Persons using the said Bridge, any thing to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding. Tolls to be charged equally.

LXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Toll shall be demanded or taken for any Horse, Beast, Cattle, or Carriage belonging to Her Majesty, or attending any of the Royal Family, or returning after having so attended, or for any Horse, Beast, Cattle, or Carriage of any Description, or any Policeman on Duty, or any Exemptions.

any Person employed in conveying or guarding Mails or Letters and Expresses under the Authority of Her Majesty's Postmaster General, either when employed in conveying or guarding such Mails or Expresses or in returning from conveying or guarding the same; or for any Soldiers upon their March or on Duty, or for any Horse, Beast, Cattle, or Carriage attending Soldiers upon their March or upon Duty with Arms and Baggage, and returning after having been so employed; or for any Horse, Beast, or Cattle drawing any Waggon, Wain, Cart, or other Carriage which shall be employed in conveying any Ordnance, Commissariat, or other Public Stores of or belonging to Her Majesty, or to or for the Use of Her Majesty's Forces; or for any Horse, Beast, or Cattle furnished by or for or belonging to any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry, and ridden by them, or from any Yeomanry, Cavalry Man, or Volunteer Infantry Man in going to or returning from the Place appointed for and on the Days of Exercise, provided that such Persons be dressed in the Uniforms of their respective Corps, and have their Arms and Accoutrements according to the Regulations provided for such Corps respectively, at the Time of claiming such Exemption as aforesaid; or for any Horse, Beast, or Cattle, Person or Carriage, conveying Vagrants sent by legal Passes, or Prisoners sent by any legal Warrant, or returning having been so employed, or for any such Vagrants or Prisoners; and if any Person shall claim and take the Benefit of any of the Exemptions by this Act granted, not being entitled to the same, every such Person or Persons for every such Offence shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings.

Persons may be stopped for refusing to pay Toll.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person subject to the Payment of any Toll shall, after Demand thereof made by any Collector or other Person to be appointed to receive the same or any Part thereof, neglect or refuse to pay the same or any Part thereof, it shall be lawful for the Person authorized or appointed to collect such Tolls, by himself, or taking such Assistance as he shall think necessary, to stop and prevent the Passage of any Person so refusing, or of any Horse, Beast, or Cattle or Carriage for or in respect of which any such Toll ought to be or to have been paid, and to seize and detain the same until such Payment shall be made, and to seize and detain any Horse, Beast, Cattle, Carriage, or other Thing upon or in respect of which any such Toll shall be imposed, together with their respective Bridles, Saddles, Gears, Harness, and other Accoutrements (except the Bridle or Reins of any Horse or other Beast separate from the Horse or Beast), or any Carriage in respect of the Horses or Cattle drawing the Carriage on which such Toll is imposed, or any of the Goods or Chattels of the Person or Persons so neglecting or refusing to pay; and if the Toll or any Part thereof so neglected or refused to be paid, and the reasonable Charges of such Seizure and Distress, shall not be paid within Four Days next after such Seizure and Distress made, the Person or Persons so seizing and distraining shall or may sell the Horse, Beast, or Cattle, Carriage or Things seized or distrained, or a sufficient Part thereof, returning the Overplus of the Money to arise by such Sale (if any), and so much of such Carriage or Things as shall remain unsold, upon Demand, to the Owner thereof, after such Toll, and the reasonable Charges occasioned by such Seizure, Distress, and Sale, shall be deducted.

LXXIV. And

Tolls may be let.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company, and they are hereby empowered, at any General or Special Meeting, to let or farm the Tolls to be collected by virtue of this Act, or any Part or Parts thereof, for any Period not exceeding Seven Years, to any Person or Persons, at and for the largest yearly Sum that can be reasonably gotten for the same.

Lessees or Persons appointed by them may collect the Tolls

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That during such Time as the said Tolls, or any Part or Parts thereof, shall be leased, demised, or in farm to any Person whomsoever, it shall be lawful for the Lessee or Farmer thereof, or such other Person as he or they shall by Writing under his Hand authorize or appoint, to demand and take the said Tolls so leased, demised, or farmed, with the like Powers for the Recovery thereof to all Intents and Purposes as the said Company, or any Collector of the said Tolls appointed by them, are or is hereby authorized and empowered to demand, take, and recover the same; and such Lessee or Farmer or other Person as aforesaid shall be subject to the like Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures, and shall be liable to the like Actions and Prosecutions, as any Collector of the said Tolls appointed by the said Company is subject or liable to.

Weights allowed to be carried over the Bridge.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Waggon, Cart, or other Carriage or Engine shall be allowed to come upon or pass over the said Bridge with a greater Weight than Four Tons over and above the Weight of such Waggon, Cart, or other Carriage or Engine, under a Penalty not exceeding the Sum of Two Pounds, to be forfeited and paid by the Owner of such Waggon, Cart, or other Carriage or Engine to the said Company for every Time such Waggon, Cart, or other Carriage or Engine shall come upon or pass over the said Bridge with a greater Weight than Four Tons over and above the Weight of such Waggon, Cart, or other Carriage or Engine, which said Penalty shall and may from Time to Time be levied and recovered in such and the same Manner as any Penalty recoverable under this Act shall or may be recovered.

Power to erect Weighing Machines.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company, if they think proper, to order and cause to be built and erected, at or near the said Bridge or Toll Bars, or at such Distance as they shall think expedient, One or more Cranes or Weighing Machines proper for the weighing of Waggons and other Carriages conveying Goods, Wares, or other Articles whatsoever: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for the said Company to cause or permit such Cranes or Weighing Engines to be used for any other Purpose than for weighing Waggons and other Carriages, and the Goods, Wares, or other Articles therein, having passed or intended to pass over the said Bridge, without the previous Consent of the Town Council of the said City and County, nor shall such Cranes or Weighing Engines, nor any Toll Gate or Toll Bar, be placed in such a Situation as to impede the free Passage of Persons using the said Approaches, and not going on or over the said Bridge.

Toll Keeper may weigh Carriages, &c.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Keeper of the said Weighing Engine or Toll Bars, or any other Person to be appointed

pointed by the said Company or by their Lessee, shall or may require every Driver or Conductor of any Waggon, Cart, or other Carriage or Engine which shall come upon or pass over the said Bridge, and which he shall suspect and believe to carry a greater Weight than Four Tons, to be weighed at such Crane or Weighing Machine as aforesaid; and if any such Driver, Conductor, or Owner of such Waggon, Cart, or other Carriage or Engine shall refuse to allow the same to be weighed, or shall resist any Gate Keeper, Toll Keeper, or Toll Collector in weighing the same, every such Owner, Driver, or Conductor shall forfeit and pay to the said Company any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, to be levied and enforced in the same Manner as any Toll or other Penalty may by this Act be levied and enforced.

Tolls may be varied.

LXXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company and they are hereby required, at some Meeting to be holden for that Purpose, to fix and determine the Tolls to be demanded and taken by virtue of this Act, but so nevertheless as not to exceed the respective Sums herein-before authorized to be received; and it shall also be lawful for the said Company and they are hereby empowered, at any Meeting to be holden as aforesaid, from Time to Time and at all Times thereafter to lower, reduce, or alter all or any of the said Tolls, and again to raise the same to such Amount as they shall think proper, not exceeding the respective Sums by this Act authorized to be received: Provided always, that the said Tolls shall at all Times be charged equally, and no Reduction or Advance shall be made, either directly or indirectly, partially or in favour of or against any particular Person or Persons.

For settling Disputes about Tolls.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Dispute shall arise concerning the Amount of the Toll due to the said Company, or concerning the Charges occasioned by any Distress to be taken by virtue of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Collector or Person distraining to detain such Distress, or, as the Case may require, the Proceeds of the Sale thereof, until the Amount of the Tolls due, or, as the Case may require, such Tolls, and the Amount of the Charges of seizing, distraining, keeping, or selling such Distress, shall be ascertained by some Justice of the Peace for the City and County of *Bristol*, who, upon Application made to him for that Purpose, shall examine the said Matter upon Oath or Affirmation of the Parties or other Witnesses, and determine the Amount of the Tolls due, or, as the Case may be, such Amount, and also the Amount of the said Charges; and it shall be lawful for such Justice to assess and award such Costs to be paid by either of the said Parties to the other of them as he shall think reasonable; and in case of Nonpayment thereof on Demand, such Costs shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party directed to pay the same by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice.

A List of Tolls to be painted on Boards and affixed in some con-

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall cause to be painted on Boards, and to be affixed and continued and renewed as often as the same shall be obliterated or defaced, to or upon every Toll House or Toll Gate at which any of the Tolls by this

this Act authorized shall be collected or received, or near thereto, in some conspicuous Place, in large and legible Characters, at. Account or List of the several Tolls which the said Company shall from Time to Time direct and appoint to be taken, and which shall be payable by virtue of this Act: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for the Collectors of the said Company to demand or take any Toll for or in respect of any Person, or of any Horse, Beast, or Cattle or Carriage, except during the Time that the Board on which such Tolls shall be so painted as aforesaid shall remain affixed to such Toll House or Toll Gate at which such Tolls shall be received as aforesaid, or near thereto.

spicuou Place.

Tolls only payable whilst such Boards remain affixed.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall wilfully pull down, deface, or destroy any Board whereon any Tolls shall have been painted according to the Directions of this Act, or shall concur or aid therein, he shall on Conviction forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for every Offence.

Penalty on Persons defacing Boards.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Collector of the Tolls by this Act granted shall and he is hereby required to place his Christian and Surname painted on a Board in legible Characters in the Front or on some other conspicuous Parts of the Toll House or Toll Gate whereat he shall be on Duty immediately on his coming on Duty, each of the Letters of such Names to be at least Two Inches in Height, and of a Breadth in proportion, and painted either in White Letters on a Black Ground or in Black Letters on a White Ground, and shall continue the same so placed during the whole of the Time he shall be on Duty; and if any Collector of the said Tolls shall not place such Board as aforesaid, and keep the same there during the Time he shall be on Duty as aforesaid, or shall demand or take a greater or less Toll from any Person than he shall be authorized to do by virtue of the Powers of this Act, and of the Orders of the said Company made in pursuance thereof, or shall demand or take a Toll from any Person who shall be exempt from the Payment thereof, and claim such Exemption, or shall refuse to permit or shall not permit any Person to read or shall in anywise hinder any Person from reading the Inscriptions on the Boards to be affixed and placed as aforesaid, and who shall have paid the legal Toll, or upon the legal Toll being paid or tendered shall unnecessarily detain or wilfully obstruct or hinder any Horse, Beast, Cattle, Carriage, or any Person from passing upon or over the said Bridge or Approaches, or shall make use of any scurrilous or abusive Language to any Officer or Servant of the said Company, or to any Passenger upon the said Bridge or Approaches, then and in every such Case every such Collector shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for every such Offence.

For punishing Toll Collectors misbehaving.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Agent, Toll Collector, or other Servant of the said Company, occupying any House, Offices, or Buildings belonging to the said Company, shall be discharged from his Office, and shall not deliver up the Possession of such House, Offices, or Buildings, with the Appurtenances, and other Matters and Things in his Custody, Power, or Possession, within Twenty-

Agents, Collectors, &c. to give Possession of Houses, &c. when removed.

Twenty-one Days next after Notice of such Discharge shall have been given to him, or left at such House, Offices, or Buildings, or if the Wife or Family of any such Agent, Toll Collector, or other Servant who shall happen to die while in the Service of the said Company shall refuse or neglect to deliver up the Possession of such House, Offices, or Buildings, with the Appurtenances as aforesaid, and other Matters and Things belonging to the said Company in his, her, or their Custody, Power, or Possession, within Seven Days after another Person shall have been appointed in the Place and Stead of such Person so dying or having been discharged, then and in either of the said Cases it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace for the said City and County, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to order any Constable or other Peace Officer, with such Assistance as shall be necessary, to enter such House, Offices, and Buildings, and to take possession of all Matters and Things belonging to the said Company which shall be found therein, and to deliver the Possession of such House, Offices, and Buildings, together with such Matters and Things found therein and belonging to the said Company, to the new appointed Agent, Toll Collector, or other Servant, or other such Person or Persons as the said Directors shall appoint to receive the same.

Power to purchase the Ferry.

LXXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company and they are hereby required, before they shall make any Purchase of other Lands or other Hereditaments under the Authority of this Act, and before they shall commence the Works by this Act authorized or any of them, to purchase, take, and hold the ancient Ferry claimed to belong to the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the said City and County, with the Rights, Members, and Appurtenances thereunto belonging, making full Satisfaction to all Persons and Corporations interested therein; and every Provision Clause, Matter, and Thing herein contained concerning the Purchase and Sale, Conveyance and vesting of Lands and Hereditaments to be taken or used for the Purposes of this Act, and the Purchase Money thereof, and all other Clauses, Matters, and Things whatsoever concerning such Lands and Hereditaments, and the Owners or Owner thereof, and the Persons or Person interested therein, shall extend and be applicable to the said Ferry, with its Rights, Members, and Appurtenances, and the Owners or Owner thereof, and the Persons or Person interested therein: Provided always, that when the said Company shall have purchased and paid for the said Ferry it shall be lawful for the said Company to ask, demand, and receive the same Tolls for the Use of the said Ferry as the Owner or Owners thereof now have; and until the said Bridge shall be open for public Use the said Company shall have the same Remedies for the Recovery of the said Tolls as the Owner or Owners of the said Ferry now enjoy.

Application of Tolls, &c.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Tolls and other Monies to be received by virtue of this Act for the Use of the said Bridge shall be applied as follows; (that is to say,) first in paying the Expences from Time to Time of collecting and receiving the said Tolls, the Salaries of Officers, and the Maintenance and Support of the said Bridge, and all other Expences attendant on or incidental thereto; then in the Payment of any Interest (if any) that may be

due on any Money borrowed on Mortgage as aforesaid; then in paying the several Proprietors of and Subscribers to the said Undertaking any Sum on the Amount of their respective Shares which the Sums then remaining will enable the said Company to divide, but not exceeding the Sum of Six Pounds *per Centum per Annum* on the Amount of all Calls which shall have been made and paid in respect of such Shares; then in paying the Sum of Fifty Pounds *per Annum* to the Trustees of the Sinking Fund herein-after mentioned; and the Residue of all such Tolls and other Monies shall be paid and applied yearly, one Moiety thereof to the Trustees of the said Sinking Fund, to be added by them to any Money in their Hands in respect of the said Sinking Fund, and to be applied as the said Sinking Fund is herein directed to be applied, and the other Moiety thereof shall go to and be divided amongst the several Proprietors of and Subscribers to the said Undertaking in proportion to their several and respective Shares therein, and in addition to the said Sum of Six Pounds *per Centum per Annum* herein-before authorized and directed to be divided.

Appointment of Trustees.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Treasurer and Town Clerk respectively for the Time being of the said City and County of *Bristol*, and the Treasurer for the Time being of the Company by this Act incorporated, shall be and they are hereby appointed the Trustees of the said Sinking Fund, and all Monies by this Act directed to be paid to the said Trustees shall be invested in their Names; and when any of the said Trustees shall die, or vacate or be removed from his Office of Treasurer or Town Clerk of the said City and County, or Treasurer of the said Company, the said Monies shall from Time to Time be transferred by the surviving or continuing Trustees into the Names of such other Persons who shall from Time to Time fill the Offices aforesaid.

Application of Sinking Fund.

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees of the said Sinking Fund shall and they are hereby authorized and required, within the Space of Three Calendar Months after any Money shall come into their Hands for the Purpose of forming a Sinking Fund in pursuance of this Act, to lay out and invest the same in the Purchase of Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated or Three Pounds *per Centum* Reduced Bank Annuities, or other Government Securities; and the Dividends, Interest, and annual Produce of the said Annuities or Securities shall from Time to Time be applied as Money coming into the Hands of the said Trustees in pursuance of this Act is hereby directed to be applied; and when the said Annuities or Securities shall be sufficient to enable the said Trustees by the Sale thereof to pay the Principal Money borrowed under the Authority of this Act the said Trustees shall sell the said Annuities or Securities, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient, and shall apply the same for the Purpose of paying off such Principal Money; and when the said Annuities or Securities shall have accumulated to such an Amount as to be sufficient to pay the several Proprietors of and Subscribers to the said Undertaking the Price or Sum which shall have been paid to the said Company in respect of such Shares, the said Trustees shall give Notice to the respective Owners of such Shares that they are ready

to pay a Sum equal to the Price or Sum which shall have been paid to the said Company for the same, on the Certificates of such Shares being respectively delivered up to be cancelled; and from and after such Notice being given all Dividends, Interest, and annual Produce herein directed to be paid and divided amongst the Owners of Shares in the said Undertaking shall cease, determine, and be utterly void, and the said Trustees are hereby authorized and directed to pay to the Owner of every such Share the Sum of Money which shall have been received by the said Company for the same; and on such Notice being given by the said Trustees as aforesaid the said Tolls herein-before granted for passing over the said Bridge shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable, and thereupon the said Bridge and the Approaches thereto shall be open for the free Use and Benefit of the Inhabitants of the said City and County and of the Public, and the same shall from thenceforth be repaired and maintained in the same Way and Manner as the Streets adjoining thereto may from Time to Time be repaired and maintained; and if at the Time of the said Bridge being so thrown open to the Public any Money shall remain in the Hands of the said Company or of the said Trustees unappropriated, the same shall be by them respectively paid over to the Persons for the Time being on whom the Repair of the said Bridge and Approaches will devolve, to be by them applied in aid of the Repair of the said Bridge and Approaches, or of the said Streets adjoining thereto.

The Company may buy up Shares and sell them again.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Trustees for the Time being, if they shall deem it expedient, from Time to Time to buy up any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking which shall be offered for Sale, so that the Price of such Share or Shares do not exceed the Amount of the Sum paid to the said Company in respect of such Share or Shares, and in such Case such Share or Shares shall be transferred to the said Trustees, and shall be entered in their Names in the Books of the said Company; and the said Trustees shall receive the Dividends accruing in respect of such Share or Shares, such Dividends to be applied as the said Sinking Fund is herein-before directed to be applied.

Company to place Chains by Side of Arches for facilitating the Passage of Boats.

XC. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall cause to be placed and fastened a good and sufficient Chain along and against each of the Side Walls, at a proper Height, under the several Arches of the said Bridge, for the Purpose of facilitating the propelling of Boats and Barges through and under the said Bridge, and the said Company shall keep such Chains in good and sufficient Repair so long as the said Bridge shall remain the Property of the said Company.

The Centre Arch of the Bridge to be made to open, for the Purpose of allowing Sea-borne Vessels

XCI. And whereas that Part of the Floating Harbour over which the said Bridge is proposed to be constructed is well adapted for the Reception of Ships and Vessels with fixed Masts, and such Ships and Vessels are at present only prevented from entering the same by the Existence of one Bridge over the said Harbour called "*Bristol Bridge*:" And whereas the Depôts of the Great Western, *Bristol* and *Exeter*, and *Bristol* and *Gloucestershire* Railway Companies adjoin to

to that Part of the said Floating Harbour which is situated above the Site of the said proposed Bridge, and it would be a Source of great Convenience if such Ships and Vessels could load and unload at or near to the said Depôts without the Cost and Delay of Lighterage, which Object might be effected by the Alteration of the said *Bristol Bridge* so as to admit of the Passage of such Ships and Vessels through the same: And whereas the aforesaid Railway Companies, being desirous of preventing the Impediment which would be created to the aforesaid Object by the Erection of another close Bridge across the said Harbour, have consented and agreed to bear and pay a Proportion of the Expence of erecting the said intended *Saint Philip's Bridge*, on the Condition that the Centre Arch of the same shall be made as a Draw or Swivel Bridge, so as to admit of the Passage of such Ships and Vessels through the same, and for that Purpose shall be opened and closed at the Periods herein-after mentioned; and it is expedient and for the Benefit of the Public that the same should be so constructed; be it therefore enacted, That the said *Saint Philip's Bridge* Company shall and they are hereby required to construct and maintain the said *Saint Philip's Bridge* with Three Arches, the Centre Arch of which shall be made so as to open and leave a clear and uninterrupted Waterway of not less than Forty-five Feet for the Passage of Ships and Vessels with fixed Masts, and so that the said Centre Arch be made and maintained so as to open the whole Span thereof, either by means of Swivels or otherwise, in the most convenient Manner to allow of a free Passage, when requisite, for all such Ships and other Vessels to pass through the same: Provided always, that the Periods at which such Ships or other Vessels shall be allowed to pass through the said Bridge shall be regulated by a Committee formed of Three Members of the Town Council of the Corporation of *Bristol*, Three Directors of the Company hereby incorporated, and a Director of each of the said Railway Companies, of whom any Five shall be a Quorum: Provided also, that the said Railway Companies shall pay or contribute to the Directors of *Saint Philip's Bridge* Company a Sum of Four thousand Pounds towards the Construction of the said Bridge in manner herein-before directed, one Moiety whereof shall become payable on the Completion of the Masonry of the said intended Bridge fit for the Reception of the Iron Work of the said Swivel or Draw Bridge, and the other Moiety on the Completion of the said Bridge as a Draw or Swivel Bridge capable of being opened so as to admit of the Passage of such Ships and Vessels through the same, and fit for the Use of Passengers and Traffic, such respective Periods of Payment to be certified in each of the said Cases by the Engineer of the said respective Railway Companies and the Engineer of the said *Saint Philip's Bridge* Company, and in case of Dispute by the Certificate of such other Engineer as shall be appointed by the said Two first-mentioned Engineers as Umpire; and in case of Default in the Payment of either of the said Sums as and when the same shall respectively become payable, the same may be recovered by Action at Law at the Suit of the said *Saint Philip's Bridge* Company against the said Railway Companies, or any One or more of them, in any of Her Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*.

to load and unload at the Depôts of the Great Western, Bristol and Exeter, and Bristol and Gloucestershire Railway Companies.

XCII. And

A Person to be appointed by the Company to open the Bridge.

XCII. And be it further enacted, That the said Bridge Company shall cause the said Bridge from Time to Time to be opened and closed at such Periods as shall be appointed for that Purpose in manner before provided, and shall also cause One or more Person or Persons to be stationed, at such Times as shall be fixed upon as aforesaid, at or near the said Bridge, for the Purpose of opening and closing the same for the Passage of such Ships and Vessels; and the said Company shall be entitled to demand and receive for the Passage of each such Vessel through the said Bridge, for the Passage whereof the same shall be required to be opened, such Toll as shall from Time to Time be appointed by the Town Council of the Corporation of *Bristol*, not exceeding the respective Tolls following; that is to say, for every Ship or other Vessel amounting to or exceeding Sixty Tons Register Burthen the Sum of Five Shillings, and for every Ship or other Vessel not amounting to Sixty Tons Register Burthen the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence, for the Purpose of paying the Expence of keeping such Person or Persons to open and close the said Bridge as aforesaid, and to be applicable to such Purpose alone; and the said Bridge Company are hereby authorized to prevent any Ship or other Vessel with fixed Masts from passing through the said Bridge, the Person in charge whereof shall not have previously paid or caused to be paid the said Toll so to be regulated as aforesaid; and a Table of the said Tolls shall be painted on a Board, and affixed and maintained at some conspicuous Part of the said Bridge where the same may be legible by Persons navigating the said Floating Harbour: Provided also, that whenever the Amount of such Tolls received shall have accumulated so as to leave a Balance in the Hands of the said Company or their Treasurer exceeding by One hundred Pounds the Expence of keeping the Person or Persons so to be stationed at or near the said Bridge for the Purpose of opening and closing the same as aforesaid up to that Period, the said Tolls shall be reduced so as to provide, as near as may be, a Sum sufficient only to cover such Expence.

When the Passage over the Bridge, shall be free, the Council to appoint the Person to open it.

XCIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when the said Bridge shall under the Provisions of this Act be open to the Public without Payment of any Toll the Person or Persons who shall be stationed to open and close the said Bridge shall be appointed by the said Town Council, and the said Tolls upon Ships and Vessels passing through the said Bridge shall be paid to the Treasurer of the said City and County in the same Manner as they are herein-before directed to be paid to the said Company, and shall be applied by such Treasurer to the same Purposes.

Company to let the Tolls if required.

XCIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the said *Bristol Bridge* shall at any Time hereafter be altered or reconstructed so as that the same or any Part thereof shall be made a Draw or Swivel Bridge to admit of the Passage of Ships and Vessels with fixed Masts through the same, the Company hereby incorporated shall and they are hereby required, if thereunto requested, to let or farm the Tolls to be collected by virtue of this Act, other than the Tolls payable in respect of Foot Passengers or for the Passage of Ships and Vessels through the same, to the Party by or under whose Authority the said

Bristol Bridge shall be so altered or reconstructed, or his or their Nominee or Nominees, for such Period, at such Rent, and generally upon such Terms, as the said Three Members of the Town Council, the Three Directors of the Company hereby incorporated, and the Three Directors of the said Three Railway Companies who shall be then nominated and authorized to fix the Periods for opening and closing the said Bridge hereby authorized to be built, or the major Part of them, shall direct and appoint, to the Intent that so long as it shall be deemed necessary or expedient to exclude the Public from any Passage over the said *Bristol Bridge* in respect of Horses, Cattle, and Carriages, and so long as no other sufficient Means of Passage across the said Floating Harbour shall be provided for that Purpose by way of Substitution for the said *Bristol Bridge*, and the said Bridge hereby authorized to be constructed shall be open for the Passage, free of Toll, of all Horses, Cattle, and Carriages.

To prevent Nuisances on the Bridge, &c.

XCV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall ride upon any Footpath which shall be either on the said Approaches or over the said Bridge, or shall lead or drive any Horse, Beast, Cattle, Swine, or Carriage of any Description, or run or carry thereon any Wheelbarrow, Truck, Sledge, or any single Wheel of any Waggon, Cart, or other Carriage apart therefrom, or roll any Cask or Tub, upon any such Footpath, or shall cause any Injury or Damage to be done to the same, or the Walls, Posts, Rails, or Fences thereof; or shall haul or draw, or caused to be hauled or drawn, upon any Part of such Bridge or of either of the said Approaches, any Timber, Stone, or other Thing otherwise than upon wheeled Carriages, or shall suffer any Timber, Stone, or other Thing which shall be carried principally or in part upon Wheel Carriages to drag or trail upon such Bridge, or either of the said Approaches, to the Prejudice thereof; or if any Person shall leave any Waggon, Wain, Cart, or other Carriage upon such Bridge or either of the said Approaches, or on the Side or Sides thereof, without some proper Person in the sole Custody or Care thereof, or longer than may be necessary to load or unload the same (except in Cases of Accident), or shall not place such Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage during the Time of loading or unloading the same as near to one Side of the said Bridge or Approaches as conveniently may be, either with or without any Horse, Beast, or Cattle harnessed or yoked thereto; or shall wilfully obstruct the Passage of any Passenger, or any Carriage, Horse, Beast, or Cattle thereon; or shall lay any Timber, Hay, Stone, Straw, Dung, Manure, Soil, Ashes, Rubbish, or other Matter or Thing whatsoever upon any Part of such Bridge or of either of such Approaches, to the Annoyance, Interruption, or personal Danger of any Person travelling thereon; or shall suffer any Water, Filth, Dirt, or other offensive Matter or Thing whatsoever to run or flow into or upon such Bridge, or either of such Approaches, from any Premises adjacent thereto; or if the Driver of any Waggon, Cart, or other such like Carriage shall on the said Bridge or either of the said Approaches ride on the Shafts or in or upon any Part of such Waggon, Cart, or other Carriage without proper Reins to the Horses or Cattle drawing the same; or if any Person riding any Horse, Beast, or Cattle, or driving any Sort of Carriage, shall ride or drive the same furiously, so as to endanger the Person of any Passenger; or

if the Driver of any Carriage, meeting any other Carriage, shall not keep his or her Carriage on the Left or Near Side of the Road, or shall in any Manner wilfully prevent any Person from passing him or her in any Carriage under his or her Care on the said Bridge or on either of the said Approaches, or by Negligence or Misbehaviour prevent, hinder, or interrupt the free Passage of any Carriage of any Person on the said Bridge or Approaches or either of them, or shall suffer any Stage Coach, Diligence, Post Chaise, or other Carriage let to Hire to remain longer than may be necessary for the taking up and setting down of any Passenger; or if any Person shall allow any Oxen, Sheep, Lambs, Calves, Swine, or other Cattle or Beast to remain longer upon the said Bridge or Approaches than whilst passing along the same, or shall by loitering or remaining on such Bridge or Approaches or either of them (without some reasonable Cause); or if any Person or Persons shall make or assist in making any Fire or Fires commonly called Bonfires, or shall set fire to or wantonly let off or throw any Squib, Rocket, Serpent, or other Firework whatsoever upon the said Bridge, or within Eighty Feet thereof, or commit any other Nuisance or Annoyance, or in any other Manner obstruct or impede the free Passage of such Bridge or Approaches or either of them; every Person offending in any of the Cases aforesaid, or the Owner or Proprietor of any such Horse, Beast, Cattle, Carriage, Goods, Matter, or Thing (as the Case may be), in any Instance in which the Party actually offending cannot be found, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of Two or more Justices of the Peace for the said City and County, over and above the Damages occasioned thereby; and it shall be lawful for any Officer appointed by virtue of this Act, and for any Constable, to take away and remove any of the before-mentioned Obstructions and Nuisances in case the Party occasioning the same shall not remove the same within a reasonable Time after having been required so to do by any Person whomsoever.

Declaring what shall be good Service of Notices, &c. upon the Company.

XCVI. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases in which it shall be necessary for any Person or Corporation to serve any Summons or Demand, or any Notice, or any Writ or other Proceeding, at Law or in Equity, upon the said Company, personal Service thereof upon the Clerk of the said Company, or leaving the same at the Office of the said Company or of the said Clerk, or at the last or usual Place of Abode of such Clerk, or in case the same respectively shall not be found or known, then personal Service thereof upon any other Agent of or Officer employed by the said Company, or any One Director of the said Company, or delivering the same to some Inmate of the last or usual Place of Abode of such Agent or Officer or Director, shall be deemed good and sufficient Service of the same respectively on the said Company.

Declaring what shall be good Service of Notices, &c. by the Company.

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases in which it may be necessary to serve any Summons or Demand, or any Notice, or any Writ or other Proceeding, at Law or in Equity or otherwise, by or on behalf of the said Company, upon any Person or Corporation, under the Provisions of this Act, or under any Rule made in pursuance thereof, Service of such Summons, Demand,

Notice, Writ, or other Proceeding respectively either upon the Person to whom the same ought to be given, or by delivering the same at the last or usual Place of Abode or Business of such Person, or upon the Clerk or principal Officer of such Corporation, or by delivering the same to some Inmate at the House or Office of such Corporation, or in case the same respectively shall not be found or known, then Service thereof upon any Agent or other Officer of such Corporation, shall be deemed good and sufficient Service of the same respectively upon such Corporation (as the Case may be), except in Cases in which any other Mode of Service is by this Act particularly directed: Provided always, that every Summons, Demand, or Notice or other Document requiring Authentication by the said Company may be signed by the Clerk of the said Company, and need not be under the Common Seal of the said Company, unless it be otherwise specially directed by this Act, and may be in Writing or in Print, or partly in Writing and partly in Print.

For securing Offenders whose Names and Residences are unknown.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Officer or Servant of the said Company, and all such Persons as he shall call to his Assistance, to seize and detain any Person whose Name and Residence shall be unknown to such Officer or Servant who shall commit any Offence against this Act, and to convey him with all convenient Despatch before some Justice of the Peace for the said City and County of *Bristol*, without any Warrant or other Authority than this Act; and such Justice is hereby empowered and required to proceed immediately to the hearing and determining of the Complaint.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

XCIX. And be it further enacted, That all Offences whatsoever which by virtue or under the Authority of this Act, or by any Rule or Regulation made in pursuance thereof, are or shall be subject to or punishable with any pecuniary Penalties, Fines, or Forfeitures, for the Recovery of which no express Provision is herein-before made, shall in every Case be heard, adjudged, and determined by or before any Justice of the Peace for the said City and County of *Bristol*, in a summary Way, upon Information or Complaint made, whether the same shall be in Writing or not, and which shall in every Case be made within Six Calendar Months at furthest next after the committing of such Offences respectively; and upon any such Information or Complaint as aforesaid the said Justice shall summon the Party accused, and examine into the Complaint thereof, and if upon the Confession of the Party accused shall be convicted of having committed such Offence, then and in every such Case the Penalty, Fine, or Forfeiture hereby or by the said Rule or Regulation respectively made payable in respect of such Offence, together with the Costs of Conviction, to be ascertained by such Justice, shall be forthwith paid by the Party so convicted as aforesaid; and in case such Party so convicted shall refuse or neglect to pay the same forthwith, then, except in Cases otherwise provided by this Act, the same shall, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice, which he is hereby empowered and required to grant, be levied and recovered, together with the Costs of Conviction and Recovery thereof, to be ascertained by such Justice, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such

such Offender, rendering the Overplus of the Money arising by such Sale (if any) to the Party whose Goods and Chattels shall be distrained, any Portion of which Penalties not herein directed to be otherwise applied, not exceeding one Moiety thereof, and which Portion is to be fixed and determined by such Justice, shall be paid to the Informer, and the Residue of such Penalty shall be paid to the said Company; and it shall be lawful for the said Justice to order the Offender so convicted to be detained in safe Custody until Return can be conveniently made to such Warrant of Distress, unless the said Offender shall give sufficient Security to the Satisfaction of such Justice for his Appearance before the said Justice on such Day as shall be appointed for the Return of such Warrant of Distress (such Day not being more than Eight Days from the Time of taking any such Security), and which Security the said Justice is hereby empowered to take by way of Recognizance or otherwise; but if upon the Return of such Warrant it shall appear that no sufficient Distress can be had whereupon to levy the said Penalty, Fine, or Forfeiture, and such Costs as aforesaid, and the same shall not be forthwith paid, or in case it shall appear to such Justice, either upon the Confession of the Offender or otherwise, that the Offender hath not sufficient Goods or Chattels whereon such Penalty, Fine, or Forfeiture and such Costs as aforesaid can be levied if such Distress Warrant were issued, such Justice shall not be required to issue the same, and thereupon it shall be lawful for the said Justice, and he is hereby empowered, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to commit such Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the said City and County of *Bristol*, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any Term not exceeding Two Calendar Months, or until such Offender shall have fully paid such Penalty, Fine, or Forfeiture, and all Costs attending such Proceedings as aforesaid, to be ascertained by such Justice, or shall otherwise be discharged by due Course of Law.

Forms of Information and Conviction:

C. And be it further enacted, That all the Justices of the Peace before whom any Person shall be informed against or convicted for or in respect of any Offence against this Act may cause the Information, whenever an Information shall be taken in Writing or in Print, and the Conviction respectively, to be drawn up according to the following Forms, or any other Forms to the same Effect, as the Case may require; (that is to say,)

Information.

'Bristol, to wit. } BE it remembered, That on the Day of
'*A.B.* of informeth me
'*C.D.*, One of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City and
'County of *Bristol*, that *E.F.* of [*here describe the Offence, and*
'*the Time and Place when and where committed*], contrary to an Act
'passed in the Year of the Reign of Her Majesty
'Queen *Victoria*, intituled [*here insert the Title of this Act*], which
'hath imposed a Forfeiture of for the said Offence. Taken
'the Day of before me. *C.D.*'

Conviction.

'Bristol to wit. } BE it remembered, That on the Day of
'in the Year of our Lord *A.B.* is convicted
'before me *C.D.*, One of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the
'City and County of *Bristol* [*here describe the Offence, and the Time*

'*and*

'*and Place when and where committed*], contrary to an Act [*or* 'contrary to a Rule duly made in pursuance of an Act] passed 'in the Year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen '*Victoria*, intituled [*insert the Title of this Act*], for which Offence 'I do adjudge the said *A.B.* to have forfeited [*if the Offence is to be* '*subject to a Fine*] the Sum of [*insert the Penalty*], together with the 'Sum of for Costs [*if any given*]; [*or, if to be* '*imprisoned,*] do adjudge the said *A.B.* to be committed to the '[*naming the Gaol*] for the Space of [*insert the Time*; *and if the* '*Commitment be for the Nonpayment of a Penalty, then add,*] unless 'the said Sum of be sooner paid. Given under my 'Hand and Seal the Day and Year first above written.'

Damages and Charges, in case of Dispute, to be settled by Justices.

CI. And be it further enacted, That where any Damages or Charges are directed or authorized to be paid or recovered for any Offence in this Act mentioned, the Amount of such Damages or Charges, in case of Dispute respecting the same, shall be settled and determined by the Justice of the Peace by or before whom any Offender shall be convicted of any such Offence, which Justice is hereby authorized and required, on Nonpayment thereof, to order such Damages or Charges to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels in manner by this Act directed for the levying of any Penalties or Forfeitures.

Justices may proceed by Summons in the Recovery of Penalties.

CII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases wherein any Penalty or Forfeiture hereby imposed is made recoverable by Information before a Justice of the Peace it shall be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace to whom Complaint shall be made of any Offence against this Act, or against any Rule or Regulation made in pursuance of this Act, to summon the Party complained against, and any Witness the said Justice may think proper, before him, and on such Summons to hear and determine the Matter of such Complaint, and on Proof of the Offence to convict the Offender, whether he be present or absent, and to adjudge him to pay the Penalty or Forfeiture incurred, and to proceed to recover the same, although no Information in Writing shall have been exhibited or taken by or before such Justice; and all such Proceedings by Summons without Information shall be as good, valid, and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if an Information in Writing were exhibited.

Distress not to be deemed unlawful for Want of Form.

CIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Distress shall be made for any Sum of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act or of any Rule made in pursuance thereof, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor shall the Party making the same be deemed a Trespasser, on account of any Defect or Want of Form in such Distress, or in any Proceeding relating thereto, nor a Trespasser *ab initio* on account of any subsequent Irregularity in the prosecuting of such Distress, but the Person aggrieved by such Irregularity may recover Satisfaction for special Damages in an Action upon the Case.

Proceedings not to be quashed for Want of Form nor removed by Certiorari.

CIV. And be it further enacted, That no Order, Judgment, Conviction, or other Proceeding touching or concerning any Offence against this Act, or of any Rule or Regulation made in pursuance thereof, shall be quashed or vacated for Want of Form only, or be removed or removeable by Certiorari or any other Writ or Process whatsoever into any of Her Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster* or elsewhere; and no Warrant of Commitment shall be held void by reason of any Defect therein, provided it be therein alleged that the Party has been convicted, and that there be a good and valid Conviction to sustain the same, any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Plaintiffs not to recover without Notice or after Tender of Amends.

CV. And be it further enacted, That no Plaintiff shall recover in any Action to be commenced against any Person or Party for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, or of any Rule or Regulation made in pursuance thereof, unless Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant, Twenty-one Days before such Action shall be commenced, of such intended Action, signed by the Attorney for the Plaintiff, and specifying the Cause of such Action; nor shall the Plaintiff recover in any such Action if Tender of sufficient Amends shall have been made to him or his Attorney by or on the Behalf of the Defendant before such Action brought; and in case no such Tender shall have been made it shall be lawful for the Defendant in any such Action, by Leave of the Court, after such Action shall have been brought, at any Time before Issue joined, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he shall think fit, whereupon such Proceedings, Order, and Judgment shall be made and given in and by such Court as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

Appeal to the General or Quarter Sessions.

CVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person shall think himself aggrieved by any Order, Conviction, Judgment, or Determination made or by any Matter or Thing done by any Justice in pursuance of this Act, or of any Rules or Regulations made in pursuance thereof, and for which no particular Method of Relief hath been already appointed, such Person may appeal to the next or second Court of General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the County or Place wherein the Cause of such Complaint shall arise, such Appellant first giving or causing to be given to such Justice by whose Act such Person shall think himself aggrieved Notice in Writing of his Intention to bring such Appeal, together with a Statement in Writing of the Grounds of such Appeal, within Fourteen Days after such Cause of Complaint shall have arisen, and within Four Days after such Notice entering into a Recognizance before such Justice, conditioned to try such Appeal at and to abide the Order of and to pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the Court at such General or Quarter Sessions; and such Court, upon hearing and finally determining the Matter of such Appeal shall and may, according to their Discretion, award such Costs to the Party appealing or appealed against as they shall think proper, and their Determination in or concerning the Premises shall be conclusive and binding on all Parties to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever,

soever, and shall not be removeable by Certiorari or otherwise into any of Her Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*: Provided also, that it shall not be lawful for the Appellant to be heard in support of such Appeal unless such Notice and Statement shall have been so given as aforesaid, nor in the Hearing of such Appeal to go into Evidence of any other Grounds of Appeal than those set forth in such Statement as aforesaid.

Compelling Witnesses to attend.

CVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall be summoned as a Witness by any Justice of the Peace for the said City and County of *Bristol* touching any Matter contained in any Information or Complaint for any Offence against this Act, or any Rule made in pursuance thereof, either on behalf of the Prosecutor or on behalf of the Person accused, and shall refuse or neglect to appear at the Time and Place to be for that Purpose appointed, without a sufficient Excuse being given for such Nonappearance, or appearing, after having been paid or tendered a reasonable Sum of Money for his Costs and Expences, the Amount of such Costs and Expences to be ascertained and determined by the said Justice, he shall refuse or decline to be examined upon Oath or upon solemn Affirmation, or to give Evidence, touching the Matter in question, before such Justice, then and in every such Case every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

General Power to Justices to administer Oaths.

CVIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases in which any Justice of the Peace is authorized by this Act to examine any Person, or to take cognizance of or to hear or determine any Matter or Complaint, it shall be lawful for such Justice and he is hereby required to administer an Oath to or to receive the solemn Affirmation of any Person before he shall be examined by or before such Justice; and if any Witness who shall be examined by or before any Justice of the Peace under this Act upon Oath shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, and shall be thereof convicted, he shall be subject to the same Punishment as Persons convicted of Perjury are by Law subject and liable to.

List of Penalties to be affixed on the Bridge.

CIX. And be it further enacted, That no Penalty shall be recovered from any Person under or by virtue of this Act unless the said Company shall have caused to be painted on Boards and affixed to or upon the Toll Houses upon the said Bridge, or in some conspicuous Place in the Neighbourhood of the said Bridge, an Abstract or List of the Penalties by this Act imposed for any thing done contrary to the Provisions thereof; and the said Company shall cause the same to be continued and renewed as often as the same shall be obliterated or defaced; and if any Person shall wilfully pull down, deface, or destroy any such Board which shall have been affixed according to the Directions of this Act, or shall in any Manner concur or aid therein, he shall on Conviction forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

CX. And

In case of Nonpayment of Compensation for Damages, &c. the same to be levied by Distress on the Goods of the Company.

CX. And be it further enacted, That wherever any Money shall by any Justice of the Peace be ordered to be paid in pursuance of this Act as or by way of Compensation or Satisfaction for any Materials or Costs, or for any Damage or Injury of any Nature or Kind whatsoever done or committed by the said Company, or for any Penalty given against the said Company, and such Money shall not be paid by the said Company to the Party entitled to receive the same within Twenty-one Days after Demand in Writing shall have been made upon the said Company in pursuance of the Direction or Order made by such Justice, and in which Demand the Order of such Justice shall be stated, then and in such Case the Amount of such Compensation and Satisfaction shall and may be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of any Goods or Chattels of the said Company, or of their said Treasurer, under a Warrant to be issued for that Purpose by such Justice, which Warrant any such Justice is hereby authorized and required to issue under his Hand and Seal on Application made to him for that Purpose by the Party entitled to receive such Money; and in case any Overplus shall remain after Payment of such Money, and the Costs and Expences of hearing and determining the Matter in dispute, and also the Costs and Expences of such Distress and Sale, then such Overplus shall be returned, on Demand, to the said Company or to the said Treasurer.

Execution may be issued against any Holder of a Share.

CXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Execution upon any Judgment or Decree in any Action, Suit, or other Proceeding obtained against the said Company, whether as Plaintiff or as Defendant, shall be ineffectual for obtaining Payment of or Satisfaction for the Sum sought to be recovered thereby, it shall be lawful for the Court in which such Action, Suit, or other Proceeding may have been brought or instituted, upon the Application of the Party who shall have obtained such Judgment or Decree against the said Company, previous Notice in Writing being given to the Party sought to be charged, to issue Execution against any Person who shall be a Proprietor of any Share in the said Undertaking; and in case such last-mentioned Execution against such Proprietor shall also be ineffectual for obtaining Payment of or Satisfaction for the Sum sought to be recovered thereby, it shall be lawful for the said Court, upon Motion to be made in open Court, on Notice to the Person sought to be charged, to issue Execution against any other Person who shall be a Proprietor of any Share in the said Undertaking: Provided also, that the Sum which shall be recovered from the Proprietor of a Share in the said Undertaking shall not in any Case exceed the Sum remaining unpaid upon the Share or Shares of which such Proprietor shall be possessed, and for the Payment of which Sum such Proprietor would have been liable if called for by the Directors of the said Company: Provided also, that the Sum recovered from any such Proprietor shall be considered as so much Money advanced to and for the Use of the said Company; and it shall be lawful for the Directors of the said Company to make Calls in respect of any Share belonging to such Proprietor for such Sum of Money only as, together with the Sum recovered from such Proprietor in respect thereof, shall amount to the Sum of Fifty Pounds for

No larger Sum to be recovered than the Amount remaining unpaid upon any Share.

for each such Share: Provided also, that for the Purpose of ascertaining the Proprietors of the said Company it shall be lawful for any Judgment Creditor at all reasonable Times to inspect the Book containing the List of Proprietors of the said Undertaking without Fee or Reward.

Public Act.

CXII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken notice of as such by all Judges, Justices, and others.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Act refers.

Description of Property.	Owner or reputed Owner.	Lessee.	Occupier.
CITY AND COUNTY OF BRISTOL.			
Parish of Temple otherwise Holy Cross.			
House, Shop, and Workshop	Preston Edgar -	- - - -	Preston Edgar.
Part of ditto - - -	Feoffees of Temple Church Lands.	Preston Edgar -	Ditto.
House, small Court, and Outhouse.	Ditto - -	Ditto and Sir Joseph Watley.	Lucy Woodhouse.
Giant's Castle Public House, Court, Brewery, and Outhouse.	Ditto - -	Richard Smith -	Thomas Merritt.
House, Yard, and Cooperage	Ditto - -	Levi Ames -	John Boone.
House - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	George Pugh.
House, small Outhouse, and Yards.	Ditto - -	Jane Wintle -	Richard Evans.
House, Court, and Back Kitchen.	Ditto - -	William Wilmot -	Jane Chapman.
Tenement behind - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	George Gorton.
Schoolroom and Court -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	R. H. Philip.
House and Outbuildings in ruin.	Ditto - -	William Hitchings	Void.
House and Bakehouse, Woodhouse, Stable, and Carthouse.	Ditto - -	James Gwyer -	James Gwyer.
Stables and Yard - -	Nanny Gough -	- - - -	Richard Sheerman.
Tenement - -	Feoffees of Temple Church Lands.	William Hitchings	Thomas Young.
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Void.
Smith's Shop and Passage -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Edmund Evans.
Tenement - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Edward Underwood.
Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	George Hackett.
Ditto and Wash-house	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Robert Sanders.
Tenement - -	Ditto - -	Jane Wintle -	Sarah Jones.
Two Tenements and Passage	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Void.
Warehouse - - -	Ditto - -	Levi Ames -	Preston Edgar.
Carthouse and old Buildings	Ditto - -	Richard Smith -	Void.
Schoolroom - -	Trustees of the Baptist Society.	- - - -	Trustees of the Baptist Society.
House, Yard, and Outhouse	Robert Dyer -	- - - -	Robert Howell.
Street, Temple Back -	Pitching and Paving Commissioners.	——	——
Stable and Warehouse -	Corporation of Bristol	William and Uriah Glass.	William and Uriah Glass.
Warehouse - -	Ditto - -	- - - -	William and Josiah Gwyer.
House, Passage, and Outhouse.	Ditto - -	William Glass -	James Coles.
House, Tenement, Workshop, and Court.	Ditto - -	Widow White -	Charles Gillett.
Tenement, Slip, and Ferry	Ditto - -	Thomas Cross -	Henry Reece.
Floating Harbour - -	Ditto.	——	——

Description of Property.	Owner or reputed Owner.	Lessee.	Occupier.
	Parish of Saint Philip and Jacob.		
House and Outhouse, Yard and Sheds.	John New, Henry Freeman Coleman, and George Smith.	- - - -	Charles Verry.
Counting-house and Stables, Yard and Sheds.	Ditto - -	- - - -	William Hewitt.
House and Yard - -	Ditto - -	- - - -	Joseph Wills.
Counting-house and Buildings adjoining, Yard and Sheds.	Ditto - -	- - - -	John Knight.
House - - - -	John Wadham -	- - - -	Charles Andrew.
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	- - - -	Richard Gillard.
Ditto - - -	Thomas Portch -	- - - -	Samuel Farkins.
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	- - - -	Void.
Ditto - - -	John New, Henry Freeman Coleman, and George Wright.	- - - -	John Whittle.
Smith's Shop - -	Ditto - -	- - - -	Void.
House - - -	Ditto - -	- - - -	William Solomon.
Knight's Head Public House, Brewhouse, Yard, and Outhouse.	Joseph Hill and Ann Wather Peale.	- - - -	John H. Randall.
House and Yard - -	George Burford -	- - - - -	George Burford.
Ditto - Ditto -	Sir Joseph Watley -	- - - - -	John Hayward.
Ditto - Ditto -	John F. Norman -	- - - - -	William Hayward.
Ditto - Ditto -	William Gregory -	- - - - -	Thomas Waters.
Ditto - Ditto -	Ebenezer Golden -	- - - - -	Benjamin Richards.
Ditto - Ditto -	Martha Jones -	- - - - -	Martha Jones.
Ditto and Garden -	Edward Arr -	- - - - -	Void.
Stables and Yard - -	Elizabeth Durbar -	- - - - -	Henry Stephens.
Tenement behind - -	Ditto - -	- - - - -	Charles Brown.
House - - -	James John Sheat -	- - - - -	George Russell. John Powell. Mary Waters.
Tenement behind - -	Ditto - -	- - - - -	William Viner. John Read.
House and Premises -	Thomas Gardiner -	- - - - -	Thomas Gardiner.
Ditto - Ditto -	Elizabeth Burge -	- - - - -	Jacob Wiltshire.
Ditto - Ditto -	Ditto - -	- - - - -	Elizabeth Burge.
Ditto - Ditto -	Ditto - -	- - - - -	Mary Dinner.
Ditto - Ditto -	Miss Gardiner -	- - - - -	Joseph Alsbury.
Old Rose and Crown Public House.	E. Pallen - -	- - - - -	Hugh Fawton.
House and Premises -	Mrs. Clee - -	- - - - -	Joseph Humphries.
Ditto - -	James Gray - -	- - - - -	John Hobbs.
Ditto - - -	Thomas Arnold -	- - - - -	Thomas Arnold.
Passage Street - -	Pitching and Paving Commissioners.	——	——
Queen Street - -	Ditto.	——	——
Floating Harbour - -	Corporation of Bristol.	——	——

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